CITY OF AGOURA HILLS CALIFORNIA



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR 2013-14

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CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Prepared by Department of Finance



CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report June 30, 2014

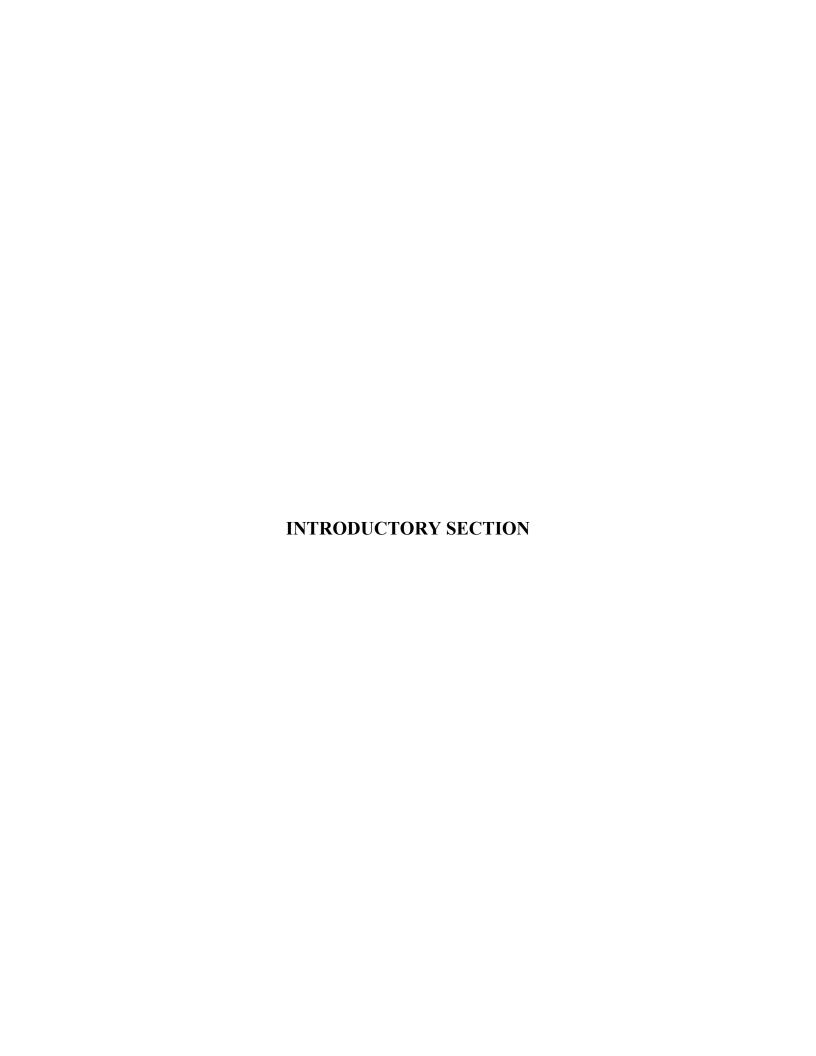
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"Gateway to the Santa Monica Mountains National Recreation Area"

December 19, 2014

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Citizens of the City of Agoura Hills, California

The City (City) of Agoura Hills is pleased to submit its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The CAFR represents a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity, with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and audited, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the fairness of presentation, including all footnotes and disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All material, statements, and disclosures, necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities, have been included. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements, in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we attest that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material aspects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP, an accounting firm fully licensed and qualified to perform audits of state and local governments within the State of California. The independent audit involved: examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and, evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Agoura Hills' financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

The CAFR is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the City's organization chart, and a list of City officials. The financial section includes the independent auditor's report, the basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and the combining and individual fund financial statements. The statistical section, which is unaudited, contains selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis, to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the City's MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

Letter of Transmittal For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

Perched on the western edge of Los Angeles County in the foothills of the Santa Monica Mountains,

Agoura Hills is located just forty-five minutes from busy downtown Los Angeles, but is nevertheless rich with undulating hills and inspiring canyons. Agoura Hills was incorporated December 8, 1982. It is 7.86 square miles in size and has an average climate of 65 degrees Fahrenheit, with an average rainfall of 19.5". The City has an altitude of 936 feet to 2,036 feet. Agoura Hills is one of the smaller communities in Los Angeles County, with a population of only 20,516.

The City of Agoura Hills is governed by the City Council/City Manager form of government. A five-member City Council is elected by the residents to oversee City operations and to guide the future development of the community. The terms are staggered so that a measure of continuity is maintained in the transitions from one Council to the next. The Mayor is selected annually by the City Council to serve a one-year term.



The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and appointing a City Manager and City Attorney. The City Council members also serve as the governing body of the following:

- Public Facilities Corporation
- Public Financing Authority
- Parking Authority
- Improvement Authority

In addition, the City Council appoints the members of the Planning Commission and has representation on the following Boards:



- Agoura Hills/Calabasas Community Center Board
- Las Virgenes/Malibu Council of Governments
- Santa Monica Mountains Conversancy

The City provides a full range of services, some of which are contracted through outside agencies and/or firms. These services include law enforcement, highways and roads, landscaping services, planning and zoning, building and environmental safety, emergency preparedness, and general administrative services. Certain services are provided by

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS Letter of Transmittal For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Public Facilities Corporation, the Public Financing Authority and the Improvement Authority. The Agoura Hills City Council exercises financial accountability over each entity, and city staff manages the operations of each of these organizations. These component units function, in essence, as departments of the City of Agoura Hills and therefore have been included as an integral part of the City of Agoura Hill's financial statements. Additional information on these entities can be found in note 1.a. of these financial statements.

For many centuries, the area that would become Agoura Hills was familiar territory for Native Americans who wandered inland from their hunts along the sea in search of game and other food. The permanent arrival of the Spanish in the late 1700s banished the Indians from their homes and introduced a ranching culture that would linger into the early twentieth century. In the 1900s, vast cattle and sheep ranches conceded ground to rows of lettuce and celery, orchards, and wheat fields. Ranching and agriculture eventually diminished in importance. Ranchers began dividing up their property and selling individual tracts for housing. From the outset, ranchers and farmers had worried about water supplies and those concerns were shared by the citizens of Agoura Hills into the mid 1950s. At that time,



provision of outside sources of water helped ensure the growth of the community, aided by the new highways which acted as a conduit for fresh faces and commercial development and contributed to the maturation of Agoura Hills.

The City is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund and department. The City Manager has the authority to transfer between expenditure accounts within the same department, office, agency, or program activity.

LOCAL ECONOMY

Agoura Hills is one of the wealthier communities in California with a median home value of \$750,000, which is 1.7 times that of Southern California. The median age of Agoura Hills' residents in 2013 was 42.5, and the unemployment rate is at 4%, compared with 8.2% in Los Angeles County.

While the State of California struggles with a significant budget deficit and many government agencies have been impacted by a slower economy in recent years, the City of Agoura Hill's financial position remains strong. The largest revenue source is sales tax. Agoura Hills entices companies to relocate to and remain in the City by charging a low business registration fee. As a result, the City enjoys a strong and diverse business and retail base, both of which contribute to revenue received through sales tax.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The unassigned fund balance in the General Fund (200 percent of total general fund expenditures and operating transfers) falls within the policy guidelines set by the Council for budgetary and planning purposes. In June 2005, the City adopted Resolution No. 05-1378, stating the City Council and City Staff will endeavor to designate an amount equal to or greater than forty percent (40%) of each year's proposed General Fund Operating Budget as the City's unobligated General Fund Reserve.

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS Letter of Transmittal For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City of Agoura Hills currently leases space for a recreation center. The lease expires in December, 2014. In June, 2011, the City purchased an existing building for \$4.6 million to use as a new recreation center. The source for the purchase included \$1.5 million in bond proceeds from the 2007 Agoura Hills Financing Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds and \$3.1 million the City had previously set-aside.

In order to renovate the facility, the City used a \$2.3 million grant received from the Conrad Hilton Foundation and \$750,000 in grants from the County of Los Angeles regional Parks and Open Space District. Additional funding came from monies the City had previously set-aside. While the majority of the costs were spent in 2013/14, the final costs of completion will be in 2014/15.

In November 2008, the County of Los Angeles approved Measure R by a two-thirds majority, committing a projected \$40 billion to traffic relief and transportation upgrades throughout the county over the next 30 years. The City of Agoura Hills is scheduled to receive approximately \$40.6 million of these monies through 2015/16. Projects slated for the monies include the Chesebro/Palo Camodo Interchange (PR); the Agoura Road Widening; and the Agoura Road Signal (design). The City utilized \$3.6 million in Measure R monies during the 2013/14 fiscal year, primarily on the Agoura Road Widening and Chesebro Bridge Projects.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers' Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Agoura Hills for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This was the fifth year that the City achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government entity must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the Finance Department staff. I would also like to express my appreciation to all departments within the City who provided assistance and support.

Sincere appreciation is also expressed to the City Manager, Mayor, and members of the City Council for their support in planning and conducting the operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

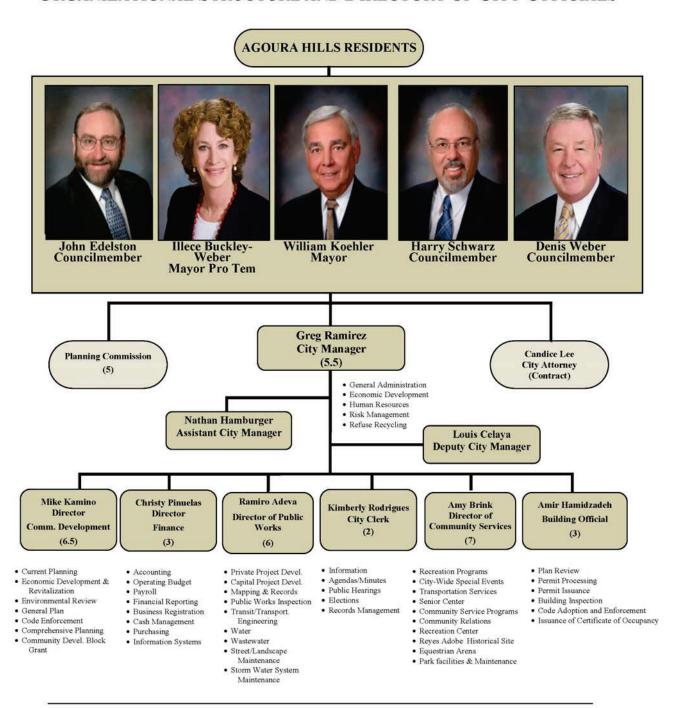
Respectfully submitted,

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

Christy Pinuelas Director of Finance

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS 2013-14

ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE AND DIRECTORY OF CITY OFFICIALS





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Agoura Hills California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2013

Executive Director/CEO







Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable City Council of The City of Agoura Hills, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Agoura Hills, California (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the City adopted Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, effective July 1, 2013. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 12 and the required supplementary schedule on pages 48 through 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying major capital projects fund budgetary comparison schedules, and the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules (supplementary information) and the other information such as the introductory and statistical sections (other information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2014, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rancho Cucamonga, California
December 19, 2014

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is presented as a supplement to the City of Agoura Hills' (City) financial statements. The MD&A offers an objective narrative of the City's financial activities based upon facts, decisions, and conditions known to management as of the auditor's report date for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Readers are encouraged to utilize this report in conjunction with the information outlined in the City's financial statements and notes to the financial statements (found on subsequent pages). A summary of the fiscal year's financial picture immediately follows.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ❖ On June 30, 2014, the City's net position (excess of assets and deferred inflows/outflows of resources over liabilities) was \$113.1 million. Of this amount, \$37.9 million is available to meet the City's ongoing operations to citizens and creditors.
- ❖ During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City's total net position increased by \$26.2 million.
- ❖ As of June 30, 2014, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$8.5 million or 67 percent of total General Fund expenditures and operating transfers.
- ❖ The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$39.8 million, an increase of \$23.4 million compared with the prior fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The basic financial statements include the City (primary government) and all legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The City's component units consist of the following: The Public Facilities Corporation, The Improvement Authority, the Parking Authority and the Public Financing Authority. These component units have been included in the basic financial statements, as an integral part of the primary government, using the blended method.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the City and provide readers with a broad view of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred inflows/outflows of resources and liabilities, with a difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Agoura Hills is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the change's underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e uncollected taxes and unearned but unused vacation leave).

While some governmental agencies have governmental and business-type activities, the City of Agoura Hills records all activities under governmental activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about the City's major funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law (i.e. Measure R & Transit Tax) and by bond covenants. However, management establishes other funds (i.e. Other Grants) to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money.

The Fund Financial Statements include statements for governmental and fiduciary categories of activities. The governmental activities are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. The following sections provide a more in-depth detailing of the fund groups.

Governmental funds are reported, in essentially the same way as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements with an exception; governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources. This means governmental fund financial statements identify current sources and uses of money within the immediate fiscal year. Benefits derived include a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides, which assist in determining whether there are sufficient financial resources available to meet the City's current needs.

Since the scope of the governmental funds is different than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is beneficial to comparatively examine information presented for the governmental funds with information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. From this, readers gain a clearer picture of the long-term impacts current financial decisions might yield. When examined together, the governmental funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide the reader with a different snapshot that identities variances between the two different methodologies of governmental activities and governmental funds.

The major governmental funds include: the General Fund, Recreation Center Capital Projects Fund, and the Measure R Capital Projects Fund which are reported in detail in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements. All other funds are shown in the aggregate as other non-major funds. Individual fund data for other non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of supplementary information elsewhere in the report.

Fiduciary Funds—the City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds held on behalf of external parties. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information, including the City's budgetary schedules.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

Net position is a good indicator of the City's financial position. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, net position of the City was \$131 million, which is an increase of \$26.2 million from the prior year.

Following is the condensed Statement of Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

City of Agoura Hills Net Position As of June 30, 2014 and 2013

	2014	2013
Current and other assets	\$45,899,842	\$22,764,761
Capital assets	84,600,417	75,292,078
Total Assets	130,500,259	98,056,839
Deferred outflows - deferred amount on refunding	223,815	
Current liabilities	2,825,768	1,772,440
Long-term liabilities outstanding	14,818,583	11,306,468
Total Liabilities	17,644,351	13,078,908
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	71,090,637	66,545,330
Restricted	4,054,814	2,476,389
Unrestricted	37,934,272	15,956,212
Total Net Position	\$113,079,723	\$84,977,931

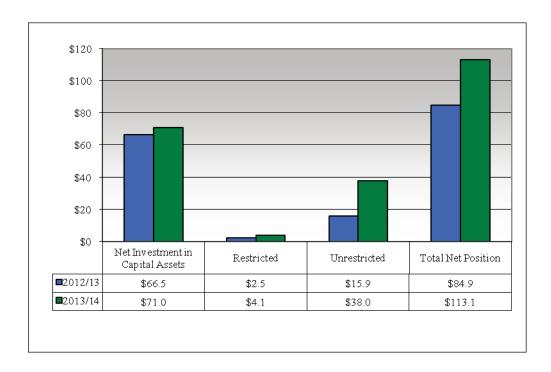
At June 30, 2014 the largest portion of net position (63 percent) consists of the City's investment in capital assets, net of related debt. This component portrays the amount of funds required to acquire those assets, less any related debt used for such acquisition that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. The capital assets of the City are not sources of income for repayment of debt as most assets are not revenue generating and generally are not liquidated to repay debt. Therefore, debt service payments are funded from other sources available to the City.

An additional portion of the City's net position (\$4.1 million) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$37.9 million) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

For the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 the City reported positive balances in all three of the categories of net position.

- The \$4.5 million increase in the City's net investment in capital assets was primarily related to the Measure R Capital Projects and the issuance of debt for the construction of the recreation center.
- Restricted net position increased \$1.6 million primarily due to the receipt of additional monies for Measure R.
- ❖ Unrestricted net position increased \$22.0 million primarily due to the loan between the City and the former Redevelopment Agency (note 4 of the Basic Financial Statements).

The following chart shows the comparison of the three components of net position for fiscal years 2012/13 and 2013/14 (in millions).



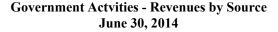
Statement of Activities

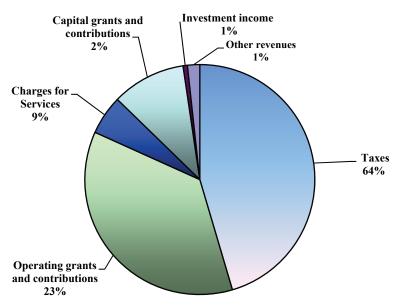
The following is the condensed Statement of Activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

Statement of Activities Changes For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

	2014	2013
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$1,372,535	\$1,423,973
Operating grants and contributions	8,966,874	3,705,524
Capital grants and contributions	2,578,791	329,511
General revenues:		
Taxes	11,274,539	10,483,355
Investment Income	154,096	119,576
Other revenues	427,017	187,793
Extraordinary Gain	17,223,089	0
Total Revenues	42,046,603	16,249,732
Expenses:		
General government	4,395,273	4,224,974
Public safety	4,364,195	4,307,129
Public works	3,114,273	3,095,828
Community development	985,074	989,646
Community services	2,184,204	1,999,605
Interest and fiscal charges	761,822	470,616
Total Expenses	15,804,841	15,087,798
Change in net position	26,192,100	1,161,934
Net Position – Beginning of Year as restated	86,887,623	83,815,997
Net Position – End of Year	\$113,079,723	\$84,977, 931

The City's activities increased net position by \$9.0 million net of the extraordinary item, which was a 5 percent increase from the prior fiscal year. Revenues by source are shown in the chart below:





Revenue highlights:

- ❖ Taxes increased \$791 thousand, or 8 percent, in fiscal year 2013/14. This primarily relates to an increase in sales tax of \$374 thousand (11%) and property taxes of \$195 thousand (5%) due to a strengthened economy.
- ❖ Operating grants and contributions increased \$5.3 million or 143% in fiscal year 2013/14. This primarily relates to grant revenues which were received for the Agoura Road Widening Project.
- ❖ Investment Income increased \$34.5 thousand, or 29 percent, primarily due to an increase in investments.
- ❖ Capital Grants and Contributions increased \$2.2 million, or 683 percent, in fiscal year 2013/14 primarily due to the fact that the City received a grant from the Conrad N. Hilton Foundation to build the event center located at the Agoura Hills Recreation Center.

