CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA



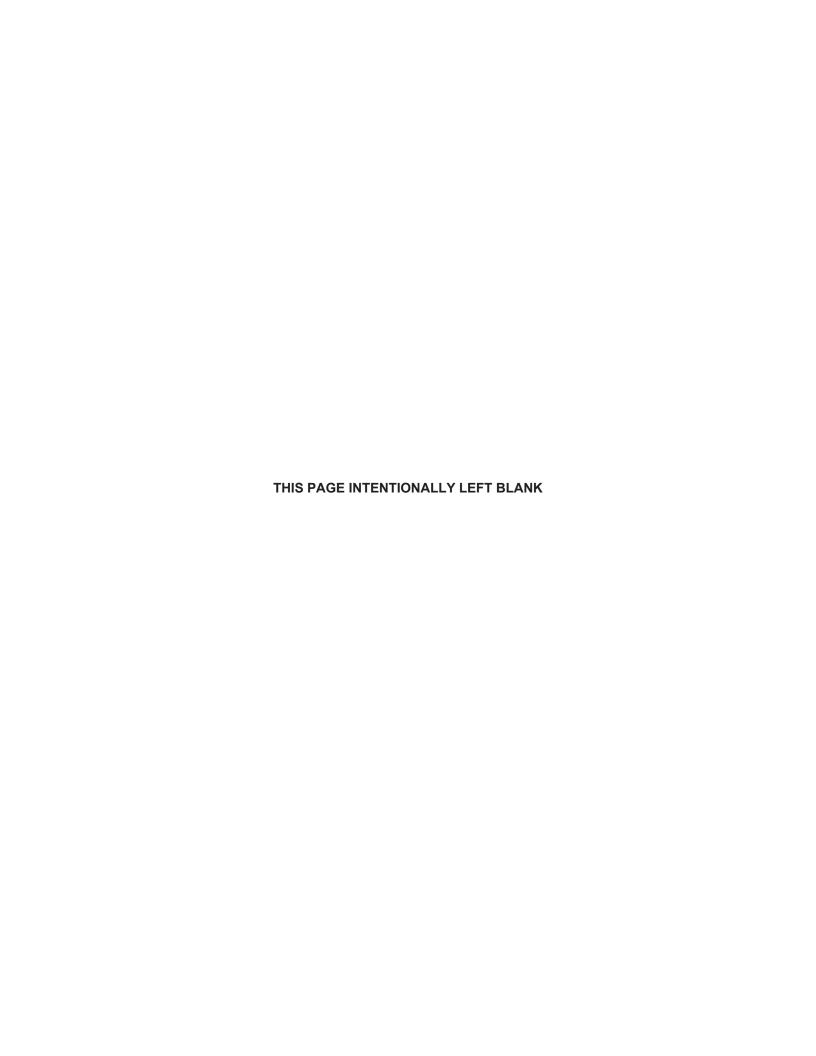
ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

www.agourahillscity.org

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Prepared by: Finance Department



CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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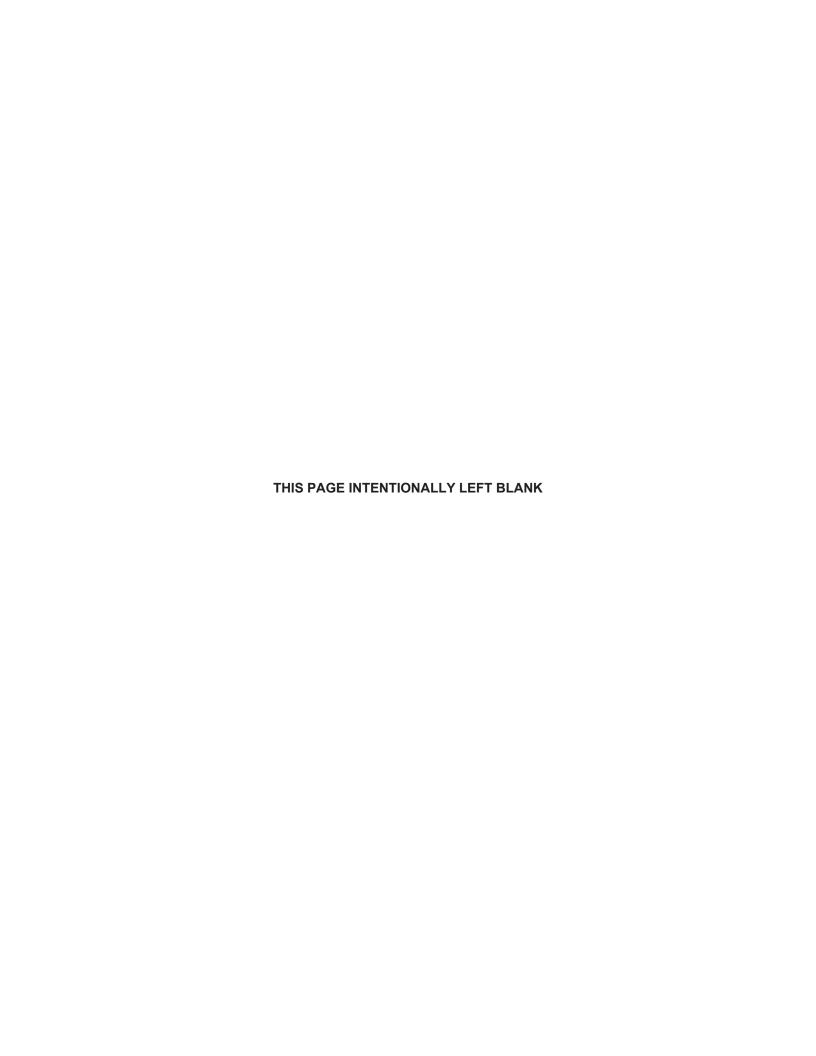
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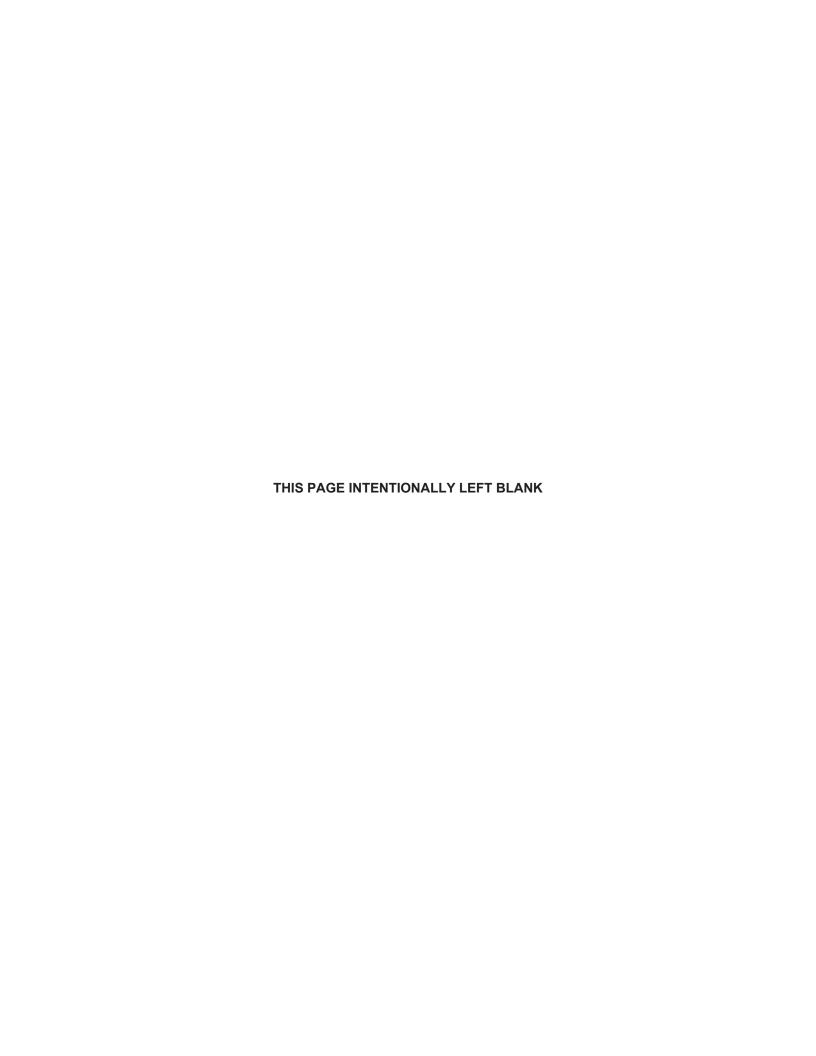
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"Gateway to the Santa Monica Mountains National Recreation Area"

December 14, 2021

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Citizens of the City of Agoura Hills, California

The City (City) of Agoura Hills is pleased to submit its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The ACFR represents a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity, with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and audited, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the fairness of presentation, including all footnotes and disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All material, statements, and disclosures, necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities, have been included. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we attest that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material aspects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP, an accounting firm fully licensed and qualified to perform audits of state and local governments within the State of California. The independent audit involved: examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Agoura Hills' financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

The ACFR is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the City's organization chart, and a list of City officials. The financial section includes the independent auditor's report, the basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and the combining and individual fund financial statements. The statistical section, which is unaudited, contains

selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis, to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the City's MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

Perched on the western edge of Los Angeles County in the foothills of the Santa Monica Mountains, Agoura Hills is located just forty-five minutes from busy downtown Los Angeles but is nevertheless rich with undulating hills and inspiring canyons. Agoura Hills was incorporated December 8, 1982. It is 8.20 square miles in size and has an average climate of 65 degrees Fahrenheit. The City has an altitude of 936 feet to 2,036 feet. Agoura Hills is one of the smaller communities in Los Angeles County, with a population of only 19,844.

The City of Agoura Hills is governed by the City Council/City Manager form of government. A

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Reno
San Francisco®
San Jose
Fresno
Bakersfield

Agoura Hills DA Angeles

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five-member City Council is elected by the residents to oversee City operations and to guide the future development of the community. The terms are staggered so that a measure of continuity is maintained in the transitions from one Council to the next. The Mayor is selected annually by the City Council to serve a one-year term.

The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and appointing a City Manager and City Attorney. The City Council members also serve as the governing body of the following:



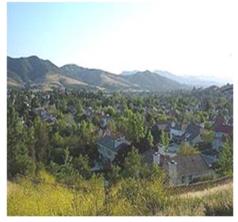
- Public Facilities Corporation
- Public Financing Authority
- Parking Authority
- Improvement Authority

In addition, the City Council appoints the members of the Planning Commission and has representation on the following Boards:

- ❖ Agoura Hills/Calabasas Community Center Board
- ❖ Las Virgenes/Malibu Council of Governments
- Santa Monica Mountains Conservancy
- Clean Power Alliance

The City provides a full range of services, some of which are contracted through outside agencies and/or firms. These services include law enforcement, highways and roads, landscaping services, planning and zoning, building and environmental safety, emergency preparedness, and general administrative services. Certain services are provided by Public Facilities Corporation, the Public Financing Authority and the Improvement Authority. The Agoura Hills City Council exercises financial accountability over each entity, and city staff manages the operations of each of these organizations. These component units' function, in essence, as departments of the City of Agoura Hills and therefore have been included as an integral part of the City of Agoura Hills financial statements. Additional information on these entities can be found in note 1.a. of these financial statements.

For many centuries, the area that would become Agoura Hills was familiar territory Native Americans who wandered inland from their hunts along the sea in search of game and other food. The permanent arrival of the Spanish in the late 1700s banished the Indians from their homes and introduced a ranching culture that would linger into the early twentieth century. In the 1900s, vast cattle and sheep ranches conceded ground to rows of lettuce and celery, orchards, and wheat fields. Ranching and agriculture eventually diminished in importance. Ranchers began dividing their property and selling individual tracts for housing.



From the outset, ranchers and farmers had worried about water supplies and the citizens of Agoura Hills into the mid-1950s shared those concerns. At that time, provision of outside sources of water helped ensure the growth of the community, aided by the new highways, which acted as a conduit for fresh faces and commercial development and contributed to the maturation of Agoura Hills.

The City is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund and department. The City Manager has the authority to transfer between expenditure accounts within the same department, office, agency, or program activity.

LOCAL ECONOMY

In December 2019, an outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) originated in China, and on March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization characterized COVID-19 as a pandemic. The virus caused an economic shutdown and massive lay-offs. As mandates related to the pandemic have been lifted, and the economy has begun recovering, the unemployment rate for June 2021 fell from 16.6% at June 2020 to 7.9% at June 30, 2021 in Agoura Hills, compared to 10.6% in Los Angeles County.

Agoura Hills entices companies to relocate to and remain in the City by charging a low business license fee. As a result, the City enjoys a strong and diverse business and retail base, both of which contribute to revenue received through sales tax.

Agoura Hills is one of the communities in California that is fortunate to have a strong quality of life. The City has a median home value of \$1.2 million, which is two times that of Los Angeles County. The median age of Agoura Hills' residents in 2020 was 44.

AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT

The COVID-19 pandemic continued to bring economic and social challenges in fiscal year 2020-21. Overall, the City experienced revenue losses of over \$8 million during calendar year 2020. Recent increases in transient occupancy tax and Recreation and Event center revenues indicate that the economy is recovering from the financial impacts of COVID-19. However, with continued supply chain issues and the public's hesitancy towards travel, the economy still has not returned to return to pre-pandemic levels.

Through the Federal American Rescue Plan (ARPA), the City was allocated \$4.8 million for COVID-19 pandemic recovery efforts. Half of the City's allocation was received in fiscal year 2020-21 with the remaining amount to be received in summer 2022. As the economy continued to recover from the uncertainty of COVID-19, the City deployed its first ARPA distribution towards governmental services aiding the community's recovery, including the safe reopening of the City's Civic Center and Recreation and Event Center.

With reductions in expenditures and the receipt of ARPA funds, the City of Agoura Hills was able to maintain a solid financial position with strong indicators that the largest revenue source, sales tax, will return to pre-pandemic levels

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The unassigned fund balance in the General Fund (seventy-one percent of total general fund expenditures and operating transfers) falls within the policy guidelines set by the Council for budgetary and planning purposes. In June 2005, the City adopted Resolution No. 05-1378, stating the City Council and City Staff will endeavor to designate an amount equal to or greater than forty percent (40%) of each year's proposed General Fund Operating Budget as the City's unobligated General Fund Reserve.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

In November 2016, Measure M was approved by a two-thirds majority of Los Angeles County, adding a ½ cent sales tax to be used for traffic relief and transportation upgrades throughout the county. The City of Agoura Hills expended \$3.9 million in Measure M monies during the 2020/21 fiscal year primarily on the completion of the Chesebro/Palo Comado Interchange.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers' Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Agoura Hills for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This was the eleventh year that the City achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government entity must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the Finance Department staff. I would also like to express my appreciation to all departments within the City who provided assistance and support.

Sincere appreciation is also expressed to the City Manager, Mayor, and members of the City Council for their support in planning and conducting the operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

Christy Truelsen

Director of Finance

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

Fiscal Year 2020-21



City Officials

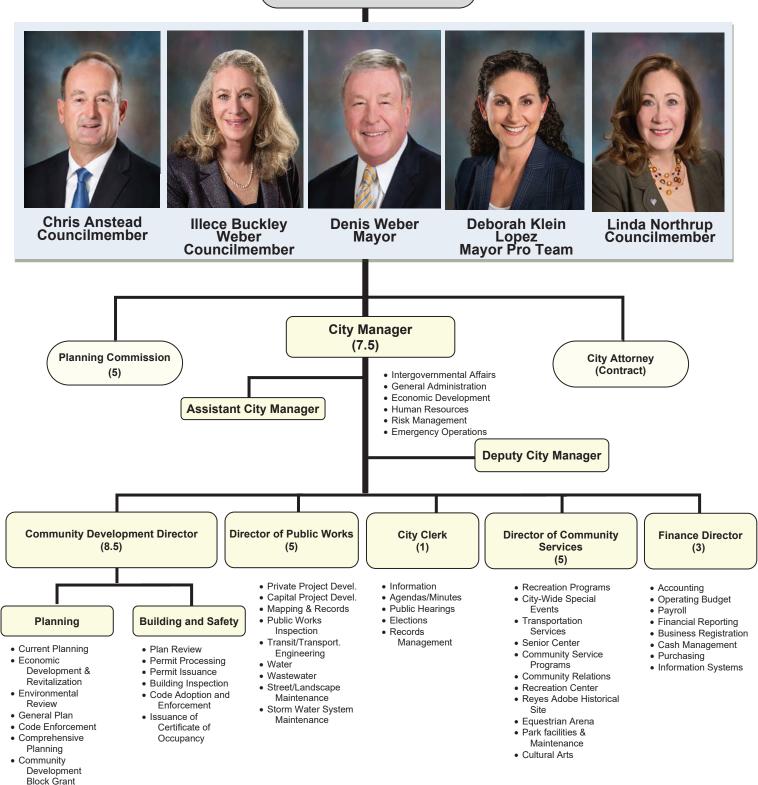
Denis Weber, Mayor Deborah Klein Lopez, Mayor Pro Tem Chris Anstead, Councilmember Illece Buckley Weber, Councilmember Linda Northrup, Councilmember

Nathan Hamburger, City Manager
Ramiro Adeva, Assistant City Manager
Louis Celaya, Deputy City Manager
Jessica Forte, Director of Public Works
Christy Truelsen, Director of Finance
Denice Thomas, Community Development Director
Kimberly Rodrigues, City Clerk
Amy Brink, Director of Community Services

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

AGOURA HILLS RESIDENTS



All police and fire services are provided to residents through a contract with the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department and Consolidated Fire Protection District of Los Angeles County. The City receives fire protection and paramedic services as well as wildfire land fire protection and forestry service from Department of Forester and Fire Warden.



