

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal year ended June 30, 2012

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report June 30, 2012

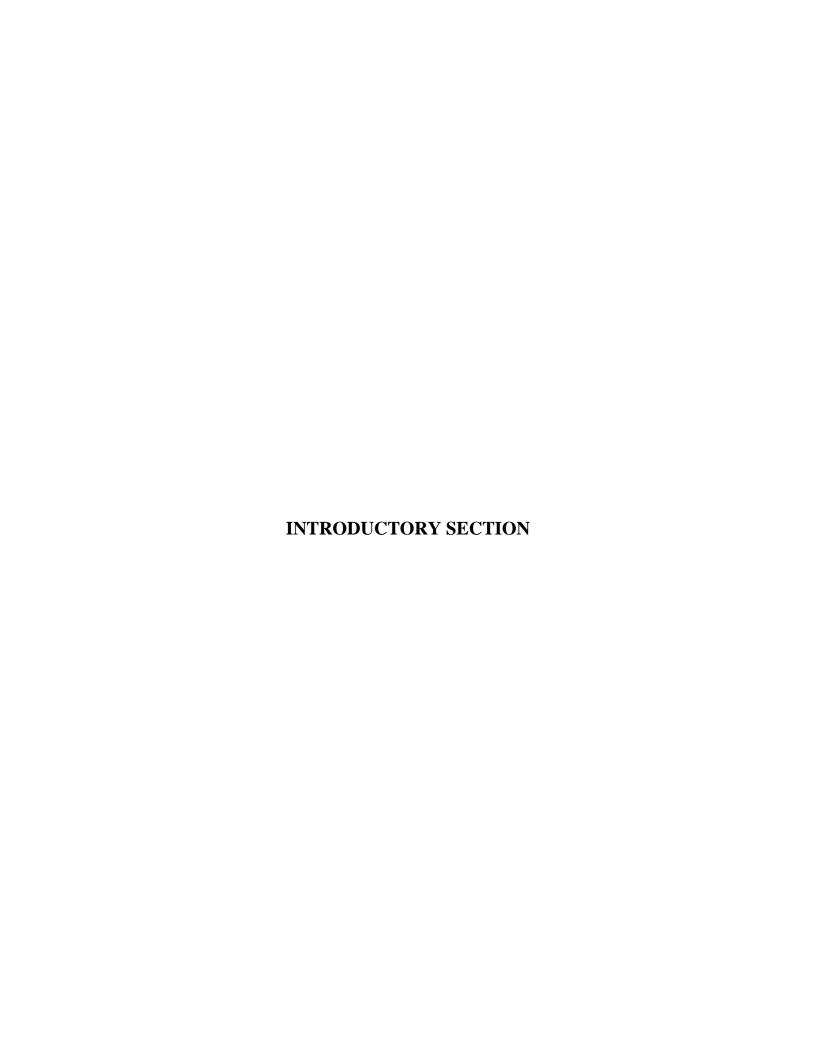
Table of Contents

	Page(s)
INTRODUCTORY SECTION:	
Transmittal Letter	
List of Elected and Appointed Officials Certificate of Award	
Certificate of Award	V11
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	13
Statement of Activities.	
Fund Financial Statements:	1 1
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the	
Statement of Net Assets	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	20
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Private-Purpose Trust Fund	
Notes to the Financial Statements	
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited):	
General Fund – Budgetary Comparison Schedule	51
Inclusionary Housing In Lieu Special Revenue Fund	
Note to Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits	
Supplementary Information:	
Major Funds:	
Redevelopment Debt Service Fund – Budgetary Comparison Schedule	57
Redevelopment Set-Aside Capital Projects Fund – Budgetary Comparison Schedule	
Redevelopment Capital Projects Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule	
Recreation Center Capital Projects Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule	
Reyes Adobe Interchange Capital Projects Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule	
Measure R Capital Projects Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule	
Nonmajor Funds:	
Description of Nonmajor Governmental Funds	63
Combining Balance Sheet	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	67

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report June 30, 2012

Table of Contents (Continued)

	Page(s)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds – Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
Traffic Improvement	
Traffic Safety	
Transit Tax	
Public Transit	
Air Quality Management	
Supplemental Law Enforcement	
Solid Waste Management	
State Gas Tax Fund	
Measure R	
Other Grants	
Utility Undergrounding	79
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds – Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
Financing Authority	80
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds – Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
Financing Authority	
Storm Water Capital Projects Fund	82
Fiduciary Fund:	
Description of Agency Fund	
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Fund	84
STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)	
Net Assets by Component	
Changes in Net Assets	
Program Revenues by Function/Program	
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	
Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds	
Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property	
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	
Principal Property Tax Payers	
Secured Property Tax Levies and Collections	
Taxable Sales by Category	
Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates100	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	
Legal Debt Margin Information	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	
Principal Employers	
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program	
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	114







"Gateway to the Santa Monica Mountains National Recreation Area"

January 31, 2013

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Citizens of the City of Agoura Hills, California

The City (City) of Agoura Hills is pleased to submit its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The CAFR represents a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity, with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and audited, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the fairness of presentation, including all footnotes and disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All material, statements, and disclosures, necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities, have been included. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements, in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we attest that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material aspects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP, an accounting firm fully licensed and qualified to perform audits of state and local governments within the State of California. The independent audit involved: examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and, evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Agoura Hills' financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

The CAFR is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the City's organization chart, and a list of City officials. The financial section includes the independent auditor's report, the basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and the combining and individual fund financial statements. The statistical section, which is unaudited, contains selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis, to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the City's MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

Perched on the western edge of Los Angeles County in the foothills of the Santa Monica Mountains,

Agoura Hills is located just forty-five minutes from busy downtown Los Angeles, but is nevertheless rich with undulating hills and inspiring canyons. Agoura Hills was incorporated December 8, 1982. It is 7.86 square miles in size and has an average climate of 65 degrees Fahrenheit, with an average rainfall of 19.5". The City has an altitude of 936 feet to 2,036 feet. Agoura Hills is one of the smaller communities in Los Angeles County, with a population of only 20,432.

The City of Agoura Hills is governed by the City Council/City Manager form of government. A five-member City Council is elected by the residents to oversee City operations and to guide the future development of the community. The terms are staggered so that a measure of continuity is maintained in the transitions from one Council to the next. The Mayor is selected annually by the City Council to serve a one-year term.



The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and appointing a City Manager and City Attorney. The City Council members also serve as the governing body of the following:

- Public Facilities Corporation
- Public Financing Authority

In December 2011, the California Supreme Court ruled to eliminate redevelopment agencies effective February 1, 2012.

In addition, the City Council appoints the members of the Planning Commission and has representation on the following Boards:

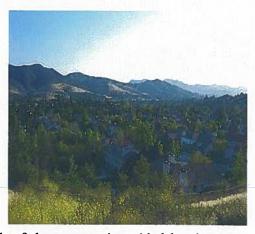


- ❖ Agoura Hills/Calabasas Community Center Board
- Las Virgenes/Malibu Council of Governments
- Santa Monica Mountains Conversancy

The City provides a full range of services, some of which are contracted through outside agencies and/or firms. These services include law enforcement, highways and roads, landscaping services, planning and zoning, building and environmental safety, emergency preparedness, and general

administrative services. Certain services are provided by the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency, the Public Facilities Corporation, and the Public Financing Authority. The Agoura Hills City Council exercises financial accountability over each entity, and city staff manages the operations of each of these organizations. These component units function, in essence, as departments of the City of Agoura Hills and therefore have been included as an integral part of the City of Agoura Hill's financial statements. Additional information on these entities can be found in note 1.a. of these financial statements.

For many centuries, the area that would become Agoura Hills was familiar territory for Native Americans who wandered inland from their hunts along the sea in search of game and other food. The permanent arrival of the Spanish in the late 1700s banished the Indians from their homes and introduced a ranching culture that would linger into the early twentieth century. In the 1900s, vast cattle and sheep ranches conceded ground to rows of lettuce and celery, orchards, and wheat fields. Ranching and agriculture eventually diminished in importance. Ranchers began dividing up their property and selling individual tracts for housing. From the outset, ranchers and farmers had worried about water supplies and those concerns were shared by the citizens of Agoura Hills into the mid 1950s. At that time,



provision of outside sources of water helped ensure the growth of the community, aided by the new highways which acted as a conduit for fresh faces and commercial development and contributed to the maturation of Agoura Hills.

The City is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund and department. The City Manager has the authority to transfer between expenditure accounts within the same department, office, agency, or program activity.

LOCAL ECONOMY

Agoura Hills is one of the wealthier communities in California with a median home value of \$543,100, which is 2.1 times that of Southern California. The median age of Agoura Hills' residents in 2012 was 42.5, and the unemployment rate is at 5%, compared with 11.1% in Los Angeles County.

While the State of California struggles with a significant budget deficit and many government agencies have been impacted by a slower economy in recent years, the City of Agoura Hill's financial position remains strong. The largest revenue source is sales tax. Agoura Hills entices companies to relocate to and remain in the City by charging a low business registration fee. As a result, the City enjoys a strong and diverse business and retail base, both of which contribute to revenue received through sales tax.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The unassigned fund balance in the General Fund (81 percent of total general fund expenditures and operating transfers) falls within the policy guidelines set by the Council for budgetary and planning purposes. In June 2005, the City adopted Resolution No. 05-1378, stating the City Council and City Staff will endeavor to designate an amount equal to or greater than forty percent (40%) of each year's proposed General Fund Operating Budget as the City's unobligated General Fund Reserve.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City of Agoura Hills currently leases space for a recreation center. The lease expires in December, 2014. The City purchased an existing building for \$4.6 million to use as a new recreation center. The source for the purchase included \$1.5 million in bond proceeds from the 2007 Agoura Hills Financing Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds and \$3.1 million the City had previously set-aside. During 2011/12 the City set-aside an additional \$1.6 million towards the improvements utilizing General Fund Reserves.

In November 2008, the County of Los Angeles approved Measure R by a two-thirds majority, committing a projected \$40 billion to traffic relief and transportation upgrades throughout the county over the next 30 years. The City of Agoura Hills is scheduled to receive approximately \$15.6 million of these monies through 2013/14. Projects slated for the monies include the Chesebro/Palo Camodo Interchange (PR); the Agoura Road Widening; and the Agoura Road Roundabout (design). The City utilized \$915,681 in Measure R monies during the 2011/12 fiscal year, primarily on the Agoura Road Widening and Chesebro Bridge Projects.

CASH MANAGEMENT

The City manages cash and investments on a pooled basis, consisting primarily of participation in the local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), a pooled fund controlled by the State Treasurer. The City's investment portfolio allows for investment, in U.S. Treasury, certain Agency securities (Federal Farm Credit Bank and Federal Home Loan Bank System only) Commercial Paper, Negotiable Certificates of Deposit, and Medium Term Corporate Notes.

In fiscal year 2011/12, the City's investment portfolio included \$18.4 million invested in LAIF, and \$11.9 million in U.S. Securities. This included bond reserves held by the bond trustee. Further information on this can be found in Note (3).

RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is self-insured for worker's compensation and general liability as a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (CJPIA). Other insurances, including auto physical damage, fire and extended coverage, earthquake and flood, and crime insurance, are covered by a third party insurance carrier, which is explained in greater detail in Note (4)(B).

PENSION AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

All full-time employees of the City are eligible to participate in the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS). CalPERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Employees vest after five years of service and are eligible to receive benefits at age 50. The annual actuarial valuation by CalPERS changes from year to year, and the City's contribution rates are modified accordingly. For more information, please refer to Note (4)(A).

In addition to pension benefits, the City provides post-retirement health care benefits. In an effort to better manage these costs and still provide a benefit to the City's retirees, effective January 1, 2009, the retiree medical reimbursement was established at the CalPERS minimum for participation in the State of California Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA) which is \$112 for 2012. Additionally, the city contributes longevity pay to a Retirement Health Savings (RHS) Trust plan of up to \$388 for those retirees with 10 years of service with the city, enrolled in a CalPERS health plan. The total benefit will not exceed \$500 per month. For additional information, please refer to Note (4) (I).

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers' Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Agoura Hills for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. This was the second year that the City achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government entity must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the Finance Department staff. I would also like to express my appreciation to all departments within the City who provided assistance and support.

Sincere appreciation is also expressed to the City Manager, Mayor, and members of the City Council for their support in planning and conducting the operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

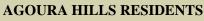
CITY OF AGOURA-HILLS

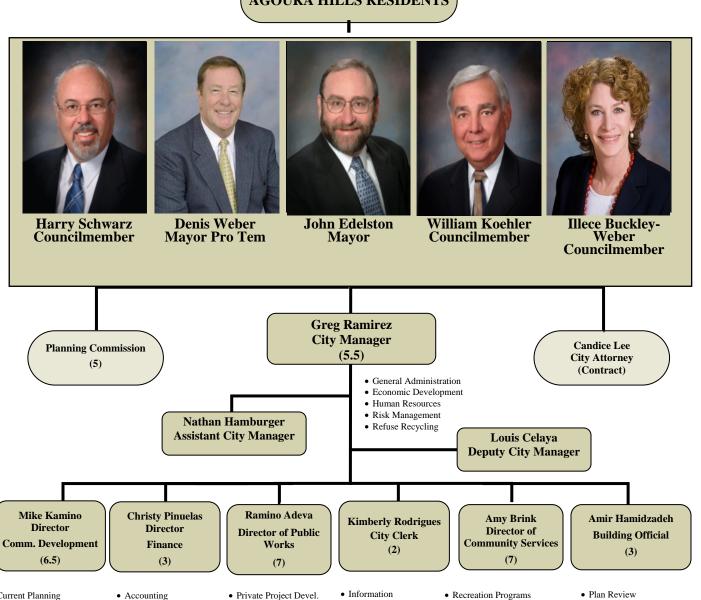
Christy Pinuelas

Director of Finance

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE AND DIRECTORY OF CITY OFFICIALS





- Current Planning
- Economic Development & Revitalization
- Environmental Review
- General Plan
- · Code Enforcement
- Comprehensive Planning
- · Community Devel. Block Grant
- Accounting
- Operating Budget
- Payroll
- Financial Reporting
- Business Registration
- Cash Management
- · Purchasing
- · Information Systems
- Private Project Devel.
- · Capital Project Devel.
 - Mapping & Records • Public Works Inspection
- Transit/Transport. Engineering
- Water
- Wastewater
- Street/Landscape Maintenance
- Storm Water System Maintenance
- Information · Agendas/Minutes
- Public Hearings
- Elections
- · Records Management
- Senior Center • Community Service Programs

· City-Wide Special Events

· Transportation Services

- Community Relations • Recreation Center
- Reyes Adobe Historical Site
- Equestrian Arena · Park facilities & Maintenance
- Plan Review
- · Permit Processing
- Permit Issuance
- Building Inspection
- · Code Adoption and Enforcement
- · Issuance of Certificate of Occupancy

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Agoura Hills California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.









Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable City Council of The City of Agoura Hills, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Agoura Hills (City), California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Agoura Hills, California, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 6, the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Agoura Hills was dissolved on February 1, 2012 pursuant to Assembly Bill (AB) x1 26. Housing assets of the former Redevelopment Agency were transferred to the Successor Housing Agency of the City of Agoura Hills pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 34176. All other remaining assets, contracts and enforceable obligations were transferred to the City of Agoura Hills Redevelopment Successor Agency resulting in an extraordinary loss in the amount of \$2,148,622 to the City of Agoura Hill's governmental activities.

As described in Note 4(f), the City has disclosed contingencies regarding advances to the Successor Agency in the amount of \$31,158,769 reported in the General Fund. Such advances have been denied by the State of California Department of Finance as enforceable obligations, therefore management has recorded an allowance for the full amount.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 31, 2013, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary schedule on pages 3 through 12 and 51 through 56, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying major fund budgetary comparison schedules, and the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules (supplementary information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the major fund budgetary comparison schedules, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it

Vavinch, Truis, Dry ; Co, Cles Rancho Cucamonga, California

January 31, 2013

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Year ended June 30, 2012

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is presented as a supplement to the City of Agoura Hills' (City) financial statements. The MD&A offers an objective narrative of the City's financial activities based upon facts, decisions, and conditions known to management as of the auditor's report date for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. Readers are encouraged to utilize this report in conjunction with the information outlined in the City's financial statements and notes to the financial statements (found on subsequent pages). A summary of the fiscal year's financial picture immediately follows.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- On June 30, 2012, the City's net assets (excess of assets over liabilities) were \$83.8 million. Of this amount, \$13.9 million is available to meet the City's ongoing operations to citizens and creditors.
- ❖ During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the City's total net assets decreased by \$2.2 million.
- ❖ As of June 30, 2012, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$8.8 million or 81 percent of total General Fund expenditures and operating transfers.
- ❖ The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$17.2 million, a decrease of \$16.7 million compared with the prior fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The basic financial statements include the City (primary government) and all legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The City's component units consist of the following: The Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency, the Public Facilities Corporation, and the Public Financing Authority. These component units have been included in the basic financial statements, as an integral part of the primary government, using the blended method.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the City and provide readers with a broad view of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with a difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Agoura Hills is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the change's underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e. uncollected taxes and unearned but unused vacation leave).

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

For the Year ended June 30, 2012

While some governmental agencies have governmental and business-type activities, the City of Agoura Hills records all activities under governmental activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about the City's major funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law (i.e. Measure R & Transit Tax) and by bond covenants. However, management establishes other funds (i.e. Other Grants) to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money.

The Fund Financial Statements include statements for governmental and fiduciary categories of activities. The governmental activities are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. The following sections provide a more in-depth detailing of the fund groups.

Governmental funds are reported, in essentially the same way as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements with an exception; governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources. This means governmental fund financial statements identify current sources and uses of money within the immediate fiscal year. Benefits derived include a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides, which assist in determining whether there are sufficient financial resources available to meet the City's current needs.

Since the scope of the governmental funds is different than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is beneficial to comparatively examine information presented for the governmental funds with information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. From this, readers gain a clearer picture of the long-term impacts current financial decisions might yield. When examined together, the governmental funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide the reader with a different snapshot that identities variances between the two different methodologies of governmental activities and governmental funds.