Expenditure highlights:

Total expenditures for the City's activities were \$15.8 million, \$717 thousand more than the prior fiscal year.

Program revenues offset total expenditures as follows:

- Those who directly benefited from programs contributed \$1.4 million in charges for services.
- The City was able to fund some of its programs through grants and contributions from outside sources or other governments for a total amount of \$11.6 million.

As a result, total expenditures that were funded by tax revenues, investment income, and other general revenues were \$7.7 million.

Functional expenses (excluding interest on debt) for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 were as follows (amount in millions):

				Net (C	Cost)	
	Total (Cost of	Percent	Percent Revenue of		
	Serv	rices	Change	Services		Change
	2013	2014	2013/14	2013	2014	2013/14
General government	\$4.2	\$4.4	5%	-3.9	-1.8	54%
Public safety	4.3	4.4	2%	-3.6	-3.7	-3%
Public works	3.1	3.1	0%	.9	5.7	533%
Community development	.9	1.0	11%	7	4	-43%
Community services	1.9	2.2	16%	-1.8	-1.9	-6%
Total	\$14.4	\$15.1	5%	-9.1	-2.1	77%

In total, the net cost of services decreased \$7 million or 77 percent. Highlights of the changes are:

- ❖ General government decreased 54 percent (\$2.1 million) primarily because of the costs to build the Agoura Hills Recreation Center were capitalized.
- ❖ Public works decreased 533 percent (\$4.8 million) primarily due to the reimbursement of Measure R grant monies for the Agoura Road Widening and Palo Camado Interchange projects.
- ❖ Community development decreased 43 percent (\$300 thousand) due to the receipt of several grants to offset costs.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The City of Agoura Hills only has governmental fund types whose focus is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

As of the end of 2013/14, the City's funds reported ending fund balances of \$39.8 million, an increase of \$23.4 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year. The increase in fund balance primarily reflects an extraordinary gain in the General Fund of \$17.2 million due to the recognition of the loan between the Successor Agency to the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency and the City (see note 6). Additionally the Measure R Capital Projects Fund netted \$3.7 million due to the receipt of grant monies for the Agoura Road

Widening and Palo Camado Interchange projects.. Of the \$39.8 million in fund balances at fiscal year-end 2013/14, \$17.4 million is Nonspendable because it represents prepaids, land held for resale, and long-term receivables, and \$13.9 million is Restricted, Committed or Assigned to indicate that it is not available for appropriation because it had already been restricted for a variety of purposes.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of fiscal year 2013/14, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$25.8 million, with \$17.4 million Nonspendable because it was for Land held for Resale, prepaids, and the receivable from the Successor Agency. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total expenditures. At June 30, 2014, unassigned fund balance was 67 percent of total General Fund expenditures and operating transfers out.

Fund balance in the City's General Fund increased by \$17.3 million in fiscal year 2013/14, when compared to a decrease in fund balance of \$487 thousand in 2012/13. In 2010/11 the General Fund received a transfer in of \$30.6 million from the Redevelopment Agency to cover a reimbursement agreement for services. In January 2011 the City executed an agreement to cover the amounts that had been advanced since April of 1988. However, due to the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency the General Fund established an allowance for the entire amount and recorded an extraordinary loss of \$31.1 million in 2011/12. Subsequently in 2013/14 the Oversight Board to the Successor Agency approved OB Resolution No. 14-23 determining that the loan was for legitimate redevelopment purposes. The California State Department of Finance (DOF) further recalculated the loan to have a balance of \$17 million. For further information see Note 5 to the Basic Financial Statements.

In 2013/14 the City transferred out an additional \$300 thousand towards the completion of the new recreation center and \$200,000 towards future Storm Water Capital Projects. These transfers out were offset by net revenues, resulting in a \$17.3 million increase.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In preparing the budget, the City attempts to estimate its revenue using realistic, but conservative, methods so as to budget its expenditure appropriations and activities in a prudent manner. As a result, the City Council adopts budget adjustments during the course of the fiscal year to reflect both changed priorities and availability of additional revenues to allow for expansion of existing programs. During the course of the year, the City Council amended the originally adopted budget to reappropriate prior year approved projects and expenditures and to amend the spending plan of the City.

In the General Fund, amendments between the original budget and the final budget resulted in increased revenues of \$608 thousand, increased expenditures of \$55.6 thousand and increased net transfers out of \$348 thousand. The transfers out related to debt service, contributions to the construction of the recreation center, and to future storm water capital projects costs. These amendments resulted in an overall budgeted decrease to the fund balance of \$53.8 thousand.

The General Fund reflected a net total favorable budget variance of \$17.5 million, when comparing actual amounts to the final budget for the current fiscal year. The \$17.5 million variance is primarily a result of an extraordinary gain (\$17.2 million) due to the partial recognition of an advance between the City and the Successor Agency to the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency. This was offset by a \$55 thousand savings in expenditures in various departments. The budget reflects a positive variance in revenues of \$354 thousand

and a positive variance in total expenditures of \$55.6 thousand. The revenue variances primarily relate to an increase in sales tax (\$144.5 thousand) and transient occupancy tax (\$131 thousand) from what was projected. The expenditure variances are primarily due to projected expenditures coming in less than projected in Drain and flood maintenance (\$67.5 thousand) offset by increased expenses in Nondepartmental (\$105.1 thousand).

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, including infrastructure of the City, are those assets that are used in the performance of the City's functions. At June 30, 2014, net capital assets totaled \$84.6 million.

This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, leased equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure. The total increase in the City's investment of capital assets, net of related debt, for the current fiscal year is \$4.5 million or 5 percent of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. The increase in capital assets primarily reflects the addition of \$9.2 million in Construction in Progress, related to the Agoura Road Widening and the Recreation Center. The Agoura Road Widening Capital Project was funded through grant resources.

Major projects in fiscal year ended 2013/14 include:

Construction in progress on the Agoura Road Widening, and the Agoura Hills Recreation Center Capital Project.

City of Agoura Hills Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

	2014	2013
Land	\$11,636,428	\$11,636,428
Construction in progress	15,260,036	40,236,909
Building & improvements	9,845,535	10,062,497
Vehicles	169,394	131,212
Infrastructure	47,689,024	15,134,724
Total Capital Assets	\$84,600,417	\$77,201,770

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3(C) in the basic Financial Statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Agoura Hills had total debt outstanding of \$14.8 million. The City's long-term obligations as of June 30, 2013 and 2014 were as follows:

City of Agoura Hills Outstanding Debt

	2014	2013
2007 Lease Revenue Bonds	\$10,687,355	\$10,884,309
2013 Lease Revenue Bonds	3,726,218	0
Compensated Absences	396,877	365,557
Other post-employment benefits	8,133	56,601
Total Outstanding Debt	\$14,818,583	\$11,306,467

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 3(D) of the basic Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

In preparing the budget for 2014/15 the following factors were taken in to consideration:

- ❖ Salary bands are budgeted to adjust 1.1% and retirement expenses are budgeted for a 0.75% increase. This resulted in a \$212,341 increase in salary and benefit costs (4%) overall.
- Several anticipated large capital projects, including Street Resurfacing (\$665 thousand), the design and construction phase of Agoura Road Widening (\$6.3 million) and the design phase of the Chesebro Bridge Widening (\$1.0 million).

The City's operating budget for 2014/15 reflects the use of sales tax override funds provided as Measure R grant monies, for the design of the Chesebro Interchange and Agoura Road Widening Projects.

It is anticipated that the City will remain in good financial condition throughout the fiscal year and beyond.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City of Agoura Hills Finance Department, 30001 Ladyface Court, Agoura Hills, California 91301 or (818) 597-7319.





CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 22,072,601
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	1,111,020
Receivables:	
Accounts and taxes	839,042
Interest	35,842
Deferred loans	391,386
Due from other governments	1,578,151
Other	514,104
Advances to Successor Agency, net of allowances	17,223,089
Prepaids	45,516
Investment in Joint Venture - Community Center	2,023,753
Land held for resale	115,000
Capital assets:	
Capital assets not being depreciated	26,896,464
Capital assets being depreciated,	
net of accumulated depreciation	57,703,953
Total Assets	130,549,921
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	
Deferred amount on refunding	223,815
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,395,161
Interest payable	152,513
Unearned revenue	278,094
Noncurrent liabilities:	270,074
Due within one year	246,153
Due in more than one year	14,572,430
•	
Total Liabilities	17,644,351
NET POSITION	71 000 627
Net investment in capital assets	71,090,637
Restricted for:	207.070
Housing programs	206,968
Capital improvement projects	2,754,211
Grant programs	14,926
Air quality improvement	37,110
Transportation services	1,041,599
Unrestricted	37,983,934
Total Net Position	\$ 113,129,385

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.



CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

						ram Revenues Operating		Capital		et (Expenses) Revenue and Change Net Position Total
			Charges for Grants and			Grants and		Governmental		
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses		Services	Contributions		C	Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Public works Community development Community services Interest and fiscal charges	\$	4,395,273 4,364,195 3,114,273 985,074 2,184,204 761,822	\$	139,006 565,016 240,192 160,965 267,356	\$	160,857 100,000 8,493,827 261,852	\$	2,300,000 162,668 116,123	\$	(1,795,410) (3,699,179) 5,782,414 (446,134) (1,916,848) (761,822)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	15,804,841	\$	1,372,535	\$	9,016,536	\$	2,578,791		(2,836,979)
			Gene	eral Revenues:						
				perty taxes						4,518,121
				es taxes						3,859,516
			Fra	nchise taxes						762,214
			Tra	insient occupa	ncy ta	xes				2,134,688
				estment incom						154,096
			Mi	scellaneous re						427,017
				Total General	Reve	enues				11,855,652
			Extra	ordinary gain						17,223,089
				Change in Ne	t Posi	tion				26,241,762
			Net I	Position, Begin	ning	of Year as resta	ated			86,887,623
			Net I	Position, End o	of Yea	r			\$	113,129,385

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

		Capital Projects Funds					
	Recreation						
	 General		Center	1	Measure R		
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 7,809,310	\$	5,360,138	\$	3,416,019		
Cash and investments with fiscal agent							
Receivables:							
Accounts	805,367		-		-		
Interest	34,457		-		1,385		
Deferred loans	-		-		-		
Due from other governments	619,773		-		408,977		
Other	3,703		-		254,240		
Due from other funds	-		-		-		
Advances to Successor Agency	29,175,631		-		-		
Less: Allowance for Advances	(11,952,542)		-		-		
Prepaids	45,516		-		-		
Land held for resale	 115,000		-		-		
Total Assets	\$ 26,656,215	\$	5,360,138	\$	4,080,621		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$ 715,722	\$	910,298	\$	421,628		
Due to other funds	-		-		763,763		
Unearned revenue			-				
Total Liabilities	 715,722		910,298		1,185,391		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 						
Unavailable revenues	62,771		-		663,217		
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable	17,383,605		-		-		
Restricted	-		-		2,232,013		
Committed	-		-		-		
Assigned	-		4,449,840		-		
Unassigned	 8,494,117		-				
Total Fund Balances	 25,877,722		4,449,840		2,232,013		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows							
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 26,656,215	\$	5,360,138	\$	4,080,621		

1	Non-major	Total		
Go	overnmental	Governmental		
	Funds	Funds		
\$	5,487,134 1,111,020	\$	22,072,601 1,111,020	
	33,675 - 391,386 549,401 256,161 763,763		839,042 35,842 391,386 1,578,151 514,104 763,763 29,175,631	
	-		(11,952,542) 45,516 115,000	
\$	8,592,540	\$	44,689,514	
\$	347,513 - 278,094	\$	2,395,161 763,763 278,094	
	702,015		3,437,018 1,428,003	
	2,933,821 4,162,269 168,828		17,383,605 5,165,834 4,162,269 4,618,668 8,494,117	
	7,264,918		39,824,493	
\$	8,592,540	\$	44,689,514	



CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA

Reconciliation of the Government Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	\$ 39,824,493
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	84,600,417
Investment in Joint Venture Community Center represents interest only in capital assets of the joint venture rather than a financial asset and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	2,023,753
The long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases, compensated absences) is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.	(14,810,450)
Amounts related to the refunding of long term debt are recorded as expenditures in governmental fund statements.	223,815
Interest on long-term debt liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(152,513)
Post-employment benefits are considered long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(8,133)
Certain revenues in the governmental funds are deferred because they are not collected within the prescribed time period after year-end. However, the revenues are included on the accrual basis used in	
the governmental-wide statements.	 1,428,003
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 113,129,385

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Capital Projects Funds			
	General Fund	I	Recreation Center	N	Measure R	
REVENUES:		_		_		
Taxes	\$ 11,270,895	\$	-	\$	-	
Licenses and permits	430,875		-		-	
Intergovernmental revenues	30,332		-		7,043,695	
Charges for services	734,155		-		-	
Fines and penalties	64,629		-		-	
Investment income	12,498		40,371		3,783	
Rental income	105,417		-		-	
Contributions from private sources	-		2,300,000		-	
Other revenues	 180,048				-	
Total Revenues	 12,828,849		2,340,371		7,047,478	
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
General government	3,572,699		3,791,597		229,219	
Public safety	4,203,255		5,771,577			
Community development	983,413		_		_	
Community services	1,737,629		_		_	
Public works	891,715		_		842,803	
Debt service:	071,713				042,003	
Principal	_		_		_	
Interest and fiscal charges	_		_		_	
Capital outlay	_		691,849		2,463,064	
Total Expenditures	 11,388,711		4,483,446		3,535,086	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	 11,500,711		1,105,110		3,535,000	
over (under) expenditures	1,440,138		(2,143,075)		3,512,392	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	 1,1.0,120		(=,1:0,070)		2,012,072	
Debt proceeds						
Bond premium						
Transfers in	51,732		2,623,296		200,000	
Transfers out	(1,374,081)		-		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,322,349)		2,623,296		200,000	
Extraordinary Gain	 17,223,089				<u> </u>	
Net Changes in Fund Balances	 17,340,878		480,221		3,712,392	
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	 8,536,844		3,969,619		(1,480,379)	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 25,877,722	\$	4,449,840	\$	2,232,013	

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

Non-major	Total
Governmental	Governmental
Funds	Funds
\$ -	\$ 11,270,895
-	430,875
2,681,877	9,755,904
686,281	1,420,436
69,024	133,653
35,445	92,097
-	105,417
-	2,300,000
14,986	195,034
3,487,613	25,704,311
(1(427	0.200.042
616,427	8,209,942
153,582	4,356,837
261.061	983,413
261,961	1,999,590
1,260,972	2,995,490
200,000	200,000
763,158	763,158
628,832	3,783,745
3,884,932	23,292,175
3,001,732	23,272,173
(397,319)	2,412,136
(0,7,0,0,0,7)	
3,675,000	3,675,000
52,984	52,984
874,081	3,749,109
(2,375,028)	(3,749,109)
2,227,037	3,727,984
	17,223,089
1,829,718	23,363,209
5,435,200	16,461,284
\$ 7,264,918	\$ 39,824,493

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital expenditures Depreciation expense Share of expenses for Joint Venture in Community Center is not recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds. However, it is recorded in the statement of activities as an expense. Issuance of long-term debt including compensated absences and leases provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources in governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Principal payment Proceeds from debt issuance and bond premium Amortization of premium and discount and deferred amounts on refunding Change in compensated absences Interest on long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Certain revenues in the governmental funds are deferred because they are not collected within the prescribed time period after year-end. However,	Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 23,363,209
in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital expenditures Depreciation expense Sare of expenses for Joint Venture in Community Center is not recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds. However, it is recorded in the statement of activities as an expense. Issuance of long-term debt including compensated absences and leases provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources in governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Principal payment Proceeds from debt issuance and bond premium Amortization of premium and discount and deferred amounts on refunding Change in compensated absences Interest on long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Certain revenues in the governmental funds are deferred because they are not collected within the prescribed time period after year-end. However,			
Depreciation expense Share of expenses for Joint Venture in Community Center is not recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds. However, it is recorded in the statement of activities as an expense. Issuance of long-term debt including compensated absences and leases provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources in governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Principal payment Proceeds from debt issuance and bond premium Amortization of premium and discount and deferred amounts on refunding Change in compensated absences Interest on long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Certain revenues in the governmental funds are deferred because they are not collected within the prescribed time period after year-end. However,	in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount		
recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds. However, it is recorded in the statement of activities as an expense. Issuance of long-term debt including compensated absences and leases provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources in governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Principal payment Proceeds from debt issuance and bond premium Amortization of premium and discount and deferred amounts on refunding Change in compensated absences Interest on long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Certain revenues in the governmental funds are deferred because they are not collected within the prescribed time period after year-end. However,	• •		7,398,647
provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources in governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Principal payment Proceeds from debt issuance and bond premium Amortization of premium and discount and deferred amounts on refunding Change in compensated absences (3,727,984) (17,266) (31,320) (3,576,570) Interest on long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Certain revenues in the governmental funds are deferred because they are not collected within the prescribed time period after year-end. However,	recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds.		(113,808)
Proceeds from debt issuance and bond premium Amortization of premium and discount and deferred amounts on refunding Change in compensated absences (17,266) (31,320) (3,576,570) Interest on long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Certain revenues in the governmental funds are deferred because they are not collected within the prescribed time period after year-end. However,	provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources in governmental funds. Neither transaction has		
period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Certain revenues in the governmental funds are deferred because they are not collected within the prescribed time period after year-end. However,	Proceeds from debt issuance and bond premium Amortization of premium and discount and deferred amounts on refunding	(3,727,984) (17,266)	(3,576,570)
not collected within the prescribed time period after year-end. However,			2,615
the revenues are included on the accrual basis used in the government- wide statements. (880.799)	not collected within the prescribed time period after year-end. However, the revenues are included on the accrual basis used in the government-		(880,799)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 26,241,762			\$

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2014

	Succ Pri	development essor Agency vate-purpose rust Fund	Ag	gency Fund
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$	730,119	\$	1,093,616
Cash and investments with fiscal agent		321,002		
Interest receivable		343		-
Accounts receivable		-		509
Land held for resale		2,350,000		
Total Assets	\$	3,401,464	\$	1,094,125
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	12,014	\$	1,094,125
Interest payable		117,826		-
Bonds payable		6,715,000		-
Advance from City of Agoura Hills		17,223,089		-
Loan from City of Agoura Hills		206,968		-
Total Liabilities		24,274,897	\$	1,094,125
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for other beneficiaries	\$	(20,873,433)		

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private-Purpose Trust Fund For the year ended June 30, 2014

ADDITIONS	
Property tax revenue	\$ 706,350
Investment income	1,579
Total Additions	707,929
DEDUCTIONS	
Community services	266,958
Interest and fiscal charges	536,618
Reduction in value of land held for resale	490,000
Pass Through to Other Agencies	420,805
Total Deductions	1,714,381
EXTRAORDINARY LOSS	
Advance From City of Agoura Hills	(17,223,089)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(18,229,541)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED	(2,643,892)
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ (20,873,433)





NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of Reporting Entity

The City of Agoura Hills (City) was incorporated December 8, 1982, under the general laws of the State of California and enjoys all the rights and privileges pertaining to "General Law" cities. The City operates under a Council/Manager form of government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units for which the government is considered financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City of Agoura Hills, the primary government. Each component unit has a June 30 year end.