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

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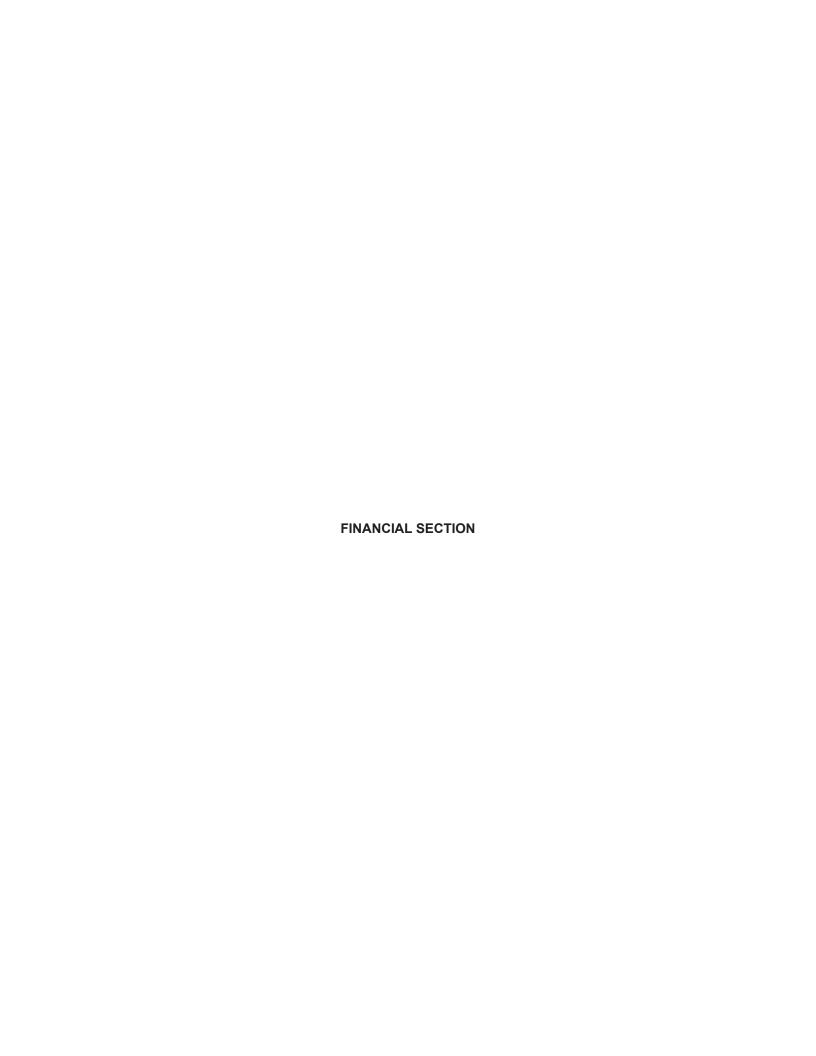
City of Agoura Hills California

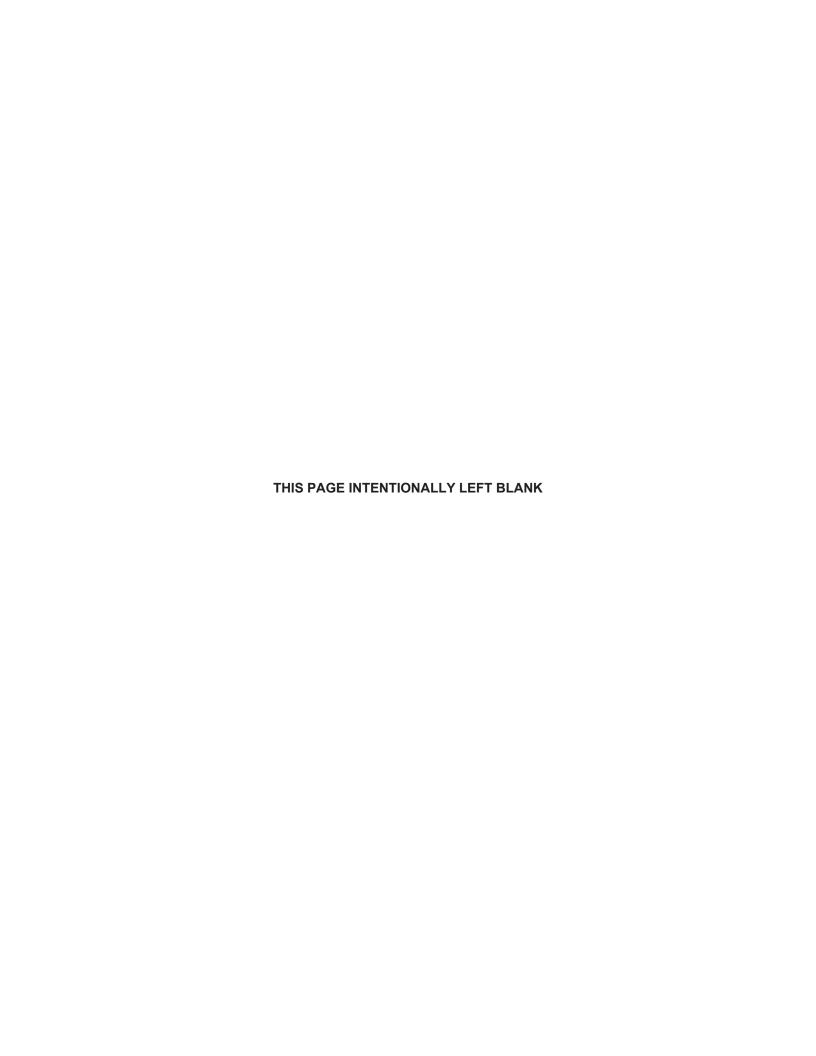
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Agoura Hills, California

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Agoura Hills, California, (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Agoura Hills, California, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

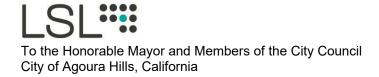
We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the date of the financial statements.





Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if, there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Responsibilities

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund, and the Housing Successor Agency, the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedules of plan contributions, and the schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratio, 63 – 70 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Agoura Hills, California

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2021 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brea, California December 14, 2021 THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is presented as a supplement to the City of Agoura Hills' (City) financial statements. The MD&A offers an objective narrative of the City's financial activities based upon facts, decisions, and conditions known to management as of the auditor's report date for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Readers are encouraged to utilize this report in conjunction with the information outlined in the City's financial statements and notes to the financial statements (found on subsequent pages). A summary of the fiscal year's financial picture immediately follows.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- On June 30, 2021, the City's net position (excess of assets and deferred inflows/outflows of resources over liabilities) was \$163.2 million. Of this amount, \$36.3 million is available to meet the City's ongoing operations to citizens and creditors.
- ❖ During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City's total net position increased by \$5.6 million.
- ❖ As of June 30, 2021, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$10.7 million or 71 percent of total General Fund expenditures and operating transfers.
- ❖ The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$41.0 million, an increase of \$3.6 million compared with the prior fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The basic financial statements include the City (primary government) and all legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The City's component units consist of the following: the Public Facilities Corporation, the Improvement Authority, the Parking Authority and the Public Financing Authority. These component units have been included in the basic financial statements, as an integral part of the primary government, using the blended method.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the City and provide readers with a broad view of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred inflows/outflows of resources and liabilities, with a difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Agoura Hills is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the change's underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e. uncollected taxes and unearned but unused vacation leave).

While some governmental agencies have governmental and business-type activities, the City of Agoura Hills records all activities under governmental activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about the City's major funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law (i.e. Measure R & Transit Tax) and by bond covenants. However, management establishes other funds (i.e. Other Grants) to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money.

The Fund Financial Statements include statements for governmental and fiduciary categories of activities. The governmental activities are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. The following sections provide a more in-depth detailing of the fund groups.

Governmental funds are reported, in essentially the same way as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements with an exception; governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources. This means governmental fund financial statements identify current sources and uses of money within the immediate fiscal year. Benefits derived include a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides, which assist in determining whether there are sufficient financial resources available to meet the City's current needs.

Since the scope of the governmental funds is different than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is beneficial to comparatively examine information presented for the governmental funds with information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. From this, readers gain a clearer picture of the long-term impacts current financial decisions might yield. When examined together, the governmental funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide the reader with a different snapshot that identities variances between the two different methodologies of governmental activities and governmental funds.

The major governmental funds include the General Fund, Successor Housing Agency Special Revenue Fund, the Measure R Capital Projects Fund, and the Measure M Capital Projects Fund, which are reported in detail in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements. All other funds are shown in the aggregate as other non-major funds. Individual fund data for other non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of supplementary information elsewhere in the report.

Fiduciary Funds— the City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds held on behalf of external parties. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the resources of

these funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information, including the City's budgetary schedules.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

Net position is a good indicator of the City's financial position. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, net position of the City was \$163.2 million, which is an increase of \$5.6 million from the prior year.

Following is the condensed Statement of Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

City of Agoura Hills Net Position As of June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
Current and other assets	\$ 51,440,836	\$ 47,508,194
Capital assets	134,905,890	131,510,386
Total Assets	186,346,726	179,018,580
Deferred outflows	2,086,700	2,139,633
Current liabilities	5,297,088	3,972,567
Long-term liabilities outstanding	19,294,411	18,424,357
Total Liabilities	24,591,499	22,396,924
Deferred inflows	622,760	808,879
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	122,562,958	119,055,509
Restricted	4,386,297	3,391,714
Unrestricted	36,269,912	35,505,187
Total Net Position	\$ 163,219,167	\$ 157,952,410

At June 30, 2021 the largest portion of net position (75 percent) consists of the City's investment in capital assets net of related debt. This component portrays the amount of funds required to acquire those assets, less any related debt used for such acquisition that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. The capital assets of the City are not sources of income for repayment of debt as most assets are not revenue generating and generally are not

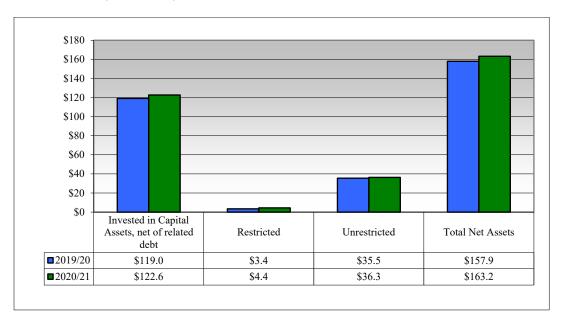
liquidated to repay debt. Therefore, debt service payments are funded from other sources available to the City.

An additional portion of the City's net position (\$4.4 million) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$36.3 million) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 the City reported positive balances in all three of the categories of net position.

- ❖ The \$3.5 million increase in the City's net investment in capital assets was primarily related to Measure R and Measure M Capital Projects.
- Restricted net position increased \$994,583 which is a 29 percent increase, primarily related to an increased availability of transportation related funding.
- Unrestricted net position increased \$764,725 primarily due to the receipt of grant funding which reimbursed the General Fund for operating expenditures.

The following chart shows the comparison of the three components of net position for fiscal years 2019/20 and 2020/21 (in millions).



Statement of Activities

The following is the condensed Statement of Activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

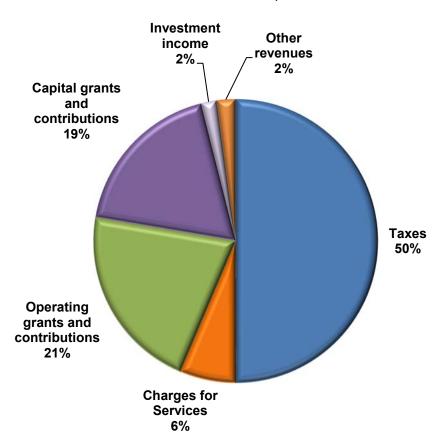
Statement of Activities Changes For the Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

2021	2020
\$1,648,889	\$1,468,051
5,461,487	4,742,094
4,731,794	4,441,925
12,834,290	12,580,449
451,118	847,549
556,383	1,710,846
25,683,961	25,790,914
4,883,137	5,075,690
4,972,577	5,395,088
5,403,352	4,567,546
2,405,357	2,387,667
1,926,403	2,904,129
535,104	559,031
20,125,930	20,889,151
5,558,031	4,901,763
157,661,136	152,759,373
\$163,219,167	\$157,661,136
	\$1,648,889 5,461,487 4,731,794 12,834,290 451,118 556,383 25,683,961 4,883,137 4,972,577 5,403,352 2,405,357 1,926,403 535,104 20,125,930 5,558,031 157,661,136

The City's activities increased net position by \$5.6 million which was a 3.5 percent increase from the prior fiscal year.

Revenues by source are shown in the chart below:

Government Actvities - Revenues by Source June 30, 2021



Revenue highlights:

- Charges for services increased 12 percent, or \$180,838, in fiscal year 2020/21. As health mandate ordered for our recreation and event center begin to be lifted, the City is able to offer more classes, camps and other activities in our recreation and event center.
- ❖ Operating grants and contributions increased \$719,393 or 15 percent in fiscal year 2020/21. This primarily relates to an increase in grant money received for the Palo Comado Bridge, offset by a decrease in traffic improvement fees which are received for development.
- ❖ Use of money and property decreased \$396,431, or 47 percent, primarily due to a decline in interest rates and the health order shutdown of the City's rental facility.
- Capital Grants and Contributions increased \$289,869, or 7 percent, in fiscal year 2020/21 primarily due to the timing of capital projects related to Measure R and M grant revenues.

Expense highlights:

Total expenses for the City's activities were \$20.1 million, \$763,221 less than the prior fiscal year.

Program revenues offset total expenses as follows:

- ❖ Those who directly benefited from programs contributed \$1.6 million in charges for services.
- ❖ The City was able to fund some of its programs through grants and contributions from outside sources or other governments for a total amount of \$10.2 million.

Functional expenses (excluding interest on debt) for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were as follows (amount in millions):

	Total Cost of Services		Percent Change	Net (Co Revent Service	ıe of	Percent Change
	2020	2021	2020/21	2020	2021	2020/21
General Government	\$ 5.1	\$ 4.9	-4%	\$ (2.2)	\$ (0.6)	-73%
Public safety	5.4	5.0	-7%	(4.5)	(4.1)	-9%
Public works	4.6	5.4	17%	2.1	0.7	-67%
Community development	2.4	2.4	0%	(2.2)	(1.8)	-18%
Community services	2.9	1.9	-34%	(2.7)	(1.9)	-30%
Total	\$20.4	19.6	-4%	(9.5)	(7.7)	-19%

In total, the net cost of services decreased \$1.8 million. Highlights of the changes are:

- General Government decreased by 73% due to an operating grant received in the General Fund for the American Recovery Plan Act and an increased grant received in Proposition C for the Palo Comado Bridge.
- Community development decreased 18% (\$400,000) due to an increase of fees collected for development.
- Community Services decreased 30% (\$800,000) due to a decrease in required staffing levels and operating costs during the health-related closures.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The City of Agoura Hills only has governmental fund types whose focus is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

As of the end of 2020/21, the City's funds reported ending fund balances of \$41.0 million, an increase of \$3.6 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year. The increase in fund balance primarily reflects

the receipt American Recovery Plan Act grant in the General Fund (\$2.4 million). Additionally, the City received \$733,254 more than it spent on the Proposition A Transit Tax Special Revenue Fund, due to a decline in transit costs during the Pandemic. Of the \$41.0 million in fund balances at fiscal year-end 2020/21, \$26.3 million is non-spendable because it represents prepaids, land held for resale, and long-term receivables, and \$8.9 million is restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for appropriation because it had already been restricted for a variety of purposes.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of fiscal year 2020/21, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$37.3 million, with \$26.3 million non-spendable because it was for land held for resale, prepaids, and the receivable from the Successor Agency. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total expenditures. At June 30, 2021, unassigned fund balance was 71 percent of total General Fund expenditures and operating transfers out.

Fund balance in the City's General Fund increased by \$2,457,815 in fiscal year 2020/21, when compared to a \$1,038,293 decrease in fiscal year 2019/20. This primarily relates to a \$2.4 million grant received from the Federal Government as a part of the American Recovery Plan Act.

In 2010/11 the General Fund received a transfer in of \$30.6 million from the Redevelopment Agency to cover a reimbursement agreement for services. In January 2011 the City executed an agreement to cover the amounts that had been advanced since April of 1988. However, due to the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency the General Fund established an allowance for the entire amount and recorded an extraordinary loss of \$31.1 million in 2011/12. Subsequently in 2013/14 the Oversight Board to the Successor Agency approved OB Resolution No. 14-23 determining that the loan was for legitimate redevelopment purposes. In 2014/15 the California State Department of Finance (DOF) further recalculated the loan to have a balance of \$17 million. In 2015/16, with new legislation, the DOF restated the loan to \$26.2 million. For further information, see Note 15(b) to the Basic Financial Statements.

The Successor Housing Agency Fund is a special revenue fund to acquire affordable housing. This fund follows guidelines established by the State of California. The fund balance increased by \$62,107 or 10% in 2020/21. To date, the City has \$702,080 in the fund. The Measure R Capital Projects fund is established to account for Measure R grant monies received from LA METRO. These monies are used for several capital projects, including the Agoura Road Widening and the Kanan Corridor. Fund balance increased by \$164,314 (5%), as project reimbursements were received from prior expenses. The fund has short-term borrowing from the General Fund and the Traffic Impact Fee Fund, to assist with cashflow needs (\$2.3 million). The Measure M Capital Projects fund is established to account for Measure M grant monies also received from LA METRO. These monies are used for the Palo Comado Interchange capital project. This fund had a deficit fund balance of \$1.1 million at June 30, 2021. Fund balance decreased in the Measure M Capital Project Fund by 54% (\$385,504). The City anticipates receiving the reimbursement of these expenses at a later date. The fund has short-term borrowing from the General Fund to assist with cash flow needs (\$2.0 million). For further information, see note 4 in the basic financial statements.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In preparing the budget, the City attempts to estimate its revenue using realistic, but conservative, methods to budget its expenditure appropriations and activities in a prudent manner. As a result,

the City Council adopts budget adjustments during the course of the fiscal year to reflect both changed priorities and availability of additional revenues to allow for expansion of existing programs. During the course of the year, the City Council amended the originally adopted budget to reappropriate prior year approved projects and expenditures and to amend the spending plan of the City.

In the General Fund, amendments between the original budget and the final budget resulted in an increase to revenues of \$778,434, and decreased expenditures and transfers of \$1,156,740. The increase in revenues primarily related to a reduction of transient occupancy tax revenue related to the health orders which shutdown hotels for the first half of fiscal year 2020/21, offset by the receipt of American Rescue Plan Act Funding. Expenditures decreased \$1,156,750 primarily related to savings in the Los Angeles County Sheriff Budget and the closure of the Recreation and Event Center related to the health orders enacted, These amendments resulted in an overall budgeted increase to the fund balance of \$1,935,174.

The City budgets on a cash basis, which includes receipt of loan repayments from the Successor Agency in the amount of \$634,449. According to General Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) this revenue is reflected as a receivable in the loan between the City and the Successor Agency. Finally, for budgeting purposes, the City has established a Building Fund, to set-aside monies for future capital improvements, and a CalPERS set-aside Fund to account for future retirement costs. GAAP considers these funds to be a part of the General fund. Therefore, a reconciliation is included to reflect the variance between the actual and final budget amounts. When adjusted, the City General Fund reflected a net total favorable budget variance of \$479,682, when comparing actual amounts to the final budget for the current fiscal year.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, including infrastructure of the City, are those assets that are used in the performance of the City's functions. At June 30, 2021, net capital assets totaled \$134.9 million.

This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, leased equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure. The total increase in the City's investment of capital assets, net of related debt, for the current fiscal year is \$3.4 million or 2.6 percent of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. The increase in capital assets primarily reflects the addition of \$4.8 million in Construction in Progress, related to the Palo Comado Bridge. The Palo Comado Bridge was funded through grant resources. This is offset by a \$1 million decrease in infrastructure due to increased depreciation of our existing assets.

Major projects in fiscal year ended 2020/21 include:

Construction in progress on the Palo Comado Bridge Capital Project.

City of Agoura Hills Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

	2021	2020
Land	\$ 14,260,555	\$ 14,260,555
Construction in progress	58,337,260	53,756,591
Building & improvements	17,579,128	17,776,189
Machinery and equipment	20,095	20,095
Vehicles	124,883	161,110
Infrastructure	44,583,969	45,535,846
Total Capital Assets	\$ 134,905,890	\$ 131,510,386

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 in the basic Financial Statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Agoura Hills had total debt outstanding of \$12.7 million. The City's long-term obligations as of June 30, 2021, and 2020 were as follows:

City of Agoura Hills Outstanding Debt

	2021	2020
2013 Lease Revenue Bonds	3,248,856	3,335,622
2016 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds	9,464,852	9,763,195
Total Outstanding Debt	\$ 12,713,708	\$ 13,098,817

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of the basic Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

In preparing the budget for 2021/22 the following factors were taken into consideration:

- ❖ In 2021/22 the City added new positions, as the City opens back up to full services to the public. Three new positions were proposed. Including these additional positions, salaries and benefits were budgeted to increase by 13.9%.
- ❖ Several anticipated large capital projects, including the Kanan Corridor (\$400,000) and the widening of Roadside Bridge (\$3.8 million).

The City's operating budget for 2020/21 reflects the use of sales tax override funds provided as Measure M grant monies, for the Kanan Corridor Project and a federal grant for the Roadside Bridge widening project.

