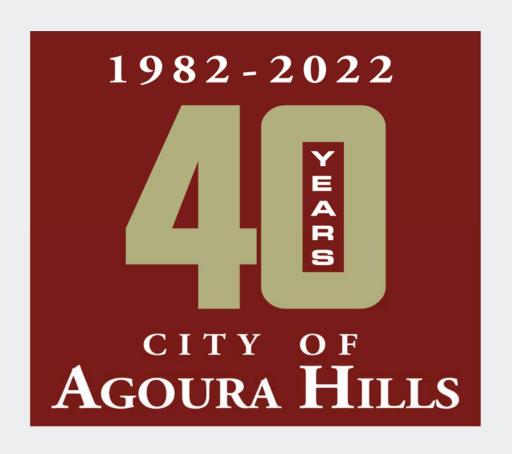
CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA



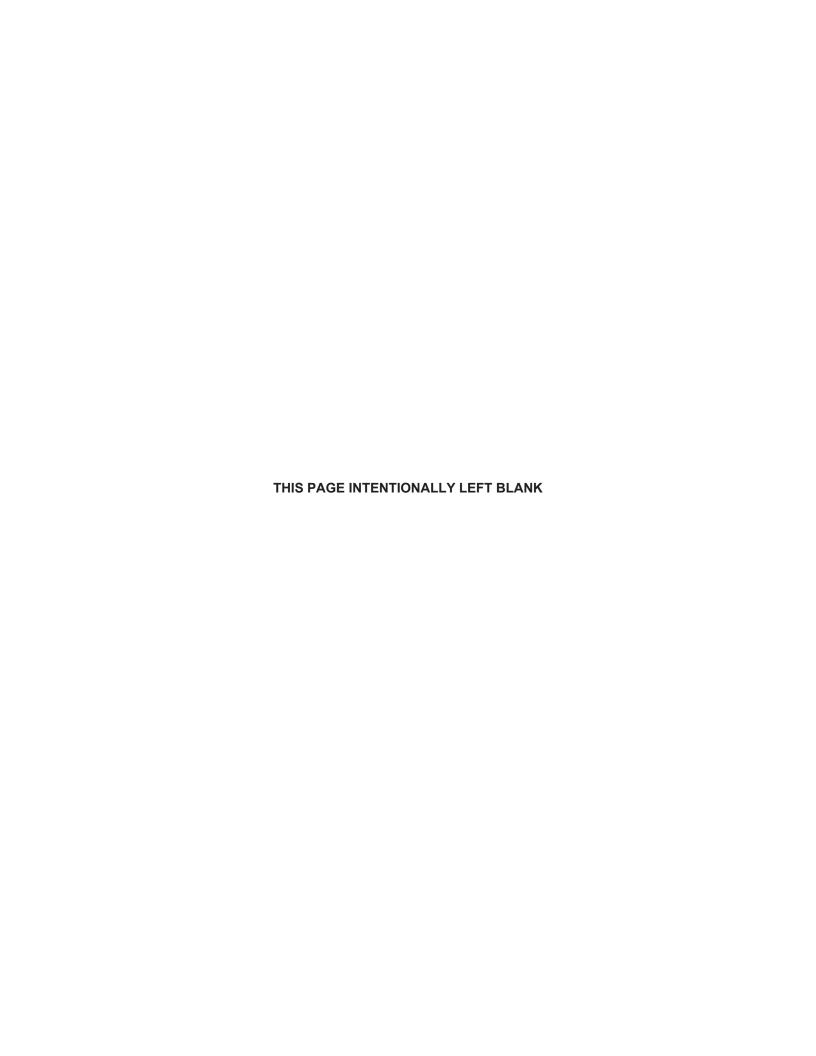
ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Prepared by: Finance Department



CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

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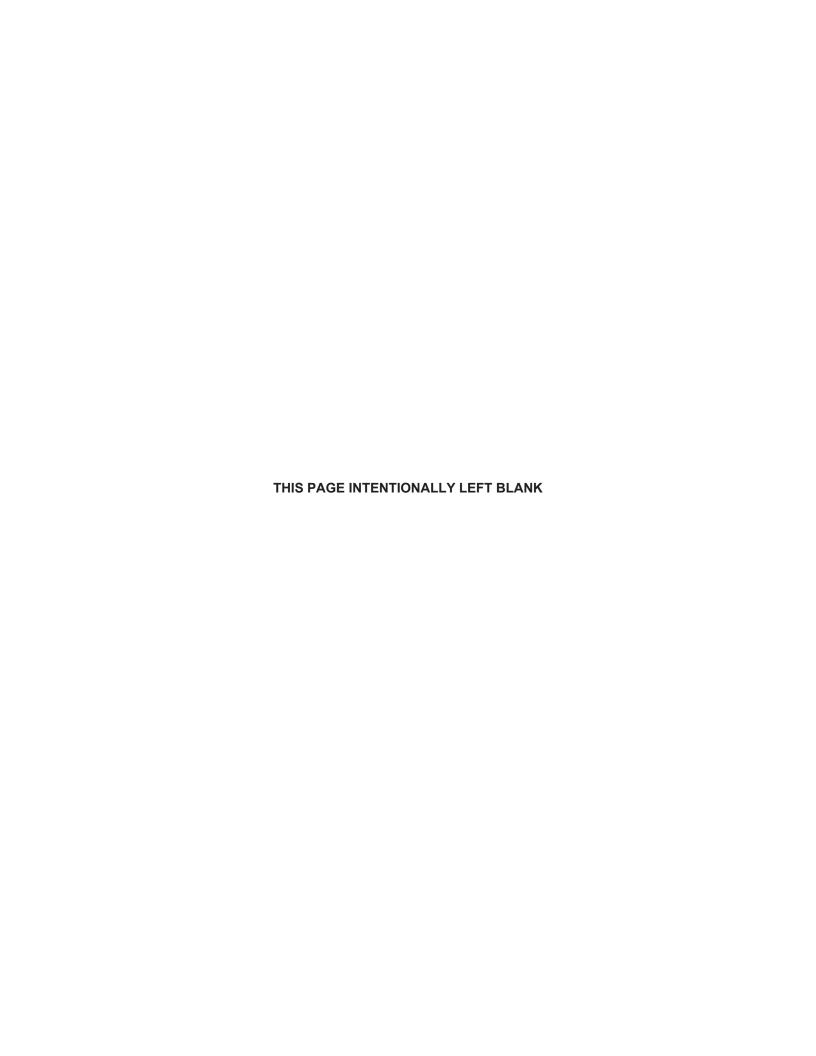
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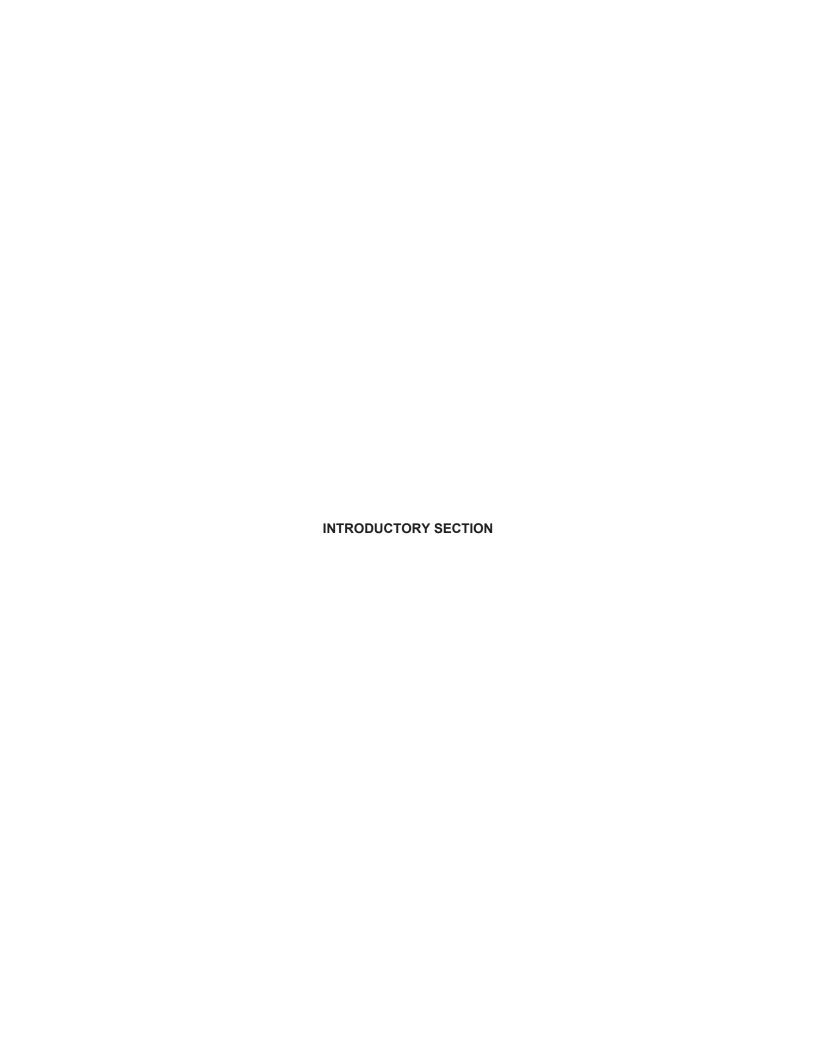