Blended Component Units

The Agoura Hills Public Facilities Corporation, Agoura Hills Public Financing Authority, Parking Authority of the City of Agoura Hills, and the Agoura Hills Improvement Authority are legally separate entities. The Agoura Hills City Council exercises financial accountability over each entity. Financial accountability is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, funding, and the appointment of the governing board. Additionally, City staff manages the operations of each of these organizations on a contractual or reimbursement basis. A discussion of each entity follows.

The Agoura Hills Public Facilities Corporation (Corporation) was incorporated January 5, 1988 as a not-for-profit public benefit corporation and determined to be tax exempt pursuant to Revenue and Taxation Code 23701(d) of the State of California. The sole purpose of the Corporation is to provide a financing vehicle for the construction of public facilities. The members of the City Council act as the governing board of the Corporation. No financial activity is reported as the Corporation is not active.

The Agoura Hills Public Financing Authority (Financing Authority) was organized in April 2001 under a joint exercise of power agreement to provide financing for public capital improvements for the City and the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency. The members of the City Council act as the governing board of the Financing Authority. The Financing Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

The Parking Authority of the City of Agoura Hills (Parking Authority) was established June 26, 2013 pursuant to California Streets and Highways Code Section 32650. The members of City Council act as the Board of Directors, the governing board of the Parking Authority. The Parking Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

The Agoura Hills Improvement Authority (Improvement Authority) was established June 26, 2013 under a joint exercise of power agreement with the Parking Authority and the City. The members of City Council act as the Authority Commission, the governing board of the Improvement Authority. The Improvement Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Eliminations have been made in the Statement of Activities so that certain allocated expenses are recorded only once (by the function to which they were allocated). However, general government expenses have not been allocated as indirect expenses to the various functions of the City.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grant and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds even though the latter is excluded from the government-wide statements. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year from which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Funds:

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end, except for sales tax revenues which are considered to be available if collected within ninety days after year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as an expenditure to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for resources traditionally associated with the government which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenue and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund.

The Recreation Center Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the funds that are assigned for the development or maintenance of the City's recreation center.

The Measure R Capital Projects Fund is used to account for grant monies received from the County and restricted for specific projects within the City.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then use unrestricted resources as needed.

Fiduciary Fund

The Fiduciary Funds include the Agency Fund and Redevelopment Successor Private-purpose Trust Fund.

The Agency Fund is used to account for various assets such as developer fees and L.A. County Fire Department fees held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations and/or other governments. The City also acts as a secretary for an organization in which the money is held in the Agency Fund. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results or operation. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

The Redevelopment Successor Agency is used to account for assets, liabilities and activities of the former Redevelopment Agency of the City in a trustee capacity to pay enforceable obligations of the former Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency. In accordance with Assembly Bill (AB) X1 26 and AB 1484, the Redevelopment Agency was dissolved February 1, 2012.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the City's basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures of contingent amounts at the date of the basic financial statements, and revenues and expense/expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

New Accounting Pronouncements

Effective in this Fiscal Year

GASB Statement No. 65 – In March 2012, GASB issued Statement 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. This Statement provides guidance on proper classification of certain items previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows or inflows of resources. This Statement also provides guidance on recognition of certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows or inflows of resources. This statement was implemented by the City as of July 1, 2013.

Effective in Future Fiscal Years

GASB Statement No. 68 – In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. This Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit pensions, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. This Statement is effective as of June 15, 2014. The City has not determined the effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 69 – In January 2013, GASB issued Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. As used in this Statement, the term government combinations include a variety of transactions referred to as mergers, acquisitions, and transfers of operations. This Statement is effective as of December 15, 2014. The City has not determined the effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 71 – In November 2013, GASB issued Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.* The objective of this Statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provision of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. The provisions of this Statement are required to be applied simultaneously with the provisions of Statement 68. The City has not determined the effect of this statement.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and investment balance consists of cash on hand, demand deposits and investments. Investments are stated at fair value.

The City maintains a cash and investment pool for the general operation of the City. Each fund type's portion of the pool is reported on the financial statements as Cash and Investments. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is distributed quarterly to each fund based upon each funds proportionate share of the pool.

The City has monies held by trustees or fiscal agents pledged to the payment or security of certain bonds. The California Government Code provides that these monies, in the absence of specific statutory provisions governing the issuance of bonds, may be invested in accordance with the ordinance, resolutions or indentures specifying the types of investments its trustees or fiscal agents may make. These ordinances, resolutions and indentures are generally more restrictive than the City's general investment policy.

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., short-term interfund loans) or as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., long-term interfund loans).

Property tax revenue is recognized when susceptible to accrual in the accounting period in which taxes are measurable and available. Property taxes are considered available by the City if they are collected within 60 days after year end. There is no allowance for uncollectible amounts. Assessed valuations are determined on an annual basis by the Los Angeles County Assessor. Taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, are levied on July 1, are due November 1 and February 1, and are delinquent if not paid by December 10 and April 10 of each year.

3. Prepaids

Certain membership dues and payments to vendors represent expenses that apply to future accounting periods. Prepaid items are expensed when consumed.

4. Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale is carried at the lower of cost or estimated realizable value determined at the date a disposition and development agreement is executed.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Capital assets subject to lease obligations are valued at the present value of future lease payments at the inception of the lease. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets used by governmental activities is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net position. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	50 years
Vehicles	7-15 years
Machinery	5-30 years
Equipment	5-15 years
Infrastructure	20-50 years

Capitalization threshold of capital assets is based at a minimum value as follows:

Buildings and building improvements	\$ 25,000
Vehicles, machinery, and equipment	10,000
Infrastructure	25,000

6. Vacation and Compensatory Time (Compensated Absences)

Compensated absences are recorded in accordance with GAAP. Only vested or accumulated compensated absences that are expected to be due or mature are reported as an expenditure and fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated compensated absences that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements. General fund resources have been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

7. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts and gains and losses on debt refunding are deferred and amortized. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. The City is required to adopt an annual budget resolution for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds, except the Successor Housing Agency. All annual appropriations lapse at year end, but can be carried forward at the City Manager's discretion.

The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes actual information for the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. The budget is a statement of the goals and objectives of the City for that fiscal year. The legal level for which expenditures are not to exceed appropriations is at the fund level for all funds except the General Fund and at the department level for the General Fund. The City Manager may authorize the transfer between expenditure accounts within the same department, office, agency or program activity. Where an appropriation requires an increase that cannot be supported by transfer guidelines, City Council authorization is required. Responsible individuals review progress against their budget each month. The City Council considers supplemental budget amendment requests during the year and reviews changes at mid-year and year end.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

A. Budgetary Information (Continued)

Excess of expenditures over appropriations of individual funds is as follows:

Fund	Fina	al Budget	Ex	penditures	Excess	
Major Funds:				_		
General Fund:						
City Attorney	\$	261,949	\$	262,291	\$	(342)
Non-major Funds:						
Other Grants Special Revenue Fund		557,989		572,487		(14,498)
Storm Water Capital Projects Fund		167,182		172,182		(5,000)
Agoura Hills Improvement Authority		295,989		297,727		(1,738)

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2014 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Fiduciary Funds Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agent Total Cash and Investments Cash and investments at June 30, 2014 consisted of the following: Deposits Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) U.S. Treasury Notes Federal Agency Securities Held by bond trustee: LAIF 1,823,735 321,002 \$ 4,429,543 \$ 1,429,543 Investments: 14,431,316 15,03,628 1,503,	Statement of Net Position Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agent	\$	22,072,601 1,111,020
Cash and investments with fiscal agent Total Cash and Investments Cash and investments at June 30, 2014 consisted of the following: Deposits Deposits Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) U.S. Treasury Notes Federal Agency Securities Held by bond trustee: LAIF Cash and investments \$ 25,328,358 \$ 4,429,543 14,431,316 14,431,316 1503,628 3,531,848 Held by bond trustee: LAIF	•		
Total Cash and Investments Cash and investments at June 30, 2014 consisted of the following: Deposits Investments: Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) U.S. Treasury Notes Federal Agency Securities Federal Agency Securities Held by bond trustee: LAIF Total Cash and Investments \$ 25,328,358 \$ 4,429,543 14,431,316 15,03,628 3,531,848 Held by bond trustee: 679,978			
Cash and investments at June 30, 2014 consisted of the following: Deposits Investments: Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) U.S. Treasury Notes Federal Agency Securities Held by bond trustee: LAIF Cash and investments 3, 2014 consisted of the following: \$ 4,429,543 14,431,316 15,03,628 3,531,848 679,978		•	
Deposits \$ 4,429,543 Investments: Investment Fund (LAIF) Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) 14,431,316 U.S. Treasury Notes 1,503,628 Federal Agency Securities 3,531,848 Held by bond trustee: 679,978	Total Cash and investments	<u> </u>	23,328,338
Investments: Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) U.S. Treasury Notes Federal Agency Securities Held by bond trustee: LAIF 14,431,316 1,503,628 3,531,848 679,978	Cash and investments at June 30, 2014 consisted of the following:		
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) U.S. Treasury Notes 1,503,628 Federal Agency Securities 3,531,848 Held by bond trustee: LAIF 679,978	Deposits	\$	4,429,543
U.S. Treasury Notes Federal Agency Securities Held by bond trustee: LAIF 1,503,628 3,531,848 679,978	Investments:		
U.S. Treasury Notes Federal Agency Securities Held by bond trustee: LAIF 1,503,628 3,531,848 679,978	Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)		14,431,316
Held by bond trustee: LAIF 679,978			1,503,628
LAIF 679,978	Federal Agency Securities		3,531,848
- · · · , · · ·	1 cdctat Agoney Securities		
Money Market Funds 752,045	Held by bond trustee:		679,978
Total Investments 20,898,815	Held by bond trustee:		679,978 752,045
Total Cash and Investments \$ 25,328,358	Held by bond trustee: LAIF Money Market Funds		752,045

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's investment Policy:

The City's investment policy authorizes the following investments under provisions of California Government Code Section 53601.

	Maximum		Maximum
Investment Types	Percentage	Maximum	Investment
Authorized by State Law	of Portfolio	Maturity	In One Issuer
Local Agency Investment Fund ** (LAIF)	\$50 million	N/A	None
U.S. Treasuries	75%	5 Years	None
Federal Agency Securities	75%	5 Years	20%
Commercial Paper	25%	270 Days	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (CD)	30%	5 Years	None
Medium Term Corporate Notes	30%	5 Years	None

^{**} Limit set by LAIF Governing Board not State Government Code.

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements:

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustee is governed by provisions of the debt agreements rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the general investment types that are authorized for investments held by the bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	Allowed	In One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
Federal Housing			
Administration Debentures	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Unsecured CDs, time deposits, and			
Banker's Acceptances	30 days	None	None
FDIC Insured Bank Deposits	None	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Money Market Funds	N/A	None	None
State Obligations	None	None	None
Pre-funded Municipal Obligations	None	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	270 days	None	None
Investment Agreements	None	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	None	None	None

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. As of the year end the weighted average maturity of the investments contained in LAIF investment pool was approximately 270 days. The City's investment policy recognized the interest rate risk and therefore places maximum maturity limits (up to five years) on various types of allowable investments.

	Remaining Maturity (In Months)						hs)
			12 Months		13 to 24		25 to 60
Investment Type	 Totals		Or Less		Months		Months
LAIF	\$ 14,431,316	\$	14,431,316	\$	-	\$	-
Federal agency securities:							
FHLB	1,006,389		254,538		250,563		501,288
FNMA	972,033		487,972		484,061		-
FHLMC	1,553,426		235,517		728,005		589,904
U.S. Treasury Notes	1,503,628		1,015,120		245,135		243,373
Held by bond trustee:							
LAIF	679,978		679,978		-		-
Money market funds	 752,045		752,045		-		
Total	\$ 20,898,815	\$	17,856,486	\$	1,707,764	\$	1,334,565

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk:

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual Standard and Poor's rating as of year-end for each investment type.

		Minimum	Rating as o	of Year End
Investment Type	Totals	Legal Rating	AA+	Not Rated
LAIF	\$ 14,431,316	N/A	\$ -	\$ 14,431,316
Federal agency securities:				
FHLB	1,006,389	N/A	1,006,389	-
FNMA	972,033	N/A	972,033	-
FHLMC	1,553,426	N/A	1,553,426	-
U.S. Treasury Notes	1,503,628	N/A	1,503,628	-
Held by bond trustee:				
LAIF	679,978	N/A	-	679,978
Money market funds	752,045	N/A		752,045
Total	\$ 20,898,815		\$ 5,035,476	\$ 15,863,339

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The investment policy of the City contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. Investments in anyone issuer (other than U.S. Treasury Securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5 percent or more of total City investments are as follows:

Issuer	Investment Type	Rep	orted Amount
Federal Home Loan Mortage Corporation(FHLMC)	Federal Agency Security	\$	1,553,426

Custodial Credit Risk:

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits:

The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits.

Of the City's deposits with financial institutions, \$1,000,281 was in excess of federal depository insurance limits. The uninsured deposits were held by financial institutions, which are legally required by the California Government Code to collateralize the City's deposits as noted above.

Investment in State Investment Pool:

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. LAIF is a governmental investment pool managed and directed by the California State Treasurer and is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. An oversight committee comprised of California State officials and various participants provide oversight to the management of the fund. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Due to/Due from

	Due to
	Traffic Improvement
	Nonmajor
Due from	Special Revenue Fund
Measure R major capital projects fund	\$ 763,763

The Traffic Improvement nonmajor fund made a loan to the Measure R fund for cash flow.

Interfund transfers

	 Transfers In											
							Nonmaj	or G	overnmental	Funds	8	
	General	F	Recreation	M	leasure R	Sto	rm Water	F	inancing	Impi	rovement	
	Fund		Center	Cap	ital Projects	Capi	tal Projects	Α	uthority	Αι	thority	Totals
Transfers out												
General fund	\$ -	\$	300,000	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$	672,000	\$	2,081	\$ 1,374,081
Reyes Adobe (nonmajor governmental fund)	51,732		-		-		-		-		-	51,732
Improvement Authority (nonmajor governmental fund)	 		2,323,296						-			2,323,296
Total	\$ 51,732	\$	2,623,296	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$	672,000	\$	2,081	\$ 3,749,109

The General Fund transferred funds to the Recreation Center to help fund the construction of the new recreation center and to the nonmajor Financing Authority Debt Service Fund to provide funding for a debt service payment. The Improvement Authority nonmajor fund transferred funds to aid in capital expenditure costs incurred for the Recreation Center.

C. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 is as follows:

	Rest	ated Balance at				Balance at
Governmental Activities:	Jı	ine 30, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Jυ	ine 30, 2014
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:		_		_		_
Land	\$	11,636,428	\$ -	\$ -	\$	11,636,428
Construction in progress		40,236,909	 9,204,107	(34,180,980)		15,260,036
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		51,873,337	 9,204,107	(34,180,980)		26,896,464
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements		12,447,147	-	-		12,447,147
Vehicles		566,594	96,807	-		663,401
Infrastructure		60,138,012	34,526,334			94,664,346
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		73,151,753	 34,623,141			107,774,894
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements		(2,384,650)	(216,962)	-		(2,601,612)
Vehicles		(435,382)	(58,625)	-		(494,007)
Infrastructure		(45,003,288)	(1,972,034)			(46,975,322)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(47,823,320)	(2,247,621)	_		(50,070,941)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		25,328,433	32,375,520	-		57,703,953
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	77,201,770	\$ 41,579,627	\$ (34,180,980)	\$	84,600,417

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

C. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General government	\$ 206,489
Public works	1,977,776
Community services	 63,356
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 2,247,621

D. Long-term Liability

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Balance at			Balance at	Portion Due Within
Governmental Activities	June 30, 2013	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2014	One Year
Bonds:					
2007 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds	\$ 10,930,000	\$ -	\$ (200,000)	\$ 10,730,000	\$ 210,000
Bond discount	(45,691)	-	3,046	(42,645)	-
2013 Lease Revenue Bonds	-	3,675,000	-	3,675,000	-
Bond premium	-	52,984	(1,766)	51,218	-
Other Long-Term Liabilities:					
Accrued compensated absences	365,557	291,298	(259,978)	396,877	36,153
Other post-employment benefits (See Note 4G)	56,601	139,032	(187,500)	8,133	
Total Governmental					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 11,306,467	\$ 4,158,314	\$ (646,198)	\$ 14,818,583	\$ 246,153

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

D. Long-term Liability (Continued)

1. 2007 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds

On March 1, 2007, the City issued \$12.06 million in Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.875 to 4.375 percent to defease \$8.8 million of 1999 Lease Revenue outstanding bonds. The principal of the bonds is payable on their maturity date of February 1, of each year. Interest on the bond is payable on February 1, and August 1, each year. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2014 is \$10,730,000.