It is anticipated that the City will remain in good financial condition throughout the fiscal year and beyond.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City of Agoura Hills Finance Department, 30001 Ladyface Court, Agoura Hills, California 91301 or (818) 597-7319.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Acceptor	Governmental Activities
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 13,109,668
Receivables:	ψ 13,103,000
Accounts	3,675,205
Accrued interest	10,476
Deferred loans	269,720
Other	2,624
Advances to Successor Agency, net of allowances	26,134,230
Investment in joint venture - Community Center	1,621,642
Prepaid costs	25,555
Due from other governments	6,233,037
Land held for resale	115,000
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent	243,679
Capital assets, not being depreciated	72,597,815
Capital assets, net of depreciation	62,308,075
Total Assets	186,346,726
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Deferred charge on refunding	370,776
Deferred pension-related items	1,414,071
Deferred other post-employment benefit-related items	301,853
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,086,700
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,000,700
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	3,931,901
Accrued liabilities	133,973
Accrued interest	93,437
Unearned revenue	151,754
Deposits payable	986,023
Noncurrent liabilities:	200 040
Compensated absences, due within one year	299,812
Compensated absences, due in more than one year Bonds payable, due within one year	216,160 365,000
Bonds payable, due in more than one year	12,348,708
Net other post employment benefits liability, due in more than one year	642,396
Net pension liability, due in more than one year	5,422,335
Total Liabilities	24,591,499
Total Liabilities	24,031,433
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Deferred pension-related items	325,490
Deferred other post-employment benefits-related items	297,270
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	622,760
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	122,562,958
Restricted:	122,002,000
Community development projects	95,109
Capital projects	1,186,297
Debt service	292,615
Air quality improvement	113,926
Affordable housing programs	774,511
Grant programs	134,405
Transportation services	1,789,434
Unrestricted	36,269,912
Total Net Position	\$ 163,219,167

				Prog	ram Revenue	s		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses		harges for Services	Co	Operating ontributions and Grants	Co	Capital entributions nd Grants	Total Governmental Activities
Functions/Programs Primary Government: Governmental Activities:								
General government Public safety Community development Community services Public works Interest on long-term debt	\$ 4,883,137 4,972,577 2,405,357 1,926,403 5,403,352 535,104	\$	148,827 670,625 591,714 21,179 216,544	\$	4,132,392 156,727 - - 1,172,368	\$	- 11,632 - 4,720,162	\$ (601,918) (4,145,225) (1,802,011) (1,905,224) 705,722 (535,104)
Total Governmental Activities	20,125,930		1,648,889		5,461,487		4,731,794	(8,283,760)
Total Primary Government	\$ 20,125,930	\$	1,648,889	\$	5,461,487	\$	4,731,794	(8,283,760)
		Gen Taxe	eral Revenue	s:				
		Tra Sa Fra	ansient occup les taxes anchise taxes of money and	ancy		urpos	е	6,109,781 1,494,022 4,382,974 847,513 451,118 556,383
		٦	Total General	Rev	enues			13,841,791
		(Change in Net	Posi	tion			5,558,031
		Net	Position, Begi	nning	of Year			157,661,136
		Net	Position, End	of Y	'ear			\$ 163,219,167

			Special Revenue Fund			Capital Pro	jects I	unds
		General		Housing essor Agency		Measure R		Measure M Pital Projects Fund
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	6,284,195	\$	703,688	\$	_	\$	_
Receivables:	Ψ	0,204,100	Ψ	700,000	Ψ		Ψ	
Accounts		583,392		-		2,281,592		342,451
Accrued interest		10,476		70.404		-		-
Deferred loans Other		2,624		72,431		-		-
Prepaid costs		25,555		-		-		-
Due from other governments		3,789,021		-		159,932		1,450,129
Due from other funds		3,561,530		-		-		-
Advances to Successor Agency		26,134,230		-		-		-
Land held for resale		115,000		-		-		-
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents Total Assets	\$	40,506,023	\$	776,119	\$	2,441,524	\$	1,792,580
Total Assets	<u> </u>	40,506,023	-	770,113	Ψ	2,441,524	Ψ	1,792,560
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits):								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,908,577	\$	-	\$	933,506	\$	581,568
Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues		124,821		1,608		1,411		2,474
Deposits payable		968,415		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		_		2,320,396		1,967,561
Total Liabilities		3,001,813		1,608		3,255,313		2,551,603
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenues		161,817		72,431		2,383,952		342,451
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	161,817		72,431		2,383,952		342,451
5 1D 1 (D 5 11)								
Fund Balances (Deficits): Nonspendable:								
Prepaid costs		25,555		_		_		_
Land held for resale		115,000		_		-		_
Advances to Successor Agency		26,134,230		-		-		-
Restricted:								
Community development projects		-		-		-		-
Capital projects Debt service		_		-		_		-
Air quality improvement		-		-		-		-
Affordable housing programs		-		702,080		-		-
Grant programs		-		-		-		-
Transportation services Committed:		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		213,743		_		_		_
Waste management programs		-		_		_		_
Housing programs		-		-		-		-
CalPERS Set Aside		199,765		-		-		-
Assigned:								
Capital projects Debt service		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		10,654,100		-		(3,197,741)		(1,101,474)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	-	37,342,393		702,080		(3,197,741)	-	(1,101,474)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		, , , ,		,,-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		. , , -,
Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	40,506,023	\$	776,119	\$	2,441,524	\$	1,792,580

	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:	Φ.	0 404 705	Ф	10 100 000
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	6,121,785	\$	13,109,668
Accounts		467,770		3,675,205
Accrued interest				10,476
Deferred loans		197,289		269,720
Other		-		2,624
Prepaid costs		<u>-</u>		25,555
Due from other governments		833,955		6,233,037
Due from other funds		963,763		4,525,293
Advances to Successor Agency Land held for resale		-		26,134,230 115,000
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		243,679		243,679
	•		•	
Total Assets	\$	8,828,241	\$	54,344,487
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits):				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	508,250	\$	3,931,901
Accrued liabilities		3,659	·	133,973
Unearned revenues		151,754		151,754
Deposits payable		17,608		986,023
Due to other funds		237,336		4,525,293
Total Liabilities		918,607		9,728,944
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Unavailable revenues		614,161		3,574,812
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		614,161		3,574,812
Fund Balances (Deficits):				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid costs		-		25,555
Land held for resale		-		115,000
Advances to Successor Agency		-		26,134,230
Restricted:				
Community development projects		109		109
Capital projects		736,811		736,811
Debt service		292,615		292,615
Air quality improvement		113,926		113,926
Affordable housing programs		124 405		702,080
Grant programs Transportation services		134,405 1,715,355		134,405 1,715,355
Committed:		1,7 10,000		1,1 10,000
Capital projects		1,712,082		1,925,825
Waste management programs		219,055		219,055
Housing programs		1,809,036		1,809,036
CalPERS Set Aside		-		199,765
Assigned:				-
Capital projects		1,004,461		1,004,461
Debt service		1,095		1,095
Unassigned		(443,477)		5,911,408
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		7,295,473		41,040,731
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	_			
Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	8,828,241	\$	54,344,487

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RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Fund balances of governmental funds		\$ 41,040,731
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity.		134,905,890
Investment in Joint Venture Community Center represents interest only in capital assets of the joint venture rather than a financial asset and, therefore, is not recorded in the governmental funds.		1,621,642
Deferred outflows related to contributions made after the actuarial measurement date for the net pension liability:		
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date Difference between expected and actual experiences	\$ 670,392 279,429	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Adjustment due to differences in proportions	161,079 303,171	1,414,071
Deferred outflows related to contributions made after the actuarial measurement date for the net OPEB liability: Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	195,142	
Change in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	40,139 66,572	301,853
Deferred outflows related to the refunding of long term debt are recorded as expenditures in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		370,776
Long-term debt, compensated absences and claims and judgment liability that have not been included in the governmental fund activity:		
Bonds payable Unamortized bond premiums/discounts Compensated Absences	(12,055,000) (658,708) (515,972)	(13,229,680)
Accrued interest payable for the current portion of interest due on Bonds has not been reported in the governmental funds.		(93,437)
Governmental funds report all OPEB contributions as expenditures, however in the statement of net position any excesses or deficiencies in contributions in relation to the proportionate share of contributions are recorded as an asset or liability.		(642,396)
Governmental funds report all pension contributions as expenditures, however in		(042,030)
the statement of net position any excesses or deficiencies in contributions in relation to the proportionate share of contributions are recorded as an asset or liability.		(5,422,335)
Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.		3,574,812
Deferred inflows related to unrecognized actuarial gains and losses for the net pension liability:		
Changes in assumptions Adjustment due to differences in proportions	(38,674) (286,816)	(325,490)
Deferred inflows related to unrecognized actuarial gains and losses for the net OPEB liability:		(007.070)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Net Position of Governmental Activities		(297,270) \$ 163 219 167
Net 1 Ostion of Governmental Activities		\$ 163,219,167

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Special Revenue		
		Fund	Capital Pro	jects Funds
	General	Housing Successor Agency	Measure R	Measure M Capital Projects Fund
Revenues:	¢ 12 007 155	¢.	¢	Φ
Taxes Licenses and permits	\$ 12,807,155 525,474	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	2,400,212	_	463,516	3,558,604
Charges for services	712,427	_	-	-
Use of money and property	411,545	3,846	771	_
Fines and forfeitures	46,820	-	-	-
Contributions	7,200	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	556,383			
Total Revenues	17,467,216	3,846	464,287	3,558,604
Expenditures:				
Current:	4 004 505	40.400	00 750	45.045
General government	4,021,505	46,130	30,756	45,315
Public safety Community development	4,851,220 2,121,753	- 22,409	2,004	438
Community development Community services	1,650,633	22,409	2,004	430
Public works	1,197,671	_	94,567	163,739
Capital outlay	126,794	_	172,646	3,734,616
Debt service:	,.			2,121,212
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges				
Total Expenditures	13,969,576	68,539	299,973	3,944,108
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	3,497,640	(64,693)	164,314	(385,504)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	_			
Transfers in	_	126,800	_	_
Transfers out	(1,039,825)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,039,825)	126,800		
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,457,815	62,107	164,314	(385,504)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	34,884,578	639,973	(3,362,055)	(715,970)
Fund Balances (Deficits), End of Year	\$ 37,342,393	\$ 702,080	\$ (3,197,741)	\$ (1,101,474)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	Φ	07.405	Ф 40.004.000
Taxes	\$	27,135	\$ 12,834,290
Licenses and permits		- - 225 040	525,474
Intergovernmental Charges for services		5,325,019 76,173	11,747,351 788,600
Use of money and property		34,956	451,118
Fines and forfeitures			
Contributions		40,033	86,853 7,200
Miscellaneous		-	556,383
Total Revenues		5,503,316	26,997,269
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General government		74,300	4,218,006
Public safety		187,706	5,038,926
Community development		144,404	2,291,008
Community services		72,538	1,723,171
Public works		1,623,157	3,079,134
Capital outlay		2,146,156	6,180,212
Debt service:			
Principal retirement		345,000	345,000
Interest and fiscal charges		560,064	560,064
Total Expenditures		5,153,325	23,435,521
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures		349,991	3,561,748
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers in		913,025	1,039,825
Transfers out		-	(1,039,825)
			(:,000,020)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		913,025	
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,263,016	3,561,748
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		6,032,457	37,478,983
Fund Balances (Deficits), End of Year	\$	7,295,473	\$ 41,040,731

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 3,561,748
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay Depreciation	\$ 5,504,949 (2,122,433)	3,382,516
Share of expenses for Joint Venture in Community Center is not recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds; however, it is recorded in the statement of activities as an expense.		(57,403)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Principal repayments Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred amounts on refunding	345,000 40,109 (17,656)	367,453
Accrued interest for long-term liabilities. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period.		2,507
Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(27,189)
OPEB obligation expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		62,107
Pension obligation expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		(420,400)
Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.		(1,313,308)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 5,558,031

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Private-Purpose Trust Fund Redevelopment Successor Agency		_		
Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	1,225,262	\$	1,263,141	
Receivables:					
Accounts receivable		-		1,042,491	
Accrued interest receivable		253		-	
Due from other governments		200.005		41,078	
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		320,905			
Total Assets		1,546,420		2,346,710	
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		_		279,421	
Accrued liabilities		1.523		-	
Accrued interest		104,071		_	
Deposits payable		-		2,143,877	
Long-term liabilities:					
Bonds payable, due in one year		135,000		-	
Bonds payable, due in more than one year		5,760,000		-	
Advance from the City of Agoura Hills		26,134,230			
Total Liabilities		32,134,824		2,423,298	
Net Position:					
Held in trust for other purposes		(30,588,404)		(76,588)	
Total Net Position	\$	(30,588,404)	\$	(76,588)	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Priv			
	Red	evelopment		
	Succe	essor Agency	Custodial Fund	
Additions:				
Taxes	\$	1,498,015	\$ -	
Interest and change in fair value of investments		1,566	-	
Collected for other governments		-	262,262	
Miscellaneous			344,317	
Total Additions		1,499,581	606,579	
Deductions:				
Administrative expenses		218,436	314,018	
Contractual services		865	26,851	
Interest expense		834,699	-	
Pass through to other governments			260,693	
Total Deductions		1,054,000	601,562	
Changes in Net Position		445,581	5,017	_
Net Position - Beginning of the Year		(31,033,985)	_	
Restatements		-	(81,605)	
Net Position - Beginning of the Year, as Restated		(31,033,985)	(81,605)	
Net Position - End of the Year	\$	(30,588,404)	\$ (76,588)	•

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Description of Reporting Entity

The City of Agoura Hills (City) was incorporated December 8, 1982, under the general laws of the State of California and enjoys all the rights and privileges pertaining to "General Law" cities. The City operates under a Council/Manager form of government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units for which the government is considered financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City of Agoura Hills, the primary government. Each component unit has a June 30th year end.

Blended Component Units

The Agoura Hills Public Facilities Corporation, Agoura Hills Public Financing Authority, Parking Authority of the City of Agoura Hills, and the Agoura Hills Improvement Authority are legally separate entities. The Agoura Hills City Council exercises financial accountability over each entity. Financial accountability is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, funding, and the appointment of the governing board. Additionally, City staff manages the operations of each of these organizations on a contractual or reimbursement basis. A discussion of each entity follows.

The Agoura Hills Public Facilities Corporation (Corporation) was incorporated January 5, 1988 as a not-for-profit public benefit corporation and determined to be tax exempt pursuant to Revenue and Taxation Code 23701(d) of the State of California. The sole purpose of the Corporation is to provide a financing vehicle for the construction of public facilities. The members of the City Council act as the governing board of the Corporation. No financial activity is reported as the Corporation is not active.

The Agoura Hills Public Financing Authority (Financing Authority) was organized in April 2001 under a joint exercise of power agreement to provide financing for public capital improvements for the City and the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency. The members of the City Council act as the governing board of the Financing Authority. The Financing Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

The Parking Authority of the City of Agoura Hills (Parking Authority) was established June 26, 2013 pursuant to California Streets and Highways Code Section 32650. The members of City Council act as the Board of Directors, the governing board of the Parking Authority. The Parking Authority is considered a blended component unit due to the financial benefit or burden relationship the Parking Authority shares with the City. The Parking Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

The Agoura Hills Improvement Authority (Improvement Authority) was established June 26, 2013 under a joint exercise of power agreement with the Parking Authority and the City. The members of City Council act as the Authority Commission, the governing board of the Improvement Authority. The Improvement Authority is considered a blended component unit due to the financial benefit or burden relationship the Improvement Authority shares with the City as its financial transactions are reported in a debt service fund. The Improvement Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Eliminations have been made in the Statement of Activities so that certain allocated expenses are recorded only once (by the function to which they were allocated). However, general government expenses have not been allocated as indirect expenses to the various functions of the City.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grant and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds even though the latter is excluded from the government-wide statements. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year from which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end, except for sales tax revenues which are considered to be available if collected within ninety days after year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as an expenditure to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>The General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for resources traditionally associated with the government which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenue and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund.

<u>The Housing Successor Agency Special Revenue Fund</u> accounts for restricted revenues and expenditures for the housing activities of the former Redevelopment Agency's Low- and Moderate-Income Fund activities. Revenues received relate to contributions for new housing and loan repayments.

<u>The Measure R Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for grant monies received from the County and restricted for specific projects within the City.

<u>The Measure M Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for grant monies received from sales tax overrides adopted by Los Angeles County and restricted for various transportation projects within the City.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then use unrestricted resources as needed.

Fiduciary Funds

The Fiduciary Funds include the Redevelopment Successor Private-purpose Trust Fund and the custodial fund.

The Custodial Fund is used to account for various assets and L.A. County Fire Department fees held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an custodian for individuals, private organizations and/or other governments. The City manages funds for the Malibu Creek TMDL Monitoring Project. The City also acts as a secretary for an organization in which the money is held in the Custodial Fund.

The Redevelopment Successor agency private purpose trust fund is used to account for assets, liabilities and activities of the former Redevelopment Agency of the City in a trustee capacity to pay enforceable obligations of the former Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency. In accordance with Assembly Bill (AB) X1 26 and AB 1484, the Redevelopment Agency was dissolved February 1, 2012. The Private-Purpose Trust Fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the City's basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures of contingent amounts at the date of the basic financial statements, and revenues and expense/expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

d. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position

1. Cash and Investments

The City's cash and investment balance consists of cash on hand, demand deposits and investments. Investments are stated at fair value.

The City maintains a cash and investment pool for the general operation of the City. Each fund type's portion of the pool is reported on the financial statements as Cash and Investments. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is distributed quarterly to each fund based upon each fund's proportionate share of the pool.

The City has monies held by trustees or fiscal agents pledged to the payment or security of certain bonds. The California Government Code provides that these monies, in the absence of specific statutory provisions governing the issuance of bonds, may be invested in accordance with the ordinance, resolutions or indentures specifying the types of investments its trustees or fiscal agents may make. These ordinances, resolutions and indentures are generally more restrictive than the City's general investment policy.

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., short-term interfund loans) or as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., long-term interfund loans).

Property tax revenue is recognized when susceptible to accrual in the accounting period in which taxes are measurable and available. Property taxes are considered available by the City if they are collected within 60 days after year end. There is no allowance for uncollectible amounts. Assessed valuations are determined on an annual basis by the Los Angeles County Assessor. Taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, are levied on July 1, are due November 1 and February 1, and are delinquent if not paid by December 10 and April 10 of each year.

3. Prepaids

Certain membership dues and payments to vendors represent expenses that apply to future accounting periods. Prepaid items are expensed when consumed.

4. Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale is carried at the lower of cost or estimated realizable value determined at the date a disposition and development agreement is executed.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the governmental activities' columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and assets received in service concession arrangements are recorded at acquisition value at the point of acquisition. Capital assets subject to lease obligations are valued at the present value of future lease payments at the inception of the lease. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets used by governmental activities is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net position. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	50 years
Vehicles	7-15 years
Machinery	5-30 years
Equipment	5-15 years
Infrastructure	20-50 years

Capitalization threshold of capital assets is based at a minimum value as follows:

Buildings and building improvements	\$25,000
Vehicles, machinery, and equipment	10,000
Infrastructure	25,000

6. Vacation and Compensatory Time (Compensated Absences)

Compensated absences are recorded in accordance with GAAP. Only vested or accumulated compensated absences that are expected to be due or mature are reported as an expenditure and fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated compensated absences that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements. General fund resources have been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

7. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts and gains and losses on debt refunding are deferred and amortized. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The pension liability is liquidated through the City's General Fund.

9. Other Post-Employment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan), the assets of which are held by CalPERS in the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT), and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The OPEB liability is liquidated through the City's General Fund.