The major governmental funds include: the General Fund, Community Development Fund, Successor Housing Agency Fund, Inclusionary Housing In Lieu Fund, Redevelopment Debt Service Fund, Redevelopment Set-Aside Fund, Redevelopment Capital Projects Fund, Recreation Center Capital Projects Fund, the Reyes Adobe Interchange Capital Projects Fund and the Measure R Capital Projects Fund which are reported in detail in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements. All other funds are shown in the aggregate as other non-major funds. Individual fund data for other non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of supplementary information elsewhere in the report.

The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds held on behalf of external parties. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary assets and liabilities. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

For the Year ended June 30, 2012

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information, including the City's budgetary schedules.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Assets

Net assets are a good indicator of the City's financial position. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, net assets of the City were \$83.8 million, which is a decrease of \$2.2 million from the prior year.

Following is the condensed Statement of Net Assets for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

City of Agoura Hills Net Assets As of June 30, 2012 and 2011

	2012	2011
Current and other assets	\$22,415,421	\$42,636,956
Capital assets	74,210,125	73,940,092
Total Assets	96,625,546	116,577,048
Current liabilities	1,603,070	4,437,776
Long-term liabilities outstanding	11,206,479	26,091,037
Total Liabilities	12,809,549	30,528,813
Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	67,179,564	66,710,006
Restricted	2,662,523	4,028,535
Unrestricted	13,973,910	15,309,694
Total Net Assets	\$83,815,997	\$86,048,235

At June 30, 2012 the largest portion of net assets (80 percent) consists of the City's investment in capital assets, net of related debt. This component portrays the amount of funds required to acquire those assets, less any related debt used for such acquisition that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. The capital assets of the City are not sources of income for repayment of debt as most assets are not revenue generating and generally are not liquidated to repay debt. Therefore, debt service payments are funded from other sources available to the City.

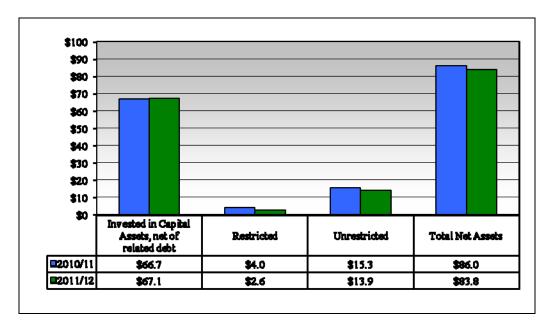
An additional portion of the City's net assets (\$2.6 million) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$13.9 million) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Year ended June 30, 2012

For the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 the City reported positive balances in all three of the categories of net assets.

- ❖ The \$469,558 thousand increase in the City's investment in capital assets net of related debt was primarily related to the construction in progress expenditures for the widening of Agoura Road.
- Restricted net assets decreased \$1.3 million primarily due to the dissolution of the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency (Note 6 of the Basic Financial Statements).
- ❖ Unrestricted net assets decreased \$1.3 million primarily due to the dissolution of the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency (Note 6 of the Basic Financial Statements).

The following chart shows the comparison of the three components of net assets for fiscal years 2010/11 and 2011/12 (in millions).



Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Year ended June 30, 2012

Statement of Activities

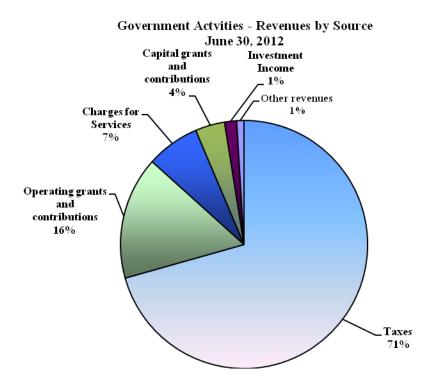
The following is the condensed Statement of Activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

Statement of Activities Changes For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

	2012	2011
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$1,209,029	\$1,333,399
Operating grants and contributions	2,788,229	2,934,225
Capital grants and contributions	669,308	2,680,376
General revenues:		
Taxes	12,278,663	14,661,200
Intergovernmental revenues	0	118,561
Investment Income	273,503	323,286
Other revenues	165,757	220,980
Total Revenues	17,384,489	22,272,027
Б		
Expenses:	2 000 400	2 102 001
General government	2,809,488	3,192,991
Public safety	4,101,347	4,355,912
Public works	5,141,512	5,563,786
Community development	1,055,293	1,595,785
Pass through to other agencies	1,449,565	3,602,569
Community services	1,957,257	1,912,544
Interest and fiscal charges	953,642	1,359,595
Total Expenses	17,468,105	21,583,182
Extraordinary Loss – RDA Dissolution	(2,148,622)	0
Change in net assets	(2,232,238)	688,845
Net Assets – Beginning of Year	86,048,235	85,359,390
Net Assets – End of Year	\$83,815,997	\$86,048,235

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Year ended June 30, 2012

The City's activities decreased net assets by \$2.2 million, which was a 3 percent decrease from the prior fiscal year. Revenues by source are shown in the chart below:



Revenue highlights:

- ❖ Taxes decreased \$2.4 million, or 16 percent, in fiscal year 2011/12. This primarily relates to the dissolution of the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency in February 2012 (see note 6). This resulted in a decrease of \$2.9 million in net increment (55%). This was offset by an increase in Sales Tax of \$338 thousand (11%), and Transient occupancy taxes of \$29 thousand, or 2 percent as the economy improves.
- ❖ Investment Income decreased \$50 thousand, or 15 percent, primarily due to the decrease in interest rates which went from an average yield of .5 percent for fiscal year 2010/11 to an average yield of .3 percent in fiscal year 2011/12.
- ❖ Capital Grants and Contributions decreased \$2 million, or 75 percent, in fiscal year 2011/12 primarily due to the fact that in 2010/11 the City received a Federal Appropriation of \$2.2 million to complete the Reyes Adobe Bridge Widening Project.

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Year ended June 30, 2012

Expense highlights:

Total expenses for the City's activities were \$17.4 million, \$4.1 million less than the prior fiscal year. Program revenues offset total expenditures as follows:

- * Those who directly benefited from programs contributed \$1.2 million in charges for services.
- The City was able to fund some of its programs through grants and contributions from outside sources or other governments for a total amount of \$3.4 million.

As a result, total expenditures that were funded by tax revenues, investment income, grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs, and other general revenues were \$12.7 million.

Functional expenses (excluding interest on debt) for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 were as follows (amount in millions):

	Net (Cost)									
	Total (Cost of	Percent	Percent Revenue of						
	Services		Change	Serv	ices	Change				
	2011	2012	2011/12	2011	2012	2011/12				
General government	\$3.2	\$2.8	-13%	-3.1	-2.6	-17%				
Public safety	4.4	4.1	-7%	-3.6	-3.5	-3%				
Public works	5.6	5.1	-9%	-0.0	-1.8	180%				
Community development	1.6	1.1	-32%	-1.4	-0.9	-36%				
Pass thru to agencies	3.6	1.4	-62%	-3.6	-1.4	-62%				
Community services	1.9	2.0	6%	-1.6	-1.7	7%				
Total	\$20.3	\$16.5	-19%	-13.3	-11.9	-11%				

In total, the net cost of services decreased \$1.5 million or 12 percent. Highlights of the changes are:

- ❖ Public works increased \$1.8 million or 180 percent primarily because in 2010/11 the City received Utility Undergrounding Fees (\$150,000) and Measure R Grants (\$1 million).
- ❖ Community development decreased 36 percent (\$500,000) primarily due to the dissolution of the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency.
- ❖ Pass thru to agencies decreased \$2.2 million or 62 percent primarily because of the dissolution of the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The City of Agoura Hills only has governmental fund types whose focus is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

For the Year ended June 30, 2012

As of the end of 2011/12, the City's funds reported ending fund balances of \$17.2 million, a decrease of \$16.7 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year. The decrease in fund balance primarily reflects an extraordinary loss of \$16.6 million due to the dissolution of the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency. Of the \$17.2 million in fund balances at fiscal yearend 2011/12, \$141 thousand is Nonspendable because it represents prepaids and land held for resale, and \$8.9 million is Restricted, Committed or Assigned to indicate that it is not available for appropriation because it had already been restricted for a variety of purposes.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of fiscal year 2011/12, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$9.0 million, with \$141 thousand Nonspendable because it was for Land held for Resale. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total expenditures. At June 30, 2012, unassigned fund balance was 81 percent of total General Fund expenditures and operating transfers out.

Fund balance in the City's General Fund decreased by \$32.5 million in fiscal year 2011/12, when compared to an increase in fund balance of \$29.5 million in 2010/11. The 2010/11 increase primarily related to the transfer in of \$30.6 million from the Redevelopment Agency to the City to cover a reimbursement agreement for services. In January 2011 the city executed an agreement to cover the amounts that had been advanced since April of 1988 (see Note 4(F). However, due to the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency the General Fund established an allowance for the entire amount and recorded an extraordinary loss of \$31.1 million. The remaining loss (\$1.3 million) primarily relates to a transfer out of \$1.6 million towards the completion of the new recreation center (see Note 3(B).

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In preparing the budget, the City attempts to estimate its revenue using realistic, but conservative, methods so as to budget its expenditure appropriations and activities in a prudent manner. As a result, the City Council adopts budget adjustments during the course of the fiscal year to reflect both changed priorities and availability of additional revenues to allow for expansion of existing programs. During the course of the year, the City Council amended the originally adopted budget to reappropriate prior year approved projects and expenditures and to amend the spending plan of the City and Redevelopment Agency.

In the General Fund, amendments between the original budget and the final budget resulted in increased revenues of \$60.2 thousand, decreased expenditures of \$172.6 thousand and increased net transfers out of \$105.2 thousand. The transfers out related to debt service and contributions to the newly planned recreation center. These amendments resulted in an overall budgeted decrease to the fund balance of \$1.5 million.

The General Fund reflected a net total unfavorable budget variance of \$31 million, when comparing actual amounts to the final budget for the current fiscal year. The \$31 million variance is primarily a result of the allowance established for the loan between the City and the Successor Agency \$31 million (see Note 6). The budget reflects a negative variance in revenues of \$42 thousand and a negative variance in total expenditures of \$161 thousand. The revenue variances primarily relate to a decline in Park and Recreation fees (\$35 thousand) from what was projected. The expenditure variances are primarily due to the reclassification of certain costs (\$353 thousand) due to the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Year ended June 30, 2012

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, including infrastructure of the City, are those assets that are used in the performance of the City's functions. At June 30, 2012, net capital assets totaled \$74.2 million.

This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, leased equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure. The total increase in the City's investment of capital assets, net of related debt, for the current fiscal year is \$470 thousand or .7 percent of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. The increase in capital assets primarily reflects the addition of \$1.9 million in Construction in Progress, related to the Reyes Adobe Bridge Widening. The Reyes Adobe Bridge Widening was funded primarily through grant resources and bond proceeds from the 2008 Redevelopment debt issue. Additionally infrastructure increased \$115 thousand. This was offset by additions to depreciation of \$1.8 million.

Major projects in fiscal year ended 2011/12 include:

Construction in progress on the Agoura Road Widening, the Kanan Bridge Widening and the Chesebro Interchange Bridge Widening.

City of Agoura Hills Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

	2012	2011
Land	\$11,636,428	\$11,636,428
Construction in progress	36,744,370	34,795,987
Building & improvements	10,276,464	10,490,432
Vehicles	139,432	196,257
Infrastructure	15,413,431	16,820,988
Total Net Assets	\$74,210,124	\$73,940,092

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3(C) in the basic Financial Statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Agoura Hills had total debt outstanding of \$11.2 million. The City's long-term obligations as of June 30, 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

City of Agoura Hills Outstanding Debt

	2012	2011
2007 Lease Revenue Bonds	\$10,820,474	\$10,986,441
2008 RDA Tax allocation Bonds	0	5,640,000
2008 RDA Housing Set-Aside Bonds	0	9,555,527
Compensated Absences	329,404	307,011
Other post-employment benefits	56,601	56,601
Total Outstanding Debt	\$11,206,479	\$26,545,580

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 3(D) of the basic Financial Statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Year ended June 30, 2012

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

In preparing the budget for 2012/13 the following factors were taken in to consideration:

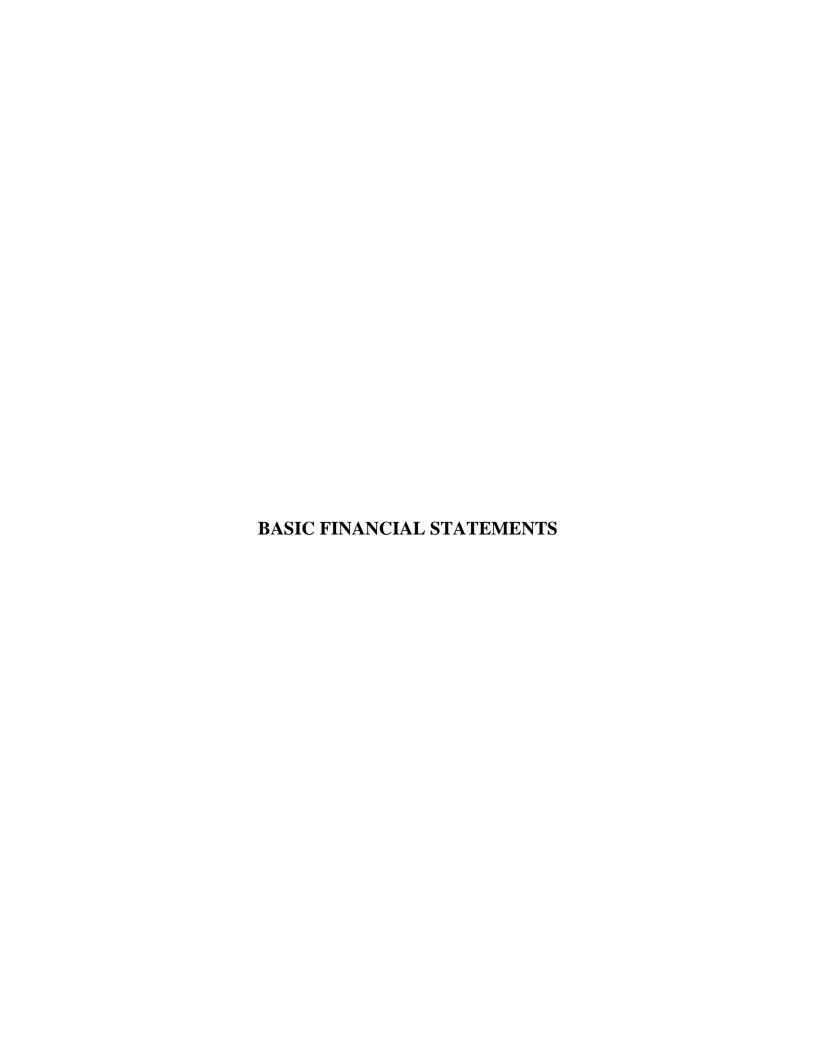
- Salary and benefits are estimated to remain flat, due to the elimination of one position, the Senior Civil Engineer.
- Several anticipated large capital projects, including Street Resurfacing (\$701 thousand), the design and construction phase of Agoura Road Widening (\$3.5 million) and the design phase of the Chesebro Bridge Widening (\$850 thousand).

The City's operating budget for 2012/13 reflects the use of sales tax override funds provided as Measure R grant monies, for the design of the Chesebro Interchange and Agoura Road Widening Projects. Furthermore the City is anticipating spending monies on the design of the recently purchased recreation center.

Although the City budget was prepared with the expectation that Redevelopment activities would continue with the RDA, an alternative forecast was prepared, considering information that was known at the time (see Note 5 of the basic Financial Statements). It is anticipated that the City will remain in good financial condition throughout the fiscal year and beyond.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City of Agoura Hills Finance Department, 30001 Ladyface Court, Agoura Hills, California 91301 or (818) 597-7319.





CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities				
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 16,437,623				
Receivables:					
Accounts and taxes	711,370				
Interest	54,977				
Deferred loans	655,004				
Due from other governments	1,596,606				
Other	233,108				
Advances to Successor Agency, net of allowances	206,968				
Prepaids	26,253				
Deferred charges	240,951				
Investment in Joint Ventures - Community Center	2,137,561				
Land held for resale	115,000				
Capital assets:					
Capital assets not being depreciated	48,380,798				
Capital assets being depreciated,					
net of accumulated depreciation	25,829,327				
Total Assets	96,625,546				
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,445,327				
Interest payable	157,743				
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year	217,393				
Due in more than one year	10,989,086				
Total Liabilities	12,809,549				
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	67,179,564				
Restricted for:					
Community development	206,968				
Inclusionary housing in lieu	2,455,555				
Unrestricted	13,973,910				
Total Net Assets	\$ 83,815,997				

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.



CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		F		Program Revenues Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Grants and Services Contributions Contributions					Net (Expenses) Revenue and Change in Net Assets Total Governmental Activities				
Functions/Programs Governmental Activities:		Expenses		Services	Contributions		<u>Co</u>	ontributions		Activities			
General government Public safety Public works Community development Pass through to other agencies	\$	2,809,488 4,101,347 5,141,512 1,055,293 1,449,565	\$	92,593 530,285 153,422 146,932	\$	119,907 120,791 2,547,531	\$	659,666 9,642	\$	(2,596,988) (3,450,271) (1,780,893) (898,719) (1,449,565)			
Community services Interest and fiscal charges		1,957,257 953,642		285,797		- -		- -		(1,447,503) (1,671,460) (953,642)			
Total Governmental Activities	\$	17,468,105	\$	1,209,029	\$	2,788,229	\$	669,308		(12,801,539)			
General Revenues: Property taxes Sales taxes Franchise taxes Transient occupancy taxes Investment income Miscellaneous revenues										6,406,593 3,379,646 753,957 1,738,467 273,503 165,757			
				Total General	Reve	nues				12,717,923			
		Extraordinary loss - dissolution of former redevelopment agency								(2,148,622)			
				Change in Ne	t Asse	ets				(2,232,238)			
			Net A	Assets, Beginn	ing of	Year				86,048,235			
			Net A	Assets, End of	Year				\$	83,815,997			

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	Special Revenue						Debt Service				
	General		General			Community Development		Successor Housing Agency		clusionary sing In Lieu	Redevelopment
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	7,590,362	\$	2	\$	-	\$	2,448,723	\$ -		
Receivables:											
Accounts		677,712		-		-		-	-		
Interest		30,789		-		-		6,832	-		
Deferred loans		-		476,386		178,618		-	-		
Due from other governments		671,338		-		-		-	-		
Other		2,928		-		-		-	-		
Due from other funds		555,562		-		-		-	-		
Advances to Successor Agency		31,158,769		-		206,968		-	-		
Less: Allowance for Advances		(31,158,769)		-		-		-	-		
Prepaids		26,253		-		-		-	-		
Land held for resale		115,000		-				-			
Total Assets	\$	9,669,944	\$	476,388	\$	385,586	\$	2,455,555	\$ -		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$	645,113	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -		
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-	-		
Deferred revenue		-		476,388		178,618		-			
Total Liabilities		645,113		476,388		178,618		-			
FUND BALANCES											
Nonspendable		141,253		-		-		-	-		
Restricted		-		_		206,968		-	-		
Committed		-		_		-		2,455,555	-		
Assigned		_		_		-		-	-		
Unassigned		8,883,578									
Total Fund Balances		9,024,831		-		206,968		2,455,555			
Total Liabilities and				<u> </u>							
Fund Balances	\$	9,669,944	\$	476,388	\$	385,586	\$	2,455,555	\$ -		

			Ca	pital Projects					_					
	Redevelopment Set-Aside Redevelopment			Recreation Center		Reyes Adobe Interchange Measure R			Non-major Governmental Funds			Total Governmental Funds		
\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,319,151	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,079,385	\$	16,437,623		
						728				32,930		711,370		
	-	_		6,356		728		_		11,000		54,977		
				0,330		_				11,000		655,004		
	_	_		_		_		610,993		314,275		1,596,606		
	_	_		_		122,827		94,878		12,475		233,108		
	_	_		_		-				122,789		678,351		
	_	_		_		_		_		,		31,365,737		
	_	-		-		_		-		-		(31,158,769)		
	-	-	-			_		-		-		26,253		
	-	-		-		_		-		-		115,000		
\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,325,507	\$	123,555	\$	705,871	\$	3,572,854	\$	20,715,260		
¢.		ø	\$	28,183	\$	143,280	¢.	152 200	¢	475,542	\$	1 445 227		
\$	-	\$ -	Э	28,183	Э	143,280	\$	153,209 551,133	\$	4,429	Э	1,445,327 678,351		
	-	-		-		118,554		377,537		164,827		1,315,924		
		-												
	-			28,183		384,623		1,081,879		644,798		3,439,602		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		141,253		
	-	-		-		-		-		1,122,128		1,329,096		
	-	-		-		-		-		1,799,030		4,254,585		
	-	-		3,297,324		-		-		95,914		3,393,238		
	-			-		(261,068)		(376,008)		(89,016)		8,157,486		
	-			3,297,324		(261,068)		(376,008)		2,928,056		17,275,658		
\$	_	\$ -	\$	3,325,507	\$	123,555	\$	705,871	\$	3,572,854	\$	20,715,260		



CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA

Reconciliation of the Government Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	\$ 17,275,658
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	74,210,125
Investment in Joint Venture Community Center represents interest only in capital assets of the joint venture rather than a financial asset and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	2,137,561
The long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases, compensated absences) is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.	(11,149,878)
Deferred charges related to the issuance of long term debt are recorded as expenditures in governmental fund statements.	240,951
Interest on long-term debt liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(157,743)
Post-employment benefits are considered long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(56,601)
Certain revenues in the governmental funds are deferred because they are not collected within the prescribed time period after year-end. However, the revenues are included on the accrual basis used in	
the governmental-wide statements.	 1,315,924
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 83,815,997

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

			Special Revenue		Debt Service
	General Fund	Community Development	Successor Housing Agency	Inclusionary Housing In Lieu	Redevelopment
REVENUES:					
Taxes	\$ 9,921,175	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,357,488
Licenses and permits	329,863	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	76,506	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	664,455	-	-	-	-
Fines and penalties	74,087	-	-	-	-
Investment income	94,511	-	-	21,069	10,250
Rental income	84,060	-	-	-	-
Other revenues	63,519	_		-	_
Total Revenues	11,308,176	-		21,069	2,367,738
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	3,196,472	-	-	-	-
Pass through to other agencies	-	-	-	-	1,449,565
Public safety	3,903,732	-	-	-	-
Community development	750,693	-	-	-	-
Community services	1,638,408	-	-	-	-
Public works	903,258	-	_	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	-	210,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	_	-	444,495
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	10,392,563	-	-	-	2,104,060
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		-	_		
over (under) expenditures	915,613	_	_	21.069	263,678
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				,,,,,,	
Transfers in	-	_	-	_	649,494
Transfers out	(2,302,000)		-		(911,924)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,302,000)				(262,430)
Extraordinary Item:					
Dissolution of former Redevelopment Agency (note 6)	(31,158,769)	-	206,968		(899,850)
Not Change in Final Delance	(22 545 150		206.069	21.000	(909 502)
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(32,545,156)	-	206,968	21,069	(898,602)
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year, as Restated (note 5)	41,569,987	-	- 200.000	2,434,486	898,602
Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 9,024,831	\$ -	\$ 206,968	\$ 2,455,555	\$ -

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

			Capital Projects				
R	edevelopment Set-Aside	Redevelopment	Recreation Center	Reyes Adobe Interchange	Measure R	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,278,663
	-	-	-	-	-	-	329,863
	-	-	-	-	1,090,418	1,257,399	2,424,323
	-	-	-	-	-	1,015,112	1,679,567
	-	-	-	-	-	141,849	215,936
	58,181	754	17,169	-	-	27,932	229,866
	-	-	-	-	-	-	84,060
			- 17.140	610,067	1 000 110	3,908	677,494
	58,181	754	17,169	610,067	1,090,418	2,446,200	17,919,772
	252,834	25,568	300,711	199	149,942	89,918	4,015,644
	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,449,565
	-	-	-	-	-	190,490	4,094,222
	134,757	111,972	-	-	-	-	997,422
	-	-	-	-	-	264,347	1,902,755
	5,147	17,675	-	-	247,524	1,037,151	2,210,755
	-	-	-	-	-	185,000	395,000
	-	-	-	-	-	480,631	925,126
		62,285		648,629	518,215	751,843	1,980,972
_	392,738	217,500	300,711	648,828	915,681	2,999,380	17,971,461
_	(334,557)	(216,746)	(283,542)	(38,761)	174,737	(553,180)	(51,689)
	471,498	440,426	3,194,592	982,095	-	672,000	6,410,105
	(379,603)	(269,891)				(2,546,687)	(6,410,105)
_	91,895	170,535	3,194,592	982,095		(1,874,687)	
	(11,696,377)	26,897,072		<u>-</u>			(16,650,956)
	(11,939,039)	26,850,861	2,911,050	943,334	174,737	(2,427,867)	(16,702,645)
	11,939,039	(26,850,861)	386,274	(1,204,402)	(550,745)	5,355,923	33,978,303
\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,297,324	\$ (261,068)	\$ (376,008)	\$ 2,928,056	\$ 17,275,658

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$(16,702,645)
Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital expenditures Depreciation expense	\$ 2,063,656 (1,793,624)	270,032
Share of expenses for Joint Venture in Community Center is not recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds. However, it is recorded in the statement of activities as an expense.	(1,775,021)	(56,261)
Issuance of long-term debt including compensated absences and leases provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources in governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net assets.		
Principal payment Amortization of bond issuance costs Amortization of deferral on refunding and discount Change in compensated absences	395,000 (32,377) (22,128) (22,393)	318,102
Interest on long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		(28,516)
Certain revenues in the governmental funds are deferred because they are not collected within the prescribed time period after year-end. However, the revenues are included on the accrual basis used in the government-wide statements.		(535,284)
Effect of extraordinary items due to dissolution of former redevelopment agency		(333,204)
Reduction of long-term debt (Bonds)	14,988,622	
Reduction of interest payable associated with long-term debt	293,283	
Reduction of deferred charges, net of amortization	(779,571)	14,502,334
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	=	\$ (2,232,238)

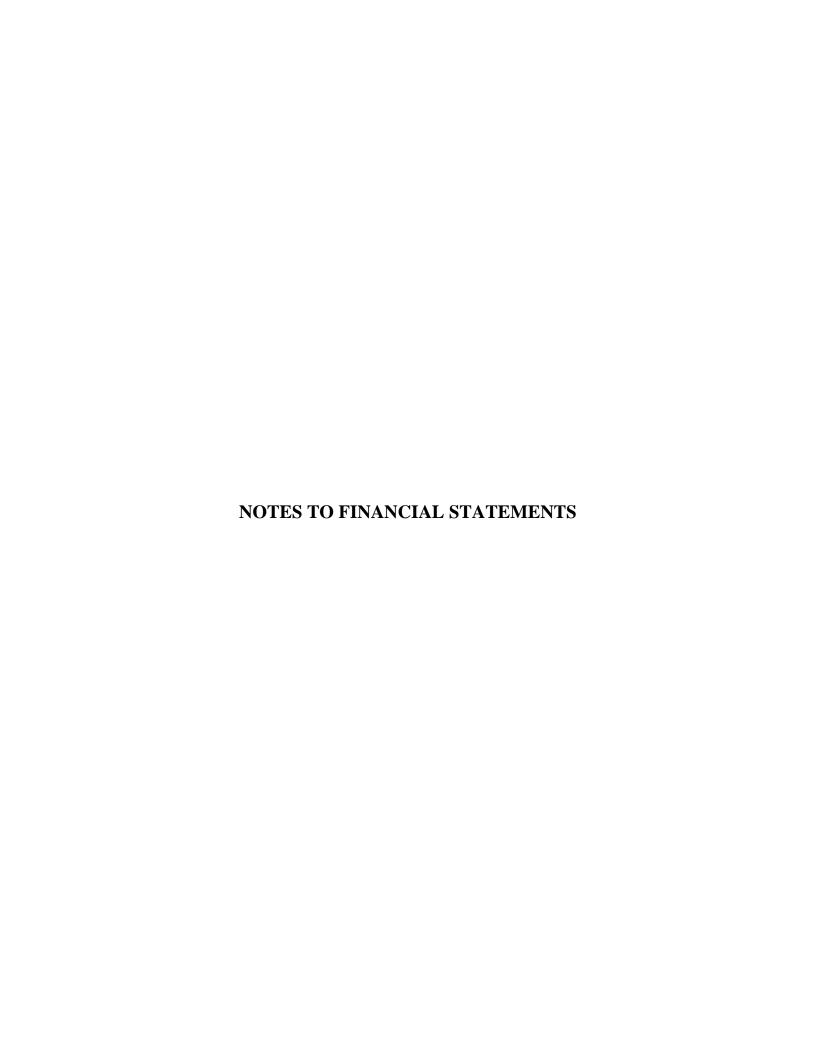
See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

	Re Suc Pri		Aş	gency Fund
ASSETS		_		
Cash and investments	\$	13,172,798	\$	1,454,685
Interest receivable		39,732		1,380
Accounts receivable		-		9,092
Due from other governments		-		93,673
Deferred charges		767,210		-
Land held for resale		4,102,618		-
Total Assets	\$	18,082,358	\$	1,558,830
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	24,041	\$	1,558,830
Interest payable		219,962		-
Bonds payable		15,150,000		-
Less: Bond discount		(161,378)		-
City loan		206,968		-
Total Liabilities		15,439,593	\$	1,558,830
NET ASSETS				
Held in trust for other beneficiaries	\$	2,642,765		

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Private-Purpose Trust Fund June 30, 2012

ADDITIONS	
Property tax revenue	\$ 764,352
Investment income	5,874
Other revenue	 352,879
Total Additions	1,123,105
DEDUCTIONS	
Community services	240,997
Amortization expense	12,361
Interest and fiscal charges	375,604
Total Deductions	 628,962
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM	
Dissolution of redevelopment agency	2,148,622
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	2,642,765
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 2,642,765





NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of Reporting Entity

The City of Agoura Hills (City) was incorporated December 8, 1982, under the general laws of the State of California and enjoys all the rights and privileges pertaining to "General Law" cities. The City operates under a Council/Manager form of government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units for which the government is considered financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City of Agoura Hills, the primary government. Each component unit has a June 30 year end.

Blended Component Units

The Agoura Hills Public Facilities Corporation and the Agoura Hills Public Financing Authority are legally separate entities. The Agoura Hills City Council exercises financial accountability over each entity. Financial accountability is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, funding, and the appointment of the governing board. Additionally, City staff manages the operations of each of these organizations on a contractual or reimbursement basis. A discussion of each entity follows.

The Agoura Hills Public Facilities Corporation (Corporation) was incorporated January 5, 1988 as a not-for-profit public benefit corporation and determined to be tax exempt pursuant to Revenue and Taxation Code 23701(d) of the State of California. The sole purpose of the Corporation is to provide a financing vehicle for the construction of public facilities. The members of the City Council act as the governing board of the Corporation. No financial activity is reported as the Corporation is not active.

The Agoura Hills Public Financing Authority (Authority) was organized in April 2001 under a joint exercise of power agreement to provide financing for public capital improvements for the City and the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency. The members of the City Council act as the governing board of the Financing Authority. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

The Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency (Agency) was established March 9, 1988 pursuant to the laws of the State of California Health and Safety Code, Section 33000 et. seq., and was a separate governmental entity. The elected City Council served as board members for the Agency. The primary purpose of the Agency is to address blighting conditions that exist within the City's freeway and roadside commercial corridor. On February 1, 2012 all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as legal entities. Consequently, no separate annual financial report will be issued for the Agency.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grant and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds even though the latter is excluded from the government-wide statements. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year from which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end, except for sales tax revenues which are considered to be available if collected within ninety days after year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as an expenditure to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for resources traditionally associated with the government which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenue and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The Community Development Special Revenue Fund is restricted to account for housing rehabilitation loans administered with Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds.

The Successor Housing Agency accounts for restricted revenues and expenditures for the housing activities of the former Redevelopment Agency's Low and Moderate Income Fund activities.

The Inclusionary Housing Special Revenue Fund is committed to account for in lieu fees to be used for the development or maintenance of housing affordable to low to moderate income households.

The Redevelopment Debt Service Fund is used to account for accumulation of resources for, and the payments of, long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. On February 1, 2012 all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as legal entities. All assets and liabilities were transferred to a private purpose trust fund.

The Redevelopment Set-Aside Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources that were required to be set-aside for low and moderate income housing and related expenditures. On February 1, 2012 all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as legal entities. All assets and liabilities were transferred to a private purpose trust fund.

The Redevelopment Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources segregated for the acquisition and rehabilitation of capital projects within the redevelopment project area. On February 1, 2012 all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as legal entities. All assets and liabilities were transferred to a private purpose trust fund.

The Recreation Center Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the funds to be used for the development or maintenance of the City's recreation center.

The Reyes Adobe Interchange Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the funds to be used for the widening of the Reyes Adobe Bridge.

The Measure R Capital Projects Fund is used to account for grant monies received from the County for specific projects within the City.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds:

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Fiduciary Fund:

The Fiduciary Funds include the Agency Fund and Redevelopment Successor Private-purpose Trust Fund.

The Agency Fund is used to account for various assets such as developer fees and L.A. County Fire Department fees held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations and/or other governments. The City also acts as a secretary for an organization in which the money is held in the Agency Fund. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results or operation. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

The Redevelopment Successor Agency is used to account for assets, liabilities and activities of the former Redevelopment Agency of the City in a trustee capacity to pay enforceable obligations of the former Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency. In accordance with Assembly Bill (AB) X1 26 and AB 1484, the Redevelopment Agency was dissolved February 1, 2012. Refer to Note 6 for details of the dissolution.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then use unrestricted resources as needed.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the City's basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements, and revenues and expense/expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 61 – In December 2010, GASB issued Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*. This statement is to results in financial reporting entity financial statements being more relevant by improving guidance for including, presenting, and disclosing information about component units and equity interest transactions of a financial reporting entity. This statement is not effective until June 30, 2013. The City has not determined the effect of this statement.

GASB Statement No. 62 – In June 2011, GASB issued Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. The objective of this statement is to incorporate into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in FASB and AICPA pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 which does not conflict with our contradict GASB pronouncements. This statement is not effective until June 30, 2013. The City has not determined the effect of this statement.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 63 – In June 2011, GASB issued Statement 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Positions*. This statement provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and the resulting net position. This statement is not effective until June 30, 2013. The City will implement in the next fiscal year.

GASB Statement No. 64 – In June 2011, GASB issued Statement No. 64, *Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions* – an amendment of GASB No. 53. The objective of this Statement is to clarify whether an effective hedging relationship continues after the replacement of a swap counterparty or a swap counterparty's credit support provider. This statement sets forth criteria that establish when the effective hedging relationship continues and hedge accounting should continue to be applied. This statement is not effective until June 30, 2012. The City has determined that this statement is not applicable.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and investments are cash on hand, demand deposits and the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund. Investments are stated at fair value.

The City maintains a cash and investment pool for the general operation of the City. Each fund type's portion of the pool is reported on the financial statements as Cash and Investments. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is distributed quarterly to each fund based upon each funds proportionate share of the pool.

The City has monies held by trustees or fiscal agents pledged to the payment or security of certain bonds. The California Government Code provides these monies, in the absence of specific statutory provisions governing the issuance of bonds, may be invested in accordance with the ordinance, resolutions or indentures specifying the types of investments its trustees or fiscal agents may make. These ordinances, resolutions and indentures are generally more restrictive than the City's general investment policy.

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., short-term interfund loans) or as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., long-term interfund loans).

Property tax revenue is recognized when susceptible to accrual in the accounting period in which taxes are measurable and available. Property taxes are considered available by the City if they are collected within 60 days after year end. There is no allowance for uncollectible. Assessed valuations are determined on an annual basis by the Los Angeles County Assessor. Taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, are levied on July 1, are due November 1 and February 1, and are delinquent if not paid by December 10 and April 10 of each year.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

3. Prepaids

Certain membership dues and payments to vendors represent expenses that apply to future accounting periods. Prepaid items are expensed according to the purchases method.

4. Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale is carried at the lower of cost or estimated realizable value determined at the date a disposition and development agreement is executed.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Capital assets subject to lease obligations are valued at the present value of future lease payments at the inception of the lease. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets used by governmental activities is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net assets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	50 years
Vehicles	7-15 years
Machinery	5-30 years
Equipment	5-15 years
Infrastructure	20-50 years

Capitalization threshold of capital assets is based at a minimum value as follows:

Buildings and building improvements	\$ 25,000
Vehicles, machinery, and equipment	10,000
Infrastructure	25,000

6. Vacation and Compensatory Time (Compensated Absences)

Compensated absences are recorded in accordance with GAAP. Only vested or accumulated compensated absences that are expected to be due or mature are reported as an expenditure and fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated compensated absences that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements. General fund resources have been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

7. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs and gains and losses on debt refunding are deferred and amortized. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount and deferral on refunding.