The future debt service payments are as follows:

	2007 Lease Revenue Bonds							
Year Ending June 30	Principal			Interest		Total		
2015	\$	210,000	\$	457,432	\$	667,432		
2016		220,000		449,032		669,032		
2017		230,000		440,232		670,232		
2018		235,000		431,032		666,032		
2019		245,000		421,926		666,926		
2020-2024		1,380,000		1,955,494		3,335,494		
2025-2029		1,690,000		1,644,900		3,334,900		
2030-2034		2,090,000		1,250,548		3,340,548		
2035-2039		2,590,000		752,282		3,342,282		
2040-2042		1,840,000		163,406		2,003,406		
Total	\$	10,730,000	\$	7,966,284	\$	18,696,284		

2. 2013 Lease Revenue Bonds

On September 1, 2013, the City issued \$3.675 million in Lease Revenue Bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.00 to 5.00 percent to finance a portion of the costs of the community recreation center project. The principal of the bonds is payable on their maturity date of February 1, of each year. Interest on the bond is payable on February 1, and August 1, each year. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2014 is \$3,675,000.

The future debt service payments are as follows:

	2013 Lease Revenue Bonds							
Year Ending June 30	Principal			Interest		Total		
2015	\$	-	\$	170,825	\$	170,825		
2016		70,000		170,825		240,825		
2017		75,000		168,025		243,025		
2018		75,000		165,025		240,025		
2019		80,000		162,025		242,025		
2020-2024		445,000		760,125		1,205,125		
2025-2029		545,000		662,838		1,207,838		
2030-2034		665,000		532,400		1,197,400		
2035-2039		860,000		348,250		1,208,250		
2040-2043		860,000		110,000		970,000		
Total	\$	3,675,000	\$	3,250,338	\$	6,925,338		

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

E. Long-term Liability (Continued)

3. Arbitrage Rebate

The Tax Reform Act instituted certain arbitrage restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax-exempt bonds. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of all tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not paid to the federal government at least every five years.

The City performed calculations of excess investment earnings on various bonds and financings in accordance with arbitrage regulations. The City has determined that no arbitrage rebate liability exists as of June 30, 2014.

4. Employee Compensated Absences Payable

The City's policies relating to compensated absences are described in Note (l)(d)6. This liability will be paid in future years from future resources.

F. Fund Balance

The following classifications, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, describe the relative strength of the constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable

Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g. prepaid assets, inventory). At June 30, 2014, the balance is comprised of advances to other funds (net of allowances), prepaids and land held for resale.

Restricted

Amounts that are constrained to specific purposes by state or federal laws, enabling legislation, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the City Council, the City's highest level of decision-making authority, through formal actions taken, such as an ordinance or resolution, which are considered to be equally binding. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use through the same type of formal action taken to establish the commitment.

Assigned

Amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes has been delegated to the Finance Director pursuant to the City's fund balance policy.

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

F. Fund Balance (Continued)

Unassigned

These are residual positive net resources of the general fund in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the other four categories. This classification also includes amounts set aside for the City's minimum fund balance policy. Unassigned fund balance also includes negative fund balances in funds outside of the General Fund.

Spending Policy

Restricted fund balance is considered to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Similarly, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the City considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

The details of the fund balances as of June 30, 2014 are presented below:

		Capital	Projects	Nonmajor	
	General	Recreation	-	Governmental	
	Fund	Center	Measure R	Funds	Total
Nonspendable					
Receivable from Successor Agency	\$ 17,223,089	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,223,089
Prepaids	45,516	-	-	-	45,516
Land held for resale	115,000				115,000
Total Nonspendable	17,383,605				17,383,605
Restricted					
Air quality improvement	-	-	-	37,110	37,110
Housing programs	-	-	-	206,968	206,968
Capital improvement projects	-	-	2,232,013	1,218,768	3,450,781
Grant programs	-	-	-	14,926	14,926
Payment of debt service	-	-	-	414,450	414,450
Transportation services	-	-	-	1,041,599	1,041,599
Total Restricted	-		2,232,013	2,933,821	5,165,834
Committed					
Housing programs	-	-	-	2,757,821	2,757,821
Capital improvement projects	-	-	-	1,284,352	1,284,352
Waste management program	-	_	-	120,096	120,096
Total Committed	_		_	4,162,269	4,162,269
Assigned					
Capital improvement projects	-	4,449,840	-	163,599	4,613,439
Payment of debt service				5,229	5,229
Total Assigned	-	4,449,840	-	168,828	4,618,668
Unassigned	8,494,117	-	-	-	8,494,117
Total Fund Balance	\$ 25,877,722	\$ 4,449,840	\$ 2,232,013	\$ 7,264,918	\$ 39,824,493

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

G. Fund Balance (Continued)

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

An amount equal to or greater than 40 percent of each fiscal year's proposed General Fund Operating Budget is to be designated as the City's unobligated General Fund Reserve pursuant to Resolution 05-1378. At June 30, 2014, the City had set aside \$4.5M pursuant to this policy, which was classified as unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description: The City of Agoura Hills contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and city ordinance. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office: 400 "P" Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Funding Policy: Participants are required to contribute 7 percent of their annual covered salary. The City makes the contributions required of the City employees on their behalf and for their account. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 10.282 percent of annual payroll for covered employees. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by PERS.

Annual Pension Cost: For the year ended June 30, 2014, the City's annual pension cost of \$320,476 was equal to the City's required and actual contributions.

	Annual	
Fiscal Year	Pension	Percentage of
Ending	Cost (APC)	APC Contributed
6/30/2012	299,000	100%
6/30/2013	299,438	100%
6/30/2014	320,476	100%

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

B. Self-Insurance

1. Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement

The City of Agoura Hills is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Authority).

The Authority is comprised of 121 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

2. Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority

Each member pays an annual contribution to cover estimated losses for the coverage period. This initial funding is paid at the beginning of the coverage period. After the close of the coverage period, outstanding claims are valued. A retrospective deposit computation is then conducted annually thereafter until all claims incurred during the coverage period are closed on a pool-wide basis. This subsequent cost re-allocation among members based on actual claim development can result in adjustments of either refunds or additional deposits required.

The total funding requirement for self-insurance programs is estimated using actuarial models and prefunded through the annual contribution. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on exposure (payroll) and experience (claims) relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool.

Liability

In the liability program claims are pooled separately between police and non-police exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$30,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$30,000 to \$750,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs in excess of \$750,000 up to the reinsurance attachment point of \$5 million are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers. (5) Costs of covered claims from \$5 million to \$10 million are paid under a reinsurance contract subject to a \$2.5 million annual aggregate deductible. Costs of covered claims from \$10 million to \$15 million are paid under two reinsurance contracts subject to a combined \$3 million annual aggregate deductible. On a cumulative basis for all 2013-2014 reinsurance contracts the annual aggregate deductible is \$5.5 million. (6) Costs of covered claims from \$15 million up to \$50 million are covered through excess insurance policies.

The overall coverage limit for each member including all layers of coverage is \$50 million per occurrence.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

B. Self-Insurance (Continued)

2. Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority (Continued)

Costs of covered claims for subsidence losses are paid by reinsurance and excess insurance with a pooled sub-limit of \$35 million per occurrence. This \$35 million subsidence sub-limit is composed of (a) \$5 million retained within the pool's SIR, (b) \$10 million in reinsurance and (c) \$20 million in excess insurance. The excess insurance layer has a \$20 million annual aggregate.

Workers' Compensation

The City of Agoura Hills also participates in the workers' compensation pool administered by the Authority. In the workers' compensation program claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and non-public safety exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$50,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$50,000 to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs in excess of \$100,000 up to the reinsurance attachment point of \$2 million are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers. (5) Costs of covered claims from \$2 million up to statutory limits are paid under a reinsurance policy. Protection is provided per statutory liability under California Workers' Compensation Law.

Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$2 million. Coverage from \$2 million to \$4 million is purchased as part of a reinsurance policy, and Employer's Liability losses from \$4 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

3. Purchased Insurance

Pollution Legal Liability Insurance

The City of Agoura Hills participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program which is available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City of Agoura Hills. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$50,000 deductible. The Authority has a limit of \$50 million for the 3-year period from July 1, 2011 through July 1, 2014. Each member of the Authority has a \$10 million sub-limit during the 3-year term of the policy.

Property Insurance

The City of Agoura Hills participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. City of Agoura Hills property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City of Agoura Hills to the Authority. City of Agoura Hills property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$23,548,128. There is a \$5,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$1,000 deductible. Premiums for the coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retrospective adjustments.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

B. Self-Insurance (Continued)

3. Purchased Insurance

Crime Insurance

The City of Agoura Hills purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through the Authority. Premiums are paid annually and are not subject to retrospective adjustments.

4. Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2013-2014.

C. Commitments/Operating Leases

1. The City has entered into two operating leases for copiers. Lease terms are 60 months with both leases expiring in September 2017. The City also executed a ground lease with Saint Paul's Lutheran Church for a recreation facility site. This lease will expire in fiscal year ending 2014. The monthly payment escalates by CPI every 24 months.

The following schedule lists future minimum lease payments:

Year Ending June 30,	Eq	uipment	 Γotals
2015	\$	6,204	\$ 6,204
2016		6,204	6,204
2017		6,204	6,204
2018		1,551	1,551

2. The City contracts with the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department to provide safety services. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the City incurred expenditures of \$3,611,623 for Public Safety services.

D. Joint Venture

On November 24, 1997, the Agoura Hills and Calabasas Community Center Authority (Authority) was created under a joint exercise of powers agreement. It was formed for the construction, furnishing, maintenance and operation of a Joint Recreation Center. The governing Board of Directors consists of one City Council Member from each City, two residents of each City appointed by City Council, and the President or a member of the Executive Board of the Alliance (a nonprofit organization formed for the sole purpose of raising funds for the Center). The City's participation in the joint venture is reported as Investment in Joint Venture, on the statement of net position. The balance at June 30, 2014 was \$2,023,753.

Each City contributed money towards the construction of the Community Center, which was completed in March 2001. The Authority now oversees the operations and maintenance of the Community Center. The Cities of Agoura Hills and Calabasas will equally share in any profit or loss from operation of the Community Center. Copies of the Authority's annual financial statements may be obtained from their location at 27040 Malibu Hills Road, Calabasas, California 91301.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

E. Contingency

Any claims for damages alleged against the City are referred to a claims adjuster through California Joint Powers Independent Authority (CJPIA) (see Note (4)(b)). Management believes that there is minimal exposure to the City on these matters, and that no case, so reported, exceeds existing liability coverage.

There are certain legal actions pending against the City which have arisen in the normal course of operations. Management believes these matters will be covered by insurance; however, their outcome and financial effect on the City cannot presently be determined, and no provision for any potential liability or losses has been included in the financial statements as of June 30, 2014.

The ultimate resolution of these pending legal actions is not expected to have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

The City has received property tax revenues for specific enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency that are subject to review by the Department of Finance (DOF). The DOF has disallowed certain obligations listed on the Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) submitted by the City. The City is continuing to dispute obligations listed as enforceable, including the City-former RDA loan advances.

F. Advances to Successor Agency

The City previously loaned the former Redevelopment Agency funds prior to dissolution.

The repayment of the advances has been approved by the California Department of Finance. See Note 5 for further detail.

The City of Agoura Hills Successor Housing Agency Fund is owed \$206,968 for funds loaned for the allocation to the Supplemental Education Revenue Augmentation (SERAF) pursuant to the Health and Safety Code Section 33690(c). The amount is anticipated to be repaid during fiscal year 2014-2015.

G. Other Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits

Plan description

In addition to the pension benefits defined in Note (4)(a), the City provides post-retirement health care benefits to all full time employees in accordance with the City's contract with the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) for participation in the State of California Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA). The City's contribution for each retiree is the same as full-time employees. The City contributed the PEMHCA minimum for all retirees (\$115 and \$119 for calendar years 2013 and 2014, respectively). Additionally, the City contributes longevity pay to a Retirement Health Savings (RHS) Trust plan of up to \$388 for those retirees with 10 years of service with the City of Agoura Hills, enrolled in a CalPERS health plan. The total of the PEMHCA minimum employer contribution and the additional benefit will not exceed \$500 per month. The RHS contribution may only be used to reimburse medical premiums. In the event of the retiree's death, the CalPERS eligible surviving spouse has the right to \$300 per month to pay for medical premiums for a maximum of 12 months. After 12 months surviving spouses will still be eligible to receive the PEMHCA minimum employer contribution.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2014

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

G. Other Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits (Continued)

Plan description (Continued)

In September 2009, the City established an irrevocable trust through the CalPERS California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) in order to prefund its other post-employment benefit (OPEB) obligation. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Eligibility

Employees are eligible for retiree health benefits if they retire from the City and are eligible for a PERS pension and are enrolled in a CalPERS retiree health plan. The benefits are available only to employees who retire from the City. Membership of the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2014:

	Number of
	Employees
Active Employees	33
Retirees and Surviving Spouses	9
Total	42

The above table does not reflect current retirees not enrolled in the CalPERS health plan that may be eligible to enroll in the plan at a later date.

Funding Policy

The City's contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount. Current active employees are not required to contribute any portion towards these benefits.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual other post-employment benefit cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) not to exceed thirty years.

The City's OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$8,133. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

	20	2013-2014		
Normal Cost	\$	68,739		
Amortization of UAAL		69,815		
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)		138,554		
Interest on net OPEB Obligation		4,307		
Adjustment to ARC		(3,829)		
Annual OPEB Cost		139,032		
Contributions		187,500		
Decrease in net OPEB Obligation		(48,468)		
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year		56,601		
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$	8,133		

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

G. Other Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits (Continued)

The City's obligation is accounted for in long-term liabilities at Note 3D.

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal		Annual	Percentage of	Net			
Year		OPEB	Annual OPEB Cost	OPEB			
Ended		Cost	Contributed	Obligation			
6/30/2012	\$ 174,020		100.0%	\$	56,601		
6/30/2013		180,255	100.0%		56,601		
6/30/2014		139,032	134.9%		8,133		

Funding Status and Progress

As of July 1, 2013, the most recent valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,683,177, and the actuarial value of assets was \$651,289, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,031,888 and a funded ratio (actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability) of 38.7 percent. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,116,000 million. The ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 33.1 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for the benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The actuarial cost method used for determining the benefit obligations is the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.61 percent investment rate of return, which is based on the most recent California PERS pension valuations and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7.3 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.5 percent. The rates included a 3 percent inflation assumption. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll over 30 years on a closed basis. As of the most recent actuarial valuation date the remaining amortization period is 25 years. It is assumed the City's payroll will increase 3.25 percent per year.

NOTE 5 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld AB 1X 26 that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Agoura Hills that previously had reported a redevelopment agency as a blended component unit. The City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency.

Successor agencies are only allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations as approved by the Successor Agency Oversight Board and the California Department of Finance.

The Bill directed the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

Management believes that the obligations of the former redevelopment agency due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the successor agency trust under the requirements of the Bill. The City's position on this issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City.

On May 15, 2013, the City received notification that a Finding of Completion has been granted, which allows for: 1) loan agreements between the former redevelopment agency and City may be placed on the ROPS as an enforceable obligation, provided the oversight board makes a finding that the loan was for a legitimate redevelopment purpose per California Health and Safety Code (HSC) section 34191.4(b)(1), and 2) utilizing proceeds derived from bonds issued prior to January 1, 2011 in a manner consistent with the original bond covenants per HSC section 34191.4(c).

The Oversight Board to the Successor Agency approved OB Resolution No. 14-23 determining that the amounts advanced to the former redevelopment agency were for legitimate redevelopment purposes.

City Management expects RPTTF revenue will be available to begin repayment of the advance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. California Health and Safety Code Section 34191.4(b)(2) outlines the terms for restructuring city loans to former redevelopment agencies as follows: "the accumulated interest on the remaining principal amount of the loan shall be recalculated from origination at the interest rate earned by funds deposited into the Local Agency Investment Fund." Management's position is to apply the historical Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) rate over the life of the loan, resulting in a balance of \$29,175,631 at June 30, 2014.

The California Department of Finance (DOF) has provided information regarding the recalculation of accrued interest for city loans to redevelopment agencies. The DOF applies the LAIF rate for the quarter during which the Oversight Board makes a finding that the loan was made for legitimate redevelopment purposes to the entire life of the loan. Based on this assumption, the advance from the City is recalculated to have a June 30, 2014 balance of \$17,223,089.

Due to the differing interpretations between the DOF and City management for the calculation of accrued interest, the City's loan receivable of \$29,175,631 has been offset with an allowance for uncollectable amounts of \$11,952,542 representing the difference between methodologies of the City and DOF. As further information becomes available, the allowance for uncollectable amounts may be adjusted in future periods.

NOTE 6 – EXTRAORDINARY GAIN

During the period, the City met the requirements to record as a receivable, an advance to the Successor Agency. Specifically, as described in Note 5, the City received a Finding of Completion from the Department of Finance, the Oversight Board made a finding that the advance was for legitimate redevelopment purposes, and a cash flow analysis on the RPTTF estimates that amounts will be available to repay the loan in accordance with Health and Safety Code Section 34191.4(b)(2)(A). As a result, \$17,223,089 was recognized as an extraordinary gain in the General Fund and in the Statement of Activities.

NOTE 7 – RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the City adopted Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, as of July 1, 2013. It was determined that debt issuance costs do not meet the definition of an asset or a deferred outflow and should be recognized as an outflow of resources in the reporting period in which they are incurred.