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. One is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second and third are the deferred outflows relating to net pension liability and the deferred outflows relating to the net other post-employment benefits liability reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Both outflows are the results of contributions made after the measurement period, which are recognized in the following year. They include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, changes in the City's proportion which are amortized over expected average remaining service lifetime. Additionally, net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are recorded as a deferred outflow of resources and amortized over five years.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. One arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue, which is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second and third items in this category are the deferred inflows relating to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability reported in the government-wide statement of net position. These inflows are the result of the differences between expected and actual experiences, changes of assumptions, and differences between the City's contributions and the City's proportionate share of contributions. These amounts are deferred and amortized over the expected average remaining service lifetime.

11. Changes in Accounting Principles and New GASB Pronouncements

The City implemented Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* during fiscal year 2020-21. The requirements of this Statement will enhance consistency and comparability by (1) establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and (2) clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Greater consistency and comparability enhance the value provided by the information reported in financial statements for assessing government accountability and stewardship.

The City early adopted GASB Statement No. 98, the *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*, which establishes the term *annual comprehensive financial report* and its acronym *ACFR*. The new term and acronym replace instances of *comprehensive annual financial report* and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. This statement was developed in response to concerns raised by stakeholders that the common pronunciation of the acronym for comprehensive annual financial report sounds like a profoundly objectionable racial slur. This Statement's introduction of the new term is founded on a commitment to promoting inclusiveness.

Note 2: Stewardship, Accountability, and Compliance

a. Deficit Fund Balances

The following funds had a deficit balance as of June 30, 2021:

Major Funds:	
Measure R	\$ (3,197,741)
Measure M	(1,101,474)
Non-Major Funds:	,
Other Grants	(419,914)
Recreation Center	(23,563)
Fiduciary Funds:	
Redevelopment Successor Agency	(30,588,404)
Custodial fund	(76.588)

The deficit balances are due to the timing of grant and other reimbursements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 3: Cash and Investments

a. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at June 30, 2021, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and investments	\$ 13,109,668
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	243,679
Fiduciary Funds	
Cash and investments	2,488,403
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	 320,905
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 16,162,655

Cash and investments at June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

Deposits	\$ 1,216,452
Investments:	
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	14,381,619
Held by bond trustee:	
Cash with fiscal agent - money market funds	564,584
Total Investments	14,946,203
Total	\$ 16,162,655

b. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The City's investment policy authorizes the following investments under provisions of California Government Code Section 53601.

Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
N/A	\$75 million	None
5 years	75%	20%
5 Years	75%	20%
270 days	5%	5%
5 Years	30%	5%
5 Years	5%	5%
5 Years	No limit	No limit
None	15%	15%
	N/A 5 years 5 Years 270 days 5 Years 5 Years 5 Years 5 Years	Maximum MaturityPercentage of PortfolioN/A\$75 million5 years75%5 Years75%270 days5%5 Years30%5 Years5%5 Years5%5 YearsNo limit

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

c. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustee is governed by provisions of the debt agreements rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the general investment types that are authorized for investments held by the bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk.

	Maximum	Maximum Percentage	Maximum Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
Federal Housing Administration Debentures	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Unsecured CDs, time deposits, and Banker's Acceptances	30 days	None	None
Collateralized or FDIC Insured Bank Deposits	None	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Money Market Funds	N/A	None	None
State Obligations	None	None	None
Pre-funded Municipal Obligations	None	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	270 days	None	None
Investment Agreements	None	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	None	None	None

d. Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. As of the year end the weighted average maturity of the investments contained in LAIF investment pool was approximately 291 days. The City's investment policy recognized the interest rate risk and therefore places maximum maturity limits (up to five years) on various types of allowable investments. At June 30, 2021, all the City's investments have maturities dates within 12 months or less.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

e. Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual Standard and Poor's rating as of year-end for each investment type.

Total as of					
June 30, 2021	Unrated				
\$ 14,381,619	\$ 14,381,619				
564,584	564,584				
\$ 14,946,203	\$ 14,946,203				
	June 30, 2021 \$ 14,381,619 564,584				

f. Concentrations of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. The City currently does not have any investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury Securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5 percent or more of total City investments.

g. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits:

The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Of the City's deposits with financial institutions, \$966,033 was in excess of federal depository insurance limits. The uninsured deposits were held by financial institutions, which are legally required by the California Government Code to collateralize the City's deposits as noted above.

h. Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based on the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. LAIF does not impose limits or restrictions on participant withdrawals, and the entire balance of the City's investment in the portfolio is available for withdrawal at any time. LAIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is not rated. Deposits and withdrawals in LAIF are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, the City's investment in this pool is measured on uncategorized inputs not defined as Level 1, 2, or 3.

i. Fair Value Hierarchy

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 2 inputs utilized by the City to determine fair market value include: matrix pricing, market corroborated pricing, and other inputs such as yield curves and indices. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City currently measures all its investments, as uncategorized.

Note 4: Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

	Due from other funds					
Due to other funds		General Fund		Total		
	_			Governmental Funds		
Measure R capital projects fund	\$	1,356,633	\$	963,763	\$	2,320,396
Measure M capital projects fund		1,967,561	7,561 -			1,967,561
Nonmajor governmental funds		237,336				237,336
Total	\$	3,561,530	\$	963,763	\$	4,525,293

The General Fund and the Traffic Improvement nonmajor fund made loans to the Measure R fund totaling \$2,320,396 to cover cash deficits in operations. The General Fund also made loans to the Measure M fund in the amount of \$1,967,561 to cover cash deficits in operations. In addition, the General Fund also loaned monies to the other nonmajor funds totaling \$237,336 to cover cash deficits in operations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 4: Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers (Continued)

	Tra			
	Housing	Nonmajor		
Transfers Out	Successor Agency			
General Fund	\$ 126,800	\$ 913,025	\$ 1,039,825	
Total	\$ 126,800	\$ 913,025	\$ 1,039,825	

The General Fund transferred \$126,800 to the Housing Successor Special Revenue Fund to provide the 20 percent set-aside portion for the loan paid from the Successor Agency to the City. The General Fund transferred \$913,025 to the Nonmajor Agoura Hills Improvement Authority Bond fund for bond payments due.

Note 5: Advances to Successor Agency

The City previously loaned the former Redevelopment Agency funds prior to dissolution. The repayment of the advances has been approved by the California Department of Finance. See Note 15b for further detail.

Note 6: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital asset activity at June 30, 2021, is as follows:

	Balance at	Transfers of CIP	Additions	Deletions	Balance at
Conital assets not being depresinted:	July 1, 2020	Transiers of CIP	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 14,260,555	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,260,555
Construction in progress	53,769,579	(284,865)	4,852,546		58,337,260
Total Capital Assets Not					
being Depreciated	68,030,134	(284,865)	4,852,546		72,597,815
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	22,086,039	-	288,122	-	22,374,161
Machinery and equipment	83,588	-	-	-	83,588
Vehicles	638,305	-	-	-	638,305
Infrastructure	103,031,033	284,865	364,281		103,680,179
Total Capital Assets					
being Depreciated	125,838,965	284,865	652,403		126,776,233
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	4,309,850	-	485,183	_	4,795,033
Machinery and equipment	63,493	-	,	-	63,493
Vehicles	477,195	_	36,227	_	513,422
Infrastructure	57,495,187		1,601,023		59,096,210
Total Accumulated					
Depreciation	62,345,725		2,122,433		64,468,158
Total Capital Assets					
Being Depreciated, Net	63,493,240	284,865	(1,470,030)		62,308,075
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 131,523,374	\$ -	\$ 3,382,516	\$ -	\$ 134,905,890

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 6: Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 423,448
Public works	1,558,142
Community services	 140,843
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,122,433

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	_	Balance at uly 1, 2020	 Additions	 Deletions	Balance at ine 30, 2021	_	Oue Within One Year
Bonds:							
2013 Lease Revenue Bonds	\$	3,295,000	\$ -	\$ 85,000	\$ 3,210,000	\$	90,000
Bond premium		40,622	-	1,766	38,856		-
2016 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds		9,105,000	-	260,000	8,845,000		-
Bond premium		658,195	-	38,343	619,852		275,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	13,098,817	\$ -	\$ 385,109	\$ 12,713,708	\$	365,000

a. Bonds

2013 Lease Revenue Bonds

On September 1, 2013, the Public Financing Authority issued \$3.675 million in Lease Revenue Bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.00 to 5.00 percent to finance a portion of the costs of the community recreation center project. The principal of the bonds is payable on their maturity date of February 1, of each year. Interest on the bond is payable on February 1, and August 1, each year. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2021 is \$3,210,000.

2016 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds

On November 1, 2016, the Public Financing Authority issued \$10.055 million in Lease Revenue Bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.00 to 5.00 percent to current refund \$10.3 million of 2007 Lease Revenue outstanding bonds. The principal of the bonds is payable on their maturity date of February 1, of each year. Interest on the bond is payable on June 1, and December 1, each year. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2021 is \$8,845,000.

For both bonds, in the event of default, the bond trustee has the right, but not the obligation to (1) by mandamus or other action or proceeding or suit at law or in equity to enforce its rights against the City, in order to compel the City to carry out its duties under the law, bond agreements, and covenants; (2) by suit in equity to enjoin any acts or things which are unlawful or violate the rights of the bond trustee; and (3) by suit in equity upon the happening of an event of default to require the City to account as the trustee of an express trust. The bond trustee has no right to declare the principal or interest on the bonds to be due and payable immediately.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The future debt service payments are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds						
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total				
2022	\$ 365,000	\$ 540,625	\$ 905,625				
2023	380,000	523,275	903,275				
2024	400,000	505,225	905,225				
2025	415,000	415,000 486,175					
2026	440,000 466,425		906,425				
2027-2031	2,530,000	1,995,188	4,525,188				
2032-2036	3,165,000	1,355,750	4,520,750				
2037-2041	3,910,000	624,400	4,534,400				
2042-2046	450,000	34,000	484,000				
Totals	\$ 12,055,000	\$ 6,531,063	\$ 18,586,063				

b. Employee Compensated Absences Payable

Compensated absences represent the accruals of sick and vacation time for the City's employees. There is no repayment schedule for compensated absences, which become payable when such accruals are used by employees. Compensated absences are typically liquidated through the City's General Fund.

The table below describes the changes in compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2021:

В	eginning							Due in
Balance		Α	dditions	eletions	Endi	ng Balance	C	ne Year
\$	488,783	\$	327,001	\$ 299,812	\$	515,972	\$	299,812

Note 8: Fund Balance

The following classifications, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, describe the relative strength of the constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable

Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g. prepaid assets, inventory). At June 30, 2021, the balance is comprised of advances to Successor Agency, prepaids and land held for resale.

Restricted

Amounts that are constrained to specific purposes by state or federal laws, enabling legislation, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 8: Fund Balance (Continued)

Committed

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the City Council, the City's highest level of decision-making authority, through formal actions taken, such as an ordinance or resolution, which are considered to be equally binding. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use through the same type of formal action taken to establish the commitment.

Assigned

Amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes has been delegated to the Finance Director pursuant to the City's fund balance policy.

Unassigned

These are residual positive net resources of the general fund in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the other four categories. This classification also includes amounts set aside for the City's minimum fund balance policy. Unassigned fund balance also includes negative fund balances in funds outside of the General Fund.

Spending Policy

Restricted fund balance is considered to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Similarly, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the City considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

An amount equal to or greater than 40 percent of each fiscal year's proposed General Fund Operating Budget is to be designated as the City's unobligated General Fund Reserve pursuant to Resolution 05-1378. At June 30, 2021, the City had set aside \$10.7 million pursuant to this policy, which was classified as unassigned fund balance.

Note 9: Defined Benefit Pension Plan

a. Plan Descriptions

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City of Agoura Hill's miscellaneous cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Note 9: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

b. Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: The Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Below is a summary of the plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021, for which the City of Agoura Hills has contracted:

Major Benefit Options	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous PEPRA
<u> </u>	Prior to	On or after
Hire Date	June 1, 2013	June 1, 2013
Benefit Provision		
Benefit Formula	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62
Social Security	no	no
Full/Modified	full	full
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50-63	52-67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required employer contribution rates	10.48%	7.73%
Required employee contribution rates	6.91%	6.75%
Required employer payment of unfunded liability	324,295	2,360

New entrants are not allowed in the Miscellaneous Classic Plan.

c. Contribution Description

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by either the Miscellaneous or Safety risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the contributions recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability was \$633,776.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

d. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2021, the City of Agoura Hills reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability in the amount of \$5,422,335.

The City of Agoura Hills' net pension liability is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2020 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2019 and 2020, was as follows:

Proportions as a percentage of the CalPERS Miscellaneous risk pool:

	Miscellaneous
Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.04781%
Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.04984%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.00203%

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City of Agoura Hills recognized pension expense of \$1,090,792. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Def	erred Inflows
	of F	Resources	of	Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	670,392	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		-		38,674
Difference between expected and actual experiences		279,429		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings				
on plan investments		161,079		-
Change in employer's proportion and differences between				
the employer's contributions and the employer's				
proportionate share of contributions		-		286,816
Adjustment due to differences in proportions		303,171		-
Total	\$	1,414,071	\$	325,490

Note 9: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

The \$670,392 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	De	eferred Outflow /
June 30	(Inflo	ws) of Resources
2021	\$	68,624
2022		149,854
2023		122,452
2024		77,259
	\$	418,189

e. Actuarial Assumptions

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2020 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2019, total pension liability. The collective total pension liability was based on the following assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Salaryincreases	Varies by entry age and serivce
Mortality Rate Table (1)	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds
Post Retirement Benefit	Contract COLA up to 2.5% until Purchasing Power
Increase	Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies

(1) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS webiste.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality, and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

f. Change of Assumptions

For the measurement date June 30, 2020, there were no changes of assumptions.

g. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially

Note 9: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns and forecasted information of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

	Assumed Asset	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class(1)	Allocation	Years 1 - 10 (2)	Years 11+ (3)
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	-0.92%

- (1) In the System's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-Term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.
- (2) An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.
- (3) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

h. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.15 percent) or 1% point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
Plan's Net	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Pension Liability	(6.15%)	(7.15%)	(8.15%)
Miscellaneous	\$ 8 628 312	\$ 5,422,335	\$ 2 773 337

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 10: Self Insurance

The City of Agoura Hills is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Authority). The Authority is comprised of 123 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers' agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

a. Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority

Each member pays an annual contribution at the beginning of the coverage period. A retrospective adjustment is then conducted annually thereafter, for coverage year 2012-2013 and prior. Coverage years 2013-2014 and forward are not subject to routine annual retrospective adjustment. The total funding requirement for self-insurance programs is based on an actuarial analysis. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on payroll and claims history, relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool.

Primary Liability Program

In the Liability program, claims are pooled separately between police and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$100,000 to \$500,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$500,000 to \$50 million, are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

For 2020-2021, the overall coverage limit for each member, including all layers of coverage, is \$50 million per occurrence. Subsidence losses also have a \$50 million per occurrence limit. The coverage structure is composed of a combination of pooled self-insurance, reinsurance, and excess insurance. Additional information concerning the coverage structure is available on the Authority's website: information about the various levels of coverage are available on the following website: https://cjpia.org/protection/coverage-programs.

Workers' Compensation

The City of Agoura Hills also participates in the workers' compensation pool administered by the Authority. In the workers' compensation program claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and non-public safety exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$75,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$75,000 to \$200,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 10: Self Insurance

the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs in excess of \$200,000 up to the statutory limits are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

For 2020-2021 the Authority's pooled retention is \$1 million per occurrence, with reinsurance to statutory limits under California Workers' Compensation Law. Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$1 million. Coverage from \$1 million to \$5 million is purchased as part of a reinsurance policy, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

b. Purchased Insurance

Pollution Legal Liability Insurance

The City of Agoura Hills participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program which is available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City of Agoura Hills. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$250,000 deductible. The Authority has an aggregate limit of \$20 million.

Property Insurance

The City of Agoura Hills participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. City of Agoura Hills property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City of Agoura Hills to the Authority. City of Agoura Hills property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$28,651,509. There is a \$10,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$2.500 deductible.

Crime Insurance

The City of Agoura Hills purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$3,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through the Authority.

c. Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2020-2021.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 11: Commitments/Operating Leases

The City has entered into two operating leases for copiers. Lease terms are 60 months with both leases expiring in September 2022.

The following schedule lists future minimum lease payments:

Year Ending June 30,	Equ	Equipment			
2022		6,693			
2023		2,232			
Total	\$	8,925			

The City contracts with the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department to provide safety services. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the City incurred expenditures of \$4,784,199 for Public Safety services.

The following material construction commitments existed at June 30, 2021:

	Expenditures					
		Contract	to	date as of	I	Remaining
Project Name		Amount	Jun	e 30, 2021	Co	ommitments
Powell	\$	2,469,810	\$	146,750	\$	2,323,060
MNS		597,276		95,832		501,444
Wildan		542,668		17,380		525,288

Note 12: Joint Venture

On November 24, 1997, the Agoura Hills and Calabasas Community Center Authority (Authority) was created under a joint exercise of powers agreement. It was formed for the construction, furnishing, maintenance and operation of a Joint Recreation Center. The governing Board of Directors consists of one City Council Member from each City, two residents of each City appointed by City Council, and the President or a member of the Executive Board of the Alliance (a nonprofit organization formed for the sole purpose of raising funds for the Center). The City's participation in the joint venture is reported as Investment in Joint Venture, on the statement of net position. The balance as of June 30, 2021, was \$1,621,642.

Each City contributed money towards the construction of the Community Center, which was completed in March 2001. The Authority now oversees the operations and maintenance of the Community Center. The Cities of Agoura Hills and Calabasas will equally share in any profit or loss from operation of the Community Center. Copies of the Authority's annual financial statements may be obtained from its location at 27040 Malibu Hills Road, Calabasas, California 91301.

Note 13: Contingency

There are certain legal actions pending against the City which have arisen in the normal course of operations. Management believes these matters will be covered by insurance; however, their outcome and financial effect on the City cannot presently be determined, and no provision for any potential liability or losses has been included in the financial statements as of

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 13: Contingency (Continued)

June 30, 2021. The ultimate resolution of these pending legal actions is not expected to have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

The City has received property tax revenues for specific enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency that are subject to review by the Department of Finance (DOF). The DOF has disallowed certain obligations listed on the Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) submitted by the City. The City is continuing to dispute obligations listed as enforceable, including the City-former RDA loan advances.

Note 14: Other Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits

a. Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits defined in Note 9, the City provides post-retirement health care benefits to all full-time employees in accordance with the City's contract with the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) for participation in the State of California Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA). The City's contribution for each retiree is the same as full-time employees. Additionally, the City contributes longevity pay to a Retirement Health Savings (RHS) Trust plan of up to \$500 for those retirees with 10 years of service with the City of Agoura Hills, enrolled in a CalPERS health plan. The total of the PEMHCA minimum employer contribution and the additional benefit will not exceed \$500 per month. The RHS contribution may only be used to reimburse medical premiums. In the event of the retiree's death, the CalPERS eligible surviving spouse has the right to \$300 per month to pay for medical premiums for a maximum of 12 months. After 12 months surviving spouses will still be eligible to receive the PEMHCA minimum employer contribution. The plan is an agent, multiple-employer plan administered by CalPERS through the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT).

b. Eligibility

Employees are eligible for retiree health benefits if they retire from the City and are eligible for a PERS pension and are enrolled in a CalPERS retiree health plan. The benefits are available only to employees who retire from the City. Membership of the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2020, measurement date:

	Number of Employees
Active Employees	41
Inactives currently receiving benefits	12
Inactives entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	2
Total	55

c. Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by City Council. In September 2009, the City established an irrevocable trust through CalPERS, in order to prefund its other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liability. For the measurement date ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized \$219,000 in contributions to reduce the net OPEB liability. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City's contributions were \$195,142, with \$177,000 in cash contributions and \$18,142 in implied subsidy benefits, respectively, making up the total contribution.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 14: Other Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits (Continued)

d. Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2019, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method	June 30, 2019 Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll Level percent of pay
Amortization Period	18-year fixed period for 2019/20
Asset Valuation Method	Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period
Discount Rate	6.75%
General Inflation	2.75%
Medical Trend	Non-Medicare - 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076
	Medicare - 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to an
	ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076
Mortality	CalPERS 1997-2015 experience study
Mortality Improvement	Post-retirement mortality projected fully
	generational with Scale MP-2019
Change of assumptions	ACA Excise Tax repealed
Changes of benefit terms	None

e. Expected Long-Term Rate of Return

Asset Class Component	Target Allocation* CERBT - Strategy 1	Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	59%	4.82%
Fixed Income	25%	1.47%
TIPS	5%	1.29%
Commodities	3%	0.84%
REITs	8%	3.76%
(1) Assumed Long-Term Ra (2) Expected Long-Term Na		2.75%
rounded to the nearest qua	rter percent	6.75%

The long-term expected real rates of return are presented as geometric means.