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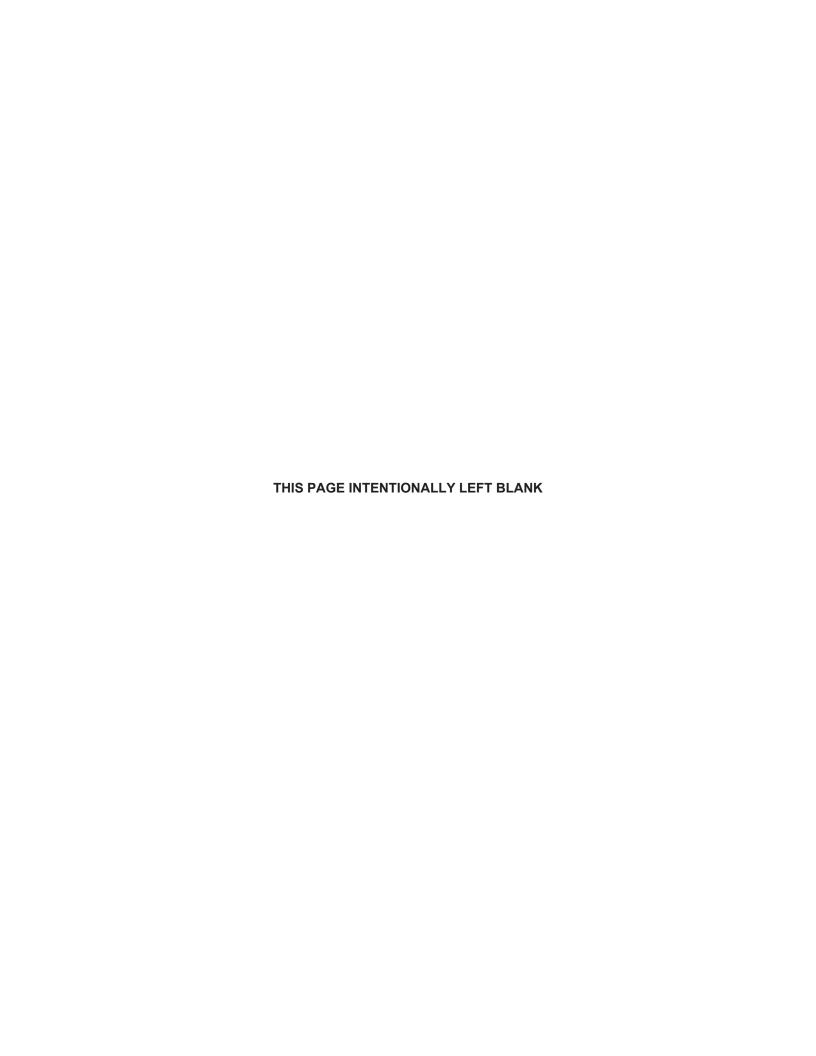
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"Gateway to the Santa Monica Mountains National Recreation Area"