During the year, it was identified that certain costs of projects including the recreation center and the widening of Agoura Road, had been previously expensed. These costs meet the requirements to be capitalized. As of June 30, 2014, these assets are being constructed and are reported as construction in progress. Capital costs previously expensed related to these projects are as follows:

	As previously reported	Adjustments	As restated July 1, 2013
2013 Fiduciary Net Position	\$ (2,335,686)	\$ (308,206)	\$ (2,643,892)
2013 Net Position of Governmental Activities	84,977,931	1,909,692	86,887,623
Proforma effect of retroactive application: 2013 Fiduciary Fund - Interest and fiscal charges reported 2013 Governmental Activities - construction in progress 2013 Governmental Activities - General Government expenses 2013 Governmental Activities - Public Works expenses	\$ 784,088	\$ 308,206	\$ 1,092,294
	38,327,217	1,909,692	40,236,909
	4,224,974	(1,136,845)	3,088,129
	3,095,828	(772,847)	2,322,981





General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	Originar	1 11141	7 Hillounts	(Tregutive)	
Sales tax	\$ 3,815,723	\$ 3,715,000	\$ 3,859,516	\$ 144,516	
Other taxes:	\$ 5,015,725	\$ 3,713,000	\$ 5,057,510	φ 1 11 ,510	
Property tax	4,066,363	4,356,600	4,379,939	23,339	
Property transfer tax	140,000	140,000	138,181	(1,819)	
Transient occupancy tax	1,880,000	2,000,000	2,131,045	131,045	
Franchise fee	756,000	704,600	762,214	57,614	
Total Taxes	10,658,086	10,916,200	11,270,895	354,695	
Licenses and permits:					
Business registration	135,000	135,000	137,754	2,754	
Building permits	210,000	240,000	265,445	25,445	
Other licenses and fees	23,000	23,000	27,676	4,676	
Total Licenses and permits	368,000	398,000	430,875	32,875	
Intergovernmental:					
Other grants		30,332	30,332		
Total Intergovernmental		30,332	30,332		
Charges for services:					
Planning fees	170,000	125,000	128,786	3,786	
Engineer plan check/inspection	25,000	25,000	8,967	(16,033)	
Grading plan check	2,000	2,000	1,087	(913)	
Building plan check	100,000	156,000	164,776	8,776	
Encroachment permits	40,000	40,000	83,244	43,244	
Park and recreation fees	265,000	240,000	259,637	19,637	
Special event fees	2,500	3,000	994	(2,006)	
Sale of maps and copies	2,000	2,500	1,238	(1,262)	
SCACQ administrative service charges	1,200	2,000	1,200	(800)	
Waste hauling administrative charges	47,000	47,000	47,000	· -	
Other charges for services	46,130	35,330	37,226	1,896	
Total Charges for Services	700,830	677,830	734,155	56,325	
Fines and penalties:					
Parking fines	55,000	55,000	43,762	(11,238)	
False alarm fines	2,000	2,000	2,300	300	
Restitution	2,000	2,000	962	(1,038)	
Municipal court fines	15,000	15,000	17,605	2,605	
Total Fines and Penalties	74,000	74,000	64,629	(9,371)	
Investment income	75,000	60,000	12,498	(47,502)	
Rental income	46,800	68,800	105,417	36,617	
Other revenues	116,700	199,643	180,048	(19,595)	
Total Revenues	12,039,416	12,424,805	12,828,849	548,560	
				(Continued)	

See accompanying Note to the Required Supplementary Information.

General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

						Variance with Final Budget -		
	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Positive		
	_	Original		Final		Amounts	<u>(N</u>	legative)
General government:								
City council	\$	128,970	\$	128,970	\$	128,944	\$	26
City manager		795,182		767,094		766,766		328
City clerk		294,859		289,559		287,689		1,870
City attorney		385,000		261,949		262,291		(342)
Finance		359,042		394,587		394,586		1
Public facilities		242,250		288,955		288,955		-
Nondepartmental		1,007,200		1,130,378		1,130,378		-
Automated office systems		266,800		313,450		313,090		360
Total General Government		3,479,303		3,574,942		3,572,699		2,243
Public safety:								
L.A. County Sheriff		3,713,906		3,686,964		3,679,624		7,340
Disaster response team		15,100		14,460		14,460		-
Building and safety		495,850		478,181		478,181		_
Animal control		62,000		34,990		30,990		4,000
Total Public Safety		4,286,856		4,214,595		4,203,255		11,340
		, ,						
Community development:		1 020 776		1 005 122		002 412		21.710
Planning and administration		1,020,776		1,005,123		983,413		21,710
Total Community Development	_	1,020,776		1,005,123		983,413		21,710
Community services:								
Recreation		469,500		451,127		451,036		91
Reyes Adobe		27,700		19,604		17,352		2,252
Parks maintenance		427,500		454,610		454,610		_
Community services administration		828,787		821,555		814,631		6,924
Total Community Services		1,753,487		1,746,896		1,737,629		9,267
Public works:		, i						
Administration		493,280		523,977		523,976		1
Landscape maintenance		127,000		141,985		141,983		2
Drain and flood maintenance		182,500		225,756		225,756		_
Total Public Works		802,780		891,718		891,715		3
Total Luone Works		•		071,710				
Total Expenditures	1	11,343,202		11,433,274		11,388,711		44,563
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							·	
(Under) Expenditures		696,214		991,531		1,440,138		593,123
							(Continued)

See accompanying Note to the Required Supplementary Information.

General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	\$ - (672,000)	\$ 51,750 (1,374,081)	\$ 51,732 (1,374,081)	\$ (18)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(672,000)	(1,322,331)	(1,322,349)	(18)
Extraordinary Gain			17,223,089	17,223,089
Net Change in Fund Balance	24,214	(330,800)	17,340,878	17,816,194
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	8,536,844	8,536,844	8,536,844	<u> </u>
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 8,561,058	\$ 8,206,044	\$ 25,877,722	\$ 17,671,678

See accompanying Note to the Required Supplementary Information.

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Note to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2014

NOTE 1 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Data

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. As a General Law City, the City is not legally required to adopt a budget; however, the City Municipal Code requires the City Manager to prepare an annual budget based on projections received from all city departments, boards and commissions. There was no legally adopted budget for the new fund Housing Successor Agency and Community Development Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year end or are carried forward at the City Manager's discretion.

The budget is prepared by fund and department and includes actual information for the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. The budget is a statement of the goals and objectives of the City for that fiscal year. The City Manager may authorize the transfer between expenditure accounts within the same department, office, agency or program activity. Where an appropriation requires an increase that cannot be supported by a transfer within those guidelines, City Council authorization is required.

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits

June 30, 2014

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued bility (AAL)	Unfunded AAL	Funded Status	 Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL As a % of Covered Payroll
6/30/2013	\$ 651,289	\$ 1,683,177	\$ 1,031,888	38.7%	\$ 3,116,000	33.1%
6/30/2011	301,096	1,569,351	1,268,255	19.2%	2,975,000	42.6%
6/30/2010	119,818	1,298,387	1,178,569	9.2%	2,914,000	40.4%







Recreation Center Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Budgeted Jong In Jo		Dudgatad	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
REVENUES Street					
Investment income	DEVENILIEC	Original	Finai	Amounts	(Negative)
Total Revenues 3,420,000 2,315,000 2,340,371 25,371 EXPENDITURES Current: Seneral government 7,431,500 7,431,500 3,791,597 3,639,903 Capital outlay - - 691,849 (691,849) Total Expenditures 7,431,500 7,431,500 4,483,446 2,948,054 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (4,011,500) (5,116,500) (2,143,075) 2,973,425 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 3,300,000 2,623,296 (676,704) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 3,300,000 2,623,296 (676,704) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,011,500) (1,816,500) 480,221 2,296,721 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 3,969,619 3,969,619 3,969,619 -		\$ 20,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 40,371	\$ 25,371
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Capital outlay Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance EXPENDITURES 7,431,500 7,431,500 7,431,500 3,791,597 3,639,903 691,849	Contributions from private sources	3,400,000	2,300,000	2,300,000	
Current: General government 7,431,500 7,431,500 3,791,597 3,639,903 Capital outlay - - - 691,849 (691,849) Total Expenditures 7,431,500 7,431,500 4,483,446 2,948,054 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (4,011,500) (5,116,500) (2,143,075) 2,973,425 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 3,300,000 2,623,296 (676,704) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 3,300,000 2,623,296 (676,704) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,011,500) (1,816,500) 480,221 2,296,721 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 3,969,619 3,969,619 3,969,619 -	Total Revenues	3,420,000	2,315,000	2,340,371	25,371
Capital outlay - - 691,849 (691,849) Total Expenditures 7,431,500 7,431,500 4,483,446 2,948,054 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (4,011,500) (5,116,500) (2,143,075) 2,973,425 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 3,300,000 2,623,296 (676,704) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 3,300,000 2,623,296 (676,704) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,011,500) (1,816,500) 480,221 2,296,721 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 3,969,619 3,969,619 3,969,619 -					
Capital outlay - - 691,849 (691,849) Total Expenditures 7,431,500 7,431,500 4,483,446 2,948,054 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (4,011,500) (5,116,500) (2,143,075) 2,973,425 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 3,300,000 2,623,296 (676,704) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 3,300,000 2,623,296 (676,704) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,011,500) (1,816,500) 480,221 2,296,721 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 3,969,619 3,969,619 3,969,619 -	General government	7.431.500	7.431.500	3,791,597	3,639,903
Total Expenditures 7,431,500 7,431,500 4,483,446 2,948,054 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (4,011,500) (5,116,500) (2,143,075) 2,973,425 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 3,300,000 2,623,296 (676,704) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 3,300,000 2,623,296 (676,704) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,011,500) (1,816,500) 480,221 2,296,721 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 3,969,619 3,969,619 3,969,619 -		-	-	691,849	(691,849)
(Under) Expenditures (4,011,500) (5,116,500) (2,143,075) 2,973,425 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 3,300,000 2,623,296 (676,704) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 3,300,000 2,623,296 (676,704) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,011,500) (1,816,500) 480,221 2,296,721 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 3,969,619 3,969,619 3,969,619 -	Total Expenditures	7,431,500	7,431,500	4,483,446	2,948,054
Transfers in - 3,300,000 2,623,296 (676,704) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 3,300,000 2,623,296 (676,704) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,011,500) (1,816,500) 480,221 2,296,721 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 3,969,619 3,969,619 3,969,619 -	\$ 7	(4,011,500)	(5,116,500)	(2,143,075)	2,973,425
Transfers in - 3,300,000 2,623,296 (676,704) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 3,300,000 2,623,296 (676,704) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,011,500) (1,816,500) 480,221 2,296,721 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 3,969,619 3,969,619 3,969,619 -	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Net Change in Fund Balance (4,011,500) (1,816,500) 480,221 2,296,721 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 3,969,619 3,969,619 3,969,619 -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		3,300,000	2,623,296	(676,704)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 3,969,619 3,969,619 -	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,300,000	2,623,296	(676,704)
	Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,011,500)	(1,816,500)	480,221	2,296,721
Fund Balance, End of Year \$ (41,881) \$ 2,153,119 \$ 4,449,840 \$ 2,296,721	Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	3,969,619	3,969,619	3,969,619	
	Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ (41,881)	\$ 2,153,119	\$ 4,449,840	\$ 2,296,721

Measure R Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budgeted Original	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental revenues Investment income	\$ 4,734,718	\$ 6,878,187	\$ 7,043,695 3,783	\$ 165,508
Total Revenues	4,734,718	6,878,187	7,047,478	165,508
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government	231,536	296,083	229,219	66,864
Public works	305,263	328,448	842,803	(514,355)
Capital outlay	4,350,000	3,575,000	2,463,064	1,111,936
Total Expenditures	4,886,799	4,199,531	3,535,086	664,445
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(152,081)	2,678,656	3,512,392	829,953
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in			200,000	200,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			200,000	200,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(152,081)	2,678,656	3,712,392	1,029,953
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year	(1,480,379)	(1,480,379)	(1,480,379)	
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$ (1,632,460)	\$ 1,198,277	\$ 2,232,013	\$ 1,029,953

DESCRIPTION OF NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Traffic Improvement – To account for traffic improvement and arterial street system fees paid by developers which may only be used for constructing traffic impacted arterial streets.

Traffic Safety – To account of traffic fines which may only be used for traffic safety purposes.

Transit Tax – To account for Proposition A funds received from the County of Los Angeles which may only be used to provide transportation services.

Public Transit – To account for Proposition C funds received from the County of Los Angeles which may only be used to provide transportation services.

Air Quality Management – To account for funds received from the South Coast Air Quality Management District which may only be used for air quality improvement.

Community Development – To account for restricted housing rehabilitation loans administered with Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds.

Successor Housing Agency – To account for restricted revenues and expenditures for the housing activities of the former Redevelopment Agency's Low and Moderate Income Fund activities.

Supplemental Law Enforcement – To account for Brulte funds received from the state for the use of Public Safety (COPS) programs.

Solid Waste Management – To account for the funds relating to collection, transportation and recycling of refuse materials for City residents and businesses.

State Gas Tax – To account for funds allocated to the City by the State which may only be used for street maintenance, construction, right of way acquisition and/or reconstruction.

Measure R – To account for public transit tax received under Measure R. These funds are paid by the County of Los Angeles.

Other Grants – To account for various state grant funds received for street improvements and park development.

Inclusionary Housing - To account for in-lieu fees that are committed for the development or maintenance of housing that is affordable to low to moderate income households.

Utility Undergrounding – To account for the undergrounding of utility lines within the City undergrounding district.

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Financing Authority Debt Service – To account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Agoura Hills Improvement Authority – To account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

DESCRIPTION OF NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Financing Authority Capital Projects – To account for bond money expenditures specifically for the Reyes Adobe Interchange project.

Reyes Adobe Interchange – To account for the funds to be used for the widening of the Reyes Adobe Bridge.

Storm Water Capital Projects – To account for the funds to be used for the development or maintenance of the City's storm water program.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

	Special Revenue Funds									
ASSETS	Im	Traffic provement		Traffic Safety		Transit Tax		Public Transit		Air Quality magement
Cash and investments	\$	472,267	\$	7,194	\$	517,964	\$	471,379	\$	53,623
Cash and investments with fiscal agent		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables:										
Accounts		=		-		-		-		-
Deferred loans		-		-		104020		-		-
Due from other governments Other		-		6,064		194,930		-		6,609
Due from other funds		763,763		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	1,236,030	\$	13,258	\$	712,894	\$	471,379	\$	60,232
	Ψ		Ψ	13,230	Ψ	712,074	Ψ	471,577	Ψ	00,232
LIABILITIES, DEFFERED INFLOWS AND FUN	ND BA	LANCES								
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$	5,000	\$	9,496	\$	86,121	\$	56,553	\$	23,122
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		
Total Liabilities		5,000		9,496		86,121		56,553		23,122
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenues		-		_		-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted		-		-		626,773		414,826		37,110
Committed		1,231,030		3,762		-		-		-
Assigned		<u> </u>		<u> </u>						
Total Fund Balances		1,231,030		3,762		626,773		414,826		37,110
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and										
Fund Balances	\$	1,236,030	\$	13,258	\$	712,894	\$	471,379	\$	60,232

Special Revenue Funds

ommunity velopment	Successor sing Agency	-	olemental Law forcement	Ma	Solid Waste anagement	State Gas Tax]	Measure R	· <u> </u>	Other Grants	In	clusionary Housing	Utility ergrounding
\$ 2	\$ -	\$	13,836	\$	103,400	\$ 297,814	\$	218,780	\$	278,094	\$	2,757,821	\$ 49,560
391,386	- -		- -		17,256	- -		- -		15,408		-	-
-	206,968 178,618		-		-	71,536		-		63,294		-	-
\$ 391,388	\$ 385,586	\$	13,836	\$	120,656	\$ 369,350	\$	218,780	\$	356,796	\$	2,757,821	\$ 49,560
\$ -	\$ - -	\$	7,929 -	\$	560 -	\$ 63,745	\$	2,188	\$	16,228 278,094	\$	- -	\$ - -
-			7,929		560	63,745		2,188		294,322		-	 _
 391,388 391,388	 178,618 178,618		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		53,455 53,455		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>
- - -	206,968		5,907 - -		120,096 -	 305,605		216,592		9,019 - -		2,757,821	- 49,560 -
 	 206,968		5,907		120,096	 305,605		216,592		9,019		2,757,821	 49,560
\$ 391,388	\$ 385,586	\$	13,836	\$	120,656	\$ 369,350	\$	218,780	\$	356,796	\$	2,757,821	\$ 49,560



CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued) June 30, 2014

	Service Funds Capital Projects Fun					nds						
ASSETS	Αι	nancing othority Debt ervice	In	goura Hills aprovement Authority	1	Financing Authority Capital Projects		ves Adobe erchange		Storm Water Capital Projects		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Cash and investments	\$	5,229	\$	-	\$	1	\$	56	\$	240,114	\$	5,487,134
Cash and investments with fiscal agent		-		1,111,020		_		-		-		1,111,020
Receivables:												
Accounts		-		-		-		1,011		-		33,675
Deferred loans		-				-		-		-		391,386
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-		549,401
Other Due from other funds		-				-		77,543		-		256,161
Total Assets	•	5,229	\$	1,111,020	\$		\$	78,610	\$	240,114	\$	763,763 8,592,540
Total Assets	Ψ	3,229	φ	1,111,020	Ψ	1	φ	76,010	Ψ	240,114	φ	6,392,340
LIABILITIES, DEFFERED INFLOWS AND FU	I											
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenditures Unearned revenue	\$	-	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	76,571 -	\$	347,513 278,094
Total Liabilities		-				_		_		76,571		625,607
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenues		_		_		_		78,554		_		702,015
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		_		-		78,554		-		702,015
FUND BALANCES Restricted Committed Assigned Total Fund Balances		5,229 5,229		1,111,020 - - 1.111,020		1 - - 1		- - 56 56		163,543 163,543		2,933,821 4,162,269 168,828 7,264,918
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	5,229	\$	1,111,020	\$	1	\$	78,610	\$	240,114	\$	8,592,540
			=		_		_		=		=	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures

and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Special Rev	enue Funds		
	Traffic Improvement	Traffic Safety	Transit Tax	Public Transit	Air Quality Management	Community Development
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and penalties Investment income	\$ - 3,094 - 1,434	\$ - 69,024 27	\$ 451,587 614,085 - 3,811	\$ 290,221 - - 2,599	\$ 25,340 - 469	\$ - - -
Other revenues Total Revenues	4,528	69,051	1,069,483	292,820	25,809	<u>-</u>
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Community services Public works Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal changes	5,000 - - - 26,277	54,529 - 22,000 -	405,549 - 167,246 459,341 - -	9,633 - - 69,827 49,240	47,444 - - - - -	- - - - -
Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	31,277 (26,749)	76,529	1,032,136 37,347	128,700	(21,635)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Debt Proceeds Bond premium Transfers in Transfers out	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Net Change in Fund Balances	(26,749)	(7,478)	37,347	164,120	(21,635)	-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,257,779	11,240	589,426	250,706	58,745	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 1,231,030	\$ 3,762	\$ 626,773	\$ 414,826	\$ 37,110	\$ -