^{*}Policy target effective October 1, 2018

Note 14: Other Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits (Continued)

f. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

g. Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the net OPEB liability for the Plan are as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (c) = (a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2020 (measurement date June 30, 2019)	\$ 2,596,461	\$ 1,940,339	\$ 656,122
Changes recognized for the measurement period:			
Service cost	120,459	-	120,459
Interest	180,971	-	180,971
Actual vs. expected experience	-	-	-
Assumption changes	(23,322)	-	(23,322)
Contributions - employer	-	219,000	(219,000)
Net investment income	-	74,350	(74,350)
Benefit payments	(71,745)	(71,745)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(1,516)	1,516
Net changes	206,363	220,089	(13,726)
Balance at June 30, 2021 (measurement date June 30, 2020)	\$ 2,802,824	\$ 2,160,428	\$ 642,396

h. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2020:

			Current		
19	% Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1%	Increase
	(5.75%)		(6.75%)	((7.75%)
\$	1,012,493	\$	642,396	\$	334,708

i. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2020:

		Curr	ent Healthcare		
1%	Decrease	Cos	t Trend Rates	1%	Increase
\$	492,804	\$	642,396	\$	762,022

Note 14: Other Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits (Continued)

j. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

k. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$133,035. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows of esources	 red Inflows of Resources
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$ 195,142 40,139	\$ - (19,990)
on OPEB plan investments	66,572	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(277,280)
Total	\$ 301,853	\$ (297,270)

The \$195,142 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

Year Ended	D	eferred Outflow /
June 30	(Infl	ows) of Resources
2022	\$	(24,355)
2023		(35,357)
2024		(31,783)
2025		(34,233)
2026		(48,075)
Thereafter		(16,756)
	\$	(190,559)

Note 15: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of the Former Redevelopment Agency

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld AB 1X 26 that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Agoura Hills that previously had reported a redevelopment agency as a blended component unit. The City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency.

Successor agencies are only allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations as approved by the Successor Agency Oversight Board and the California Department of Finance.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 15: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of the Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

The Bill directed the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

a. Cash and investments

As of June 30, 2021, cash and investments were reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash and investments	\$ 1,225,262
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	 320,905
	\$ 1,546,167

b. Advance from the City of Agoura Hills

On May 15, 2013, the City received notification that a Finding of Completion has been granted, which allows for: 1) loan agreements between the former redevelopment agency and City may be placed on the ROPS as an enforceable obligation, provided the oversight board makes a finding that the loan was for a legitimate redevelopment purpose per California Health and Safety Code (HSC) section 34191.4(b)(1), and 2) utilizing proceeds derived from bonds issued prior to January 1, 2011 in a manner consistent with the original bond covenants per HSC section 34191.4(c).

The Oversight Board to the Successor Agency approved OB Resolution No. 14-23 determining that the amounts advanced to the former redevelopment agency were for legitimate redevelopment purposes. The Advance from the City of Agoura Hills as of June 30, 2021, consist of the following:

Advance from the City of Agoura Hills	\$ 28,607,557
Allowance for uncollectable	 (2,473,327)
Advance from the City of Agoura Hills - net	\$ 26,134,230

California Health and Safety Code Section 34191.4(b)(2) outlines the terms for restructuring city loans to former redevelopment agencies as follows: "the accumulated interest on the remaining principal amount of the loan shall be recalculated from origination at the interest rate earned by funds deposited into the Local Agency Investment Fund." Management's position is to apply the historical Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) rate over the life of the loan.

The California Department of Finance (DOF) has provided information regarding the recalculation of accrued interest for city loans to redevelopment agencies. The DOF applies the LAIF rate for the quarter during which the Oversight Board makes a finding that the loan was made for legitimate redevelopment purposes to the entire life of the loan. Based on this assumption, the advance from the City is recalculated to have a June 30, 2021, balance of \$26,134,230. The City has recorded an allowance for the difference between methodologies of the City and DOF. As further information becomes available, the allowance for uncollectable amounts may be adjusted in future periods.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 15: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of the Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Successor Agency made a payment of \$634,449 to the City to pay down the balance.

c. Long-Term Debt

A description of long-term debt outstanding of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2021, is as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2021	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds: Housing Set-Aside Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2008 – following defeasance Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2008 A-T	\$ 1,035,000 4,985,000	\$ - -	\$ 25,000 100,000	\$ 1,010,000 4,885,000	\$ 30,000 105,000
Total Fiduciary Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 6,020,000	\$ -	\$ 125,000	\$ 5,895,000	\$ 135,000

Housing Set-Aside Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2008

On June 5, 2008, the Redevelopment Agency issued \$10,000,000 in Housing Set-Aside Tax Allocation Bonds to finance low- and moderate-income housing of the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency. During fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the Successor Agency defeased \$8,200,000 of this debt for a remaining bond balance of \$1,195,000 and interest rates ranging from 4.0 to 5.0 percent. The principal of the bonds is payable on their maturity date of October 1, of each year. Interest on the bond is payable on October 1, and April 1, each year. The bond is insured against events of default and acceleration of maturities, so long as the City is in compliance with the terms of the bond insurance policy. As of June 30, 2021, the City has complied with the terms of the bond insurance policy. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2021 is \$1,010,000.

Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2008 A-T

On June 5, 2008, the Redevelopment Agency issued \$5,750,000 in Tax Allocation Bonds Series A-T with interest rates ranging from 4.728 to 7.842 percent to finance certain redevelopment project within the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Area. The principal of the bonds is payable on their maturity date of October 1, of each year. Interest on the bond is payable on October 1, and April 1, each year. The bond is insured against events of default and acceleration of maturities, so long as the City is in compliance with the terms of the bond insurance policy. As of June 30, 2021, the City has complied with the terms of the bond insurance policy. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2021, is \$4,885,000.

Note 15: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of the Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

The future debt service payments are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds				
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total		
2022	\$ 135,000	\$ 418,892	\$ 553,892		
2023	140,000	410,037	550,037		
2024	150,000	400,642	550,642		
2025	160,000	390,314	550,314		
2026	170,000	1,767,126	1,937,126		
2027-2031	1,045,000	1,355,326	2,400,326		
2032-2036	1,475,000	754,103	2,229,103		
2037-2041	2,100,000	75,796	2,175,796		
2042-2046	520,000		520,000		
Totals	\$ 5,895,000	\$ 5,572,236	\$ 11,467,236		

d. Pledged Revenue

The City pledged, as security for bonds issued, either directly or through the Financing Authority, a portion of tax increment revenue (including Low- and Moderate-Income Housing set-aside and pass through allocations) that it receives. The bonds issued were to provide financing for various capital projects, accomplish Low- and Moderate-Income Housing projects and to defease previously issued bonds. Assembly Bill 1X 26 provided that upon dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, property taxes allocated to redevelopment agencies no longer are deemed tax increment but rather property tax revenues and will be allocated first to successor agencies to make payments on the indebtedness incurred by the dissolved redevelopment agency. Total principal and interest remaining on the debt is \$11,467,236 with annual debt service requirements as indicated above. For the current year, the debt service obligation on the bonds was \$552,252 and taxes received to pay enforceable obligations was \$1,498,015.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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_			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	- I IIIui	Amounts	(Negative)	
\$				\$ 192,300	
				211,233 92,474	
	436,000	433,000	,	2,400,212	
	874 500	661 500		50,927	
				14,820	
				274,337	
	295,300	75,000	31,708	(43,292	
	1,105,949	3,888,686	563,583	(3,325,103	
	16,820,874	17,599,308	17,467,216	(132,092	
				1,520	
				3,250	
				20,369	
				57	
				53,297	
				18,086	
				88,213 (22,766	
				(22,766 162,026	
_	4,213,000	4,100,001	4,021,303	102,020	
	5 099 803	4 659 080	4 628 435	30,645	
				7,372	
				26,242	
				10,000	
	-		142,099	2,901	
	5,249,103	4,928,380	4,851,220	77,160	
	1,969,369	1,725,430	1,585,013	140,417	
	617,451	540,831	536,740	4,091	
	2,586,820	2,266,261	2,121,753	144,508	
	400,346	134,546	104,315	30,231	
				3,037	
				8,589	
				71,562	
				78,996	
	2,350,633	1,843,048	1,650,633	192,415	
	045 705	000 404	004.047	00.054	
				22,054	
				(4,751	
				22,572 20	
	220,000	319,000	,	(465	
_	1 150 725	1 237 101		39,430	
_				(8,794	
	15,733,061	14,576,321	13,969,576	606,745	
	1,087,813	3,022,987	3,497,640	474,653	
	(4.000.005)	(4.000.005)	(4,000,005)		
_	(1,039,825)	(1,039,825)	(1,039,825)		
	(1,039,825)	(1,039,825)	(1,039,825)		
	34,884,578	34,884,578	34,884,578		
\$	34,932,566	\$ 36,867,740	37,342,393	\$ 474,653	
			(409,428)		
			(26,359,251)		
			634,449 (25,555)		
			(25,555) (115,000)		
			(25,555) (115,000) (213,743)		
			(25,555) (115,000)		
	\$	Original \$ 3,770,647 10,146,978 458,000 874,500 64,000 105,500 295,300 1,105,949 16,820,874 149,576 1,355,828 291,254 280,000 506,847 255,750 1,170,806 203,019 4,213,080 5,099,803 10,300 104,000 35,000 - 5,249,103 1,969,369 617,451 2,586,820 400,346 26,640 324,634 1,018,263 580,750 2,350,633 615,725 10,000 298,200 226,800 - 1,150,725 10,000 298,200 226,800 - 1,5733,061 1,087,813	\$ 3,770,647 \$ 4,190,674 10,146,978	Original Final Amounts \$ 3,770,647 \$ 4,190,674 \$ 4,382,974 10,146,978 8,212,948 8,424,181 458,000 433,000 525,474 - - 2,400,212 874,500 661,500 712,427 64,000 32,000 46,820 105,500 105,500 379,837 295,300 75,000 31,708 1,105,949 3,888,686 563,583 16,820,874 17,599,308 17,467,216 149,576 131,408 129,888 1,355,828 1,350,205 1,346,955 291,254 278,783 258,414 280,000 285,500 285,443 506,847 479,050 425,753 255,750 248,050 29,964 1,170,806 1,159,556 1,071,343 203,019 250,979 273,745 4,213,080 4,183,531 4,021,505 5,099,803 4,659,080 4,628,435 10,300	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HOUSING SUCCESSOR AGENCY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget /	Amou	Actual amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 639,973	\$	639,973	\$ 639,973	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):						
Use of money and property	10,000		10,000	3,846		(6,154)
Transfers in	126,800		126,800	126,800		-
Amounts Available for Appropriations	776,773		776,773	 770,619		(6,154)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):						
General government	17,383		50,021	46,130		3,891
Community development	 90,320		74,884	22,409		52,475
Total Charges to Appropriations	 107,703		124,905	68,539		56,366
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 669,070	\$	651,868	\$ 702,080	\$	50,212

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Data

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. As a General Law City, the City is not legally required to adopt a budget; however, the City Municipal Code requires the City Manager to prepare an annual budget based on projections received from all city departments, boards and commissions. All annual appropriations lapse at year end or are carried forward at the City Manager's discretion.

The budget is prepared by fund and department and includes actual information for the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. The budget is a statement of the goals and objectives of the City for that fiscal year. The City Manager may authorize the transfer between expenditure accounts within the same department, office, agency or program activity. Where an appropriation requires an increase that cannot be supported by a transfer within those guidelines, City Council authorization is required.

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. The City is required to adopt an annual budget resolution for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds, except the Successor Housing Agency. All annual appropriations lapse at year end but can be carried forward at the City Manager's discretion.

The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes actual information for the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. The budget is a statement of the goals and objectives of the City for that fiscal year. The legal level for which expenditures are not to exceed appropriations is at the fund level for all funds except the General Fund and at the department level for the General Fund. The City Manager may authorize the transfer between expenditure accounts within the same department, office, agency or program activity. Where an appropriation requires an increase that cannot be supported by transfer guidelines, City Council authorization is required. Responsible individuals review progress against their budget each month. The City Council considers supplemental budget amendment requests during the year and reviews changes at mid-year and year end.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations per activity is as follows:

Fund	Fir	nal Budget	Ex	penditures	E	Excess
Major Funds						
General Fund						
General Government						
Automated Office System	\$	250,979	\$	273,745	\$	22,766
Public Works						
Traffic Safety		10,000		14,751		4,751
Transportation		-		-		465

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS $^{\rm (1)}$

Measurement Date	2021 6/30/2020		2020 June 30, 2019		Ju	2019 June 30, 2018		2018 ne 30, 2017
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest on the total OPEB liability Actual and expected experience difference Changes in assumptions Benefit payments	\$	120,459 180,971 - (23,322) (71,745)	\$	111,530 186,801 (381,914) 55,287 (62,265)	\$	108,282 171,706 - - (56,966)	\$	105,000 157,000 - - (56,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability		206,363		(90,561)		223,022		206,000
Total OPEB liability - beginning		2,596,461		2,687,022		2,464,000		2,258,000
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)		2,802,824		2,596,461		2,687,022		2,464,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contribution - employer Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense		219,000 74,350 (71,745) (1,516)		208,093 113,860 (62,265) (798)		197,000 124,567 (56,966) (3,152)		175,000 135,000 (56,000) (1,000)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		220,089		258,890		261,449		253,000
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,940,339		1,681,449		1,420,000		1,167,000
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		2,160,428		1,940,339		1,681,449		1,420,000
Net OPEB Liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	642,396	\$	656,122	\$	1,005,573	\$	1,044,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		77.1%		74.7%		62.6%		57.6%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,823,238	\$	3,512,954	\$	3,370,827	\$	3,197,648
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		16.8%		18.7%		29.8%		32.6%

Notes to Schedule:

⁽¹⁾ Historical information is required only for the measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS $^{(1)}$

	2021		 2020	 2019	2018	
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	\$	176,760 (195,142)	\$ 201,000 (219,000)	\$ 195,000 (208,093)	\$	189,000 (197,000)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	(18,382)	\$ (18,000)	\$ (13,093)	\$	(8,000)
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,371,342	\$ 3,823,238	\$ 3,512,954	\$	3,370,827
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		5.2%	5.3%	5.6%		5.6%

Notes to Schedule of Plan Contributions:

Actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contribution for Fiscal Year 2018 were from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation.

Valuation Date: June 30, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll

Amortization Method: Level percent of pay

Amortization Period: 18-year fixed period for 2020/21

Asset Valuation Method: Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period

Discount Rate: 6.75%
General Inflation: 2.75%

Medical Trend: Non-Medicare - 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076

Medicare - 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076

Mortality: CalPERS 1997-2015 experience study

Mortality Improvement: Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2019
All Other Assumptions Same as those used to determine the total OPEB liability

⁽¹⁾ Historical information is required only for the measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

COST-SHARING MULTIPLE EMPLOYER MISCELLANEOUS PLANS SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

Measurement Date	2021 6/30/2020	2020 6/30/2019	2019 6/30/2018	2018 6/30/2017
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.04984%	0.04781%	0.04561%	0.04517%
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 5,422,335	\$ 4,899,474	\$ 4,394,714	\$ 4,479,822
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,823,238	\$ 3,512,954	\$ 3,370,827	\$ 3,197,648
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll	141.8%	139.5%	130.4%	140.1%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.1%	75.3%	75.3%	73.3%

Notes to Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:

Benefit Changes: None

<u>Changes of Assumptions</u>: In 2015, there were no changes. In 2016, the discount rate was changed from 7.5 percent (net of administration expenses) to 7.65 percent. In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 to 7.15 percent. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflate rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. In 2019 and 2020, there were no changes.

⁽¹⁾ Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only seven years are shown.

2017 6/30/2016	2016 6/30/2015	2015 6/30/2014
0.04331%	0.03983%	0.04212%
\$ 3,747,628	\$ 2,733,736	\$ 2,621,118
\$ 3,109,153	\$ 3,104,821	\$ 3,403,443
120.5%	88.1%	77.0%
74.1%	78.4%	79.8%

COST-SHARING MULTIPLE EMPLOYER MISCELLANEOUS PLANS SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2021		 2020	2019	2018	
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	670,392 (670,392)	\$ 633,776 (633,776)	\$ 525,812 (525,812)	\$	443,161 (443,161)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 	\$	-
Covered Payroll	\$	3,371,342	\$ 3,823,238	\$ 3,512,954	\$	3,370,827
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		19.9%	16.6%	15.0%		13.1%

Notes to Schedule of Plan Contributions:

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2018

Actuarial cost method: Entry age normal cost method

Amortization method: Level percent of pay, direct rate smoothing

Remaining amortization period: Differs by employer rate plan but not more than 30 years

Assets valuation method: Market value of assets

Inflation: 2.5%

Salary Increases: Varies by Entry Age and Service

Discount rate: 7.00% Retirement age: 50 and 57 years

Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds. The post-retirement

mortality rates include 15 years of projected on-going mortality improvement

Mortality: using 90 percent of Scale MP published by the Society of Actuaries

⁽¹⁾ Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only seven years are shown.

 2017	 2016	 2015
\$ 392,645	\$ 350,597	\$ 338,101
 (392,645)	 (350,597)	(338,101)
\$ _	\$ _	\$ -
\$ 3,197,648	\$ 3,109,153	\$ 3,104,821
12.3%	18.1%	10.9%

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SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

DESCRIPTION OF NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Traffic Improvement – To account for traffic improvement and arterial street system fees paid by developers which may only be used for constructing traffic impacted arterial streets.

Traffic Safety – To account of traffic fines which may only be used for traffic safety purposes.

Transit Tax – To account for Proposition A funds received from the County of Los Angeles which may only be used to provide transportation services.

Public Transit – To account for Proposition C funds received from the County of Los Angeles which may only be used to provide transportation services.

Air Quality Management – To account for funds received from the South Coast Air Quality Management District which may only be used for air quality improvement.

Community Development Block Grant – To account for restricted housing rehabilitation loans administered with Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds.

Supplemental Law Enforcement – To account for Brulte funds received from the state for the use of Public Safety (COPS) programs.

Solid Waste Management – To account for the funds relating to collection, transportation and recycling of refuse materials for City residents and businesses.

State Gas Tax – To account for funds allocated to the City by the State which may only be used for street maintenance, construction, right of way acquisition and/or reconstruction.

Measure R – To account for public transit tax received under Measure R. These funds are paid by the County of Los Angeles.

Other Grants – To account for various state grant funds received for street improvements and park developments.

Inclusionary Housing – To account for in-lieu fees that are committed for the development or maintenance of housing that is affordable to low to moderate income households.

Utility Undergrounding – To account for the undergrounding of utility lines within the City undergrounding district.

Road Rehab – To account for funds allocated to the City for road maintenance and rehabilitation.

Measure M – To account for funds allocated to the City for transit projects.

Measure W - To account for funds collected from a parcel of tax of 2.5 cents per square foot impermeable area. Tax receipts will be used to improve water quality, increase local supply, and enhance the community.