The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. The City is required to adopt an annual budget resolution for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds, except the Successor Housing Agency. All annual appropriations lapse at year end, but can be carried forward at City Manager's discretion.

The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes actual information for the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. The budget is a statement of the goals and objectives of the City for that fiscal year. The budget provides management control at the functional departmental level. The City Manager may authorize the transfer between expenditure accounts within the same department, office, agency or program activity. Where an appropriation requires an increase that cannot be supported by transfer guidelines, City Council authorization is required. Responsible individuals review progress against their budget each month. The City Council considers supplemental budget amendment requests during the year and reviews changes at mid-year and year end.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

A. Budgetary Information (Continued)

Excess of expenditures over appropriations in department cost centers of individual funds is as follows:

Fund	Fund Final Budget		Expenditures		Excess	
Major Funds:						
General Fund:						
Public facilities	\$	219,500	\$	230,980	\$	11,480
Nondepartmental		651,580		972,921		321,341
Community development planning and administration		695,285		750,693		55,408
Public works administration		661,718		666,944		5,226
Redevelopment Set-Aside Capital Projects Fund:						
General government		250,409		252,834		2,425
Community development		130,690		134,757		4,067
Redevelopment Capital Projects Fund:						
General government		16,121		25,568		9,447
Community development		111,672		111,972		300
Measure R Capital Projects Fund:						
Public works		237,481		247,524		10,043
Non-major Funds:						
Traffic Improvement Special Revenue Fund						
Capital outlay		280,000		503,808		223,808
Traffic Safety Special Revenue Fund						
Public safety		60,000		60,819		819
Solid Waste Management Special Revenue Fund						
Community services		100,280		102,714		2,434
State Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund						
Public works		396,112		415,008		18,896
Measure R Special Revenue Fund						
Capital outlay		-		56,289		56,289
Other Grants Special Revenue Fund						
Capital outlay		8,985		131,420		122,435
Financing Authority Debt Service Fund						
General government		4,000		4,770		770

June 30, 2012

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

The following funds had deficit fund balances at June 30, 2012:

Major governmental funds:	
Reyes Adobe interchange capital projects fund	\$ 261,068
Measure R capital projects fund	376,008
Non major governmental funds:	
Other grants special revenue fund	\$ 84,711
Public transit special revenue fund	4,305

The deficits are expected to be eliminated with reimbursements from the County, State and Federal government.

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2012 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

cush uno mi vompuno uo oi vumo co, 2012 uro emissimo mi uro uovompuno mg imunom	.5 45 10110 1151
Statement of Net Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 16,437,623
Fiduciary Funds	
Cash and investments	14,627,483
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 31,065,106
Cash and investments at June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:	
Demand accounts (bank balances):	\$ 1,192,207
Add deposits in transit	103,324
Less outstanding checks	 (519,182)
Book balance	 776,349
Petty cash	 800
Total Deposits and Petty Cash	 777,149
Investments:	
State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	18,426,983
Federal agency securities	11,354,523
Held by bond trustee	
Federal agency securities	 506,451
Total Investments	 30,287,957
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 31,065,106

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's investment Policy:

The City's investment policy authorizes the following investments under provisions of California Government Code Section 53601.

	Maximum		Maximum
Investment Types	Percentage	Maximum	Investment
Authorized by State Law	of Portfolio	Maturity	In One Issuer
Local Agency Investment Fund ** (LAIF)	\$40 million	N/A	None
U.S. Treasury Issues	75%	5 Years	None
Federal Agency Securities	75%	5 Years	20%
Commercial Paper	25%	270 Days	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (CD)	30%	5 Years	None
Medium Term Corporate Notes	30%	5 Years	None

^{**} Limit set by LAIF Governing Board not State Government Code.

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements:

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustee is governed by provisions of the debt agreements rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the general investment types that are authorized for investments held by the bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	Allowed	In One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
Federal Housing			
Administration Debentures	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Unsecured CDs, time deposits, and			
Banker's Acceptances	30 days	None	None
FDIC Insured Bank Deposits	None	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Money Market Funds	N/A	None	None
State Obligations	None	None	None
Pre-funded Municipal Obligations	None	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	270 days	None	None
Investment Agreements	None	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	None	None	None

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. As of the year end the weighted average maturity of the investments contained in LAIF investment pool was approximately 270 days. The City's investment policy recognized the interest rate risk and therefore places maximum maturity limits (up to five years) on various types of allowable investments.

				Remaining Maturity (In Months)						
				12 Months		13 to 24		25 to 60		
Investment Type		Totals		Or Less		Months		Months		
LAIF	\$	18,426,983	\$	18,426,983	\$	-	\$	-		
Federal agency securities:										
FHLB		2,820,491		2,077,259		247,333		495,899		
FFCB		4,055,266		3,034,590		1,020,676		-		
FNMA		745,917		-		248,328		497,589		
U.S. Treasury Notes		3,732,849		2,179,333		498,594		1,054,922		
Held by bond trustee:										
Federal agency securities:										
FHLB		101,205		101,205		-		-		
FFCB		405,246		405,246		-		-		
Total	\$	30,287,957	\$	26,224,616	\$	2,014,931	\$	2,048,410		

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk:

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

		Minimum	Rating as o	of Year End
		Legal	_	Not
Investment Type	Totals	Rating	AA+	Rated
LAIF	\$ 18,426,983	N/A	\$ -	\$ 18,426,983
Federal agency securities:				
FHLB	2,820,491	N/A	2,820,491	-
FFCB	4,055,266	N/A	4,055,266	-
FNMA	745,917		745,917	
U.S. Treasury Notes	3,732,849	N/A	3,732,849	-
Held by bond trustee:				
Federal agency securities:				
FHLB	101,205	N/A	101,205	-
FFCB	405,246	N/A	405,246	-
Total	\$ 30,287,957		\$ 11,860,974	\$ 18,426,983

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The investment policy of the City contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. Investments in anyone issuer (other than U.S. Treasury Securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5 percent or more of total City investments are as follows:

_	Issuer	Investment Type	Report	Reported Amount		
-	Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)	Federal Agency Security	\$	2,921,696		
	Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB)	Federal Agency Security		4,460,512		

Custodial Credit Risk:

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits:

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk (Continued):

The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits.

Of the City's deposits with financial institutions, \$574,324 was in excess of federal depository insurance limits. The uninsured deposits were held by financial institutions, which are legally required by the California Government Code, to collateralize the City's deposits as noted above.

Investment in State Investment Pool:

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. LAIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

LAIF is part of the California Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA), which at June 30, 2012 had a balance of \$60.6 billion. The average maturity of PMIA investments was 270 days as of June 30, 2012.

B. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Due to/Due from

	 Dι						
		Traffic	Improvement				
	General	neral Nonmajor					
Due from	Fund	Special	Revenue Fund		Totals		
Reyes adobe interchange project major capital projects fund	\$ -	\$	122,789	\$	122,789		
Measure R major capital projects fund	551,133		-		551,133		
Public transit nonmajor special revenue fund	4,429		-		4,429		
Total	\$ 555,562	\$	122,789	\$	678,351		
Measure R major capital projects fund Public transit nonmajor special revenue fund	\$ 551,133 4,429	\$	-	\$	551,133 4,429		

The General Fund and the Traffic Improvement Nonmajor Fund made loans to other funds to cover the negative cash balance in those funds.

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

Interfund transfers

		Transfers In											
	Spe	cial Revenue			Capital Projects								
	Reyes Adobe Interchange Project		Re	Redevelopment				Redevelopment		Nonmajor			
			Set-Aside		Recreation Redevelopmen		evelopment	De	ebt Service	Governmental			
		Fund		Fund	Center		Fund		Fund		Funds	_	Totals
Transfers out							<u></u>		_				
General fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,630,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	672,000	\$	2,302,000
Redevelopment set-aside fund		-		-	-		-		379,603		-		379,603
Redevelopment capital projects fund		-		-	-		-		269,891		-		269,891
Nonmajor governmental funds		982,095		-	1,564,592		-		-		-		2,546,687
Redevelopment debt service fund				471,498			440,426				_		911,924
Total	\$	982,095	\$	471,498	\$ 3,194,592	\$	440,426	\$	649,494	\$	672,000	\$	6,410,105

The General Fund and Financing Authority Capital Projects Nonmajor Fund transferred funds to the Recreation Center to help fund the construction of the new Recreation building. The Traffic Improvement Nonmajor Fund transferred funds to aid in capital expenditure costs incurred for the Reyes Adobe Interchange projects. The Redevelopment set-aside, capital projects and debt service funds transferred monies for tax increment and debt repayments between funds.

C. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012 is as follows:

	Balance at			Balance at
Governmental Activities:	June 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2012
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 11,636,428	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,636,428
Construction in progress	34,795,987	1,948,383		36,744,370
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	46,432,415	1,948,383	-	48,380,798
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	12,447,147	-	-	12,447,147
Vehicles	524,660	-	-	524,660
Infrastructure	59,133,237	115,273		59,248,510
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	72,105,044	115,273	-	72,220,317
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	1,956,716	213,967	-	2,170,683
Vehicles	328,403	56,825	-	385,228
Infrastructure	42,312,249	1,522,831		43,835,080
Total Accumulated Depreciation	44,597,367	1,793,623		46,390,990
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	27,507,677	(1,678,350)		25,829,327
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$73,940,092	\$ 270,033	\$ -	\$ 74,210,125

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

C. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General government	\$ 175,740
Public works	1,566,692
Park and recreation	 51,191
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,793,623

D. Long-term Liability

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

					Portion	
Balance at			Transfer to	Balance at	Due Within	
ne 30, 2011	Additions	Reductions	Successor Agency	June 30, 2012	One Year	
11,310,000	\$ -	\$ (185,000)	\$ -	\$11,125,000	\$ 195,000	
(51,783)	-	3,046	-	(48,737)	-	
(271,776)	-	15,987	-	(255,789)	-	
5,640,000	-	(60,000)	(5,580,000)	-	-	
9,720,000	-	(150,000)	(9,570,000)	-	-	
(164,473)	-	3,095	161,378	-	-	
307,011	278,080	(255,687)	-	329,404	22,393	
56,601	174,020	(174,020)	-	56,601	-	
					,	
26,545,580	\$ 452,100	\$ (802,579)	\$ (14,988,622)	\$ 11,206,479	\$ 217,393	
	(271,776) 5,640,000 9,720,000 (164,473) 307,011	11,310,000 \$ - (51,783) - (271,776) - 5,640,000 - 9,720,000 - (164,473) - 307,011 278,080 56,601 174,020	ne 30, 2011 Additions Reductions 11,310,000 \$ - \$ (185,000) (51,783) - 3,046 (271,776) - 15,987 5,640,000 - (60,000) 9,720,000 - (150,000) (164,473) - 3,095 307,011 278,080 (255,687) 56,601 174,020 (174,020)	ne 30, 2011 Additions Reductions Successor Agency 11,310,000 \$ - \$ (185,000) \$ - (51,783) - 3,046 - (271,776) - 15,987 - 5,640,000 - (60,000) (5,580,000) 9,720,000 - (150,000) (9,570,000) (164,473) - 3,095 161,378 307,011 278,080 (255,687) - 56,601 174,020 (174,020) -	ne 30, 2011 Additions Reductions Successor Agency June 30, 2012 11,310,000 \$ - \$ (185,000) \$ - \$11,125,000 (51,783) - 3,046 - (48,737) (271,776) - 15,987 - (255,789) 5,640,000 - (60,000) (5,580,000) - 9,720,000 - (150,000) (9,570,000) - (164,473) - 3,095 161,378 - 307,011 278,080 (255,687) - 329,404 56,601 174,020 (174,020) - 56,601	

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

D. Long-term Liability (Continued)

1. 2007 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds

On March 1, 2007, the City issued \$12.06 million in Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.875 to 4.375 percent to defease \$8.8 million of 1999 Lease Revenue outstanding bonds. The principal of the bonds is payable on their maturity date of February 1, of each year. Interest on the bond is payable on February 1, and August 1, each year. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2012 is \$10,820,474 net of unamortized discount of \$48,737 and deferral on refunding of \$255,789.

The future debt service payments are as follows:

	Lease Revenue Bond							
Year Ending June 30		Principal		Interest	Total			
2013	\$	195,000	\$	473,232	\$	668,232		
2014		200,000		465,432		665,432		
2015		210,000		457,432		667,432		
2016		220,000		449,032		669,032		
2017		230,000		440,232		670,232		
2018-2022		1,275,000		2,059,068		3,334,068		
2023-2027		1,560,000		1,778,846		3,338,846		
2028-2032		1,915,000		1,419,518		3,334,518		
2033-2037		2,375,000		964,688		3,339,688		
2038-2042		2,945,000		397,468		3,342,468		
Total	\$	11,125,000	\$	8,904,948	\$	20,029,948		

2. 2008 Redevelopment Agency Tax Allocation Bonds

On May 23, 2008, the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency issued \$5,750,000 of Series 2008 A-T tax allocation bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.728 to 6.53 percent. The proceeds from the sale of bonds will be used to finance redevelopment projects benefiting the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Project areas. The Agency has pledged tax increment revenues to repay the entire principal and interest on the bonds. Principal of the bonds is payable on their maturity date of October 1 of each year. Interest on the bonds is payable on April 1 and October 1 each year. On February 1, 2012 the 2008 Tax Allocation Bonds were transferred from the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency to the Successor Agency and the balance outstanding is no longer included in the City's Statement of Net Assets.

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

D. Long-term Liability (Continued)

3. 2008 Redevelopment Agency Housing Set-Aside Tax Allocation Bonds

On May 23, 2008, the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency issued \$10,000,000 of Series 2008 Housing Set-Aside Tax Allocation bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.00 to 4.75 percent. The proceeds from the bond will be issued to finance low and moderate income housing of the Agency. The Agency has pledged Housing Set-Aside Revenues to repay the entire principal and interest on the bonds. Principal of the Bonds is payable on their maturity date of October 1 of each year. Interest on the bonds will be payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. On February 1, 2012 the 2008 Tax Allocation Bonds were transferred from the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency to the Successor Agency and the balance outstanding is no longer included in the City's Statement of Net Assets

4. Arbitrage Rebate

The Tax Reform Act instituted certain arbitrage restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax-exempt bonds. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of all tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not paid to the federal government at least every five years.

The City performed calculations of excess investment earnings on various bonds and financings in accordance with arbitrage regulations. The City has determined that no arbitrage rebate liability exists as of June 30, 2012.

5. Employee Compensated Absences Payable

The City's policies relating to compensated absences are described in Note (l)(d)6. This liability will be paid in future years from future resources.

E. Fund Balance

The following classifications, as issued guided by GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, describe the relative strength of the constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable

Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g. prepaid assets, inventory). At June 30, 2012, the balance is comprised of advances to other funds, prepaids and land held for resale.

Restricted

Amounts that are constrained to specific purposes by state or federal laws, enabling legislation, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the City Council, the City's highest level of decision-making authority, through formal actions taken, such as an ordinance or resolution. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use through the same type of formal action taken to establish the commitment.

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

E. Fund Balance (Continued)

Assigned

Amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes has been delegated to the Finance Director pursuant to the Fund Balance Policy adopted on June 22, 2011.

Unassigned

These are residual positive net resources of the general fund in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the other four categories. This classification also includes amounts set aside for the City's Minimum Fund Balance policy. Unassigned fund balance also includes negative fund balances in funds outside of the General Fund.

Spending Policy

Restricted fund balance is considered to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Similarly, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the City considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

The details of the fund balances as of June 30, 2012 are presented below:

			Special Revenue					Cap	ital Projects	Nonmajor			
	(General	Succes	ssor	Inclusionary	Recrea	tion	Re	yes Adobe		Governmental		
		Fund	Housi	ng	Housing	Cent	er	Ir	nterchange	Measure R	Funds	To	otal
Nonspendable			•							_			
Prepaids	\$	26,253	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	26,253
Land held for resale		115,000		-			-					1	15,000
Total Nonspendable		141,253		-	-		-		-	_		14	41,253
Restricted													
Air quality improvement		-		-	-		-		-	-	50,601	:	50,601
Housing programs		-	206,	968	-		-		-	-	-	20	06,968
Capital improvement projects		-		-	-		-		-	-	521,295	5	21,295
Grant programs		-		-	-		-		-	-	548		548
Transportation services		-		-			-		-		549,684	54	49,684
Total Restricted		-	206,	968	-		-		-	-	1,122,128	1,3	29,096
Committed													
Housing programs		-		-	2,455,555		-		-	-	-	2,4	55,555
Capital improvement projects		-		-	-		-		-	-	1,642,078	1,6	42,078
Waste management program		-		-			-			-	156,952	1:	56,952
Total Committed		-		-	2,455,555		-		-	-	1,799,030	4,2	54,585
Assigned													
Capital improvement projects		-		-	-	3,297	,324		-	-	94,300	3,3	91,624
Payment of debt service		-		-			-				1,614		1,614
Total Assigned		-		-	-	3,297	,324		-	-	95,914	3,3	93,238
Unassigned	- 8	3,883,578		-	-		-		(261,068)	(376,008)	(89,016)	8,1:	57,486
Total Fund Balance	\$ 9	9,024,831	\$ 206,	968	\$ 2,455,555	\$ 3,297	,324	\$	(261,068)	\$ (376,008)	\$ 2,928,056	\$ 17,2	75,658

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

An amount equal to or greater than 40% of each fiscal year's proposed General Fund Operating Budget is to be designated as the City's unobligated General Fund Reserve pursuant to Resolution 05-1378 adopted in June 2005. At June 30, 2012, the City had \$4.5M pursuant to this policy, which was classified as unassigned.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description: The City of Agoura Hills contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and city ordinance. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office: 400 "P" Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Funding Policy: Participants are required to contribute 7 percent of their annual covered salary. The City makes the contributions required of the City employees on their behalf and for their account. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 9.54 percent of annual payroll for covered employees. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by PERS.

Annual Pension Cost: For the year ended June 30, 2012, the City's annual pension cost of \$299,000 for PERS was equal to the City's required and actual contributions.