Special Revenue Funds

Successor Housing Agency	Supplemental Law Enforcement	Solid Waste Management	State Gas Tax	Measure R	Other Grants	Inclusionary Housing	Utility Undergrounding
\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ - 69,102	\$ 730,956	\$ 215,542	\$ 606,379	261,852	\$ -
- - -	103	999 3,003	1,605	877 -	- - -	19,580	727 -
	100,103	73,104	732,561	216,419	606,379	281,432	727
_	_	_	_	-	74,152	_	71,529
-	99,053	-	-	-	,102	-	
-	-	94,715	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	305	537,317	-	400.225	-	-
-	-	-	54,980	-	498,335	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	· 						
	99,053	95,020	592,297		572,487		71,529
	1,050	(21,916)	140,264	216,419	33,892	281,432	(70,802)
-	-	-	-	-	-		-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	1,050	(21,916)	140,264	216,419	33,892	281,432	(70,802)
206,968	4,857	142,012	165,341	173	(24,873)	2,476,389	120,362
\$ 206,968	\$ 5,907	\$ 120,096	\$ 305,605	\$ 216,592	\$ 9,019	\$ 2,757,821	\$ 49,560

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures

and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	De Service		C	apital Projects Fu	nds	
	Financing Authority Agoura Hi Debt Improvem Service Authority		Financing Authority Capital Projects	Reyes Adobe Interchange	Storm Water Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and penalties Investment income Other revenues	\$ - - 17	\$ - - 1,978	\$ - - - -	\$ - - 256 1,011	\$ - - - 963 10,972	\$ 2,681,877 686,281 69,024 35,445 14,986
Total Revenues	17	1,978	_	1,267	11,935	3,487,613
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Community services Public works Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal changes	3,120 - - - 200,000 465,431	- - - - - 297.727	- - - -	- - - - -	- - 172,182 -	616,427 153,582 261,961 1,260,972 628,832 200,000 763,158
Total Expenditures	668,551	297,727			172,182	3,884,932
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(668,534)	(295,749)		1,267	(160,247)	(397,319)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Debt Proceeds Bond premium Transfers in Transfers out	672,000	3,675,000 52,984 2,081 (2,323,296)	- - - -	(51,732)	200,000	3,675,000 52,984 874,081 (2,375,028)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	672,000	1,406,769	_	(51,732)	200,000	2,227,037
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,466	1,111,020	-	(50,465)	39,753	1,829,718
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,763		1	50,521	123,790	5,435,200

5,229 \$ 1,111,020 \$

1 \$

56 \$ 163,543 \$ 7,264,918

Fund Balances at End of Year

Nonmajor Traffic Improvement Special Revenue Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budgeted Original	An	nounts Final		Actual Amounts	Fina F	iance with Il Budget - Positive (egative)
REVENUES	9			_			- Butt ()
Charges for services	\$ 35,000	\$	20,000	\$	3,094	\$	(16,906)
Investment income	12,500		12,500		1,434		(11,066)
Total Revenues	47,500		32,500		4,528		(27,972)
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Capital outlay	5,000		31,277		5,000 26,277		(5,000) 5,000
	 	_		_			3,000
Total Expenditures	 5,000		31,277		31,277		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	42,500		1,223		(26,749)		(27,972)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out							
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		_				
Net Change in Fund Balance	42,500		1,223		(26,749)		(27,972)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,257,779		1,257,779		1,257,779		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,300,279	\$	1,259,002	\$	1,231,030	\$	(27,972)

Nonmajor Traffic Safety Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	Fina I	iance with al Budget - Positive Vegative)
REVENUES		<u> </u>		1 11141	 ino unto		(ogail (o)
Fines and penalties	\$	110,000	\$	95,000	\$ 69,024	\$	(25,976)
Investment income		200		200	27		(173)
Total Revenues		110,200		95,200	69,051		(26,149)
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Public safety		75,000		75,000	54,529		20,471
Public works		96,000		14,500	22,000		(7,500)
Total Expenditures	1	171,000		89,500	 76,529		12,971
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(60,800)		5,700	(7,478)		(13,178)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(60,800)		5,700	(7,478)		(13,178)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		11,240		11,240	11,240		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	(49,560)	\$	16,940	\$ 3,762	\$	(13,178)

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Nonmajor Transit Tax Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budgeted	Am	ounts	Actual		riance with nal Budget - Positive
	(Original		Final	 Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	468,395	\$	451,745	\$ 451,587	\$	(158)
Charges for service		527,442		671,600	614,085		(57,515)
Investment income		3,000		3,000	3,811		811
Total Revenues		998,837		1,126,345	 1,069,483		(56,862)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		11,239		44,439	405,549		(361,110)
Community services		170,068		122,168	167,246		(45,078)
Public works		844,742		948,405	459,341		489,064
Total Expenditures		1,026,049		1,115,012	1,032,136		82,876
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(27,212)		11,333	 37,347		26,014
Net Change in Fund Balance		(27,212)		11,333	37,347		26,014
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		589,426		589,426	 589,426		-
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	562,214	\$	600,759	\$ 626,773	\$	26,014

Nonmajor Public Transit Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budgeted	Am	ounts		Actual	Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive
	(Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	300,000	\$	288,960	\$	290,221	\$	1,261
Investment income		500		500		2,599		2,099
Total Revenues		300,500		289,460		292,820		3,360
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government		20,874		20,874		9,633		11,241
Public works	135,442 60,442					69,827		(9,385)
Capital outlay		390,000		455,000		49,240		405,760
Total Expenditures		546,316		536,316		128,700		407,616
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(245,816)		(246,856)		164,120		410,976
Net Change in Fund Balance		(245,816)		(246,856)		164,120		410,976
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year		250,706		250,706		250,706		
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$	4,890	\$	3,850	\$	414,826	\$	410,976

Nonmajor Air Quality Management Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Budgeted Amounts Actual Amounts Positive (Negative) REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment income \$ 26,700 \$ 25,340 \$ (1,360) Investment income 300 300 469 169 Total Revenues 27,000 27,000 25,809 (1,191) EXPENDITURES Current: Seneral government 31,200 61,200 47,444 13,756 Public Works 2,500 - - - - Total Expenditures 33,700 61,200 47,444 13,756 Net Change in Fund Balance (6,700) (34,200) (21,635) 12,565 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 58,745 58,745 58,745 - Fund Balance, End of Year \$ 52,045 \$ 24,545 \$ 37,110 \$ 12,565			Dudgatad	A m	ounta		Actual	Fina	iance with ll Budget - Positive
REVENUES Intergovernmental \$ 26,700 \$ 26,700 \$ 25,340 \$ (1,360) Investment income 300 300 469 169 Total Revenues 27,000 27,000 25,809 (1,191) EXPENDITURES Current: General government 31,200 61,200 47,444 13,756 Public Works 2,500 - - - - Total Expenditures 33,700 61,200 47,444 13,756 Net Change in Fund Balance (6,700) (34,200) (21,635) 12,565 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 58,745 58,745 58,745 -									
Intergovernmental \$ 26,700 \$ 26,700 \$ 25,340 \$ (1,360) Investment income 300 300 469 169 Total Revenues 27,000 27,000 25,809 (1,191) EXPENDITURES Current: General government 31,200 61,200 47,444 13,756 Public Works 2,500 - - - - Total Expenditures 33,700 61,200 47,444 13,756 Net Change in Fund Balance (6,700) (34,200) (21,635) 12,565 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 58,745 58,745 58,745 -	REVENUES		originar_		T IIIGI		inounts	(11	ogative)
Investment income 300 300 469 169 Total Revenues 27,000 27,000 25,809 (1,191) EXPENDITURES Current:	_	S	26 700	\$	26 700	\$	25 340	\$	(1.360)
Total Revenues 27,000 27,000 25,809 (1,191) EXPENDITURES Current: 31,200 61,200 47,444 13,756 Public Works 2,500 - - - - Total Expenditures 33,700 61,200 47,444 13,756 Net Change in Fund Balance (6,700) (34,200) (21,635) 12,565 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 58,745 58,745 58,745 -		Ψ		4	,	4		Ψ	. , ,
Current: General government 31,200 61,200 47,444 13,756 Public Works 2,500 - - - - Total Expenditures 33,700 61,200 47,444 13,756 Net Change in Fund Balance (6,700) (34,200) (21,635) 12,565 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 58,745 58,745 58,745 -			27,000		27,000		25,809		
General government 31,200 61,200 47,444 13,756 Public Works 2,500 - - - - Total Expenditures 33,700 61,200 47,444 13,756 Net Change in Fund Balance (6,700) (34,200) (21,635) 12,565 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 58,745 58,745 58,745 -									
Public Works 2,500 - - - - Total Expenditures 33,700 61,200 47,444 13,756 Net Change in Fund Balance (6,700) (34,200) (21,635) 12,565 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 58,745 58,745 58,745 -			31,200		61,200		47,444		13,756
Net Change in Fund Balance (6,700) (34,200) (21,635) 12,565 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 58,745 58,745 58,745 -									<u> </u>
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 58,745 58,745 -	Total Expenditures		33,700		61,200		47,444		13,756
	Net Change in Fund Balance		(6,700)		(34,200)		(21,635)		12,565
Fund Balance, End of Year \$ 52,045 \$ 24,545 \$ 37,110 \$ 12,565	Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		58,745		58,745		58,745		
	Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	52,045	\$	24,545	\$	37,110	\$	12,565

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Nonmajor Supplemental Law Enforcement Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	 Budgeted Original	Amo	A	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	-
Investment income	700		700		103		(597)
Total Revenues	100,700		100,700		100,103		(597)
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Public safety	100,000		100,000		99,053		947
Total Expenditures	100,000		100,000		99,053		18,006
Net Change in Fund Balance	700		700		1,050		350
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	4,857		4,857		4,857		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 5,557	\$	5,557	\$	5,907	\$	350

Nonmajor Solid Waste Management Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

								ance with Budget -
	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Positive	
		Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES								_
Charges for services	\$	79,000	\$	70,300	\$	69,102	\$	(1,198)
Investment income		1,500		1,500		999		(501)
Other revenues		3,500		3,500		3,003		(497)
Total Revenues		84,000		75,300		73,104		(2,196)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public works		-		-		305		(305)
Community services		102,000		102,000		94,715		7,285
Total Expenditures		102,000		102,000		95,020		7,285
Net Change in Fund Balance		(18,000)		(26,700)		(21,916)		4,784
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		142,012		142,012		142,012		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	124,012	\$	115,312	\$	120,096	\$	4,784

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Nonmajor State Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES	<u> </u>	Jiigiiiai		1 IIIQI	 inounts		(cgative)		
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	685,160	\$	602,067	\$ 730,956	\$	128,889		
Investment income		2,000		1,200	1,605		405		
Total Revenues		687,160		603,267	732,561		129,294		
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Public works		498,800		572,800	537,317		35,483		
Capital outlay		190,000		60,000	54,980		5,020		
Total Expenditures		688,800		632,800	592,297		40,503		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,640)		(29,533)	140,264		169,797		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		165,341		165,341	165,341				
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	163,701	\$	135,808	\$ 305,605	\$	169,797		

Nonmajor Measure R Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Variance with Final Budget - Budgeted Amounts Actual Positive Original Final Amounts (Negative)	
		REVENUES
Investment income	\$ 210,280 \$ 210,280 \$ 215,542 \$ 5,262	Intergovernmental \$
		Investment income
Total Revenues 210,280 210,280 216,419 5,2	210,280 210,280 216,419 5,262	Total Revenues
EXPENDITURES		EXPENDITURES
Capital outlay <u>213,000</u>	213,000	Capital outlay
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		\$ 27
Over (Under) Expenditures (2,720) 210,280 216,419 6,1	(2,720) 210,280 216,419 6,139	Over (Under) Expenditures
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 173 173 173	173 173 -	Fund Balance, Beginning of Year
Fund Balance, End of Year \$ (2,547) \$ 210,453 \$ 216,592 \$ 6,1	\$ (2,547) \$ 210,453 \$ 216,592 \$ 6,139	Fund Balance, End of Year \$

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Nonmajor Other Grants Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

								riance with	
					Final Budget -				
		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual		Positive	
	(Original	Final		Amounts		(Negative)		
REVENUES		_							
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	313,750	\$	403,584	\$	606,379	\$	202,795	
Other revenues		_		120,000		-	\$	(120,000)	
Total Revenues		313,750		523,584		606,379		82,795	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		77,640		77,640		74,152		3,488	
Capital outlay		166,850		480,349		498,335		(17,986)	
Total Expenditures		244,490		557,989		572,487		(14,499)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over									
(Under) expenditures		69,260		(34,405)		33,892		97,294	
Net Change in Fund Balance		69,260		(34,405)		33,892		97,294	
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year		(24,873)		(24,873)		(24,873)			
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$	44,387	\$	(59,278)	\$	9,019	\$	97,294	

Nonmajor Inclusionary Housing In Lieu Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Oliginal	1 11141	Timounts	(1 (oguil (o)
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 262,000	\$ 261,852	\$ (148)
Investment income		8,000	19,580	11,580
Total Revenues		270,000	281,432	11,432
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	270,000	281,432	11,432
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	2,476,389	2,476,389	2,476,389	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 2,476,389	\$ 2,746,389	\$ 2,757,821	\$ 11,432

Nonmajor Utility Undergrounding Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	 Budgeted	l Amo		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
REVENUES	 Original		Final	 mounts	(Ne	gative)
Investment income	\$ 500	\$	500	\$ 727	\$	227
Total Revenues	 500		500	727		227
EXPENDITURES						
Current: General government	 -		71,600	 71,529		71
Total Expenditures	 -		71,600	71,529		71
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	 500		(71,100)	(70,802)		298
Net Change in Fund Balance	500		(71,100)	(70,802)		298
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 120,362		120,362	120,362		_
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 120,862	\$	49,262	\$ 49,560	\$	298

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Nonmajor Financing Authority Debt Service Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Original	Tillai	Amounts	(ivegative)
Investment income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17	\$ 17
Total Revenues			17	17
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	4,000	4,000	3,120	880
Debt service:	200.000	200.000	200.000	
Principal	200,000	200,000	200,000	(201)
Interest and fiscal changes	465,130	465,130	465,431	(301)
Total Expenditures	669,130	669,130	668,551	579
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(669,130)	(669,130)	(668,534)	596
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Debt Proceeds	4,100,000	3,727,984	-	(3,727,984)
Transfers in	672,000	672,000	672,000	-
Transfers out	(3,400,000)	(3,100,000)		3,100,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,372,000	1,299,984	672,000	(627,984)
Net Change in Fund Balance	702,870	630,854	3,466	(627,388)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,763	1,763	1,763	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 704,633	\$ 632,617	\$ 5,229	\$ (627,388)

Nonmajor Agoura Hills Improvement Authority Debt Service Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

					Variance with Final Budget -	
			Amounts	Actual	Positive	
	Ori	ginal	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES						
Investment income	\$		\$ -	\$ 1,978	\$ 1,978	
Total Revenues				1,978	1,978	
EXPENDITURES Debt service:						
Interest and fiscal changes			295,989	297,727	(1,738)	
Total Expenditures			295,989	297,727	(1,738)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			(295,989)	(295,749)	240	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Debt Proceeds			3,675,000 52,984	3,675,000 52,984	-	
Transfers in			2,081	2,081	-	
Transfers out			(3,100,000)	(2,323,296)	776,704	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			630,065	1,406,769	776,704	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	334,076	1,111,020	776,944	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$ 334,076	\$ 1,111,020	\$ 776,944	

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Financing Authority Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	D.		A	_	Α		Variance Final Bu Positi	dget -
	В	uagetea	Amount	S	AC	tual	Positi	ve
	Orig	inal	Fir	nal	Am	ounts	(Negati	ive)
REVENUES Investment income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-		-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1		1		1		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1	\$	1	\$	1	\$	_

Reyes Adobe Interchange Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES									
Investment income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	256	\$	256	
Other revenues						1,011		1,011	
Total Revenues						1,267		1,267	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures						1,267		1,267	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out				(51,750)		(51,732)		18	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(51,750)		(50,465)		1,285	
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year		50,521		50,521		50,521			
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$	50,521	\$	(1,229)	\$	56	\$	1,285	