DESCRIPTION OF NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Recreation Center Capital Projects – To account for the funds to be used for that are assigned for the development or maintenance of the City's recreation center.

Storm Water Capital Projects – To account for the funds to be used for the development or maintenance of the City's storm water program.

Capital Projects – To account for funds that are to be used for various capital projects throughout the City.

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Financing Authority Debt Service – To account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Agoura Hills Improvement Authority – To account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

		Funds						
	_ <u>Im</u>	Traffic Improvement			-	ransit Tax (Prop A)		olic Transit Prop C)
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	686,173	\$	22,200	\$	922,533	\$	291,863
Receivables:	Ф	000,173	Ф	22,200	Ф	922,533	Ф	291,003
Accounts receivable		_						
Deferred loans receivable		_		_		_		_
Due from other governments		_		4,800		80,932		600,000
Due from other funds		963,763		-,000		-		-
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		_		_		_
Total Assets	\$	1,649,936	\$	27,000	\$	1,003,465	\$	891,863
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,					-			
and Fund Balances (Deficits):								
Accounts payable	\$		\$	13,230	\$	45,558	\$	58,956
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	_	Ψ	13,230	Ψ	45,556	Ψ	1,380
Unearned revenues		_		_		_		1,500
Deposits payable		17,608		_		_		_
Due to other funds		-		_		_		_
Total Liabilities		17,608		13,230		45,558		60,336
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenues						74,079		
								<u>-</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	· 			74,079		
Fund Balances (Deficits):								
Restricted:								
Community development projects		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Air quality improvement		-		-		-		-
Grant programs		-		-		- 000 000		024 527
Transportation services Committed:		-		-		883,828		831,527
Capital projects		1,632,328		13,770				
Waste management programs		1,032,320		13,770		-		-
Housing programs		_		_		_		_
Assigned:								
Capital projects		_		_		_		_
Debt service		_		_		_		_
Unassigned		_		_		_		_
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		1,632,328		13,770		883,828		831,527
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		, ,-		, <u>-</u>		-,-		<i>,</i>
Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	1,649,936	\$	27,000	\$	1,003,465	\$	891,863
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Air Quality Management			ommunity relopment ock Grant		oplemental Law forcement		olid Waste nagement		
Assets:	•	407.007	•		\$ 171.405		•	405 507		
Cash and investments	\$	107,097	\$	-	\$	171,405	\$	195,537		
Receivables:								07.444		
Accounts receivable		-		407.000		-		27,144		
Deferred loans receivable		- 000		197,289		-		-		
Due from other governments		6,829		8,750		-		-		
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		-				-		-		
Total Assets	\$	113,926	\$	206,039	\$	171,405	\$	222,681		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,										
and Fund Balances (Deficits):										
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	2,500	\$	37,000	\$	3,626		
Accrued liabilities		-		, -		´ -		, <u> </u>		
Unearned revenues		-		_		-		-		
Deposits payable		_		-		-		_		
Due to other funds		_		6,142		-		_		
Total Liabilities		-		8,642		37,000		3,626		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable revenues				197,288						
				,						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		197,288		-		-		
Fund Balances (Deficits):										
Restricted:										
Community development projects		-		109		-		-		
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		
Debt service		-		-		-		-		
Air quality improvement		113,926		-		-		-		
Grant programs		-		-		134,405		-		
Transportation services		-		-		-		-		
Committed:										
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		
Waste management programs		-		-		-		219,055		
Housing programs		-		-		-		-		
Assigned:										
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		
Debt service		-		-		-		-		
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		113,926		109		134,405		219,055		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	•	440.000	•	000.000	•	474 467	•	000.004		
Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	113,926	\$	206,039	\$	171,405	\$	222,681		

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Stat	State Gas Tax			Otl	her Grants		clusionary Housing		
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	78,713	\$	179,934	\$		\$	1,809,036		
Receivables:	φ	70,713	φ	179,934	φ	-	φ	1,009,030		
Accounts receivable		_		_		394,009		_		
Deferred loans receivable		_		_		-		_		
Due from other governments		_		-		25,788		-		
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		-		-		-		
Total Assets	\$	78,713	\$	179,934	\$	419,797	\$	1,809,036		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits):										
Accounts payable	\$	72,744	\$	12,057	\$	215,941	\$	_		
Accrued liabilities	,	, -	•	-	•	-	·	-		
Unearned revenues		-		-		151,754		-		
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-		
Due to other funds		-				213,217				
Total Liabilities		72,744		12,057		580,912				
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable revenues		-				258,799				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		258,799		-		
Fund Balances (Deficits):										
Restricted:										
Community development projects		-		-		-		-		
Capital projects		5,969		167,877		-		-		
Debt service		-		-		-		-		
Air quality improvement		-		-		-		-		
Grant programs		-		-		-		-		
Transportation services		-		-		-		-		
Committed: Capital projects										
Waste management programs		-		-		-		-		
Housing programs		_		-		-		1,809,036		
Assigned:								1,000,000		
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		
Debt service		-		-		-		-		
Unassigned		-		<u> </u>		(419,914)		<u>-</u>		
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		5,969		167,877		(419,914)		1,809,036		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits)	¢	70 742	e	170 024	¢	410 707	¢	1 900 026		
nesources, and rund datafices (Deficits)	<u> </u>	78,713	\$	179,934	\$	419,797	\$	1,809,036		

(CONTINUED)

				Specia	al Reve	nue Funds		
	Under	Ro	ad Rehab Fund	Me	easure M Fund	М	easure W Fund	
Assets:	Φ.	FO 440	Φ.	070.040	Φ.	00.077	Φ.	440.040
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	53,440	\$	378,619	\$	33,677	\$	116,848
Accounts receivable								
Deferred loans receivable		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		69,477		-		-
Due from other funds		-		09,477		-		-
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		_		_		_		_
Total Assets	\$	53,440	\$	448,096	\$	33,677	\$	116,848
	<u>*</u>		<u> </u>	110,000	<u> </u>			110,010
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,								
and Fund Balances (Deficits):	¢		œ.		r.	24.046	¢.	40.004
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	21,046 2,279	\$	12,331
Unearned revenues		-		-		2,219		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		-				23,325		12,331
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenues				_		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-				-		
Fund Balances (Deficits):								
Restricted:								
Community development projects		-		_		-		_
Capital projects		-		448,096		10,352		104,517
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Air quality improvement		-		-		-		-
Grant programs		-		-		-		-
Transportation services		-		-		-		-
Committed:								
Capital projects		53,440		-		-		-
Waste management programs		-		-		-		-
Housing programs		-		-		-		-
Assigned:								
Capital projects		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-				-		
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		53,440		448,096		10,352		104,517
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	53,440	\$	448.096	\$	33,677	\$	116,848
resources, and rund balances (benchs)	Ψ	55,770	Ψ	770,000	Ψ	55,011	Ψ	110,040

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Capital Projects Funds					Debt Service Funds		
	Recreation Center		Storm Water Capital Projects		Capital Projects Fund		Financing Authority Debt Service	
Assets: Cash and investments	\$		\$	1 010 125	\$	12,544	\$	1,094
Receivables:	Ф	-	Ф	1,012,135	Ф	12,544	Ф	1,094
Accounts receivable		22,346		24,271		_		_
Deferred loans receivable		22,040		27,271		_		_
Due from other governments		22,457		14,922		_		_
Due from other funds		, -		-		_		_
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		-		-		1
Total Assets	\$	44,803	\$	1,051,328	\$	12,544	\$	1,095
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,								
and Fund Balances (Deficits):								
Accounts payable	\$	5,586	\$	7,675	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		17,977						
Total Liabilities		23,563		7,675				
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenues		44,803		39,192				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		44,803		39,192				
Fund Balances (Deficits):								
Restricted:								
Community development projects		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-		-
Debt service Air quality improvement		-		-		-		-
Grant programs		-		-		-		-
Transportation services		_		_		_		
Committed:								
Capital projects		_		_		12,544		_
Waste management programs		-		-		-,-,-		-
Housing programs		-		-		-		-
Assigned:								
Capital projects		-		1,004,461		-		-
Debt service		(00 565)		-		-		1,095
Unassigned		(23,563)						-
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		(23,563)		1,004,461		12,544		1,095
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	44,803	\$	1,051,328	\$	12,544	\$	1,095
		,		.,,.20		,		.,

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Debt Service Funds Agoura Hills Improvement Authority	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets:	A 40.007	Φ 0.404.705	
Cash and investments	\$ 48,937	\$ 6,121,785	
Receivables:		407 770	
Accounts receivable	-	467,770	
Deferred loans receivable	-	197,289	
Due from other governments Due from other funds	-	833,955	
	242.679	963,763	
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents	243,678	243,679	
Total Assets	\$ 292,615	\$ 8,828,241	
Links and the second of the second			
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,			
and Fund Balances (Deficits):	•	* 500.050	
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 508,250	
Accrued liabilities	-	3,659	
Unearned revenues	-	151,754	
Deposits payable	-	17,608	
Due to other funds		237,336	
Total Liabilities		918,607	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		044.404	
Unavailable revenues	- _	614,161	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	614,161	
Fund Balances (Deficits):			
Restricted:		400	
Community development projects	-	109	
Capital projects	-	736,811	
Debt service	292,615	292,615	
Air quality improvement	-	113,926	
Grant programs	-	134,405	
Transportation services	-	1,715,355	
Committed:		4 740 000	
Capital projects	-	1,712,082	
Waste management programs	-	219,055	
Housing programs	-	1,809,036	
Assigned: Capital projects		1,004,461	
Debt service	-	1,004,461	
Unassigned	- -	(443,477)	
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	292,615	7,295,473	
` ,		.,200,110	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	¢ 202.645	¢ 0000044	
Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ 292,615	\$ 8,828,241	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Traffic Improvement	Traffic Safety	Transit Tax (Prop A)	Public Transit (Prop C)					
Revenues:	Φ.	•	•	•					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 524.463	\$ - 2,147,830					
Intergovernmental Charges for services	-	-	524,463	2,147,830					
Use of money and property	4,250	51	6,195	2,431					
Fines and forfeitures	-	40,033	-	_,					
Total Revenues	4,250	40,084	530,658	2,150,261					
Expenditures: Current:									
General government	_	_	1,529	10,439					
Public safety	-	31,942	-,020	-					
Community development	-	-	-	-					
Parks and recreation	-	-	58,788	-					
Public works	-	-	208,167	272,309					
Capital outlay	-	-	111,600	1,399,947					
Debt service: Principal retirement									
Interest and fiscal charges		-	-	-					
Total Expenditures		31,942	380,084	1,682,695					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			-						
Over (Under) Expenditures	4,250	8,142	150,574	467,566					
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in									
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,250	8,142	150,574	467,566					
Fund Balances (Deficits), Beginning of Year	1,628,078	5,628	733,254	363,961					
Fund Balances (Deficits), End of Year	\$ 1,632,328	\$ 13,770	\$ 883,828	\$ 831,527					

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Air Quality Management	Community Development Block Grant	Supplemental Law Enforcement	Solid Waste Management					
Revenues:	•	•	•	Φ 07.405					
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$ - 45,693	\$ - 346,516	\$ - 156,727	\$ 27,135 392					
Charges for services	45,095	340,310	150,727	76,173					
Use of money and property	554	3	1,042	1,340					
Fines and forfeitures									
Total Revenues	46,247	346,519	157,769	105,040					
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government Public safety	-	-	- 155,764	-					
Community development	-	44,646	155,764	99,758					
Parks and recreation	-	13,750	-	-					
Public works	-	-	-	-					
Capital outlay	-	288,121	-	-					
Debt service:									
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-					
Total Expenditures		346,517	155,764	99,758					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures	46,247	2	2,005	5,282					
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in									
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Net Change in Fund Balances	46,247	2	2,005	5,282					
Fund Balances (Deficits), Beginning of Year	67,679	107	132,400	213,773					
Fund Balances (Deficits), End of Year	\$ 113,926	\$ 109	\$ 134,405	\$ 219,055					

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds								
	State Gas Tax	Measure R	Other Grants	Inclusionary Housing					
Revenues:	•	•	•	•					
Taxes	\$ - 452,303	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Intergovernmental Charges for services	452,303	261,234	122,303	-					
Use of money and property	122	607	25	11,209					
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-						
Total Revenues	452,425	261,841	122,328	11,209					
Expenditures: Current:									
General government	-	-	62,332	-					
Public safety	-	-	-	-					
Community development	-	-	-	-					
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-					
Public works	447,177	106,025	11,632	-					
Capital outlay Debt service:	-	20,344	254,874	-					
Principal retirement	_	_	_	_					
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-					
Total Expenditures	447,177	126,369	328,838						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures	5,248	135,472	(206,510)	11,209					
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in	-								
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Net Change in Fund Balances	5,248	135,472	(206,510)	11,209					
Fund Balances (Deficits), Beginning of Year	721	32,405	(213,404)	1,797,827					
Fund Balances (Deficits), End of Year	\$ 5,969	\$ 167,877	\$ (419,914)	\$ 1,809,036					

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds							
		Itility grounding		Road Rehab Fund		Measure M Fund		easure W Fund
Revenues:	•				•		•	
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental Charges for services		-		381,264		295,988		335,342
Use of money and property		331		989		214		295
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Total Revenues		331		382,253		296,202		335,637
Expenditures: Current:								
General government		_		_		_		_
Public safety		-		_		-		-
Community development		-		-		-		-
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		-
Public works		-		-		230,739		231,120
Capital outlay		-		-		60,000		-
Debt service: Principal retirement								
Interest and fiscal charges		_		_		_		_
•			-			290,739		224 420
Total Expenditures				-		290,739		231,120
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		331		382,253		5,463		104,517
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in			-					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					•			
Net Change in Fund Balances		331		382,253		5,463		104,517
Fund Balances (Deficits), Beginning of Year		53,109		65,843		4,889		
Fund Balances (Deficits), End of Year	\$	53,440	\$	448,096	\$	10,352	\$	104,517

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	c	Debt Service Funds		
	Recreation Center	Storm Water Capital Projects	Capital Projects Fund	Financing Authority Debt Service
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$ - - -	\$ - 254,964	\$ -	\$ - - -
Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures		5,241 	139	4
Total Revenues		260,205	139	4
Expenditures: Current:				
General government Public safety	-	-	-	-
Community development Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-
Public works	22,456	93,532	-	-
Capital outlay Debt service:	-	-	11,270	-
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		-		<u> </u>
Total Expenditures	22,456	93,532	11,270	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(22,456)	166,673	(11,131)	4
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	(22,456)	166,673	(11,131)	4
Fund Balances (Deficits), Beginning of Year	(1,107)	837,788	23,675	1,091
Fund Balances (Deficits), End of Year	\$ (23,563)	\$ 1,004,461	\$ 12,544	\$ 1,095

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Debt Service Funds Agoura Hills Improvement Authority	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures	\$ - - (86) -	\$ 27,135 5,325,019 76,173 34,956 40,033
Total Revenues Expenditures:	(86)	5,503,316
Current: General government Public safety Community development Parks and recreation Public works Capital outlay Debt service:	- - - - -	74,300 187,706 144,404 72,538 1,623,157 2,146,156
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	345,000 560,064	345,000 560,064
Total Expenditures	905,064	5,153,325
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(905,150)	349,991
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	913,025	913,025
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	913,025	913,025
Net Change in Fund Balances	7,875	1,263,016
Fund Balances (Deficits), Beginning of Year	284,740	6,032,457
Fund Balances (Deficits), End of Year	\$ 292,615	\$ 7,295,473

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TRAFFIC IMPROVEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget Amounts Actual Original Final Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	1,628,078	\$	1,628,078	\$	1,628,078	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Use of money and property		4,000		4,000		4,250		250
Amounts Available for Appropriations		1,632,078		1,632,078		1,632,328		250
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Capital outlay		120,000						
Total Charges to Appropriations		120,000						
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	1,512,078	\$	1,632,078	\$	1,632,328	\$	250

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TRAFFIC SAFETY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget . Original	t Amounts Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 5,628	\$	5,628	\$	5,628	\$	-	
Resources (Inflows): Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures	 200 50,000		200 40,000		51 40,033		(149) 33	
Amounts Available for Appropriations	 55,828		45,828		45,712		(116)	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Public safety	 50,000		40,000		31,942		8,058	
Total Charges to Appropriations	 50,000		40,000		31,942		8,058	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 5,828	\$	5,828	\$	13,770	\$	7,942	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TRANSIT TAX (PROP A) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget	Amoι		Actual	Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	 Amounts	(Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 733,254	\$	733,254	\$ 733,254	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property	 639,956 12,000		564,956 12,000	524,463 6,195		(40,493) (5,805)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	1,385,210		1,310,210	 1,263,912		(46,298)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):						
General government	-		-	1,529		(1,529)
Parks and recreation	126,143		60,064	58,788		1,276
Public works	557,000		201,150	208,167		(7,017)
Capital outlay	 100,000		120,000	 111,600		8,400
Total Charges to Appropriations	783,143		381,214	380,084		1,130
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 602,067	\$	928,996	\$ 883,828	\$	(45,168)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PUBLIC TRANSIT (PROP C) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget Amounts Original Fin				Actual Amounts	Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	363,961	\$	363,961	\$ 363,961	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property		964,389 500		2,164,389 500	2,147,830 2,431		(16,559) 1,931
Amounts Available for Appropriations		1,328,850		2,528,850	2,514,222		(14,628)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): General government Public works Capital outlay		- 164,963 770,000		166,232 1,455,000	10,439 272,309 1,399,947		(10,439) (106,077) 55,053
Total Charges to Appropriations		934,963		1,621,232	1,682,695		(61,463)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	393,887	\$	907,618	\$ 831,527	\$	(76,091)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget . Driginal	Amounts Actual Final Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 67,679	\$	67,679	\$	67,679	\$	-	
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property	 26,700 300		26,700 300		45,693 554		18,993 254	
Amounts Available for Appropriations	 94,679		94,679		113,926		19,247	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): General government	 1,200		1,200				1,200	
Total Charges to Appropriations	 1,200		1,200				1,200	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 93,479	\$	93,479	\$	113,926	\$	20,447	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 Budget	Amou	ınts	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 107	\$	107	\$ 10)7 :	\$ -
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property	 299,346		349,400 -	346,5	16 3	(2,884)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	299,453		349,507	346,62	26	(2,881)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):						
Community development	44,646		44,646	44,64	16	-
Parks and recreation	14,700		14,700	13,75	50	950
Public works	40,000		-		-	-
Capital outlay	 200,000		290,000	288,12	21	1,879
Total Charges to Appropriations	 299,346		349,346	346,51	17	2,829
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 107	\$	161	\$ 10	9 :	\$ (52)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SUPPLEMENTAL LAW ENFORCEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 Budget Driginal	Amou	nts Final	 Actual Amounts	Fina P	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 132,400	\$	132,400	\$ 132,400	\$	-	
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property	 100,000 700		156,700 700	156,727 1,042		27 342	
Amounts Available for Appropriations	233,100		289,800	 290,169		369	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Public safety	 152,866		152,866	155,764		(2,898)	
Total Charges to Appropriations	 152,866		152,866	155,764		(2,898)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 80,234	\$	136,934	\$ 134,405	\$	(2,529)	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget . Original	Amou	ınts Final	 Actual amounts	Fina P	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 213,773	\$	213,773	\$ 213,773	\$	-	
Resources (Inflows): Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property	 36,000 - 74,000 3,000		36,000 - 74,000 3,000	27,135 392 76,173 1,340		(8,865) 392 2,173 (1,660)	
Amounts Available for Appropriations	 326,773		326,773	 318,813		(7,960)	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Community development	 135,000		135,000	99,758		35,242	
Total Charges to Appropriations	 135,000		135,000	99,758		35,242	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 191,773	\$	191,773	\$ 219,055	\$	27,282	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STATE GAS TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	0	Budget Driginal	Amoı	unts Final	Actual Amounts	Fin	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	721	\$	721	\$ 721	\$	-	
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property		494,256 1,000		485,065 1,000	452,303 122		(32,762) (878)	
Amounts Available for Appropriations		495,977		486,786	453,146		(33,640)	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Public works		453,300		447,150	 447,177		(27)	
Total Charges to Appropriations		453,300		447,150	 447,177		(27)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	42,677	\$	39,636	\$ 5,969	\$	(33,667)	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE R FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 Budget . Driginal	Amou	ınts Final	 Actual Amounts	Fin F	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 32,405	\$	32,405	\$ 32,405	\$	-	
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property	 273,320 2,500		280,210 2,500	261,234 607		(18,976) (1,893)	
Amounts Available for Appropriations	308,225		315,115	294,246		(20,869)	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Public works Capital outlay	 106,611 50,000		106,981 50,000	106,025 20,344		956 29,656	
Total Charges to Appropriations	156,611		156,981	126,369		30,612	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 151,614	\$	158,134	\$ 167,877	\$	9,743	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OTHER GRANTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Fir	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Deficit, July 1	\$	(213,404)	\$	(213,404)	\$ (213,404)	\$	-	
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property		3,386,147 -		149,637 -	122,303 25		(27,334) 25	
Amounts Available for Appropriations		3,172,743		(63,767)	 (91,076)		(27,309)	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):								
General government		61,028		60,900	62,332		(1,432)	
Public works		15,547		15,547	11,632		3,915	
Capital outlay		3,265,400		174,000	254,874		(80,874)	
Total Charges to Appropriations		3,341,975		250,447	328,838		(78,391)	
Budgetary Fund Deficit, June 30	\$	(169,232)	\$	(314,214)	\$ (419,914)	\$	(105,700)	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE INCLUSIONARY HOUSING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Fin:	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	1,797,827	\$	1,797,827	\$	1,797,827	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Use of money and property		20,000		20,000		11,209		(8,791)
Amounts Available for Appropriations		1,817,827		1,817,827		1,809,036		(8,791)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Community development		10,000		10,000				10,000
Total Charges to Appropriations		10,000		10,000				10,000
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	1,807,827	\$	1,807,827	\$	1,809,036	\$	1,209