December 21, 2022

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Citizens of the City of Agoura Hills, California

The City (City) of Agoura Hills is pleased to submit its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The ACFR represents a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity, with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and audited, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the fairness of presentation, including all footnotes and disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All material, statements, and disclosures, necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities, have been included. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we attest that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material aspects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP, an accounting firm fully licensed and qualified to perform audits of state and local governments within the State of California. The independent audit involved: examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Agoura Hills' financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

The ACFR is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the City's organization chart, and a list of City officials. The financial section includes the independent auditor's report, the basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and the combining and individual fund financial statements. The statistical section, which is unaudited, contains

selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis, to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the City's MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

Perched on the western edge of Los Angeles County in the foothills of the Santa Monica Mountains, Agoura Hills is located just forty-five minutes from busy downtown Los Angeles but is nevertheless rich with undulating hills and inspiring canyons. Agoura Hills was incorporated December 8, 1982. It is 8.20 square miles in size and has an average climate of 65 degrees Fahrenheit. The City has an altitude of 936 feet to 2,036 feet. Agoura Hills is one of the smaller communities in Los Angeles County, with a population of only 19,771.

The City of Agoura Hills is governed by the City Council/City Manager form of government. A

five-member City Council is elected by the residents to oversee City operations and to guide the future development of the community. The terms are staggered so that a measure of continuity is maintained in the transitions from one Council to the next. The mayor is selected annually by the City Council to serve a one-year term.

The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and appointing a City Manager and City Attorney. The City Council members also serve as the governing body of the following:





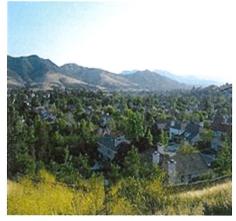
- Public Facilities Corporation
- Public Financing Authority
- Parking Authority
- Improvement Authority

In addition, the City Council appoints the members of the Planning Commission and has representation on the following Boards:

- Agoura Hills/Calabasas Community Center Board
- Las Virgenes/Malibu Council of Governments
- Santa Monica Mountains Conservancy
- Clean Power Alliance

The City provides a full range of services, some of which are contracted through outside agencies and/or firms. These services include law enforcement, highways, and roads, landscaping services, planning and zoning, building and environmental safety, emergency preparedness, and general administrative services. Certain services are provided by Public Facilities Corporation, the Public Financing Authority, and the Improvement Authority. The Agoura Hills City Council exercises financial accountability over each entity, and city staff manages the operations of each of these organizations. These component units' function, in essence, as departments of the City of Agoura Hills and therefore have been included as an integral part of the City of Agoura Hills financial statements. Additional information on these entities can be found in note 1.a. of these financial statements.

For many centuries, the area that would become Agoura Hills was familiar territory for Native Americans who wandered inland from their hunts along the sea in search of game and other food. The permanent arrival of the Spanish in the late 1700s banished the Indians from their homes and introduced a ranching culture that would linger into the early twentieth century. In the 1900s, vast cattle and sheep ranches conceded ground to rows of lettuce and celery, orchards, and wheat fields. Ranching and agriculture eventually diminished in importance. Ranchers began dividing their property and selling individual tracts for housing.



From the outset, ranchers and farmers had worried about water supplies and the citizens of Agoura Hills into the mid-1950s shared those concerns. At that time, provision of outside sources of water helped ensure the growth of the community, aided by the new highways, which acted as a conduit for fresh faces and commercial development and contributed to the maturation of Agoura Hills.

The City is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund and department. The City Manager has the authority to transfer between expenditure accounts within the same department, office, agency, or program activity.

LOCAL ECONOMY

In December 2019, an outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) originated in China, and on March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization characterized COVID-19 as a pandemic. The virus caused an economic shutdown and massive layoffs. As mandates related to the pandemic have been lifted, and the economy has begun recovering, the unemployment rate for June 2022 fell from 16.6% at June 2020 to 4.4% at June 30, 2022 in Agoura Hills, compared to 5.2% in Los Angeles County.

Agoura Hills entices companies to relocate to and remain in the City by charging a low business license fee. As a result, the City enjoys a strong and diverse business and retail base, both of which contribute to revenue received through sales tax.

Agoura Hills is one of the communities in California that is fortunate to have a strong quality of life. The City has a median home value of \$1.4 million, compared to \$900,000 in Los Angeles County. The median age of Agoura Hills' residents in 2020 was 44.5,

AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT

Through the Federal American Rescue Plan (ARPA), the City was allocated \$4.8 million for COVID-19 pandemic recovery efforts. Half of the City's allocation was received in fiscal year 2021-22 with the remaining amount received in summer 2022. As the economy continued to recover from the uncertainty of COVID-19, the City deployed its ARPA distributions towards governmental services aiding the community's recovery, including the safe reopening of the City's Civic Center and Recreation and Event Center.