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Nonmajor Storm Water Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Budgeted ***mounts Actual Amounts Positive (Negative) REVENUES Final Amounts (Negative) Investment income \$ - \$ 500 963 40 Other revenues - 30,000 10,972 (19,00) Total Revenues - 30,500 11,935 (18,50) EXPENDITURES *** <									riance with al Budget -	
REVENUES Investment income \$ - \$ 500 \$ 963 \$ 40		Budgeted Amounts					Actual		•	
Investment income		(Original	Final		Amounts		(Negative)		
Other revenues - 30,000 10,972 (19,02) Total Revenues - 30,500 11,935 (18,50) EXPENDITURES Current:	REVENUES									
Total Revenues - 30,500 11,935 (18,50) EXPENDITURES Current: Public works \$ 65,700 167,182 172,182 (5,00) Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (65,700) (136,682) (160,247) (23,50) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in - 100,000 200,000 100,000 Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 100,000 200,000 100,000 Net Change in Fund Balance (65,700) (36,682) 39,753 76,44	Investment income	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	463	
EXPENDITURES Current: Public works \$ 65,700 167,182 172,182 (5,00 65,700 167,182 172,182 172,182 (5,00 65,700 167,182 172,182 172,182 (5,00 65,700 167,182 172,182 1	Other revenues				30,000		10,972		(19,028)	
Current: Public works \$ 65,700 167,182 172,182 (5,000) Total Expenditures 65,700 167,182 172,182 (5,000) Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (65,700) (136,682) (160,247) (23,500) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 100,000 200,000 100,000 Transfers in - 100,000 200,000 100,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 100,000 200,000 100,000 Net Change in Fund Balance (65,700) (36,682) 39,753 76,43	Total Revenues				30,500		11,935		(18,565)	
Public works \$ 65,700 167,182 172,182 (5,000) Total Expenditures 65,700 167,182 172,182 (5,000) Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (65,700) (136,682) (160,247) (23,500) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 100,000 200,000 100,000 Transfers in - 100,000 200,000 100,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 100,000 200,000 100,000 Net Change in Fund Balance (65,700) (36,682) 39,753 76,43										
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (65,700) (136,682) (160,247) (23,500) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in - 100,000 200,000 100,000 Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 100,000 200,000 100,000 Net Change in Fund Balance (65,700) (36,682) 39,753 76,44		\$	65,700		167,182		172,182		(5,000)	
(Under) Expenditures (65,700) (136,682) (160,247) (23,56) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 100,000 200,000 100,00 Transfers out - 100,000 200,000 100,00 Net Change in Fund Balance (65,700) (36,682) 39,753 76,43	Total Expenditures		65,700		167,182		172,182		(5,000)	
Transfers in Transfers out - 100,000 200,000 100,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 100,000 200,000 100,00 Net Change in Fund Balance (65,700) (36,682) 39,753 76,43	•		(65,700)		(136,682)		(160,247)		(23,565)	
Net Change in Fund Balance (65,700) (36,682) 39,753 76,43	Transfers in		-		100,000		200,000		100,000	
	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				100,000		200,000		100,000	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 123,790 123,790 123,790	Net Change in Fund Balance		(65,700)		(36,682)		39,753		76,435	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		123,790		123,790		123,790		_	
Fund Balance, End of Year \$ 58,090 \$ 87,108 \$ 163,543 \$ 76,43	Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	58,090	\$	87,108	\$	163,543	\$	76,435	

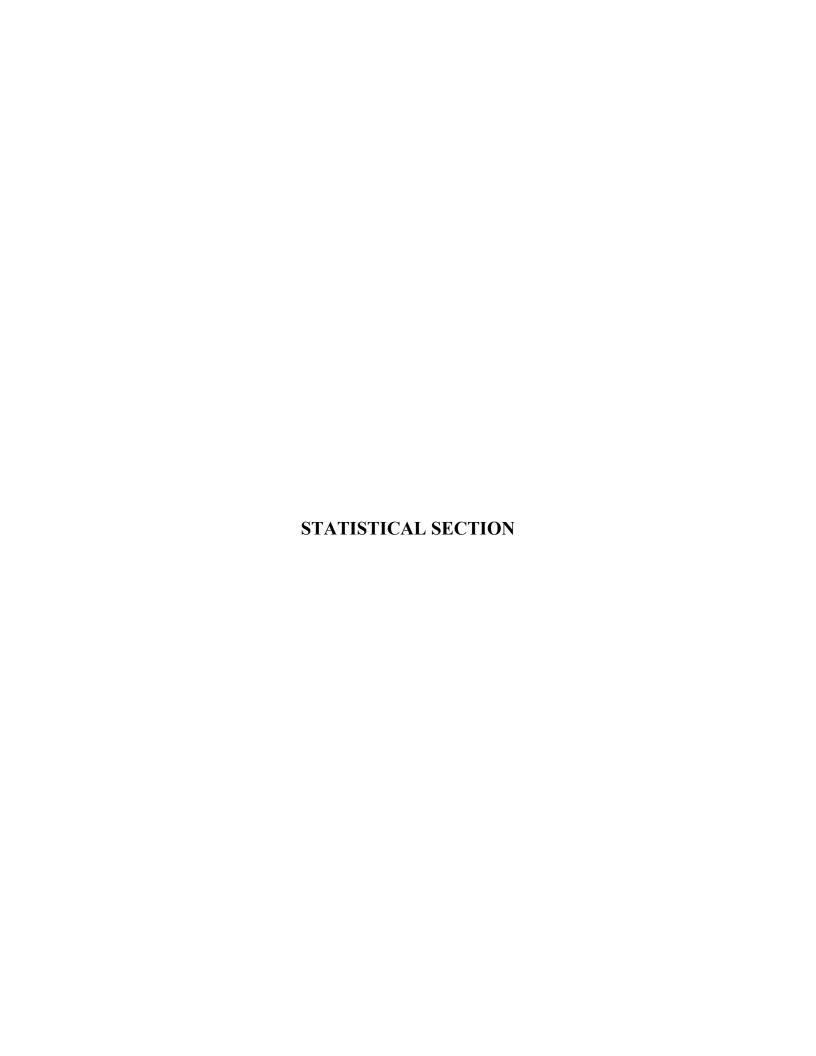


FIDUCIARY FUND

Agency Fund – To account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others.

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Balance ne 30, 2013	 Additions	R	eductions	Balance June 30, 2014	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 942,742	\$ 150,874	\$	-	\$	1,093,616
Accounts receivable	28,305	-		(27,796)		509
Due from other governments	86,842	 		(86,842)		
Total Assets	\$ 1,057,889	\$ 150,874	\$	(114,638)	\$	1,094,125
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 1,057,619	\$ 36,506	\$	-	\$	1,094,125





Statistical Section (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

This part of the City of Agoura Hill's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

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These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	83
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the government's most significant current local revenue source, the property tax.	93
Debt Capacity	
These schedules contain present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	105
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	109

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year. The City implemented Statement 34 in 2003; however, the City implemented Statement 44 in 2006. Schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Net Assets by Component Last Nine Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year					
	2006	2007	2008	2009		
Governmental activities						
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 39,154,947	\$ 46,162,983	\$ 48,276,081	* \$ 49,983,660		
Restricted	11,384,644	8,427,779	23,887,822	26,521,423		
Unrestricted	19,552,713	24,640,773	10,795,825	9,262,568		
Total primary government net assets-restated	\$ 70,092,304	\$ 79,231,535	\$ 82,959,728	\$ 85,767,651		

^{*}See note 4(i)-The beginning net assets of July 1, 2008 have been restated due to an error in recording of capital assets. The City adjusted the beginning building and improvements account to include the community center building.

Fiscal Year

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	
\$ 57,211,864	\$ 66,710,006	\$ 67,179,564	\$ 66,545,330	\$ 71,090,637	
12,056,277	4,028,535	2,662,523	2,476,389	4,054,814	
16,091,249	15,309,694	13,973,910	15,956,212	37,934,272	
\$ 85,359,390	\$ 86,048,235	\$ 83,815,997	\$ 84,977,931	\$ 113,079,723	

(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
		2006		2007		2008		2009
Expenses								
Governmental activities								
General government	\$	3,110,794	\$	2,955,695	\$	2,930,987	\$	3,054,767
Public safety		2,719,899		2,917,439		3,456,845		4,186,728
Public works		3,291,807		2,797,710		4,717,054		4,129,327
Community development		3,605,839		1,424,676		1,549,091		1,899,937
Pass through to other agencies		2,528,528		2,721,575		3,436,430		3,805,788
Community services		1,815,186		1,348,155		1,590,653		1,992,453
Interest on long-term debt (unallocated)		463,903		245,668		2,530,675		1,486,082
Total primary government expenses	\$	17,535,956	\$	14,410,918	\$	20,211,735	\$	20,555,082
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities								
Charges for Services								
General government	\$	16,009	\$	5,465	\$	_	\$	155,154
Public safety		315,266		221,310		224,473		575,792
Public works		1,582,580		1,650,150		1,047,910		162,319
Community development		-		-		-		182,152
Community services		342,090		331,778		327,249		286,443
Operating grants and contributions		5,121,839		4,495,414		4,884,543		1,894,247
Capital grants and contributions		128,782		1,189,144		-		3,555,911
Total primary government program revenues	\$	7,506,566	\$	7,893,261	\$	6,484,175	\$	6,812,018
Net (Expense)/Revenue								
Total primary government net expense	\$	(10,029,390)	\$	(6,981,808)	\$	(14,439,436)	\$	(14,233,778
Const. December 10th of Change 1 Not B								
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Po Governmental activities:	sition							
Taxes	\$	11,598,025	\$	14,159,127	\$	15,682,063	\$	15,534,187
Intergovernmental revenues		1,709,143		145,874		218,813		84,860
Investment earnings		1,159,494		1,487,500		1,284,265		1,038,661
Other revenues		268,863		328,538		572,992		383,994
Extraordinary item								
Total primary government	\$	14,735,525	\$	16,121,039	\$	17,758,133	\$	17,041,702
Change in Net Position								
Total primary government	\$	4,706,135	\$	9,139,231	\$	3,318,697	\$	2,807,924

	Fiscal Year												
	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014				
	·		_				_						
Ф	2 707 117	Ф	2 102 001	Ф	2 000 400	Ф	4 22 4 07 4	Ф	4 205 272				
\$	3,797,117	\$	3,192,991	\$	2,809,488	\$	4,224,974	\$	4,395,273				
	4,069,389		4,355,912		4,101,347		4,307,129		4,364,195				
	5,557,145		5,563,786		5,141,512		3,095,828		3,114,273				
	1,821,939		1,595,785		1,055,293		989,646		985,074				
	3,677,954		3,602,569		1,449,565		-						
	2,223,534		1,912,544		1,957,257		1,999,606		2,184,204				
	1,407,800		1,359,595		953,642		470,616		761,822				
\$	22,554,878	\$	21,583,182	\$	17,468,104	\$	15,087,799	\$	15,804,841				
\$	63,389	\$	64,506	\$	92,593	\$	129,026	\$	139,006				
	751,293		622,151		530,285		570,023		565,016				
	119,493		156,468		153,422		237,538		240,192				
	78,863		216,354		146,932		246,279		160,965				
	244,876		273,920		285,797		241,107		267,356				
	2,256,379		2,934,225		2,788,229		3,705,524		8,966,874				
	3,102,464		2,680,376		669,308		329,511		2,578,791				
\$	6,616,757	\$	6,948,000	\$	4,666,566	\$	5,459,008	\$	12,918,200				
		_		_									
\$	(15,938,121)	\$	(14,635,182)	\$	(12,801,539)	\$	(9,628,790)	\$	(2,886,641)				
\$	14,617,232 68,491	\$	14,661,200 118,561	\$	12,278,663	\$	10,483,355	\$	11,274,539				
	628,622		323,286		273,503		119,576		154,096				
	253,837		220,980		165,757		187,793		427,017				
									17,223,089				
\$	15,568,182	\$	15,324,027	\$	12,717,923	\$	10,790,724	\$	29,078,741				
						_							
\$	(369,939)	\$	688,845	\$	(83,616)	\$	1,161,934	\$	26,192,100				

Program Revenues by Function/Program

Last Nine Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009
Function/Program				
Governmental activities				
General government	\$ 16,009	\$ 285,465	\$ 4,738	\$ 761,277
Public safety	501,727	351,260	337,573	680,227
Public works	3,578,328	4,491,664	2,558,996	3,904,182
Community development	256,661	34,729	2,040,266	182,152
Transportation	2,811,751	2,398,365	1,215,353	778,816 *
Community services	342,090	331,778	327,249	505,364
Subtotal governmental activities	7,506,566	7,893,261	6,484,175	6,812,018
Total primary government	\$ 7,506,566	\$ 7,893,261	\$ 6,484,175	\$ 6,812,018

^{*}Amounts for transportation were reclassified to Public Works for FY09-10.

			F	iscal Year				
2010		2011		2012		2013		2014
\$ 282,768	\$	134,837	\$	212,500	\$	267,650	\$	2,599,863
931,494		803,246		651,076		670,023		665,016
4,554,613	5	,514,098		3,086,160		3,981,507		8,847,025
415,188		216,354		156,574		298,721		538,940
432,694		279,465		285,797		241,107		267,356
6,616,757	6	,948,000		4,392,107		5,459,008		12,918,200
\$ 6,616,757	\$ 6	,948,000	\$	4,392,107	\$	5,459,008	\$	12,918,200

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Nine Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
		2006		2007		2008		2009
General Fund								
Reserved	\$	180,819	\$	71,069	\$	93,090	\$	134,910
Unreserved		12,359,069		12,103,349		9,837,238		8,959,990
Nonspendable								
Unassigned								
Total general fund	\$	12,539,888	\$	12,174,418	\$	9,930,328	\$	9,094,900
All Other Governmental Funds								
Reserved	\$	4,098,168	\$	7,448,983	\$	18,291,348	\$	22,888,774
Unreserved, reported in:								
Special revenue funds		7,286,476		3,500,346		8,197,646		10,395,593
Capital projects funds		3,278,994		4,613,514		9,696,926		5,535,244
Debt service funds		324,222		104,617		9,970		8,958
Nonspendable								
Restricted								
Committed								
Assigned								
Unassigned								
Total all other governmental funds	\$	14,987,860	\$	15,667,460	\$	36,195,890	\$	38,828,569

Fiscal Year											
	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		
\$	132,485 10,213,579										
	-, -,	\$	31,299,253	\$	141,253	\$	141,664	\$	17,383,605		
			8,547,388		8,883,578		8,395,180		8,494,117		
\$	10,346,064	\$	39,846,641	\$	9,024,831	\$	8,536,844	\$	25,877,722		
\$	21,487,071 5,077,850 6,246,015 2,948	¢	25	¢.		¢.		¢			
		\$	25 19,256,902 5,719,151 488,970 (31,333,386)	\$	1,329,096 4,254,585 3,393,238 (726,092)	\$	1,025,338 4,007,782 4,095,172 (1,203,852)	\$	5,165,834 4,162,269 4,618,668		
\$	32,813,884	\$	(5,868,338)	\$	8,250,827	\$	7,924,440	\$	13,946,771		

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

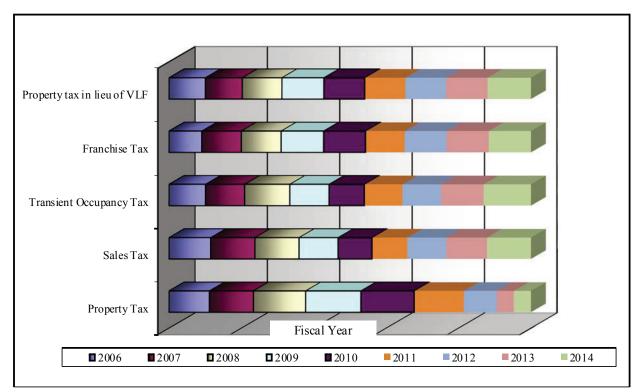
Last Nine Fiscal Years

(modified basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year						
	2006	2007	2008	2009			
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 13,139,767	\$ 14,159,127	\$ 15,682,063	\$ 15,534,187			
Licenses and permits	370,768	509,804	353,731	265,706			
Intergovernmental revenues	3,729,532	2,924,586	4,718,608	5,540,391			
Charges for services	1,772,383	3,143,141	1,393,074	851,052			
Fines and forfeitures	315,266	221,310	237,572	273,040			
Use of money and property	1,299,706	1,509,049	1,284,265	1,038,662			
Contributions from private sources							
Other revenues	256,044	362,048	572,992	658,490			
Total Revenues	20,883,466	22,829,065	24,242,305	24,161,528			
Expenditures							
General government	2,608,602	2,694,762	2,948,429	2,862,969			
Pass through to other agencies	2,528,528	2,721,575	3,411,775	3,805,788			
Public safety	2,719,899	2,917,439	3,456,845	4,186,728			
Community development	1,952,492	1,409,765	1,492,470	1,899,937			
Community services	1,806,016	1,320,147	1,590,653	1,945,018			
Public works	1,650,323	2,627,186	3,394,282	2,542,687			
Capital outlay	10,068,857	11,097,394	3,689,451	8,021,635			
Debt service							
Cost of issuance		331,308	873,994	-			
Interest	463,903	226,635	439,678	1,245,976			
Principal payments	205,000		230,000	165,000			
Total expenditures	24,003,620	25,346,211	21,527,577	26,675,738			
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,120,154)	(2,517,146)	2,714,728	(2,514,210)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Debt proceeds		12,060,000	15,750,000	-			
Premium/(discount) on debt issuance		(67,013)	(180,391)	-			
Transfer in		6,445,254	19,024,551	3,206,479			
Transfers out		(6,445,254)	(19,024,551)	(3,206,479)			
Amount transferred to escrow		(9,161,711)					
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,831,276	15,569,609				
Extraordinary item							
Net change in fund balances	\$ (3,120,154)	\$ 314,130	\$ 18,284,337	\$ (2,514,210)			
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	4.8%	1.6%	3.8%	7.6%			

		Fiscal Year		
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
\$ 14,617,232	\$ 14,661,200	\$ 12,278,663	\$ 10,483,355	\$ 11,270,895
395,989	288,600	329,863	394,768	430,875
2,829,479	1,801,400	2,424,323	2,181,324	9,755,904
1,391,044	1,680,175	1,679,567	1,710,409	1,420,436
274,144	240,884	215,936	154,311	133,653
670,791	365,301	313,926	157,882	197,514
				2,300,000
1,347,064	3,099,374	677,494	174,803	195,034
21,525,743	22,136,934	17,919,772	15,256,852	25,704,311
4,861,099	4,670,903	4,015,644	3,811,416	8,209,942
3,677,954	3,602,569	1,449,565	-	-
4,067,469	4,354,162	4,094,222	4,295,475	4,356,837
1,760,141	1,540,226	997,422	986,968	983,413
2,172,320	1,856,083	1,475,157	1,951,342	1,999,590
2,129,187	2,141,322	2,638,353	2,281,079	2,995,490
5,662,811	11,392,225	1,980,972	2,076,715	3,783,745
_	_	_	_	_
1,396,358	1,381,089	925,126	473,231	763,158
365,000	380,000	395,000	195,000	200,000
26,092,339	31,318,579	17,971,461	16,071,226	23,292,175
(4,566,596)	(9,181,645)	(51,689)	(814,374)	2,412,136
(1,500,570)	(5,101,015)	(31,007)	(011,571)	2,112,130
				3,675,000
	_	_	_	52,984
10,821,932	34,881,363	6,410,105	1,961,194	3,749,109
(10,821,932)	(34,881,363)	(6,410,105)	(1,961,194)	(3,749,109)
(10,021,732)	(51,001,505)	(0,110,103)	(1,501,151)	(3,713,103)
	-		-	3,727,984
				17,223,089
\$ (4,566,596)	\$ (9,181,645)	\$ (51,689)	\$ (814,374)	\$ 23,363,209
8.6%	8.8%	8.3%	4.8%	4.9%

Fiscal Year	 Property Tax	Sales Tax	Fransient Occupancy Tax	F	ranchise Tax	Property tax in lieu of VLF	Total
2006	\$ 5,740,245	\$ 3,622,790	\$ 1,643,675	\$	591,312	\$ 1,541,745	\$ 13,139,767
2007	6,264,171	3,845,844	1,766,582		713,001	1,569,529	14,159,127
2008	7,421,654	3,829,708	2,033,069		718,194	1,679,438	15,682,063
2009	7,837,992	3,388,117	1,767,254		764,392	1,776,432	15,534,187
2010	7,586,568	2,948,718	1,590,124		757,737	1,734,085	14,617,232
2011	7,034,500	3,050,187	1,709,143		703,309	1,716,083	14,213,222
2012	4,678,338	3,379,646	1,738,467		753,957	1,728,255	12,278,663
2013	2,420,000	3,545,379	1,915,323		758,890	1,757,705	10,397,297
2014 Change	2,439,000	3,815,723	2,134,688		762,214	1,839,717	10,991,342
2006-2014	-57.51%	5.33%	29.87%		28.90%	19.33%	-16.35%



Notes: Includes all governmental fund types (General, Special Revenue,

Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds).