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE UTILITY UNDERGROUNDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budget /	Amoι	ınts		Actual	Final	nce with I Budget ositive
	С	riginal		Final	A	mounts	(Ne	gative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	53,109	\$	53,109	\$	53,109	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):								
Use of money and property		500		500		331		(169)
Amounts Available for Appropriations		53,609		53,609		53,440		(169)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	53,609	\$	53,609	\$	53,440	\$	(169)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ROAD REHAB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 Budget	Amoı		Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive
	 Original Final			 Amounts	(N	egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 65,843	\$	65,843	\$ 65,843	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):						
Intergovernmental	345,555		371,946	381,264		9,318
Use of money and property	 500		500	989		489
Amounts Available for Appropriations	 411,898		438,289	448,096		9,807
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 411,898	\$	438,289	\$ 448,096	\$	9,807

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE M FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget /	Amou	unts Final	ts Actual Amounts Final Property 4,889 \$ 4,889 \$ 309,731 295,988 214 315,120 301,091 301,091 225,464 230,739 65,725 60,000 291,189 290,739	iance with al Budget Positive legative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 4,889	\$	4,889	\$	4,889	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property	 309,731 500		, -		,		(13,743) (286)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	 315,120		315,120		301,091		(14,029)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Public works Capital outlay	 188,722 60,000		-, -		,		(5,275) 5,725
Total Charges to Appropriations	 248,722		291,189		290,739		450
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 66,398	\$	23,931	\$	10,352	\$	(13,579)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE W FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget . Original	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	370,000	335,400	335,342	(58)
Use of money and property			295	295
Amounts Available for Appropriation	370,000	335,400	335,637	237
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	277,000	214,450	231,120	(16,670)
Total Charges to Appropriations	277,000	214,450	231,120	(16,670)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 93,000	\$ 120,950	\$ 104,517	\$ (16,433)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE R CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget A	Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
	Original		Fillal	 Amounts		iegative)
Budgetary Fund Deficit, July 1	\$ (3,362,055)	\$	(3,362,055)	\$ (3,362,055)	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property	750,000 500		415,000 500	463,516 771		48,516 271
Amounts Available for Appropriations	 (2,611,555)		(2,946,555)	 (2,897,768)		48,787
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):						
General government	-		36,502	30,756		5,746
Community development	-		-	2,004		(2,004)
Public works	90,927		92,833	94,567		(1,734)
Capital outlay	600,000		310,000	 172,646		137,354
Total Charges to Appropriations	 690,927		439,335	 299,973		139,362
Budgetary Fund Deficit, June 30	\$ (3,302,482)	\$	(3,385,890)	\$ (3,197,741)	\$	188,149

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE RECREATION CENTER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget A			nts Final	Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Deficit, July 1	\$	(1,107)	\$	(1,107)	\$ (1,107)	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Use of money and property		4		4			(4)
Amounts Available for Appropriations		(1,103)		(1,103)	 (1,107)		(4)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Public works				24,000	 22,456		1,544
Total Charges to Appropriations				24,000	 22,456		1,544
Budgetary Fund Deficit, June 30	\$	(1,103)	\$	(25,103)	\$ (23,563)	\$	1,540

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STORM WATER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	837,788	\$	837,788	\$	837,788	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property		750,000 10,000		250,000 10,000		254,964 5,241		4,964 (4,759)
Amounts Available for Appropriations		1,597,788		1,097,788		1,097,993		205
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Public works		750,000		250,000		93,532		156,468
Total Charges to Appropriations		750,000		250,000		93,532		156,468
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	847,788	\$	847,788	\$	1,004,461	\$	156,673

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	23,675	\$	23,675	\$	23,675	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Use of money and property						139		139
Amounts Available for Appropriations		23,675		23,675		23,814		139
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Capital outlay		_		11,300		11,270		30
Total Charges to Appropriations				11,300		11,270		30
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	23,675	\$	12,375	\$	12,544	\$	169

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE M CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Deficit, July 1	\$ (715,970)	\$ (715,970)	\$ (715,970)	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	4,895,436	4,895,436	3,558,604	(1,336,832)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	4,179,466	4,179,466	2,842,634	(1,336,832)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government	159,050	50,198	45,315	4,883
Community development	-	-	438	(438)
Public works	342,989	200,358	163,739	36,619
Capital outlay	4,500,000	4,100,000	3,734,616	365,384
Total Charges to Appropriations	5,002,039	4,350,556	3,944,108	406,448
Budgetary Fund Deficit, June 30	\$ (822,573)	\$ (171,090)	\$ (1,101,474)	\$ (930,384)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FINANCING AUTHORITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 Budget riginal	ts Final	Actual nounts	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 1,091	\$ 1,091	\$ 1,091	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Use of money and property	 25	 25	 4		(21)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	 1,116	 1,116	 1,095		(21)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 1,116	\$ 1,116	\$ 1,095	\$	(21)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE AGOURA HILLS IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts		ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	284,740	\$	284,740	\$	284,740	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Use of money and property Transfers in		1,500 913,025		1,500 913,025		(86) 913,025		(1,586) -
Amounts Available for Appropriations		1,199,265		1,199,265		1,197,679		(1,586)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Debt service:								
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		345,000 563,025		345,000 563,025		345,000 560,064		- 2,961
Total Charges to Appropriations		908,025		908,025		905,064		2,961
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	291,240	\$	291,240	\$	292,615	\$	1,375

STATISTICAL SECTION

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DESCRIPTION OF STATISTICAL SECTION CONTENTS

June 30, 2021

This part of the City of Agoura Hill's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents:	Schedules
<u>Financial Trends</u> – These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1-5
Revenue Capacity – These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant current local revenue source, the property tax.	6-12
<u>Debt Capacity</u> – These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	13-16
<u>Demographic and Economic Information</u> – These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	17-18
Operating Information – These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	19-21

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year. The City implemented Statement 34 in 2003; however, the City implemented Statement 44 in 2006. Schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

	Fiscal Year					
	2012			2013		2014
Governmental activities						
Net Investment in capital assets	\$	67,179,564	\$	66,545,330	\$	71,090,637
Restricted		2,662,523		2,476,389		4,054,814
Unrestricted		13,973,910		15,956,212		37,983,934
Total primary government net assets-restated	\$	83,815,997	\$	84,977,931	\$	113,129,385

	Fiscal Year												
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021						
\$	88,327,674	\$ 102,402,711	\$ 107,036,227	\$ 109,062,997	\$ 115,659,310	\$ 119,055,509	\$ 122,562,958						
	1,569,275	1,641,181	1,723,643	1,649,754	2,729,353	3,391,714	4,386,297						
Φ.	28,035,386 117,932,335	36,440,786 \$ 140,484,678	37,138,624 \$ 145,898,494	36,535,795 \$ 147,248,546	34,370,710 \$ 152,759,373	35,505,187 \$ 157,952,410	36,269,912 \$ 163,219,167						

				iscal Year		
		2012		2013		2014
Expenses				_		
Governmental activities						
General government	\$	2,809,488	\$	4,224,974	\$	4,395,273
Public safety		4,101,347		4,307,129		4,364,195
Public works		5,141,512		3,095,828		3,114,273
Community development		1,055,293		989,646		985,074
Pass through to other agencies		1,449,565		-		-
Community services		1,957,257		1,999,606		2,184,204
Interest on long-term debt (unallocated)		953,642		470,616		761,822
Total primary government expenses	\$	17,468,104	\$	15,087,799	\$	15,804,841
Program Revenues Governmental activities						
Charges for Services	•			400.000		400.000
General government	\$	92,593	\$	129,026	\$	139,006
Public safety		530,285		570,023		565,016
Public works		153,422		237,538		240,192
Community development		146,932		246,279		160,965
Community services		285,797		241,107		267,356
Operating grants and contributions		2,788,229		3,705,524		9,016,536
Capital grants and contributions		669,308		329,511	_	2,578,791
Total primary government program revenues	\$	4,666,566	\$	5,459,008	\$	12,967,862
Net (Expense)/Revenue						
Total primary government net expense	\$	14,635,182	\$	12,801,539	\$	9,628,790
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes Intergovernmental revenues	\$	14,661,200 118,561	\$	12,278,663	\$	10,483,355
Investment earnings		323,286		273,503		119,576
Other revenues		220,980		165,757		187,793
Special Item		-		-		-
Total primary government	\$	15,324,027	\$	12,717,923	\$	10,790,724
Change in Net Position						
Total primary government	\$	29,959,209	\$	25,519,462	\$	20,419,514

				F	iscal Year					
	2015	 2016	 2017		2018		2019	 2020	 2021	
\$	3,636,202 4,014,645 3,885,466 1,625,957	\$ 4,270,495 4,194,614 4,053,734 1,398,948	\$ 4,668,415 4,461,825 4,463,701 1,618,074	\$	4,840,745 4,671,492 4,460,115 1,718,379	\$	5,562,060 5,052,473 5,223,521 1,912,179	\$ 5,075,690 5,395,088 4,567,546 2,387,667	\$ 4,883,137 4,972,577 5,403,352 2,405,357	
	2,214,787 631,316	 2,470,941 625,051	 2,823,604 866,327		3,027,389 517,386		3,145,527 581,175	 2,904,129 559,031	 1,926,403 535,104	
\$	16,008,373	\$ 17,013,783	\$ 18,901,946	\$	19,235,506	\$	21,476,935	\$ 20,889,151	\$ 20,125,930	
\$	478,314 694,531 280,493 378,825 56,408 1,004,621 9,379,954 12,273,146	\$ 156,807 618,883 224,895 336,236 337,557 1,420,156 13,955,391 17,049,925	\$ 163,988 875,646 226,653 333,529 445,655 968,373 7,509,737 10,523,581	\$	167,941 818,733 229,345 354,455 493,827 2,569,234 2,423,678 7,057,213	\$	178,781 773,284 236,577 328,600 370,995 4,149,727 5,896,336 11,934,300	\$ 147,364 700,271 216,836 193,519 210,061 4,911,381 4,441,925 10,821,357	\$ 148,827 670,625 216,544 591,714 21,179 5,461,487 4,731,794 11,842,170	
\$	2,836,979	\$ (3,735,227)	\$ 72,142	\$	(8,378,365)	\$(1	2,178,293.00)	\$ (10,067,794)	\$ (8,283,760	
\$	11,274,539 - 154,096 427,017	\$ 12,062,480 - 15,564 298,521	\$ 12,598,500 - 203,689 198,680 9,479,215	\$	12,403,165 - 784,617 150,715 294,014	\$	12,894,034 - 1,026,429 345,823 175,000	\$ 12,617,792 - 847,549 1,795,490	\$ 12,834,290 - 451,118 556,383	
\$		\$ 12,376,565	\$ 22,480,084	\$	13,632,511	\$	14,441,286	\$ 15,260,831	\$ 13,841,791	
•	, ,	 ,,	 ,,		-,,		, .,	 -,,	 -,,-	
\$	14,692,631	\$ 8,641,338	\$ 22,552,226	\$	5,254,146	\$	2,262,993	\$ 5,193,037	\$ 5,558,031	

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS Program Revenues by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year	
	2012	2013	2014
Function/Program	'		
Governmental activities			
General government	\$ 212,500	\$ 267,650	\$ 2,599,863
Public safety	651,076	670,023	665,016
Public works	3,086,160	3,981,507	8,896,687
Community development	156,574	298,721	538,940
Community services	285,797	241,107	267,356
Subtotal governmental activities	4,392,107	5,459,008	12,967,862
Total primary government	\$ 4,392,107	\$ 5,459,008	\$ 12,967,862

	Fiscal Year												
2	015	2016			2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
\$ 1,	138,763	\$	346,886	\$	437,462	\$	739,569	\$	2,435,396	\$	2,840,323	\$	4,281,219
	800,761		718,883		1,004,970		898,438		922,031		856,219		827,352
9,	863,255	1	4,987,990		7,171,508		4,557,202		7,867,535		6,706,149		6,109,074
	413,959		658,609		1,463,986		368,177		338,343		208,605		603,346
	56,408		373,557		445,655		493,827		370,995		210,061		21,179
12,	273,146	1	7,085,925		10,523,581		7,057,213		11,934,300		10,821,357		11,842,170
\$ 12,	273,146	\$ 1	7,085,925	\$	10,523,581	\$	7,057,213	\$	11,934,300	\$	10,821,357	\$	11,842,170

(accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year					
	2012	2013	2014				
General Fund							
Committed and assigned	\$	- \$	- \$ -				
Nonspendable	141,	253 141,66	4 17,383,605				
Unassigned	8,883,	578 8,395,18	0 8,494,117				
Total general fund	\$ 9,024,	831 \$ 8,536,84	4 \$ 25,877,722				
All Other Governmental Funds							
Nonspendable	\$	- \$	- \$ -				
Restricted	1,329,	096 1,025,33	8 5,165,834				
Committed	4,254,	585 4,007,78	2 4,162,269				
Assigned	3,393,	238 4,095,17	2 4,618,668				
Unassigned	(726,	092) (1,203,85	2) -				
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 8,250,	827 \$ 7,924,44	0 \$ 13,946,771				

Fiscal Year											
2015	2015 2016		2018	2019	2020	2021					
\$ -	\$ 50,000	\$ 345,275	\$ 350,028	\$ 358,850	\$ 410,948	\$ 413,508					
17,365,764	26,368,875	26,450,720	26,525,470	26,434,914	26,530,193	26,274,785					
9,083,645	9,083,645 9,623,733		10,386,556	9,229,107	8,065,424	10,654,100					
\$ 26,449,409	\$ 36,042,608	\$ 36,611,066	\$ 37,262,054	\$ 36,022,871	\$ 35,006,565	\$ 37,342,393					
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,917	\$ 5,351	\$ -					
1,569,275	1,641,181	1,723,643	1,649,754	2,755,603	2,325,972	3,695,301					
4,350,376	3,770,779	4,067,536	4,310,623	3,319,065	3,716,739	3,740,173					
411,423	557,239	559,083	595,322	608,408	851,867	1,005,556					
(3,154,713)	(5,974,136)	(4,708,451)	(3,498,679)	(4,551,947)	(4,292,536)	(4,742,692)					
\$ 3,176,361	\$ (4,937)	\$ 1,641,811	\$ 3,057,020	\$ 2,137,046	\$ 2,607,393	\$ 3,698,338					

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

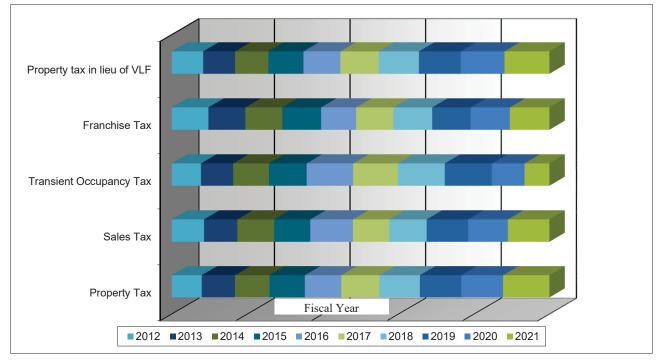
	2012	Fiscal Year 2013	2014	
Revenues	# 40.070.000	* 40 400 055	A.44.070.005	
Taxes	\$ 12,278,663	\$ 10,483,355	\$ 11,270,895	
Licenses and permits	329,863	394,768	430,875	
Intergovernmental revenues	2,424,323	2,181,324	9,755,904	
Charges for services	1,679,567	1,710,409	1,420,436	
Fines and forfeitures	215,936	154,311	133,653	
Use of money and property Other revenues	313,926	157,882	197,514	
Other revenues	677,494	174,803	195,034	
Total Revenues	17,919,772	15,256,852	23,404,311	
Expenditures				
General government	4,015,644	3,811,416	8,209,942	
Pass through to other agencies	1,449,565	5,011,410	0,200,042	
Public safety	4,094,222	4,295,475	4,356,837	
Community development	997,422	986,968	983,413	
Community services	1,475,157	1,951,342	1,999,590	
Public works	2,638,353	2,281,079	2,995,490	
Capital outlay	1,980,972	2,076,715	3,783,745	
Debt service	.,,	_,,	2,1 22,1 12	
Interest	925,126	473,231	763,158	
Principal payments	395,000	195,000	200,000	
Total expenditures	17,971,461	16,071,226	23,292,175	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(51,689)	(814,374)	112,136	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Debt proceeds	_		3,675,000	
Premium/(discount) on debt issuance	_	_	52,984	
Transfers in	6,410,105	1,961,194	3,749,109	
Transfers out	(6,410,105)	(1,961,194)	(3,749,109)	
Proceeds from sale of capital asset	(0,410,103)	(1,501,154)	(0,740,100)	
Total other financing sources (uses)			3,727,984	
• , ,				
Special Item				
Net change in fund balances	\$ (51,689)	\$ (814,374)	\$ 3,840,120	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8.3%	4.8%	4.9%	