		Annual	
Fiscal Year]	Pension	Percentage of
Ending	Co	ost (APC)	APC Contributed
6/30/2010	\$	318,200	100%
6/30/2011		320,603	100%
6/30/2012		299,000	100%

B. Self-Insurance

1. Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement

The City of Agoura Hills is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Authority).

The Authority is composed of 121 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

B. Self-Insurance (Continued)

2. Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority

A revised cost allocation methodology was introduced in 2010-2011; however, it retains many elements of the previous cost allocation methodology. Each member pays an annual contribution (formerly called the primary deposit) to cover estimated losses for the coverage period. This initial funding is paid at the beginning of the coverage period. After the close of the coverage period, outstanding claims are valued. A retrospective deposit computation is then conducted annually thereafter until all claims incurred during the coverage period are closed on a pool-wide basis. This subsequent cost re-allocation among members based on actual claim development can result in adjustments of either refunds or additional deposits required.

The total funding requirement for self-insurance programs is estimated using actuarial models and prefunded through the annual contribution. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on exposure (payroll) and experience (claims) relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool. Additional information regarding the cost allocation methodology is provided below.

Liability

In the liability program claims are pooled separately between police and non-police exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$30,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$30,000 to \$750,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs in excess of \$750,000 up to the reinsurance attachment point of \$5 million are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers. (5) Costs of covered claims from \$5 million to \$10 million are paid under a reinsurance contract subject to a \$2.5 million annual aggregate deductible. Costs of covered claims from \$10 million to \$15 million are paid under two reinsurance contracts subject to a combined \$3 million annual aggregate deductible. On a cumulative basis for all 2011-2012 reinsurance contracts the annual aggregate deductible is \$5.5 million. (6) Costs of covered claims from \$15 million up to \$50 million are covered through excess insurance policies.

The overall coverage limit for each member including all layers of coverage is \$50 million per occurrence.

Costs of covered claims for subsidence losses are paid by reinsurance and excess insurance with a pooled sub-limit of \$35 million per occurrence. This \$35 million subsidence sub-limit is composed of (a) \$5 million retained within the pool's SIR, (b) \$10 million in reinsurance and (c) \$20 million in excess insurance. The excess insurance layer has a \$20 million annual aggregate.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

B. Self-Insurance (Continued)

2. Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority (Continued)

Workers' Compensation

The City of Agoura Hills also participates in the workers' compensation pool administered by the Authority. In the workers' compensation program claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and non-public safety exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$50,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$50,000 to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs in excess of \$100,000 up to the reinsurance attachment point of \$2 million are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers. (5) Costs of covered claims from \$2 million up to statutory limits are paid under a reinsurance policy. Protection is provided per statutory liability under California Workers' Compensation Law.

Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$2 million. Coverage from \$2 million to \$4 million is purchased as part of a reinsurance policy, and Employer's Liability losses from \$4 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

3. Purchased Insurance

Pollution Legal Liability Insurance

The City of Agoura Hills participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program (formerly called environmental insurance) which is available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City of Agoura Hills. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$50,000 deductible. The Authority has a limit of \$50 million for the 3-year period from July 1, 2011 through July 1, 2014. Each member of the Authority has a \$10 million sub-limit during the 3-year term of the policy.

Property Insurance

The City of Agoura Hills participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. City of Agoura Hills property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City of Agoura Hills to the Authority. City of Agoura Hills property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$23,548,128. There is a \$5,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$1,000 deductible. Premiums for the coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retrospective adjustments.

Crime Insurance

The City of Agoura Hills purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through the Authority. Premiums are paid annually and are not subject to retrospective adjustments.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

B. Self-Insurance (Continued)

4. Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2012-2013.

C. Commitments/Operating Leases

1. The City has entered into two operating leases for copiers. Lease terms are 60 months with both leases expiring in September 2017. The City also executed a ground lease with Saint Paul's Lutheran Church for a recreation facility site. This lease expired in fiscal year ending 2009. The City exercised an option to extend for an additional 5 year period and will expire in fiscal year ending 2014. The monthly payment escalates by CPI every 24 months.

The following schedule lists future minimum lease payments:

Year Ending June 30,	Recreation Center		Equipment		Totals	
2013	\$	20,711	\$	6,618	\$	27,329
2014		10,356		6,204		16,560
2015		-		6,204		6,204
2016		-		6,204		6,204
2017		-		6,204		6,204
2018		_		1,551		1,551

2. The City contracts with the Los Angeles County Department of Public Works and Sheriff's Department to provide certain municipal services. During the year ended June 30, 2012, the City incurred expenditures of approximately \$179,933 and \$3,356,823 for Public Works and Public Safety services, respectively.

D. Joint Venture

On November 24, 1997, the Agoura Hills and Calabasas Community Center Authority (Authority) was created under a joint exercise of powers agreement. It was formed for the construction, furnishing, maintenance and operation of a Joint Recreation Center. The governing Board of Directors consists of one City Council Member from each City, two residents of each City appointed by City Council, and the President or a member of the Executive Board of the Alliance (a nonprofit organization formed for the sole purpose of raising funds for the Center). The City's participation in the joint venture is reported as Investment in Joint Venture, on the statement of net assets. The balance at June 30, 2012 was \$2,137,561.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Joint Venture (Continued)

Each City contributed money towards the construction of the Community Center, which was completed in March 2001. The Authority now oversees the operations and maintenance of the Community Center. The Cities of Agoura Hills and Calabasas will equally share in any profit or loss from operation of the Community Center. Copies of the Authority's annual financial statements may be obtained from their location at 27040 Malibu Hills Road, Calabasas, California 91301.

E. Contingency

Any claims for damages alleged against the City are referred to a claims adjuster through California Joint Powers Independent Authority (CJPIA) (see Note (4)(b)). Management believes that there is minimal exposure to the City on these matters, and that no case, so reported, exceeds existing liability coverage.

There are certain legal actions pending against the City which have arisen in the normal course of operations. Management believes these matters will be covered by insurance; however, their outcome and financial effect on the City cannot presently be determined, and no provision for any potential liability or losses has been included in the financial statements as of June 30, 2012.

The ultimate resolution of these pending legal actions is not expected to have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

The City has received property tax revenues for specific enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency that are subject to review by the Department of Finance (DOF). The DOF has disallowed obligations listed on the Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) submitted by the City. The City is continuing to dispute obligations listed as enforceable, including the City-former RDA loan advances.

F. Advances to Successor Agency

The City previously loaned the former Redevelopment Agency funds prior to dissolution. General Fund loaned \$31,158,769 to finance expenditures incurred in the redevelopment project areas. The balance includes advances and interest calculated on previous advances of \$16,961,431 and \$14,197,338, respectively. The repayment of the loans is subject to the approval of the California Department of Finance. DOF determined that the City loans were not enforceable obligations and in their correspondence, DOF referenced Health and Safety Code (HSC) section 34171(d)(2) as the basis.

In addition, the City of Agoura Hills Successor Housing Authority Fund is owed \$206,968 for funds loaned for the allocation to the Supplemental Education Revenue Augmentation ("SERAF") pursuant to the Health and Safety Code Section 33690(c).

The City's management and legal counsel have asserted that it will continue to note the loans on the Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) and proceed with working with the Oversight Board for the Successor Agency to find and determine that such loans are enforceable obligations pursuant to HSC 34191.4(b). The loans denied by DOF, in the amount of \$31,158,769, are reported in the City's General Fund, however there is an allowance for the entire amount due to the uncertainty as to whether such loans will be determined to be enforceable obligations.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

G. Other Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits

Effective July 1, 2009, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other than Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers.

Plan description

In addition to the pension benefits defined in Note (4)(a), the City provides post-retirement health care benefits to all full time employees in accordance with the City's contract with the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) for participation in the State of California Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA). The City's contribution for each retiree is the same as full-time employees. The City contributed the PEMHCA minimum for all retirees (\$112 for 2012). Additionally, the City contributes longevity pay to a Retirement Health Savings (RHS) Trust plan of up to \$388 for those retirees with 10 years of service with the City of Agoura Hills, enrolled in a CalPERS health plan. The total of the PEMHCA minimum employer contribution and the additional benefit will not exceed \$500 per month. The RHS contribution may only be used to reimburse medical premiums. In the event of the retiree's death, the CalPERS eligible surviving spouse has the right to \$300 per month to pay for medical premiums for a maximum of 12 months. After 12 months surviving spouses will still be eligible to receive the PEMHCA minimum employer contribution.

In September 2009, the City established an irrevocable trust through the CalPERS California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) in order to prefund its other post-employment benefit (OPEB) obligation. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Eligibility

Employees are eligible for retiree health benefits if they retire from the City and are eligible for a PERS pension and are enrolled in a CalPERS retiree health plan. The benefits are available only to employees who retire from the City. Membership of the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2012:

	Number of
	Employees
Active Employees	33
Retirees and Surviving Spouses	9
Total	42

The above table does not reflect current retirees not enrolled in the CalPERS health plan who may be eligible to enroll in the plan at a later date.

Funding Policy

The City's contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount. Current active employees are not required to contribute any portion towards these benefits.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual other post-employment benefit cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) not to exceed thirty years.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

G. Other Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits (Continued)

<u>Funding Policy</u> (Continued)

The City's OPEB obligation as for the year ended June 30, 2012, per the completed actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2011, was \$56,601. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$ 1,569,351
Actuarial Value of Assets at beginning of year	301,096
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	1,268,255
Remaining Amortization Period	27
Normal Cost	91,176
Amortization of UAAL	82,206
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	173,382
Interest on net OPEB Obligation	4,307
Adjustment to ARC	(3,669)
Annual OPEB Cost	174,020
Contributions	174,020
Increase in net OPEB Obligation	-
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year	56,601
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$ 56,601

The City's obligation is accounted for in long-term liabilities at Note 3D.

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2012 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal	Annual		Percentage of		Net	
Year		OPEB	Annual OPEB Cost		OPEB	
Ended		Cost	Contributed	Obligation		
6/30/2010	\$	166,932	99.4%	\$	66,955	
6/30/2011		155,646	106.7%		56,601	
6/30/2012		174,020	100.0%		56,601	

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

G. Other Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits (Continued)

Funding Status and Progress

As of July 1, 2011, the most recent valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1.6 million, and the actuarial value of assets was \$301,096, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1.3 million and a funded ratio (actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability) of 19.2 percent. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2.975 million. The ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 42.6 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for the benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The actuarial cost method used for determining the benefit obligations is the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.61 percent investment rate of return, which is based on the most recent California PERS pension valuations and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7.3 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.5 percent. The rates included a 3 percent inflation assumption. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll over 30 years on a closed basis. It is assumed the City's payroll will increase 3.25 percent per year.

NOTE 5 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

For 2010-11 fiscal year end, the City reported and identified adjustments to cash for the General and former RDA Capital Projects funds. As a result, the City restated beginning net assets for the General and former RDA Capital Projects funds. The following is a summary of the effect of the restatements for fund balances:

	Fund Financial Statements				
	G	eneral Fund	RDA Capital Projects		
Beginning fund balance, as previously reported	\$	39,846,641	\$	(25,127,515)	
To correct prior year amount cash		1,723,346		(1,723,346)	
Beginning fund balance, as restated	\$	41,569,987	\$	(26,850,861)	

NOTE 6 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld AB 1X 26 that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Agoura Hills that previously had reported a redevelopment agency as a blended component unit. The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or another unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On February 22, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of City resolution number 12-1661.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments). In future fiscal years, successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The Bill directs the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the former redevelopment agency due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the successor agency trust under the requirements of the Bill. The City's position on this issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City.

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012.

Prior to that date, the final seven months of the activity of the redevelopment agency continued to be reported in the governmental funds of the City. After the date of dissolution, the assets and activities of the dissolved redevelopment agency are reported in a fiduciary fund (private-purpose trust fund) in the financial statements of the City.

The transfer of the assets and liabilities of the former redevelopment agency as of February 1, 2012 (effectively the same date as January 31, 2012) from governmental funds of the City to fiduciary funds was reported in the governmental funds as an extraordinary item in the governmental fund financial statements. The receipt of these assets and liabilities as of January 31, 2012 was reported in the private-purpose trust fund as an extraordinary item.

Because of the different measurement focus of the governmental funds (current financial resources measurement focus) and the measurement focus of the trust funds (economic resources measurement focus), the extraordinary item recognized in the governmental funds was not the same amount as the extraordinary item that was recognized in the fiduciary fund financial statements.

NOTE 6 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (Continued)

The difference between the extraordinary item recognized in the fund financial statements and the extraordinary gain recognized in the fiduciary fund financial statements is reconciled as follows:

Total extraordinary loss reported in governmental funds - increase to net assets of the Successor Agency Trust Fund	\$ 16,650,956
Deferred charges, net of accumulation amortization reported in the government-wide financial statements - increase to net assets of the Successor Agency Trust Fund	779,571
Accrued bond interest reported in the government-wide financial statements - decrease to net assets of the Successor Agency Trust Fund	(293,283)
Long-term debt reported in the government-wide financial statements - decrease to net assets of the Successor Agency Trust Fund	 (14,988,622)
Net increase to net assets of the Successor Agency Trust Fund as a result of initial transfers (equal to amount of extraordinary loss reported in the government-wide financial	
statements of the City)	\$ 2,148,622

The City via Resolution Number SA12-10, approved the transfer of housing assets which allowed creation of the Successor Housing Agency. The City retained all housing activities and assets of the former redevelopment agency's low and moderate income housing fund. As a result, the new governmental fund incurred an extraordinary gain of \$206,968. This amount is included in the total extraordinary loss in the governmental funds of \$16,650,956.





General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	D 1 1	•	A 1	Variance with Final Budget -		
	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)		
DEVENTIES	Original	Tillal	Amounts	(Ivegative)		
REVENUES	Ф. 2.241.222	¢ 2.292.024	¢ 2.270.646	ф (2.279)		
Sales tax	\$ 3,341,232	\$ 3,382,024	\$ 3,379,646	\$ (2,378)		
Other taxes:	2 040 700	2010 700	2 022 250	2.050		
Property tax	3,919,500	3,919,500	3,923,378	3,878		
Property transfer tax	100,000	118,000	125,727	7,727		
Transient occupancy tax	1,750,000	1,750,000	1,738,467	(11,533)		
Franchise fee	778,000	763,500	753,957	(9,543)		
Total Other Taxes	9,888,732	9,933,024	9,921,175	(11,849)		
Licenses and permits:						
Business registration	86,000	90,000	90,894	894		
Building permits	190,000	200,000	215,826	15,826		
Other licenses and fees	21,000	21,000	23,143	2,143		
Total Licenses and permits	297,000	311,000	329,863	18,863		
Intergovernmental:						
Other grants	=	67,876	76,506	8,630		
Total Intergovernmental	-	67,876	76,506	8,630		
Charges of services:						
Planning fees	151,000	154,000	146,932	(7,068)		
Engineer plan check/inspection	30,000	-	17,713	17,713		
Grading plan check	2,000	_	996	996		
Building plan check	118,000	100,000	97,282	(2,718)		
Encroachment permits	38,000	50,000	64,366	14,366		
Park and recreation fees	254,600	317,600	282,018	(35,582)		
Special event fees	2,500	3,500	3,779	279		
Sale of maps and copies	3,000	2,000	1,699	(301)		
SCACQ administrative service charges	1,200	1,200	1,200	-		
Waste hauling administrative charges	47,000	47,000	47,000	_		
Fire development fee	6,500	3,000	1,329	(1,671)		
SIMP administrative fee	100	150	141	(9)		
Total Charges for Services	653,900	678,450	664,455	(13,995)		
Fines and penalties:						
Parking fines	80,000	55,000	58,443	3,443		
False alarm fines	4,000	2,000	700	(1,300)		
Restitution	1,500	2,000	1,821	(179)		
Municipal court fines	30,000	26,000	13,123	(12,877)		
Total Fines and Penalties	115,500	85,000	74,087	(10,913)		
Investment income	150,000	90,000	94,511	4,511		
Rental income	87,800	87,800	84,060	(3,740)		
Other revenues	95,000	95,000	63,519	(31,481)		
Total Revenues	11,287,932	11,348,150	11,308,176	(42,352)		
Total Revenues	11,207,932	11,5+0,150	11,500,170	(Continued)		

See accompanying Note to the Required Supplementary Information.

General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		ed Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES				
General government:				
City council	\$ 127,726	5 \$ 137,726	\$ 133,998	\$ 3,728
City manager	664,023	703,465	690,294	13,171
City clerk	266,714	276,664	266,207	10,457
City attorney	410,000	410,000	365,226	44,774
Finance	360,605	359,830	347,347	12,483
Public facilities	228,500	219,500	230,980	(11,480)
Nondepartmental	651,760	651,580	972,921	(321,341)
Automated office systems	167,300	203,300	189,499	13,801
Total General Government	2,876,628	3 2,962,065	3,196,472	(234,407)
Public safety:		-	-	
L.A. County Sheriff	3,695,483	3,457,291	3,440,540	16,751
Disaster response team	15,000		11,411	3,231
Building and safety	473,480		414,652	15,728
Animal control	62,000		37,129	24,871
Total Public Safety	4,245,963		3,903,732	60,581
Community development:				
Planning and administration	710,285	695,285	750,693	(55,408)
Total Community Development	710,285		750,693	(55,408)
Community services:			·	
Recreation	398,380	463,680	458,102	5,578
Reyes Adobe	21,200		17,795	3,405
Parks maintenance	440,300		427,598	12,702
Community services administration	752,503		734,913	17,990
Total Community Services	1,612,383		1,638,408	39,675
Public works:	1,012,303	1,070,002	1,020,100	37,073
Administration	662,308	661,718	666,944	(5,226)
Landscape maintenance	147,500		97,479	23,521
Drain and flood maintenance	148,900		138,835	10,065
Total Public Works	958,708		903,258	28,360
Total Expenditures	10,403,967		10,392,563	(161,199)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	10,403,707	10,231,304	10,392,303	(101,199)
(Under) Expenditures	883,965	1,116,786	915,613	(203,551)
				(Continued)

See accompanying Note to the Required Supplementary Information.