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Nine Fiscal Years

(modified basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Land	Improvements	Personal Property	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2006	1,753,862	1,776,430	1,050	6,301	3,525,041	0.00%
2007	1,931,694	1,854,197	973	14,216	3,772,643	0.00%
2008	2,038,122	1,964,075	1,506	14,663	3,989,040	0.00%
2009	1,943,554	1,967,527	312	14,051	3,897,342	0.00%
2010	1,919,453	1,953,601	615	15,882	3,857,787	0.00%
2011	1,940,771	1,956,441	807	15,556	3,882,463	0.00%
2012	1,934,879	2,002,645	1,378	16,663	3,922,239	0.00%
2013	2,032,603	2,103,373	1,363	17,064	4,120,276	0.00%
2014	2,175,810	2,185,631	2,173	17,301	4,346,313	0.00%

Note:

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at a time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above. The County does not provide breakout of residential, commercial and industrial assessed values to the cities.

Source: County of Los Angeles, Auditor - Controller

		0	verlapping Rat	es		
Fiscal Year	Basic County (1)	Los Angeles County	School Districts	Water Districts	Flood Control District	Total Tax Rates
2006	1.0000	0.0008	0.0413	0.0052	0.0001	1.0474
2007	1.0000	0.0007	0.0495	0.0047	0.0000	1.0549
2008	1.0000	0.0000	0.0578	0.0045	0.0000	1.0623
2009	1.0000	0.0000	0.0721	0.0043	0.0000	1.0764
2010	1.0000	0.0000	0.0775	0.0043	0.0000	1.0818
2011	1.0000	0.0000	0.1049	0.0037	0.0000	1.1086
2012	1.0000	0.0000	0.1049	0.0037	0.0000	1.1086
2013	1.0000	0.0000	0.1201	0.0035	0.0000	1.1236
2014	1.0000	0.0000	0.1135	0.0035	0.0000	1.1170

Note: (1) In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of school, water and flood control district bonds.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		2014		2000			
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	
Tishman Speyer Archstone Smith	\$159,141,289	1	3.86%	\$21,915,130	2	0.94%	
WSI I AHR LLC	30,906,000	2	0.75%				
FW CA Twin Oaks Shopping Center LLC	29,979,466	3	0.73%				
Bank of America	28,975,911	4	0.70%				
Whizin Market Square	27,306,230	5	0.66%				
Apple Seven Hospitality Ownership Inc	22,050,354	6	0.54%				
Loja Agoura Hills LLC	19,889,998	7	0.48%				
Teradyne Inc	19,787,182	8	0.48%	72,590,771	1	3.12%	
Agoura Business Center East LLC	19,316,463	9	0.47%	11,547,536	10	0.50%	
Agoura Design Center LP	19,202,611	10	0.47%				
Litton International Development Corp				16,020,000	3	0.69%	
Cornerstone Properties LP				18,360,000	4	0.79%	
Agoura Hills Realty LP				17,391,232	5	0.75%	
BPP Retail LLC				16,000,740	6	0.69%	
Holualoa Agoura E and R				13,773,285	7	0.59%	
Agoura Meadows Investors				12,690,731	8	0.54%	
Kanan Group				11,771,601	9	0.51%	
Total	\$ 376,555,504		9.14%	\$ 212,061,026		9.12%	

Comparative amounts for 9 years ago are unavailable. The City will incorporate comparative information as it becomes available. The amounts shown above include assessed value data for both the City and the Redevelopment Agency.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Secured Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Nine Fiscal Years

	Tayor Lovied	Collected within the Taxes Levied Fiscal Year of the Levy Collections				Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy			
2006	1,840,131	1,827,723	99.33%	12,404	1,840,127	100.00%			
2007	2,041,232	1,964,090	96.22%	77,142	2,041,232	100.00%			
2008	2,140,807	1,997,067	93.29%	143,740	2,140,807	100.00%			
2009	2,241,091	2,040,506	91.05%	122,366	2,162,872	96.51%			
2010	2,161,454	2,012,132	93.09%	77,094	2,089,226	96.66%			
2011	2,158,455	2,012,517	93.24%	45,259	2,057,776	95.34%			
2012	2,186,162	2,070,611	94.71%	51,656	2,122,267	97.08%			
2013	2,207,605	2,098,798	95.07%	54,541	2,153,339	97.54%			
2014	2,298,395	2,196,070	95.55%	0	2,196,070	95.55%			

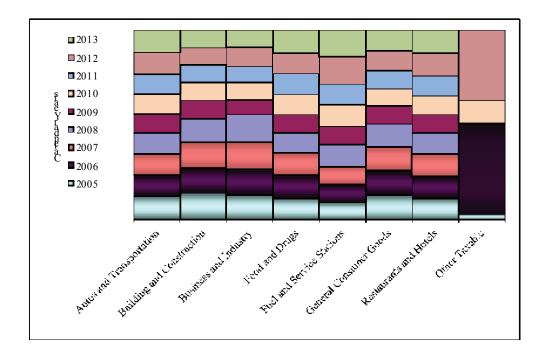
Sources: City of Agoura Hills financial information. County of Los Angeles, Auditor - Controller. California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Taxable Sales by Category

Last Nine Fiscal Years

(in thousands of dollars)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Autos and Transportation	\$ 107	\$ 96	\$ 95	\$ 98	\$ 85	\$ 90	\$ 91	\$ 98	\$ 103
Building and Construction	212	202	200	191	141	148	137	135	142
Business and Industry	649	678	725	716	372	471	417	509	454
Food and Drugs	259	280	273	239	216	241	255	245	280
Fuel and Service Stations	562	592	597	704	612	724	669	898	877
General Consumer Goods	930	932	915	865	689	647	709	739	797
Restaurants and Hotels	584	596	618	582	500	520	560	619	632
Other Taxable	5	88	-	-	-	22	-	68	
Total	\$ 3,303	\$ 3,377	\$ 3,424	\$ 3,396	\$ 2,615	\$ 2,840	\$ 2,837	\$ 3,243	\$ 3,285
City direct sales tax rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%



Notes: Calendar year 2014 not available.

Source: MuniServices

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Nine Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	Los Angeles County	State of California
			_
2006	0.00%	2.00%	6.25%
2007	0.00%	2.00%	6.25%
2008	0.00%	2.00%	6.25%
2009	0.00%	2.00%	6.25%
2010	0.00%	2.50%	7.25%
2011	0.00%	1.50%	7.25%
2012	0.00%	1.50%	7.25%
2013	0.00%	1.50%	7.50%
2014	0.00%	1.50%	7.50%

Source: California State Board of Equalization

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Nine Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	1999 Lease Revenue Bonds (1)	2007 Lease Refunding Bonds (2)	2008 RDA Tax Allocation Bonds (3)	2008 RDA Housing Set-Aside Bonds (4)	2013 Lease Revenue Bonds(5)	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (a)	Per Capita (a)	
2006	8,810	-	-	-	-	10	8,820	0.72%	167	
2007	-	12,060	-	-	-	-	12,060	0.93%	218	
2008	-	11,830	5,750	10,000	-	-	27,580	2.02%	468	
2009		11,665	5,750	10,000	-		27,415	1.93%	450	
2010		11,490	5,690	9,850	-		27,030	2.55%	518	
2011		11,310	5,640	9,720	-		26,670	2.73%	557	
2012		11,125	5,580	9,570	-		26,275	2.66%	544	
2013		10,930	5,515	-	-		16,445	1.51%	309	
2014		10,730	5,515		3,675		19,920	2.13%	438	

Notes:

- (a) See Schedule for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.
- These Lease Revenue Bonds were issued during fiscal year 1999, and refunded in March 2007.
- (2) March 2007, the City issued Series 2007 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds to refund the 1999 Lease Revenue Bonds.
- (3) 2008 Tax Allocation Bonds issued June 5 to finance certain redevelopment projects within the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Area. (See Note 2)
- (4) June 5, 2008, the RDA issued Housing Set-Asie Tax Allocation Bonds bonds to finance low and moderate income housing of the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency.
- (5) September 1, 2013, the City issued Lease Revenue Bonds to finance a portion of the recreation center project.

Sources: Department of Finance

City of Agoura Hills financial data

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Nine Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Fiscal Year	Re	Lease funding Bonds	Redevelop Bonds		Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	 Per apita (2)
2006	\$	8,820			\$ 8,820	0.25%	\$ 379.67
2007		12,060			12,060	0.32%	516.71
2008		11,830	1	5,750	27,580	0.73%	1,188.64
2009		11,665	1	5,570	27,235	0.68%	1,171.40
2010		11,490	1	5,560	27,050	0.69%	1,329.76
2011		11,310	1	5,360	26,670	0.69%	1,307.80
2012	\$	11,125	\$ 15	5,150	26,275	0.68%	\$ 1,287.17
2013	\$	10,930			10,930	0.28%	\$ 533.17
2014	\$	14,405			14,405	0.35%	\$ 702.13

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See schedule for property value data.

(2) See scendule for population data.

Source: City of Agoura Hills financial data.

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Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

Last Nine Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Governmental Unit Debt repaid with property taxes	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (a)	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt	
Los Angeles County Flood Control District	\$ 17,480,000	0.371 %	\$ 64,851	
Metropolitan Water District	132,275,000	0.192	253,968	
Los Angeles Community College District	3,642,560,000	0.671	24,441,578	
Las Virgenes Joint Unified School District	157,579,487	22.499	35,453,809	
Los Angeles Co. Regional Park & Open Space Assessment Dist.	113,615,000	0.368	418,103	
Other debt				
Los Angeles County General Fund Obligations	1,835,420,030	0.368	6,754,346	
Los Angeles County Supt. of Schools Certificates of Participation	9,529,882	0.368	35,070	
Las Virgenes Joint Unified School District Certificates of Participation	11,445,000	22.499	2,575,011	
Subtotal, overlapping debt			69,996,735	
City direct debt				
City of Agoura Hills General Fund Obligations	14,505,000	100.000	14,505,000	
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 84,501,735	(b)

Notes:

Sources:

California Municipal Statistics, Inc. City of Agoura Hills financial data

⁽a) Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within the boundaries of the city. The method used was ratio of the overlapping district's assessed valuation that lies within the city multiplied by the total debt outstanding.

⁽b) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Legal Debt Margin Information

Last Nine Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

		Fisc	cal Yea	ır	
	2014	2013		2012	 2011
Debt limit Total net debt applicable to limit	\$ 157,301	\$ 150,109	\$	148,608	\$ 147,562
Legal debt margin	\$ 157,301	\$ 150,109	\$	148,608	\$ 147,562
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2014

Assessed Valuations:	
Gross Assessed Value	\$ 4,194,685
Debt Limitation - 3.75% of Total Assessed Value Less debt applicable to limitation	\$ 157,301
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 157,301

Notes: Under state finance law, the city's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed

15 percent of total assessed property value. The Code section was enacted when assessed valuations

were based on 25% of full market value. This has since changed to 100% of full market

value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set

aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

Sources: County of Los Angeles, Auditor - Controller

City of Agoura Hills financial data California Municipal Statistics, Inc. Fiscal Year

2010	2009	 2008	2007	2006
\$ 149,109	\$ 152,754	\$ 144,390	\$ 109,873	\$ 126,970
\$ 149,109	\$ 152,754	\$ 144,390	\$ 109,873	\$ 126,970
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Nine Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Median Age (2)	Percentage of Residents with at least some college	City Unemployment Rate (3)
2006	23,231	1,226,132	52,780	38.0	80%	1.8%
2007	23,340	1,296,234	55,537	38.5	80%	2.2%
2008	23,203	1,368,432	58,977	39.0	80%	3.6%
2009	23,250	1,417,285	60,959	38.0	77%	5.0%
2010	20,342	1,061,385	52,177	39.0	77%	5.5%
2011	20,393	976,050	47,862	38.5	83%	5.5%
2012	20,413	986,417	48,323	42.5	82%	4.9%
2013	20,500	1,090,457	53,193	42.5	96%	4.5%
2014	20,516	933,437	45,498	42.5	96%	3.6%

* Projected figures

(1) Source: State of California, Department of Finance

(2) Source: UCSB Economic Forecast Project

(3) Source: State of California, Employment Development Department, Labor Market Information Division

		Fiscal Year			
		2	2014	2	2013
			Percentage to		Percentage
			Total City		of Total City
	Activity	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment
Company or Organization					
Bank of America	Banking	693	5.78%	928	7.93%
Las Virgenes USD*	Government	480	4.00%	568	4.85%
IBM Corporation	Technology	206	1.72%	206	1.76%
Teradyne Inc	Manufacturing	201	1.68%	230	1.97%
Farmers Financial Solutions	Insurance	200	1.67%	200	1.71%
Touch Commerce	Internet	170	1.42%	200	1.71%
Zebra Technologies	Publishing	155	1.29%	190	1.62%
Pacific Compensation Insurance	Insurance	148	1.23%	149	1.27%
Wood Ranch Barbecue	Restaurant	125	1.04%	135	1.15%
Nationwide Medical	Medical	118	0.98%	139	1.19%
Total Top Employer	S	2,496	20.80%	2,945	25.17%
Total City Employment (1)		12,000		11,700	

Note: Data for nine years ago (2003) is not available

Pacific Compensation Insurance formerly Employers Direct Insurance

Source: Results based on direct correspondence with city's local $% \left\{ 1\right\} =\left\{ 1\right\} =\left$

businesses

^{*} Employee Count is based on Agoura Hills school sites only

^(1.) Total City Employment provided by EDD Labor Force Data

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Nine Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year				
	2006	2007	2008	2009	
Function/Program					
General government	9.50	9.45	9.60	9.45	
Community development	7.54	6.50	6.50	6.50	
Community services	7.65	7.00	7.00	7.00	
Public works	6.25	6.50	6.50	6.50	
Building and safety	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	
Redevelopment/Successor Agency	2.40	3.05	2.90	3.05	
Total full-time equivalent employees	36.84	36.00	36.00	36.00	

Notes: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and

sick leave). Full-time-equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours

by 2,080.

The City implemented Statement 34 in 2003; however, the City implemented Statement 44 in 2006.

Schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Sources: City of Agoura Hills financial information

Fiscal	Year

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2010	2011	2012	2013	2014				
9.85	9.85	9.78	10.30	10.43				
4.80	4.10	4.65	6.27	6.27				
7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00				
6.55	6.35	6.70	6.00	6.00				
3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00				
3.80	5.50	3.87	1.43	1.30				
35.00	35.80	35.00	34.00	34.00				

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Nine Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year			
	2006	2007	2008	2009
Function/Program				
Parks and recreation				
Number of City sponsored events	21	26	26	28
Public Works				
Street resurfacing (lane miles)	9	6	6	7
Solid Waste				
Residential Recycling Collected (pounds)*	5,826,240	7,306,880	8,093,120	15,789,700
Electronics Collected (pounds)*	0	0	7,398	10,994
Used Oil Collection (gallons)	859	859	860	1,130
Automobile Battery Collections (pounds)	5,016	5,016	5,368	2,288
Used Paint Collection (gallons)	1,547	2,726	2,621	2,256
Transportation				
Total route (miles)	180,330	180,096	162,299	115,188
Passengers (annually)	38,134	38,792	34,226	17,594

Note: The City implemented Statement 34 in 2003; however, the City implemented Statement 44 in 2006. Schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Source: Various city departments

^{*} Residential Recycling Collected includes items such as paper/cardboard/glass/metal/plastic & greenwaste Electronics did not have a city collection program prior to 2008

Fiscal Year							
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014			
34	34	36	36	40			
7	8	3	3	2			
14,518,840	18,702,640	15,014,000	15,086,440	11,240,380			
3,943	18,791	13,241	11,755	13,011			
867	775	921	620	519			
1,920	1,000	1,450	6,138	640			
1,959	1,967	3,027	1,933	1,165			
122,274	137,395	179,945	166,772	121,435			
20,014	32,501	38,122	34,760	20,296			

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Eight Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year				
	2006	2007	2008	2009	
Function/Program					
Public works					
Bridges	19	19	19	19	
Streets/Highway (miles)	126	126	126	126	
Traffic signals	52	52	52	53	
Parks and recreation					
Basketball courts					
Full	0	1	1	1	
Half Courts	3	3	3	3	
Community centers	1	1	1	1	
Recreation Centers	1	1	1	1	
Parks	6	6	6	6	
Tennis courts	0	0	9	9	

Note: The City implemented Statement 34 in 2003; however, the City implemented Statement 44 in 2006. Schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Source: Various city departments

Fiscal Year							
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014			
19	19	19	19	19			
126	126	126	126	126			
53	53	53	53	53			
1	1	1	1	1			
3	3	3	3	3			
1	1	1	1	1			
1	1	1	1	1			
6	6	6	6	6			
9	9	9	9	9			