			Fiscal Year			
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 12,062,480	\$ 12,598,500	\$ 12,403,165	\$ 12,894,034	\$ 13,467,759	\$ 12,580,449	\$ 12,834,290
503,586	524,799	480,926	661,719	589,666	567,474	525,474
7,390,407	13,346,694	8,882,237	6,745,712	8,460,405	7,730,671	11,747,351
1,188,228	1,018,776	1,464,484	1,217,282	1,266,816	814,876	788,600
139,746	104,803	90,403	88,793	98,186	93,306	86,853
15,564 707,911	203,689 303,505	784,617 590,037	1,026,429 989,254	1,264,234 728,155	925,944 2,224,920	451,118 563,583
22,007,922	28,100,766	24,695,869	23,623,223	25,875,221	24,937,640	26,997,269
3,951,759	3,935,083	4,094,097	4,162,104	5,064,913	4,545,676	4,218,006
0,001,700	-	-,00-,007	-,102,104	-	-,0-0,070	-,210,000
4,012,790	4,182,601	4,459,069	4,665,151	5,051,499	5,325,392	5,038,926
1,665,528	1,481,732	1,556,843	1,646,839	1,890,097	2,285,379	2,291,008
2,176,803	2,481,518	2,741,433	2,857,247	2,990,865	2,658,751	1,723,171
2,089,716	2,364,618	2,982,814	2,825,797	3,577,130	2,908,320	3,754,397
18,666,025	15,857,476	7,276,935	4,185,749	8,575,724	6,955,091	5,504,949
631,316	625,051	1,157,560	599,458	595,400	583,715	560,064
210,000	290,000	10,605,000	310,000	315,000	330,000	345,000
33,403,937	31,218,079	34,873,751	21,252,345	28,060,628	25,592,324	23,435,521
(11,396,015)	(3,117,313)	(10,177,882)	2,370,878	(2,185,407)	(654,684)	3,561,748
		10.055.000				
-	-	10,055,000 800,234	-	-	-	-
2,247,685	1,569,645	1,496,432	1,096,808	1,343,659	1,467,260	1,039,825
(2,247,685)	(1,569,645)	(1,496,432)	(1,096,808)	(1,343,659)	(1,467,260)	(1,039,825)
(2,247,003)	(1,509,043)	924,014	175,000	(1,545,059)	(1,407,200)	(1,059,025)
		11,779,248	175,000			
			184,159			
\$ (11,396,015)	\$ (3,117,313)	\$ 1,601,366	\$ 2,730,037	\$ (2,185,407)	\$ (654,684)	\$ 3,561,748
5.7%	6.0%	42.6%	5.3%	4.7%	4.9%	5.0%

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Sales Tax Tax			Transient Occupancy F Tax			Franchise Tax		Property tax in lieu of VLF	Total
2012	\$ 2,320,850	\$	3,379,646	\$	1,738,467	\$	753,957	\$	1,728,255	\$ 9,921,175
2013	2,565,840		3,485,596		1,915,323		758,890		1,757,705	10,483,354
2014	2,678,400		3,859,515		2,134,688		762,214		1,839,717	11,274,534
2015	2,742,000		3,790,000		2,244,728		800,139		1,938,084	11,514,951
2016	2,819,000		4,471,077		2,764,208		718,696		2,033,448	12,806,429
2017	2,958,298		3,805,109		2,670,834		767,787		2,119,014	12,321,042
2018	3,128,689		3,924,897		2,788,088		799,866		2,216,903	12,858,442
2019	3,203,261		4,330,498		2,807,317		790,763		2,300,159	13,431,997
2020	3,238,290		4,176,609		1,948,347		807,678		2,410,884	12,581,810
2021 Change	3,611,075		4,382,974		1,494,022		820,378		2,498,706	12,807,155
2012-2021	55.59%		29.69%		-14.06%		8.81%		44.58%	29.09%



Notes: Includes all governmental fund types (General, Special Revenue,

Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds).

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal years

(in thousands of dollars)

				Less:				To	tal Taxable	Total
Fiscal				Pe	rsonal	Tax	-Exempt	-	Assessed	Direct
Year	Land	lm	provements	Property		Pı	Property		Value	Tax Rate
2012	\$ 1,934,879	\$	2,002,645	\$	1,378	\$	16,663	\$	3,922,239	0.00%
2013	2,032,603		2,103,373		1,363		17,064		4,120,275	0.00%
2014	2,175,810		2,185,634		2,173		17,301		4,346,316	0.00%
2015	2,293,585		2,286,622		2,253		17,581		4,564,879	0.00%
2016	2,419,636		2,352,608		2,124		19,540		4,754,828	0.00%
2017	2,543,117		2,439,867		1,935		10,511		4,974,408	0.00%
2018	2,667,460		2,503,374		2,071		20,924		5,151,981	0.00%
2019	2,796,824		2,592,303		2,024		12,042		5,379,109	0.00%
2020	2,926,597		2,679,957		3,118		22,800		5,586,872	0.00%
2021	3,036,487		2,753,262		2,588		18,053		5,774,284	0.00%

Note:

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at a time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above. The County does not provide breakout of residential, commercial and industrial assessed values to the cities.

Source: County of Los Angeles, Auditor - Controller

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

		01	verlapping Rate	S		
 Fiscal Year	Basic County (1)	Los Angeles County	School Districts	Water Districts	Flood Control District	Total Tax Rates
2012	1.0000	0.0000	0.1049	0.0037	0.0000	1.1086
2013	1.0000	0.0000	0.1201	0.0035	0.0000	1.1236
2014	1.0000	0.0000	0.1135	0.0035	0.0000	1.1170
2015	1.0000	0.0000	0.1090	0.0035	0.0000	1.1125
2016	1.0000	0.0000	0.1050	0.0035	0.0000	1.1085
2017	1.0000	0.0000	0.1079	0.0035	0.0000	1.1114
2018	1.0000	0.0000	0.1198	0.0035	0.0000	1.1233
2019	1.0000	0.0000	0.1211	0.0035	0.0000	1.1246
2020	1.0000	0.0000	0.1028	0.0035	0.0000	1.1063
2021	1.0000	0.0000	0.1098	0.0035	0.0000	1.1133

Note: (1) In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of school, water and flood control district bonds. The City of Agoura Hills receives 5.85% of the 1% property tax rate.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

		2021			2012	
Тахрауег	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Tishman Speyer Archstone Smith	\$131,925,018	1	2.40%	\$ 113,090,048	1	2.91%
Lexington Agoura Hills LLC	58,434,838	2	1.07%			
Kids from the Valley V LLC	55,065,857	3	0.68%			
Khanna Enterprises LP	47,268,062	4	0.82%			
FW CA Twin Oaks Shopping Center	33,756,369	5	0.62%	24,436,391	4	0.63%
ARHC MAGHCA01 LLC	33,165,983	6	0.60%			
Whizin Market Square LLC	32,246,971	7	0.59%	20,785,614	5	0.54%
Hankey Investment Company LP	29,665,128	8	0.54%			
Apple Seven Hospitality	25,456,035	9	0.47%			
Agoura Design Center LP	25,248,203	10	0.47%	18,456,954	10	0.48%
RBD Agoura Hlls LLC				34,846,402	2	0.90%
Bank of America				29,152,749	3	0.75%
Arden Realty LP				20,440,000	6	0.53%
MEF Realty LLC				20,000,000	7	0.52%
Teredyne Inc				19,018,823	8	0.49%
Agoura Business Center East				18,566,384	9	0.48%
Total	\$472,232,464		8.26%	\$ 318,793,365	-	8.21%

The amounts shown above include assessed value data for both the City and the Redevelopment Agency.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

City of Agoura Hills Secured Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Taxes Levied	Collected v		Coll	ections	Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal Year	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy		ears	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2012	\$ 2,186,162	\$ 2,070,611	94.71%	\$	51,656	\$ 2,122,267	97.08%	
2013	2,207,605	2,098,798	95.07%		54,541	2,153,339	97.54%	
2014	2,298,395	2,196,070	95.55%		35,028	2,231,098	97.07%	
2015	2,413,441	2,315,154	95.93%		32,839	2,347,993	97.29%	
2016	2,506,669	2,422,101	96.63%		18,062	2,440,163	97.35%	
2017	2,607,191	2,511,264	96.32%		43,571	2,554,835	97.99%	
2018	2,704,330	2,639,148	97.59%		8,999	2,648,147	97.92%	
2019	2,801,070	2,742,935	97.92%		31,898	2,774,833	99.06%	
2020	2,894,345	2,776,534	95.93%		64,502	2,841,036	98.16%	
2021	3,005,130	2,936,586	97.72%		-	2,936,586	97.72%	

Sources: City of Agoura Hills financial information.

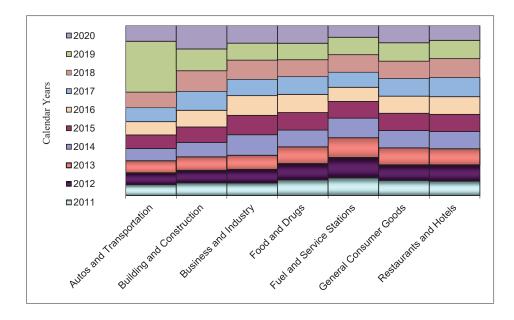
County of Los Angeles, Auditor - Controller.

California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Taxable Sales by Category Last Ten Calendar Years

(in thousands of dollars)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Autos and Transportation	\$ 93	\$ 101	\$ 104	\$ 105	\$ 116	\$ 114	\$ 120	\$ 133	\$ 436	\$ 135
Building and Construction	139	136	149	158	169	183	208	225	239	257
Business and Industry	416	445	470	680	640	653	541	633	562	584
Food and Drugs	252	260	270	269	282	292	285	271	265	285
Fuel and Service Stations	784	897	879	866	741	625	670	774	772	520
General Consumer Goods*	711	729	804	815	811	806	836	810	869	811
Restaurants and Hotels	574	651	647	693	683	708	767	756	733	593
Total	\$ 2,969	\$ 3,219	\$ 3,323	\$ 3,586	\$ 3,442	\$ 3,381	\$ 3,427	\$ 3,602	\$ 3,876	\$ 3,185
City direct sales tax rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%



Notes: Calendar year 2021 not available.

* Includes Other Taxable

Source: HdL Companies

City Direct Rate	Los Angeles County	State of California
0.00%	1.50%	7.25%
0.00%	1.50%	7.50%
0.00%	1.50%	7.50%
0.00%	1.50%	7.50%
0.00%	1.50%	7.50%
0.00%	1.50%	8%
0.00%	1.50%	8%
0.00%	1.50%	8%
0.00%	1.50%	8%
0.00%	1.50%	8%
	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	City Direct Rate County 0.00% 1.50% 0.00% 1.50% 0.00% 1.50% 0.00% 1.50% 0.00% 1.50% 0.00% 1.50% 0.00% 1.50% 0.00% 1.50% 0.00% 1.50% 0.00% 1.50% 0.00% 1.50%

Source: California State Board of Equalization

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

		Governmen	ital Activities				
Fiscal Year	2008 RDA Tax Allocation Bonds (1)	2008 RDA Housing Set-Aside Bonds (2)	RDA Housing Lease Set-Aside Revenue		Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (a)	Per Capita (a)
2012	\$ 5,580	\$ 9,570	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,150	1.54%	\$ 742
2013	5,515	-	-	-	5,515	0.51%	269
2014	5,515	-	3,675	-	9,190	0.98%	448
2015	-	-	3,724	-	3,724	0.36%	181
2016	-	-	3,653	-	3,653	0.35%	177
2017	-	-	3,576	10,592	14,168	1.33%	668
2018	-	-	3,499	10,325	13,824	1.22%	658
2019	-	-	3,417	10,052	13,469	1.19%	646
2020	-	-	3,336	9,763	13,099	1.05%	633
2021	-	-	3,249	9,465	12,714	0.98%	615

Notes:

Sources: State of California, Department of Finance

City of Agoura Hills financial data

⁽a See Schedule for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

^{(1 2008} Tax Allocation Bonds issued June 5 to finance certain redevelopment projects within the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Area. (See Note 2)

⁽² June 5, 2008, the RDA issued Housing Set-Asie Tax Allocation Bonds bonds to finance low and moderate income housing of the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency.

⁽³ September 1, 2013, the City issued Lease Revenue Bonds to finance a portion of the recreation center project.

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Fiscal Year	Lease Refunding Bonds	elopment onds	 Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	Ca	Per pita (2)
2012	\$ -	\$ 15,150	\$ 15,150	0.39%	\$	742
2013	-	5,515	5,515	0.14%		269
2014	3,675	5,515	9,190	0.22%		448
2015	3,724	-	3,724	0.09%		181
2016	3,653	-	3,653	0.08%		177
2017	14,168	-	14,168	0.30%		668
2018	13,824	-	13,824	0.28%		658
2019	13,469	-	13,469	0.26%		646
2020	13,099	-	13,099	0.24%		633
2021	12,714	-	12,714	0.23%		615

Notes:

Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See schedule for property value data. See scehdule for population data.

Source:

Governmental Unit Debt repaid with property taxes	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	(a) _	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Metropolitan Water District	\$ 26,830,000	0.175	%	\$ 46,953
Los Angeles Community College District	4,409,250,000	0.591		26,058,668
Las Virgenes Joint Unified School District	112,682,938	22.420		25,263,515
Other debt				
Los Angeles County General Fund Obligations	2,618,507,256	0.333		8,719,629
Los Angeles County Supt. of Schools Certificates of Participation	4,565,373	0.333		15,203
Las Virgenes Joint Unified School District Certificates of Participation	9,517,975	22.420	_	2,133,930
Subtotal, overlapping debt			_	62,237,897
City direct debt				
City of Agoura Hills General Fund Obligations	12,055,000	100.000		12,055,000
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 74,292,897 (b)

Notes: (a) Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within the boundaries of the city. The method used within the city multiplied by the total debt outstanding.

Sources: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

City of Agoura Hills financial data

⁽b) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Legal Debt Margin Information

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

	Fiscal Year					
	2021			2020		2019
Debt limit Legal debt margin	\$	213,560 213,560	\$	205,887 205,887	\$	196,923 196,923
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
<u>Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2020</u> Assessed Valuations:						
Gross Assessed Value	\$	5,694,941				
Debt Limitation - 3.75% of Total Assessed Value Less debt applicable to limitation	\$	213,560				
Legal Debt Margin	\$	213,560				

Notes:

Under state finance law, the city's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 15 percent of total assessed property value. The Code section was enacted when assessed valuations were based on 25% of full market value. This has since changed to 100% of full market value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

Sources: County of Los Angeles, Auditor - Controller City of Agoura Hills financial data

California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

			Fis	scal Year			
2018	2017	 2016		2015	2014	2013	2012
\$ 189,674 189,674	\$ 181,391 181,391	\$ 174,088 174,088	\$	165,786 165,786	\$ 157,301 157,301	\$ 150,109 150,109	\$ 148,608 148,608
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Median Age (2)	Percentage of Residents with at least some college	City Unemployment Rate (3)
2012	20,413	\$ 986,417	\$ 48,323	42.5	82%	4.9%
2013	20,500	1,090,457	53,193	42.5	96%	4.5%
2014	20,516	933,437	45,498	42.5	96%	3.6%
2015	20,528	1,036,500	50,492	42.5	96%	6.1%
2016	20,625	1,036,241	50,242	43.2	96%	4.3%
2017	21,211	1,066,532	50,282	42.5	95%	3.7%
2018	21,018	1,128,793	53,706	45.0	95%	4.4%
2019	20,842	1,135,952	54,503	44.0	96%	4.2%
2020	20,689	1,242,519	60,057	44.5	96%	16.6%
2021	20,689	1,299,559	62,814	44.5	97%	7.8%

^{*} Projected figures

(1) Source: State of California, Department of Finance

(2) Source: UCSB Economic Forecast Project

(3) Source: State of California, Employment Development Department, Labor Market Information Division

		Fiscal Year					
		20)21	20)12		
			Percentage		Percentage		
			of Total City		of Total City		
	Activity	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment		
Company or Organization							
National Veterinary Associates, Inc.	Veterinary Services	500	4.46%				
Las Virgenes USD	Government	468	4.18%	482	4.30%		
Private National Mortgage Acceptance Company, LLC	Banking	302	2.70%				
Teradyne Inc	Manufacturing	186	1.66%	200	1.79%		
Motor Vehicle Software Corp/VITU	Technology	160	1.43%				
Westlake Financial Services	Banking	160	1.43%				
Wood Ranch	Restaurant	125	1.12%	162	1.45%		
Nuance (Formerly Touch Commerce)	Internet	120	1.07%				
Vons Companies	Grocery	94	0.84%				
Zebra Technologies	Manufacturing	91	0.81%	190	1.70%		
Bank of America	Banking			1153	10.29%		
IBM Corporation	Technology			206	1.84%		
Farmers Financial Solutions	Insurance			200	1.79%		
THQ Inc	Publishing			160	1.43%		
Pacific Compensation Insurance	Insurance			158	1.41%		
Total Top Employers	3	2,206	19.70%	2,911	25.99%		
Total City Employment (1)		11,200		11,200			

Source: Results based on direct correspondence with city's local businesses

Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year		
	2012	2013	2014
Function/Program			
General government	9.78	9.43	10.30
Community development	4.65	6.27	6.27
Community services	7.00	7.00	7.00
Public works	6.70	6.00	6.00
Building and safety	3.00	3.00	3.00
Redevelopment/Successor Agency	3.87	1.30	1.43
Total full-time equivalent employees	35.00	33.00	34.00

Notes: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time-equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080.

Sources: City of Agoura Hills financial information

	Fiscal Year						
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
10.48	10.48	10.49	10.07	10.25	10.87	10.74	
5.30	5.30	5.26	5.72	6.50	6.28	6.04	
7.95	7.95	8.00	8.00	8.00	7.60	6.17	
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	5.00	
3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	
1.27	1.27	1.25	1.21	1.25	1.25	1.05	
33.00	33.00	33.00	33.00	34.00	35.00	32.00	

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year		
	2012	2013	2014
Function/Program			
Parks and recreation			
Number of City sponsored events	36	36	40
Public Works			
Street resurfacing (lane miles)	3	3	2
Solid Waste			
Residential Recycling Collected (pounds)*	15,014,000	15,086,440	15,261,800
Electronics Collected (pounds)*	13,241	11,755	13,011
Used Oil Collection (gallons)	921	620	519
Automobile Battery Collections (pounds)	1,450	6,138	640
Used Paint Collection (gallons)	3,027	1,933	1,165
Transportation			
Total route (miles)	179,945	166,772	121,435
Passengers (annually)	38,122	34,760	20,296

Note: The City implemented Statement 34 in 2003; however, the City implemented Statement 44 in 2006. Schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Source: Various city departments

^{*} Residential Recycling Collected includes items such as paper/cardboard/glass/metal/plastic & greenwaste Electronics did not have a city collection program prior to 2008

	Fiscal Year						
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
44	45	45	42	45	18	16	
77	40	40	72	40	10	10	
2	2	2	2	5	5.14	0.13	
14,877,780	15,123,660	15,675,500	15,646,400	15,770,600	14,928,460	15,537,640	
10,801	10,504	6,099	7,857	4,749	5,759	6,907	
462	415	335	235	467	234	357	
1,000	700	760	500	1,338	1,106	239	
1,013	1,120	556	1,160	912	1212	839	
77,582	93,813	93,674	104,180	99,224	60,174	24,026	
12,668	10,880	9,070	9,014	8,231	5,298	2,843	

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year			
	2012	2013	2014	2015
Function/Program				
Public works				
Bridges	19	19	19	19
Streets/Highway (miles)	126	126	126	130
Traffic signals	100	100	100	100
Parks and recreation				
Basketball courts				
Full	1	1	1	1
Half Courts	3	3	3	3
Community centers	1	1	1	1
Recreation Centers	1	1	1	1
Parks	6	6	6	6
Tennis courts	9	9	9	9

Note: The City implemented Statement 34 in 2003; however, the City implemented Statement 44 in 2006. Schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Source: Various city departments

Fiscal Year						
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
19	19	19	19	19	19	
130	130	130	130	130	130	
100	100	100	103	103	103	
1	1	1	1	1	•	
3	3	3	2	2	2	
1	1	1	1	1	1	
1	1	1	1	1	1	
6	6	6	6	6	(
9	8	8	9	9	9	

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