General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Transfers out	(2,549,787)	(2,655,000)	(2,302,000)	353,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,549,787)	(2,655,000)	(2,302,000)	353,000	
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM					
Dissolution of former redevelopment agency (note 6)			(31,158,769)	(31,158,769)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,665,822)	(1,538,214)	(32,545,156)	149,449	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year (as restated) (note 5)	41,569,987	41,569,987	41,569,987		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 39,904,165	\$ 40,031,773	\$ 9,024,831	\$ (31,006,942)	

Inclusionary Housing In Lieu Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

				Variance with						
							Final Budget -			
	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Positive			
	Original			Final	Amounts		(Negative)			
REVENUES										
Investment income	\$	15,000	\$	20,000	\$	21,069	\$	1,069		
Total Revenues		15,000		20,000		21,069		1,069		
Net Change in Fund Balance		15,000		20,000		21,069		1,069		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		2,438,185		2,413,185		-		(2,413,185)		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	2,453,185	\$	2,433,185	\$	21,069	\$	(2,412,116)		

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Note to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2012

NOTE 1 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Data

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. As a General Law City, the City is not legally required to adopt a budget; however, the City Municipal Code requires the City Manager to prepare an annual budget based on projections received from all city departments, boards and commissions. There was no legally adopted budget for the new fund Housing Successor Agency and Community Development Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year end or are carried forward at the City Manager's discretion.

The budget is prepared by fund and department and includes actual information for the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. The budget is a statement of the goals and objectives of the City for that fiscal year. The City Manager may authorize the transfer between expenditure accounts within the same department, office, agency or program activity. Where an appropriation requires an increase that cannot be supported by a transfer within those guidelines, City Council authorization is required.

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits

June 30, 2012

Actuarial Valuation Date	_	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)		Unfunded AAL	Funded Status	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL As a % of Covered Payroll
6/30/2011	\$	301,096	\$ 1,569,351	\$	1,268,255	19.2%	\$ 2,975,000	42.6%
6/30/2010		119,818	1,298,387		1,178,569	9.2%	2,914,000	40.4%
6/30/2009		_	1,298,000		1,298,000	0%	2,722,000	47.7%





Redevelopment Debt Service fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

				Variance with Final Budget -
	_	Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 4,317,200	\$ 2,357,488	\$ 2,357,488	\$ -
Investment income		12,000	10,250	(1,750)
Total Revenues	4,317,200	2,369,488	2,367,738	(1,750)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Pass through to other agencies	2,989,791	1,630,712	1,449,565	181,147
Debt service:				
Principal	21,000	210,000	210,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	884,420	884,420	444,495	439,925
Total Expenditures	3,895,211	2,725,132	2,104,060	621,072
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	421,989	(355,644)	263,678	619,322
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	649,494	649,494
Transfers out	(1,365,589)	(911,924)	(911,924)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,365,589)	(911,924)	(262,430)	649,494
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM				
Dissolution of former redevelopment agency (note 5)			(899,850)	(899,850)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(943,600)	(1,267,568)	(898,602)	1,268,816
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	898,602	898,602	898,602	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ (44,998)	\$ (368,966)	\$ -	\$ 1,268,816

Redevelopment Set-Aside Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	F	Budgeted	Amou	ınts	Ac	tual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
		ginal		Final	Amo	ounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES		<u> </u>							
Investment income	\$ 1	50,000	\$	70,000	\$	58,181	\$	(11,819)	
Total Revenues	1	50,000		70,000		58,181		(11,819)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government	3	23,024		250,409	2	52,834		(2,425)	
Community development	3	44,163		130,690	1	34,757		(4,067)	
Public works		8,892		5,147		5,147		_	
Total Expenditures	6	676,079 386,246		392,738			(6,492)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over									
(Under) Expenditures	(5	26,079)		(316,246)	(3	34,557)		(18,311)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	8	61,947		471,498	4	71,498		-	
Transfers out	(6	516,331)	(1	,006,331)	(3	79,603)		626,728	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2	45,616		(534,833)		91,895		626,728	
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM									
Dissolution of former redevelopment agency (note 5)					(11,6	96,377)	(1	1,696,377)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2	280,463)	((851,079)	(11,9	39,039)	(1	1,087,960)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	11,9	39,039	11	,939,039	11,9	39,039			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 11,6	11,658,576		\$ 11,087,960		\$ -		\$ (11,087,960)	

Redevelopment Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

						ariance with nal Budget -	
	Budgeted	An	nounts	Actual	11	Positive	
	Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES						_	
Investment income	\$ 20,000	\$	8,000	\$ 754	\$	(7,246)	
Total Revenues	20,000		8,000	754		(7,246)	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	12,600		16,121	25,568		(9,447)	
Community development	192,747		111,672	111,972		(300)	
Public works	29,803		17,675	17,675		-	
Capital outlay			65,000	62,285		2,715	
Total Expenditures	235,150		210,468	217,500		(7,032)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	(215,150)		(202,468)	(216,746)		(14,278)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	751,429		440,426	440,426		-	
Transfers out	(478,088)		(478,088)	(269,891)		208,197	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	273,341		(37,662)	170,535		208,197	
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM							
Dissolution of former redevelopment agency (note 5)	 			26,897,072	_	26,897,072	
Net Change in Fund Balance	58,191		(240,130)	26,850,861		193,919	
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year	(26,850,861)		(26,850,861)	(26,850,861)			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ (26,792,670)	\$	(27,090,991)	\$ -	\$	193,919	

Recreation Center Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts Actual							
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)				
REVENUES								
Investment income	\$ 20,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 17,169	\$ 7,169				
Total Revenues	20,000	10,000	17,169	7,169				
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government	400,000	389,000	300,711	88,289				
Total Expenditures	400,000	389,000	300,711	88,289				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(380,000)	(379,000)	(283,542)	95,458				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	3,187,390	3,187,390	3,194,592	7,202				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,187,390	3,187,390	3,194,592	7,202				
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,807,390	2,808,390	2,911,050	102,660				
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	386,274	386,274	386,274					
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 3,193,664	\$ 3,194,664	\$ 3,297,324	\$ 102,660				

Reyes Adobe Interchange Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

					Variance with	
	Bu	dgeted	Amounts	Actual	Final Budget - Positive	
	Origin	nal	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES						
Other revenues	\$	-	\$ 1,585,960	\$ 610,067	\$ (975,893)	
Total Revenues			1,585,960	610,067	(975,893)	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		-	1,000	199	801	
Debt service:						
Interest and fiscal charges		_	1,575,000	648,629	926,371	
Total Expenditures			1,576,000	648,828	927,172	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures		-	9,960	(38,761)	(48,721)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in			1,276,560	982,095	(294,465)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			1,276,560	982,095	(294,465)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	1,286,520	943,334	(343,186)	
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year			(1,204,402)	(1,204,402)		
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$		\$ 82,118	\$ (261,068)	\$ (343,186)	



Measure R Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Budgeted	Am	nounts	Actual		ariance with nal Budget - Positive	
	Original			Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	2,314,053	\$	2,314,053	\$ 1,090,418	\$	(1,223,635)	
Total Revenues		2,314,053		2,314,053	1,090,418		(1,223,635)	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		151,094		151,094	149,942		1,152	
Public works		237,481		237,481	247,524		(10,043)	
Capital outlay		1,925,000		749,304	518,215		231,089	
Total Expenditures		2,313,575		1,137,879	915,681		222,198	
Net Change in Fund Balance		478		1,176,174	174,737		(1,001,437)	
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year		(550,745)		(550,745)	(550,745)		_	
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$	(550,267)	\$	625,429	\$ (376,008)	\$	(1,001,437)	



DESCRIPTION OF NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Traffic Improvement - To account for traffic improvement and arterial street system fees paid by developers which may only be used for constructing traffic impacted arterial streets.

Traffic Safety - To account of traffic fines which may only be used for traffic safety purposes.

Transit Tax - To account for Proposition A funds received from the County of Los Angeles which may only be used to provide transportation services.

Public Transit - To account for Proposition C funds received from the County of Los Angeles which may only be used to provide transportation services.

Air Quality Management - To account for funds received from the South Coast Air Quality Management District which may only be used for air quality improvement.

Supplemental Law Enforcement - To account for Brulte funds received from the state for the use of Public Safety (COPS) programs.

Solid Waste Management - To account for the funds relating to collection, transportation and recycling of refuse materials for City residents and businesses.

State Gas Tax - To account for funds allocated to the City by the State which may only be used for street maintenance, construction, right of way acquisition and/or reconstruction.

Measure R - To account for public transit tax received under Measure R. These funds are paid by the County of Los Angeles.

Other Grants - To account for various state grant funds received for street improvements and park development.

Utility Undergrounding - To account for the undergrounding of utility lines within the City undergrounding district.

Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

Debt Service - To account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Financing Authority Capital Projects - To account for bond money expenditures specifically for the Reyes Adobe Interchange project.

Storm Water Capital Projects - To account for the funds to be used for the development or maintenance of the City's storm water program.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

				Spec	cial Revenue F	unds			
ASSETS	In	Traffic Improvement		Traffic Safety	Transit Tax	Public Transit		Air Quality Management	
Cash and investments	\$	1,595,688	\$	19,259	\$ 473,007	\$	-	\$	44,162
Receivables:									
Accounts		-		-	-		-		-
Interest		6,798		36	1,332		124		123
Due from other governments		-		6,679	123,086		-		6,316
Other		-		-	-		-		-
Due from other funds		122,789		<u>-</u>					
Total Assets	\$	1,725,275	\$	25,974	\$ 597,425	\$	124	\$	50,601
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$	213,480	\$	15,040	\$ 47,741	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		-	-		4,429		-
Deferred revenue		-		-			-		-
Total Liabilities		213,480		15,040	47,741		4,429		
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted		_		_	549,684		_		50,601
Committed		1,511,795		10,934	-		-		-
Assigned		-		-	-		-		-
Unassigned		-		_			(4,305)		
Total Fund Balances		1,511,795		10,934	549,684		(4,305)		50,601
Total Liabilities and									
Fund Balances	\$	1,725,275	\$	25,974	\$ 597,425	\$	124	\$	50,601

Special Revenue Funds

• •	lemental Law orcement	Ma	Solid Waste	State Gas Tax	Measure R	Other Grants	Utility Undergrounding
\$	8,600	\$	141,955	\$ 341,199	\$ 220,004	\$ 18,383	\$ 119,017
	- 47 - -		17,297 500 - -	863 67,872	- 559 - -	15,633 21 110,322 12,475	332
\$	8,647	\$	159,752	\$ 409,934	\$ 220,563	\$ 156,834	\$ 119,349
\$	8,099	\$	2,800	\$ 55,375	\$ 56,289	\$ 76,718	\$ -
	_					164,827	
	8,099		2,800	55,375	56,289	241,545	
	548		156,952 - 156,952	354,559 - - - - 354,559	164,274	(84,711)	119,349 - - 119,349
\$	8,647	\$	159,752	\$ 409,934	\$ 220,563	\$ 156,834	\$ 119,349



CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued) June 30, 2012

]	Debt						
	S	ervice		Capital P	roje	cts		
	Fir	nancing	Fi	nancing		Storm		Total
	Au	ıthority	Αι	uthority		Water	l	Nonmajor
]	Debt	(Capital	(Capital	Go	vernmental
ASSETS	S	ervice	P	rojects	F	Projects		Funds
Cash and investments	\$	1,611	\$	2,462	\$	94,038	\$	3,079,385
Receivables:								
Accounts		-		-		-		32,930
Interest		3		-		262		11,000
Due from other governments		-		-		-		314,275
Other		-		-		-		12,475
Due from other funds		-		-		-		122,789
Total Assets	\$	1,614	\$	2,462	\$	94,300	\$	3,572,854
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	475,542
Due to other funds		-		-		-		4,429
Deferred revenue		_		-		-		164,827
Total Liabilities		_		_		_		644,798
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		-		2,462		-		1,122,128
Committed		-		-		-		1,799,030
Assigned		1,614		-		94,300		95,914
Unassigned		-		-		-		(89,016)
Total Fund Balances		1,614		2,462		94,300		2,928,056
Total Liabilities and				•		·		·
Fund Balances	\$	1,614	\$	2,462	\$	94,300	\$	3,572,854

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

			Special Re	venue Funds		
	Traffic Improvement	Traffic Safety	Transit Tax	Public Transit	Air Quality Management	Supplemental Law Enforcement
REVENUES:	_	+				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 443,358	\$ 283,327	\$ 25,585	\$ 100,000
Charges for services	16,691	-	273,433	-	-	-
Fines and penalties	-	141,849	4.050	-	-	-
Investment income	16,339	117	4,058	124	361	215
Other revenues	-					
Total Revenues	33,030	141,966	720,849	283,451	25,946	100,215
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	1,372	-	-	-	17,707	-
Public safety	-	60,819	-	-	-	108,880
Community services	-	-	161,633	-	-	-
Public works	-	88,993	532,509	-	-	-
Capital outlay	503,808	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal changes						
Total Expenditures	505,180	149,812	694,142	-	17,707	108,880
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	(472,150)	(7,846)	26,707	283,451	8,239	(8,665)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in						
Transfers out	(982,095)	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(982,093)				· 	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(982,095)			-		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,454,245)	(7,846)	26,707	283,451	8,239	(8,665)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	2,966,040	18,780	522,977	(287,756)	42,362	9,213
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 1,511,795	\$ 10,934	\$ 549,684	\$ (4,305)	\$ 50,601	\$ 548

	S	pecial Revenu	ie Funds		Debt Service	Capital P		_
Solid Waste Management	State Gas Tax	Measure R	Other Grants	Utility Undergrounding	Financing Authority Debt Service	Financing Authority Capital Projects	Storm Water Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ - 72,644	\$ - 652,344	\$ 211,231	\$ 193,898 -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 1,257,399 1,015,112 141,849
1,569 3,908	2,073	1,208	21	1,024	10	- - 	813	27,932 3,908
78,121	654,417	212,439	193,919	1,024	10	<u>-</u>	813	2,446,200
-	-	-	66,069 20,791	- -	4,770	-	-	89,918 190,490
102,714	415,008 60,326	56,289	131,420	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 641 -	264,347 1,037,151 751,843
- -	-	- 	- 	- -	185,000 480,631	-	- -	185,000 480,631
102,714	475,334	56,289	218,280		670,401		641	2,999,380
(24,593)	179,083	156,150	(24,361)	1,024	(670,391)		172	(553,180)
	-	-		-	672,000	(1,564,592)	-	672,000 (2,546,687)
-					672,000	(1,564,592)		(1,874,687)
(24,593)	179,083	156,150	(24,361)	1,024	1,609	(1,564,592)	172	(2,427,867)
181,545	175,476	8,124	(60,350)	118,325	5	1,567,054	94,128	5,355,923
\$ 156,952	\$ 354,559	\$ 164,274	\$ (84,711)	\$ 119,349	\$ 1,614	\$ 2,462	\$ 94,300	\$ 2,928,056

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Nonmajor Traffic Improvement Special Revenue Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

							riance with
							al Budget -
	 Budgeted	Am			Actual		Positive
	Original		Final	Final Amou			Negative)
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ 75,000	\$	160,000	\$	16,691	\$	(143,309)
Investment income	25,000		12,500		16,339		3,839
Total Revenues	100,000		172,500		33,030		(139,470)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	-		1,373		1,372		1
Capital outlay	 -		280,000		503,808		(223,808)
Total Expenditures	 -		281,373		505,180		(223,807)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	100,000		(108,873)		(472,150)		(363,277)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out			(1,276,560)		(982,095)		294,465
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		(1,276,560)		(982,095)		294,465
Net Change in Fund Balance	100,000		(1,385,433)	((1,454,245)		(68,812)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	2,966,040		2,966,040		2,966,040		-
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 3,066,040	\$	1,580,607	\$	1,511,795	\$	(68,812)

Nonmajor Traffic Safety Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	D 1			A 1	Fina	iance with
	 Budgeted	Amo		Actual		Positive
	 Original		Final	 Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES						
Fines and penalties	\$ 150,000	\$	150,000	\$ 141,849	\$	(8,151)
Investment income	 1,000		1,000	117		(883)
Total Revenues	151,000		151,000	141,966		(9,034)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public safety	60,000		60,000	60,819		(819)
Public works	86,000		92,682	88,993		3,689
Total Expenditures	146,000		152,682	149,812		2,870
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	 5,000		(1,682)	(7,846)		(6,164)
Net Change in Fund Balance	5,000		(1,682)	(7,846)		(6,164)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	18,780		18,780	18,780		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 23,780	\$	17,098	\$ 10,934	\$	(6,164)

Nonmajor Transit Tax Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

								iance with	
							Fina	ıl Budget -	
		Budgeted	Am	ounts		Actual	I	Positive	
	(Original		Final	A	Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	423,494	\$	423,494	\$	443,358	\$	19,864	
Charges for service		300,000		270,399		273,433		3,034	
Investment income		6,000		3,000		4,058		1,058	
Total Revenues		729,494		696,893		720,849		23,956	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Community services		217,211		179,182		161,633		17,549	
Public works		503,455		541,786		532,509		9,277	
Total Expenditures		720,666		720,968		694,142		26,826	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		8,828		(24,075)		26,707		50,782	
Net Change in Fund Balance		8,828		(24,075)		26,707		50,782	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		522,977		522,977		522,977			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	531,805	\$	498,902	\$	549,684	\$	50,782	

Nonmajor Public Transit Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Budgeted	Am			Actual	Fina P	ance with l Budget - Positive
	Original F			Final	A	Amounts	(N	egative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	267,007	\$	267,007	\$	283,327	\$	16,320
Investment income		500				124		124
Total Revenues		267,507		267,007		283,451		16,444
Net Change in Fund Balance		267,507		267,007		283,451		16,444
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year		(287,756)		(287,756)		(287,756)		_
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$	(20,249)	\$	(20,749)	\$	(4,305)	\$	16,444

Nonmajor Air Quality Management Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	 Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	Actual Imounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$ 26,700	\$	26,700	\$ 25,585	\$	(1,115)	
Investment income	 300		300	361		61	
Total Revenues	27,000			25,946		(1,054)	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	24,200		19,200	17,707		1,493	
Total Expenditures	 24,200		19,200	17,707		1,493	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	 2,800		(19,200)	8,239		27,439	
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,800		(19,200)	8,239		27,439	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 42,362		42,362	42,362		_	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 45,162	\$	23,162	\$ 50,601	\$	27,439	

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Nonmajor Supplemental Law Enforcement Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	0	Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	 Actual Amounts		iance with al Budget - Positive Regative)
REVENUES		_					
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	100,000	\$ 100,000	\$	-
Investment income		500		350	215		(135)
Total Revenues		500		100,350	100,215		(135)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public safety		-		109,001	108,880		121
Total Expenditures				109,001	108,880		67,997
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures		500		(8,651)	 (8,665)		(14)
Net Change in Fund Balance		500		(8,651)	(8,665)		(14)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		9,213		9,213	9,213		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	9,713	\$	562	\$ 548	\$	(14)

Nonmajor Solid Waste Management Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

							ance with 1 Budget -
	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual		ositive
	Original	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES	 						
Charges for services	\$ 68,350	\$	79,730	\$	72,644	\$	(7,086)
Investment income	1,500		1,000		1,569		569
Other revenues	3,000		3,250		3,908		658
Total Revenues	72,850		83,980		78,121		(5,859)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Community services	 107,000		100,280		102,714		(2,434)
Total Expenditures	 107,000		100,280		102,714		(2,434)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	(34,150)		(16,300)		(24,593)		(8,293)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(34,150)		(16,300)		(24,593)		(8,293)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	181,545		181,545		181,545		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 147,395	\$	165,245	\$	156,952	\$	(8,293)

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Nonmajor State Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Budgeted	Amo			Actual	Fina P	ance with l Budget -	
DEVIENHIEC	Original			Final		Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues	\$	628,622	\$ 604,222		\$	652,344	\$	48,122	
Investment income	φ	2,000	φ	2,000	φ	2,073	Ф	73	
Total Revenues		630,622		606,222		654,417		48,195	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Public works		483,000		396,112		415,008		(18,896)	
Capital outlay		255,000		160,000		60,326		99,674	
Total Expenditures		738,000		556,112		475,334		80,778	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over									
(Under) expenditures		(107,378)		50,110		179,083		128,973	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(107,378)		50,110		179,083		128,973	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		175,476		175,476		175,476			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	68,098	\$	225,586	\$	354,559	\$	128,973	

Nonmajor Measure R Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

								iance with
								al Budget -
	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Positive	
	Original			Final		Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	200,267	\$	200,267	\$	211,231	\$	10,964
Investment income				-		1,208		1,208
Total Revenues		200,267		200,267		212,439		10,964
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		201,500		-		56,289		(56,289)
Total Expenditures		201,500		-		56,289		(56,289)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,233)		200,267		156,150		(44,117)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,233)		200,267		156,150		(44,117)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		8,371		8,371		8,124		(247)
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	7,138	\$	208,638	\$	164,274	\$	(44,364)

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Nonmajor Other Grants Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	Original				Timounts			(tegative)
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	140,000	\$	146,313	\$	193,898	\$	47,585
Investment income		-		-		21		21
Total Revenues		140,000		146,313		193,919		47,606
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		80,000		74,000		66,069		7,931
Public safety		-		30,000		20,791		9,209
Capital outlay		75,000		8,985		131,420		(122,435)
Total Expenditures		155,000		112,985		218,280		(105,295)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) expenditures		(15,000)		33,328		(24,361)		152,901
Net Change in Fund Balance		(15,000)		33,328		(24,361)		152,901
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year		(60,523)		(60,523)		(60,350)		173
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$	(75,523)	\$	(27,195)	\$	(84,711)	\$	153,074

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Nonmajor Utility Undergrounding Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Investment income	\$	-	\$	500	\$	1,024	\$	524
Total Revenues		-		500		1,024		524
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		500		1,024		524
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		118,325		118,325		118,325		_
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	118,325	\$	118,825	\$	119,349	\$	524

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Nonmajor Financing Authority Debt Service Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Investment income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10	\$ 10
Total Revenues			10	10
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	4,000	4,000	4,770	(770)
Debt service:				
Principal	185,000	185,000	185,000	-
Interest and fiscal changes	480,631	480,631	480,631	
Total Expenditures	669,631	669,631	670,401	(770)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(669,631)	(669,631)	(670,391)	(760)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	672,000	672,000	672,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	672,000	672,000	672,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,369	2,369	1,609	(760)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	5	5	5	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 2,374	\$ 2,374	\$ 1,614	\$ (760)

Financing Authority Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-		
Transfers out	\$ (1,557,390)	\$ (1,564,592)	\$ (1,564,592)	\$ -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,557,390)	(1,564,592)	(1,564,592)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,557,390)	(1,564,592)	(1,564,592)	-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,567,054	1,567,054	1,567,054	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 9,664	\$ 2,462	\$ 2,462	\$ -

Nonmajor Storm Water Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

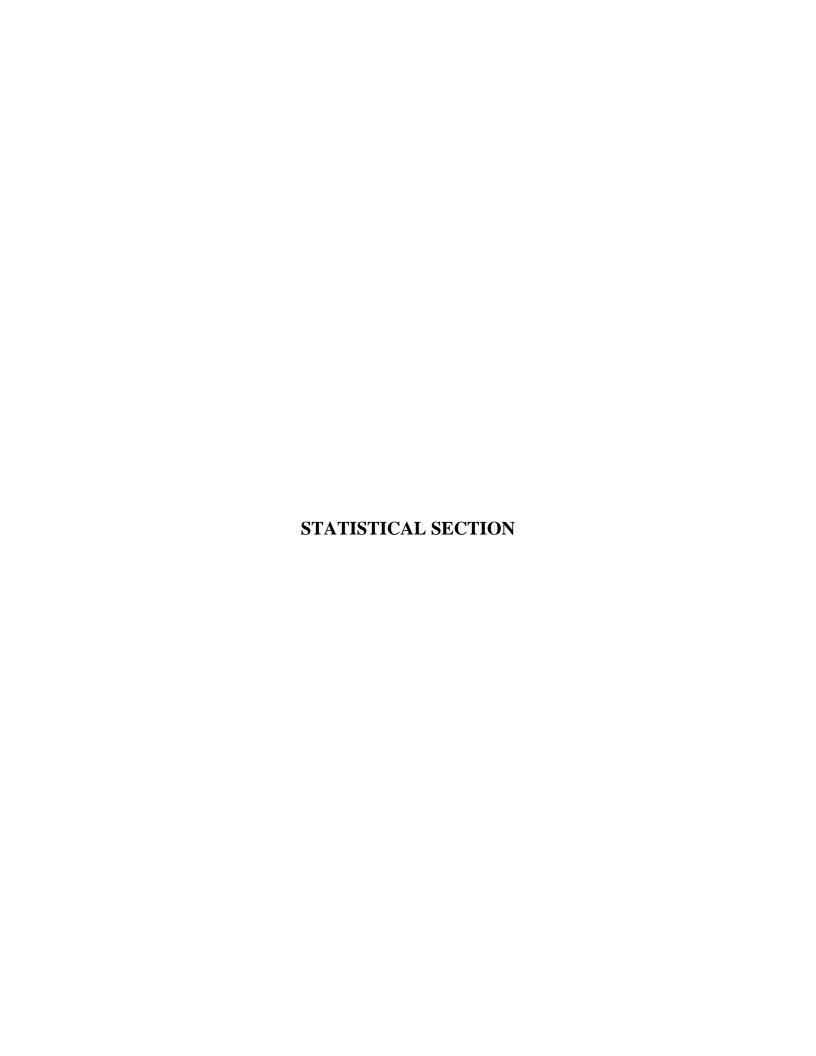
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES							
Investment income	\$	500	\$		\$ 813	\$	813
Total Revenues		500			813		813
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public works	\$	3,800		3,800	 641		3,159
Total Expenditures		3,800		3,800	641		3,159
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,300)		(3,800)	172		3,972
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		504		93,804	94,128		324
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	(2,796)	\$	90,004	\$ 94,300	\$	4,296



FIDUCIARY FUND

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Balance						Balance	
Ju	ne 30, 2011		Additions		Reductions		June 30, 2012	
\$	1,102,540	\$	801,632	\$	(449,487)	\$	1,454,685	
	270		1,380		(270)		1,380	
	6,176		82,916		(80,000)		9,092	
	89,829		109,848		(106,004)		93,673	
\$	1,198,815	\$	995,776	\$	(635,761)	\$	1,558,830	
\$	1,198,815	\$	1,728,565	\$	(1,368,550)	\$	1,558,830	
	\$	June 30, 2011 \$ 1,102,540	June 30, 2011 \$ 1,102,540 \$ 270 6,176 89,829 \$ 1,198,815 \$	June 30, 2011 Additions \$ 1,102,540 \$ 801,632 270 1,380 6,176 82,916 89,829 109,848 \$ 1,198,815 \$ 995,776	June 30, 2011 Additions F \$ 1,102,540 \$ 801,632 \$ 270 1,380 6,176 82,916 89,829 109,848 \$ 1,198,815 \$ 995,776 \$	June 30, 2011 Additions Reductions \$ 1,102,540 \$ 801,632 \$ (449,487) 270 1,380 (270) 6,176 82,916 (80,000) 89,829 109,848 (106,004) \$ 1,198,815 \$ 995,776 \$ (635,761)	June 30, 2011 Additions Reductions June 30, 2011 \$ 1,102,540 \$ 801,632 \$ (449,487) \$ 270 \$ 270 1,380 (270) \$ 6,176 \$ 2,916 (80,000) \$ 89,829 109,848 (106,004) \$ 1,198,815 \$ 995,776 \$ (635,761)	





Statistical Section (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

This part of the City of Agoura Hill's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Page(s) **Contents Financial Trends** These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. 86 **Revenue Capacity** These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the government's most significant current local revenue source, the property tax. 96 **Debt Capacity** These schedules contain present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future. 103 **Demographic and Economic Information** These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place. 108 **Operating Information** These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs. 112

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year. The City implemented Statement 34 in 2003; however, the City implemented Statement 44 in 2006. Schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Net Assets by Component

Last Seven Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year						
	2006	2007	2008	•			
Governmental activities				•			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 39,154,947	\$ 46,162,983	\$ 48,276,081	*			
Restricted	11,384,644	8,427,779	23,887,822				
Unrestricted	19,552,713	24,640,773	10,795,825	_			
Total primary government net assets-restated	\$ 70,092,304	\$ 79,231,535	\$ 82,959,728	•			

^{*}See note 4(i)-The beginning net assets of July 1, 2008 have been restated due to an error in recording of capital assets.

The City adjusted the beginning building and improvements account to include the community center building.

Fiscal Year

2009	2010	2012		
_				
\$ 49,983,660	\$ 57,211,864	\$ 66,710,006	\$ 67,179,564	
26,521,423	12,056,277	4,028,535	2,662,523	
9,262,568	16,091,249	15,309,694	13,973,910	
\$ 85,767,651	\$ 85,359,390	\$ 86,048,235	\$ 83,815,997	

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Changes in Net Assets Last Seven Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year						
		2006		2007		2008	
Expenses							
Governmental activities							
General government	\$	3,110,794	\$	2,955,695	\$	2,930,987	
Public safety		2,719,899		2,917,439		3,456,845	
Public works		3,291,807		2,797,710		4,717,054	
Community development		3,605,839		1,424,676		1,549,091	
Pass through to other agencies		2,528,528		2,721,575		3,436,430	
Community services		1,815,186		1,348,155		1,590,653	
Interest on long-term debt (unallocated)		463,903		245,668		2,530,675	
Total primary government expenses	\$	17,535,956	\$	14,410,918	\$	20,211,735	
Program Revenues							
Governmental activities							
Charges for Services							
General government	\$	16,009	\$	5,465	\$	-	
Public safety		315,266		221,310		224,473	
Public works		1,582,580		1,650,150		1,047,910	
Community development		-		-		-	
Community services		342,090		331,778		327,249	
Operating grants and contributions		5,121,839		4,495,414		4,884,543	
Capital grants and contributions		128,782		1,189,144		-	
Total primary government program revenues	\$	7,506,566	\$	7,893,261	\$	6,484,175	
Net (Expense)/Revenue							
Total primary government net expense	\$	(10,029,390)	\$	(6,981,808)	\$	(14,439,436)	
		(,,)		(0,5 00,000)		(= 1,102,103)	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets							
Governmental activities:							
Taxes	\$	11,598,025	\$	14,159,127	\$	15,682,063	
Intergovernmental revenues		1,709,143		145,874		218,813	
Investment earnings		1,159,494		1,487,500		1,284,265	
Other revenues		268,863		328,538		572,992	
Total primary government	\$	14,735,525	\$	16,121,039	\$	17,758,133	
Change in Net Assets		. = 0 =					
Total primary government	\$	4,706,135	\$	9,139,231	\$	3,318,697	

Fiscal Yea	r
------------	---

 2000	2010			 2012
 2009	 2010	2011		 2012
\$ 3,054,767	\$ 3,797,117	\$	3,192,991	\$ 2,809,488
4,186,728	4,069,389		4,355,912	4,101,347
4,129,327	5,557,145		5,563,786	5,141,512
1,899,937	1,821,939		1,595,785	1,055,293
3,805,788	3,677,954		3,602,569	1,449,565
1,992,453	2,223,534		1,912,544	1,957,257
1,486,082	1,407,800		1,359,595	953,642
\$ 20,555,082	\$ 22,554,878	\$	21,583,182	\$ 17,468,104
\$ 155,154	\$ 63,389	\$	64,506	\$ 92,593
575,792	751,293		622,151	530,285
162,319	119,493		156,468	153,422
182,152	78,863		216,354	146,932
286,443	244,876		273,920	285,797
1,894,247	2,256,379		2,934,225	2,788,229
3,555,911	3,102,464		2,680,376	669,308
\$ 6,812,018	\$ 6,616,757	\$	6,948,000	\$ 4,666,566
\$ (14,233,778)	\$ (15,938,121)	\$	(14,635,182)	\$ (12,801,539)
\$ 15,534,187	\$ 14,617,232	\$	14,661,200	\$ 12,278,663
84,860	68,491		118,561	-
1,038,661	628,622		323,286	273,503
383,994	253,837		220,980	165,757
\$ 17,041,702	\$ 15,568,182	\$	15,324,027	\$ 12,717,923
\$ 2,807,924	\$ (369,939)	\$	688,845	\$ (83,616)

Program Revenues by Function/Program

Last Seven Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year				
	2006	2007	2008		
Function/Program					
Governmental activities					
General government	\$ 16,009	\$ 285,465	\$ 4,738		
Public safety	501,727	351,260	337,573		
Public works	3,578,328	4,491,664	2,558,996		
Community development	256,661	34,729	2,040,266		
Transportation	2,811,751	2,398,365	1,215,353		
Community services	342,090	331,778	327,249		
Subtotal governmental activities	7,506,566	7,893,261	6,484,175		
Total primary government	\$ 7,506,566	\$ 7,893,261	\$ 6,484,175		

^{*}Amounts for transportation were reclassified to Public Works for FY09-10.

Fiscal Year

		2 10 000				
2009		2010	2011		2012	
\$ 761,277	:	\$ 282,768	\$	134,837	\$	212,500
680,227		931,494		803,246		651,076
3,904,182		4,554,613		5,514,098		3,086,160
182,152		415,188		216,354		156,574
778,816	*	-		-		-
505,364		432,694		279,465		285,797
6,812,018		6,616,757		6,948,000		4,392,107
\$ 6,812,018	:	\$ 6,616,757	\$	6,948,000	\$	4,392,107

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Seven Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year						
		2006		2007		2008	
General Fund							
Reserved	\$	180,819	\$	71,069	\$	93,090	
Unreserved		12,359,069		12,103,349		9,837,238	
Nonspendable		-		-		-	
Unassigned		-		-		-	
Total general fund	\$	12,539,888	\$	12,174,418	\$	9,930,328	
All Other Governmental Funds							
Reserved	\$	4,098,168	\$	7,448,983	\$	18,291,348	
Unreserved, reported in:							
Special revenue funds		7,286,476		3,500,346		8,197,646	
Capital projects funds		3,278,994		4,613,514		9,696,926	
Debt service funds		324,222		104,617		9,970	
Nonspendable		-		-		-	
Restricted		-		-		-	
Committed		-		-		-	
Assigned		-		-		-	
Unassigned		-		-		-	
Total all other governmental funds	\$	14,987,860	\$	15,667,460	\$	36,195,890	

Fiscal Year

 2009	2011	2012		
 2009	 2010		2011	 2012
\$ 134,910	\$ 132,485	\$	_	\$ -
8,959,990	10,213,579		-	-
-	-		31,299,253	141,253
-	-		8,547,388	8,883,578
\$ 9,094,900	\$ 10,346,064	\$	39,846,641	\$ 9,024,831
		1		
\$ 22,888,774	\$ 21,487,071	\$	-	\$ -
10,395,593	5,077,850		-	-
5,535,244	6,246,015		-	-
8,958	2,948		-	-
-	-		25	-
-	-		19,256,902	1,329,096
-	-		5,719,151	4,254,585
_	_		488,970	3,393,238
-	-		(31,333,386)	(726,092)
\$ 38,828,569	\$ 32,813,884	\$	(5,868,338)	\$ 8,250,827

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Seven Fiscal Years

(modified basis of accounting)

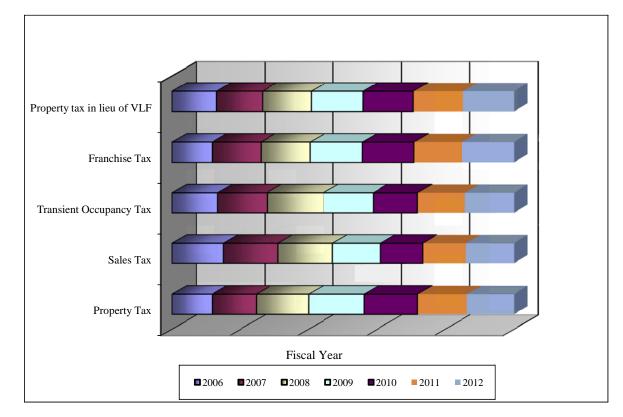
	Fiscal Year				
	2006	2007	2008		
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 13,139,767	\$ 14,159,127	\$ 15,682,063		
Licenses and permits	370,768	509,804	353,731		
Intergovernmental revenues	3,729,532	2,924,586	4,718,608		
Charges for services	1,772,383	3,143,141	1,393,074		
Fines and forfeitures	315,266	221,310	237,572		
Use of money and property	1,299,706	1,509,049	1,284,265		
Other revenues	256,044	362,048	572,992		
Total Revenues	20,883,466	22,829,065	24,242,305		
Expenditures					
General government	2,608,602	2,694,762	2,948,429		
Pass through to other agencies	2,528,528	2,721,575	3,411,775		
Public safety	2,719,899	2,917,439	3,456,845		
Community development	1,952,492	1,409,765	1,492,470		
Community services	1,806,016	1,320,147	1,590,653		
Public works	1,650,323	2,627,186	3,394,282		
Capital outlay	10,068,857	11,097,394	3,689,451		
Debt service					
Cost of issuance	-	331,308	873,994		
Interest	463,903	226,635	439,678		
Principal payments	205,000		230,000		
Total expenditures	24,003,620	25,346,211	21,527,577		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,120,154)	(2,517,146)	2,714,728		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Debt proceeds	-	12,060,000	15,750,000		
Premium/(discount) on debt issuance	-	(67,013)	(180,391)		
Transfer in	-	6,445,254	19,024,551		
Transfers out	-	(6,445,254)	(19,024,551)		
Amount transferred to escrow		(9,161,711)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,831,276	15,569,609		
Net change in fund balances	\$ (3,120,154)	\$ 314,130	\$ 18,284,337		
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	4.8%	1.6%	3.8%		

Fisca	l Year

	Fiscal	rear					
2009	2010	2011	2012				
\$ 15,534,187	\$ 14,617,232	\$ 14,661,200	\$ 12,278,663				
265,706	395,989	288,600	329,863				
5,540,391	2,829,479	1,801,400	2,424,323				
851,052	1,391,044	1,680,175	1,679,567				
273,040	274,144	240,884	215,936				
1,038,662	670,791	365,301	313,926				
658,490	1,347,064	3,099,374	677,494				
24,161,528	21,525,743	22,136,934	17,919,772				
2,862,969	4,861,099	4,670,903	4,015,644				
3,805,788	3,677,954	3,602,569	1,449,565				
4,186,728	4,067,469	4,354,162	4,094,222				
1,899,937	1,760,141	1,540,226	997,422				
1,945,018	2,172,320	1,856,083	1,475,157				
2,542,687	2,129,187	2,141,322	2,638,353				
8,021,635	5,662,811	11,392,225	1,980,972				
-	-	-	-				
1,245,976	1,396,358	1,381,089	925,126				
165,000	365,000	380,000	395,000				
26,675,738	26,092,339	31,318,579	17,971,461				
(2,514,210)	(4,566,596)	(9,181,645)	(51,689)				
-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-				
3,206,479	10,821,932	34,881,363	6,410,105				
(3,206,479)	(10,821,932)	(34,881,363)	(6,410,105)				
-							
\$ (2,514,210)	\$ (4,566,596)	96) \$ (9,181,645) \$					
7.6%	8.6%	8.8%	8.3%				
7.070	0.070	0.070	3.570				

(modified basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax			Franchise Tax		Property tax in lieu of VLF	Total	
2006	\$ 5,740,245	\$ 3,622,790	\$ 1,643,675	\$ 5	591,312	\$ 1,541,745	\$	13,139,767
2007	6,264,171	3,845,844	1,766,582	Ţ.	713,001	1,569,529		14,159,127
2008	7,421,654	3,829,708	2,033,069	7	718,194	1,679,438		15,682,063
2009	7,837,992	3,388,117	1,767,254	7	764,392	1,776,432		15,534,187
2010	7,586,568	2,948,718	1,590,124	7	757,737	1,734,085		14,617,232
2011	7,034,500	3,050,187	1,709,143	7	703,309	1,716,083		14,213,222
2012	6,607,200	3,341,232	1,738,467	7	753,957	1,728,255		14,169,111
Change 2006-2012	15.10%	-7.77%	5.77%		27.51%	12.10%		7.83%



Notes: Includes all governmental fund types (General, Special Revenue,

Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds).

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Seven Fiscal Years

(in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year	Land	Im	provements	ersonal roperty	Less: x-Exempt Property]	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2006	\$ 1,753,862	\$	1,776,430	\$ 1,050	\$ 6,301	\$	3,525,041	0.00%
2007	1,931,694		1,854,197	973	14,216		3,772,643	0.00%
2008	2,038,122		1,964,075	1,506	14,663		3,989,040	0.00%
2009	1,943,554		1,967,527	312	14,051		3,897,342	0.00%
2010	1,919,453		1,953,601	615	15,882		3,857,787	0.00%
2011	1,940,771		1,956,441	807	15,556		3,882,463	0.00%
2012	1,934,879		2,002,645	1,378	16,663		392,239	0.00%

Note: In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at a time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above. The County does not

Source: County of Los Angeles, Auditor - Controller

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rats Last Seven Fiscal Years

		Overlapping Rates									
		Basic County (1)	Los Angeles County	School Districts	Water Districts	Flood Control District	Total Tax Rates				
	2006	1.0000	0.0008	0.0413	0.0052	0.0001	1.0474				
	2007	1.0000	0.0007	0.0495	0.0047	0.0000	1.0549				
	2008	1.0000	0.0000	0.0578	0.0045	0.0000	1.0623				
	2009	1.0000	0.0000	0.0721	0.0043	0.0000	1.0764				
	2010	1.0000	0.0000	0.0775	0.0043	0.0000	1.0818				
	2011	1.0000	0.0000	0.1049	0.0037	0.0000	1.1086				
	2012	1.0000	0.0000	0.1049	0.0037	0.0000	1.1086				

Note: (1) In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of school, water and flood control district bonds.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

			2000			
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Tishman Speyer Archstone Smith	\$113,090,048	1	2.91%	\$21,915,130	2	0.94%
RBD Agoura Hills LLC	34,846,402	2	0.90%			
Bank of America	29,152,749	3	0.75%			
FW CA Twin Oaks Shopping Center LLC	24,436,391	4	0.63%			
Whizin Market Square	20,785,614	5	0.54%			
Arden Realty LP	20,440,000	6	0.53%			
MEF Realty LLC	20,000,000	7	0.52%			
Teradyne Inc	19,018,823	8	0.49%	72,590,771	1	3.12%
Agoura Business Center East	18,566,384	9	0.48%	11,547,536	10	0.50%
Agoura Design Center	18,456,954	10	0.48%			
Litton International Development Corp				16,020,000	5	0.69%
Cornerstone Properties LP				18,360,000	3	0.79%
Agoura Hills Realty LP				17,391,232	4	0.75%
BPP Retail LLC				16,000,740	6	0.69%
Holualoa Agoura E and R				13,773,285	7	0.59%
Agoura Meadows Investors				12,690,731	8	0.54%
Kanan Group				11,771,601	9	0.51%
Total	\$ 318,793,365		8.21%	\$ 212,061,026		9.12%

Comparative amounts for 9 years ago are unavailable. The City will incorporate comparative information as it becomes available. The amounts shown above include assessed value data for both the City and the Redevelopment Agency.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Secured Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Seven Fiscal Years

	Taxes Levied	Collected v Fiscal Year o		Collections	Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2006	\$ 1,840,131	\$ 1,827,723	99.33%	\$ 12,404	\$ 1,840,127	100.00%		
2007	2,041,232	1,964,090	96.22%	77,142	2,041,232	100.00%		
2008	2,140,807	1,997,067	93.29%	143,740	2,140,807	100.00%		
2009	2,241,091	2,040,506	91.05%	122,366	2,162,872	96.51%		
2010	2,161,454	2,012,132	93.09%	77,094	2,089,226	96.66%		
2011	2,158,455	2,012,517	93.24%	45,259	2,057,776	95.34%		
2012	2,186,162	2,070,611	94.71%	-	2,070,611	94.71%		

Sources: City of Agoura Hills financial information. County of Los Angeles, Auditor - Controller.

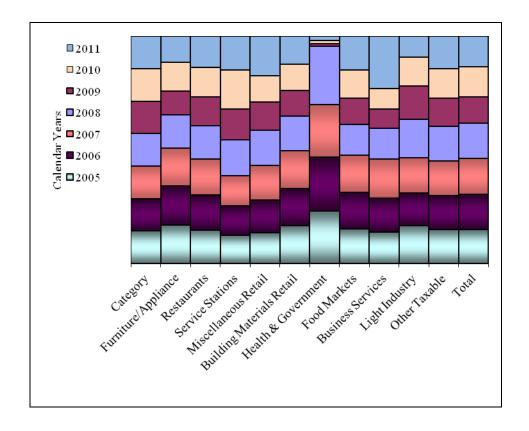
California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Taxable Sales by Category

Last Seven Fiscal Years

(in thousands of dollars)

	_	2005	 2006	:	2007	 2008	 2009	 2010	:	2011
Furniture/Appliance	\$	683	\$ 706	\$	680	\$ 588	\$ 428	\$ 521	\$	464
Restaurants		564	606		611	573	490	498		537
Service Stations		562	582		598	704	613	770		672
Miscellaneous Retail		220	235		247	251	201	191		282
Building Materials - Retail		203	198		203	183	138	141		150
Health & Government		194	199		193	216	10	12		15
Food Markets		156	167		170	141	117	130		153
Business Services		71	77		89	70	45	46		119
Light Industry		83	72		79	85	73	64		46
Other Taxable		504	502		510	510	418	437		478
Total	\$	3,240	\$ 3,344	\$	3,380	\$ 3,321	\$ 2,533	\$ 2,810	\$	2,916
City direct sales tax rate		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%



Notes: Calendar year 2012 not available.

Source: MuniServices

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Seven Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	Los Angeles County	State of California
2006	0.00%	2.00%	6.25%
2007	0.00%	2.00%	6.25%
2008	0.00%	2.00%	6.25%
2009	0.00%	2.00%	6.25%
2010	0.00%	2.50%	7.25%
2011	0.00%	1.50%	7.25%
2012	0.00%	1.50%	7.25%

Source: California State Board of Equalization

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Seven Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	I Re	1999 Lease evenue ands (1)	L Ref	2007 Lease funding nds (2)	RD. Allo	008 A Tax cation ds (3)	2008 DA Housing Set-Aside Bonds (4)	Capital Leases	P	Total Primary vernment	Percentage of Personal Income (a)	Per oita (a)
2006	\$	8,810	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	10	\$	8,820	0.72%	\$ 167
2007		-		12,060		-	-	-		12,060	0.93%	218
2008		-		11,830		5,750	10,000	-		27,580	2.02%	468
2009				11,665		5,750	10,000			27,415	1.93%	450
2010				11,490		5,690	9,850			27,030	2.55%	518
2011				11,310		5,640	9,720			26,670	2.73%	557
2012				11,125		5,580	9,570			26,275	2.66%	544

Notes: (a) See Schedule for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

- (1) These Lease Revenue Bonds were issued during fiscal year 1999, and refunded in March 2007.
- (2) March 2007, the City issued Series 2007 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds to refund the 1999 Lease Revenue Bonds.
- (3) 2008 Tax Allocation Bonds issued June 5 to finance certain redevelopment projects within the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Area. (See Note 2)
- (4) June 5, 2008, the RDA issued Housing Set-Asie Tax Allocation Bonds bonds to finance low and moderate income housing of the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency.

SourcesDepartment of Finance City of Agoura Hills financial data

Fiscal Year	Ref	ease unding Sonds	evelopment Bonds	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	 Per Capita (2)
2006	\$	8,820	\$ -	\$ 8,820	0.25%	\$ 379.67
2007		12,060	-	12,060	0.32%	516.71
2008		11,830	15,750	27,580	0.73%	1,188.64
2009		11,665	15,570	27,235	0.68%	1,171.40
2010		11,490	15,560	27,050	0.69%	1,329.76
2011		11,310	15,360	26,670	0.69%	1,307.80
2012		11,125	15,150	26,275	0.68%	1,285.97

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See schedule for property value data.

(2) See scendule for population data.

Source: City of Agoura Hills financial data.

104

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

Last Seven Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (a)	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt	
Debt repaid with property taxes				•
Los Angeles County Flood Control District	\$ 37,195,000	0.376 %	\$ 139,853	
Metropolitan Water District	196,545,000	0.192	377,366	
Los Angeles Community College District	3,504,910,000	0.659	23,097,357	
Las Virgenes Joint Unified School District	168,796,598	19.850	33,506,125	
Los Angeles Co. Regional Park & Open Space Assessment Dist.	170,725,000	0.373	636,804	
Other debt				
Los Angeles County General Fund Obligations	1,474,122,758	0.373	5,498,478	
Los Angeles County Supt. of Schools Certificates of Participation	11,269,678	0.373	42,036	
Las Virgenes Joint Unified School District Certificates of Participation	11,985,000	19.850	2,379,023	_
Subtotal, overlapping debt			65,677,042	
City direct debt				
City of Agoura Hills General Fund Obligations	11,125,000	100.000	11,125,000	
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 76,802,042	(b)

Notes:

- (a) Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within the boundaries of the city. The method used was ratio of the overlapping district's assessed valuation that lies within the city multiplied by the total debt outstanding.
- (b) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Sources:

California Municipal Statistics, Inc. City of Agoura Hills financial data

Legal Debt Margin Information

Last Seven Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

	Fiscal Year					
		2012		2011		2010
Debt limit Total net debt applicable to limit	\$	148,608	\$	147,562	\$	149,109
Legal debt margin	\$	148,608	\$	147,562	\$	149,109
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2012

Assessed Valuations:	
Gross Assessed Value	\$ 3,962,889
Debt Limitation - 3.75% of Total Assessed Value Less debt applicable to limitation	\$ 148,608
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 148,608

Notes: Under state finance law, the city's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed

15 percent of total assessed property value. The Code section was enacted when assessed valuations

were based on 25% of full market value. This has since changed to 100% of full market

value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set

aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

Sources: County of Los Angeles, Auditor - Controller

City of Agoura Hills financial data California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Fiscal Year

2009		2008		2007		2006	
\$ 152,754	\$	144,390	\$	109,873	\$	126,970	
\$ 152,754	\$	144,390	\$	109,873	\$	126,970	
0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Seven Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Median Age (2)	Percentage of Residents with at least some college	City Unemployment Rate (3)
2006	23,231	1,226,132	52,780	38.0	80%	1.8%
2007	23,340	1,296,234	55,537	38.5	80%	2.2%
2008	23,203	1,368,432	58,977	39.0	80%	3.6%
2009	23,250	1,417,285	60,959	38.0	77%	5.0%
2010	20,342	1,061,385	52,177	39.0	77%	5.5%
2011	20,393	976,050	47,862	38.5	83%	5.5%
2012	20,413	986,417	48,323	42.5	82%	4.9%

* Projected figures

(1) Source: State of California, Department of Finance

(2) Source: UCSB Economic Forecast Project

(3) Source: State of California, Employment Development Department, Labor Market Information Division

			Fiscal	l Year			
		2	2012	2	2011		
			Percentage to		Percentage		
			Total City		of Total City		
	Activity	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment		
Company or Organization							
Bank of America	Banking	1153	10.29%	824	7.42%		
Las Virgenes USD*	Government	482	4.30%	457	4.12%		
IBM Corporation	Technology	206	1.84%	206	1.86%		
Touch Commerce	Internet	200	1.79%	207	1.86%		
Farmers Financial Solutions	Insurance	200	1.79%	187	1.68%		
Teradyne Inc	Manufacturing	200	1.79%	167	1.50%		
Zebra Technologies	Publishing	190	1.70%	**	**		
THQ Inc	Publishing	160	1.43%	309	2.78%		
Wood Ranch Barbecue	Restaurant	162	1.45%	147	1.32%		
Pacific Compensation Insurance	Insurance	158	1.41%	148	1.33%		
Total Top Employer	s	3,111	27.78%	2,652	23.89%		
Total City Employment (1)		11,200		11,100	_		

Note: Data for nine years ago (2002) is not available

Pacific Compensation Insurance formerly Employers Direct Insurance Source: Results based on direct correspondence with city's local

businesses

^{*} Employee Count is based on Agoura Hills school sites only

^(1.) Total City Employment provided by EDD Labor Force Data

^{**}Company is new to Agoura Hills

Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Seven Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year		
	2006	2007	2008
Function/Program			
General government	9.5	9.45	9.6
Community development	7.54	6.5	6.5
Community services	7.65	7	7
Public works	6.25	6.5	6.5
Building and safety	3.5	3.5	3.5
Redevelopment	2.4	3.05	2.9
Total full-time equivalent employees	36.84	36	36

Notes: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and

sick leave). Full-time-equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours

by 2,080.

The City implemented Statement 34 in 2003; however, the City implemented Statement 44 in 2006.

Schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Sources: City of Agoura Hills financial information

Fiscal Year

riscai i cai							
2009	2010	2011	2012				
9.45	9.85	9.85	9.78				
6.5	4.8	4.1	4.65				
7	7	7	7				
6.5	6.55	6.35	6.7				
3.5	3	3	3				
3.05	3.8	5.5	3.87				
36	35	35.8	35				

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Seven Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year	
	2006	2007	2008
Function/Program			
Parks and recreation			
Number of City sponsored events	21	26	26
Public Works			
Street resurfacing (lane miles)	9	6	6
Solid Waste			
Residential Recycling Collected (pounds)*	5,826,240	7,306,880	8,093,120
Electronics Collected (pounds)*	0	0	7,398
Used Oil Collection (gallons)	859	859	860
Automobile Battery Collections (pounds)	5,016	5,016	5,368
Used Paint Collection (gallons)	1,547	2,726	2,621
Transportation			
Total route (miles)	180,330	180,096	162,299
Passengers (annually)	38,134	38,792	34,226

Note: The City implemented Statement 34 in 2003; however, the City implemented Statement 44 in 2006. Schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Source: Various city departments

^{*} Residential Recycling Collected includes items such as paper/cardboard/glass/metal/plastic & greenwaste Electronics did not have a city collection program prior to 2008

Fiscal Year

riscar rear						
2009	2010	2011	2012			
28	34	34	36			
7	7	8	3			
15,789,700	14,518,840	18,702,640	15,014,000			
10,994	3,943	18,791	13,241			
1,130	867	775	921			
2,288	1,920	1,000	1,450			
2,256	1,959	1,967	3,027			
115,188	122,274	137,395	179,945			
17,594	20,014	32,501	38,122			

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Seven Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year		
	2006	2007	2008
Function/Program			
Public works			
Bridges	19	19	19
Streets/Highway (miles)	126	126	126
Traffic signals	52	52	52
Parks and recreation			
Basketball courts			
Full	0	1	1
Half Courts	3	3	3
Community centers	1	1	1
Recreation Centers	1	1	1
Parks	6	6	6
Tennis courts	0	0	9

Note: The City implemented Statement 34 in 2003; however, the City implemented Statement 44 in 2006. Schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Source: Various city departments

Fiscal Year

riscai Tear						
2009	2010	2011	2012			
19	19	19	19			
126	126	126	126			
53	53	53	53			
1	1	1	1			
1	1	1	1			
3	3	3	3			
1	1	1	1			
1	1	1	1			
6	6	6	6			
9	9	9	9			