In fiscal year 2021-22, the City finally saw a recovery in the revenues that had declined during the COVID-19 pandemic. Inclusive of the ARPA monies of \$2.4 million, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$10.8 million. This helped to make up for the revenue losses of over \$8 million experienced during calendar year 2020. Increases in transient occupancy tax and recreation and event center revenues indicate that the economy is recovering from the financial impacts of COVID-19. As supply chain issues resolve and the public's hesitancy towards travel recovers, the economy is slowly returning to pre-pandemic levels.

With reductions in expenditures and the receipt of ARPA funds, the City of Agoura Hills was able to maintain a solid financial position with strong indicators that the largest revenue source, sales tax, will return to pre-pandemic levels

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The unassigned fund balance in the General Fund (seventy-four percent of total general fund expenditures and operating transfers) falls within the policy guidelines set by the Council for budgetary and planning purposes. In June 2005, the City adopted Resolution No. 05-1378, stating the City Council and City Staff will endeavor to designate an amount equal to or greater than forty percent (40%) of each year's proposed General Fund Operating Budget as the City's unobligated General Fund Reserve.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City expended \$2.1 million in Federal grant monies to widen Roadside Bridge. Additionally, \$587 thousand in Measure M Sales Tax Override monies was spent on the completion of the Chesebro Bridge project and \$362 thousand in Measure R Sales Tax Override monies were spent on street projects within the Kanan corridor.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers' Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Agoura Hills for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the twelfth year that the City achieved this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government entity must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the Finance Department staff. I would also like to express my appreciation to all departments within the City who provided assistance and support.

Sincere appreciation is also expressed to the City Manager, Mayor, and members of the City Council for their support in planning and conducting the operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted.

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

Christy Truelsen Director of Finance

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

Fiscal Year 2021-22



City Officials

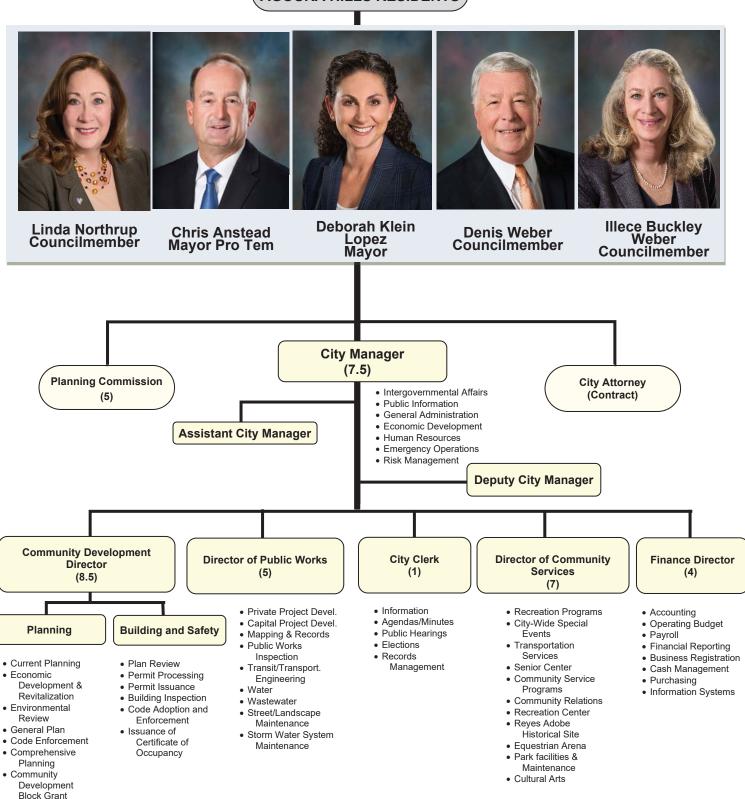
Deborah Klein Lopez, Mayor Chris Anstead, Mayor Pro Tem Illece Buckley Weber, Councilmember Linda Northrup, Councilmember Denis Weber, Councilmember

Nathan Hamburger, City Manager
Ramiro Adeva, Assistant City Manager
Louis Celaya, Deputy City Manager
Jessica Forte, Director of Public Works
Christy Truelsen, Director of Finance
Denice Thomas, Community Development Director
Kimberly Rodrigues, City Clerk
Amy Brink, Director of Community Services

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE





All police and fire services are provided to residents through a contract with the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department and Consolidated Fire Protection District of Los Angeles County. The City receives fire protection and paramedic services as well as wild fire land fire protection and forestry service from Department of Forester and Fire Warden.



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

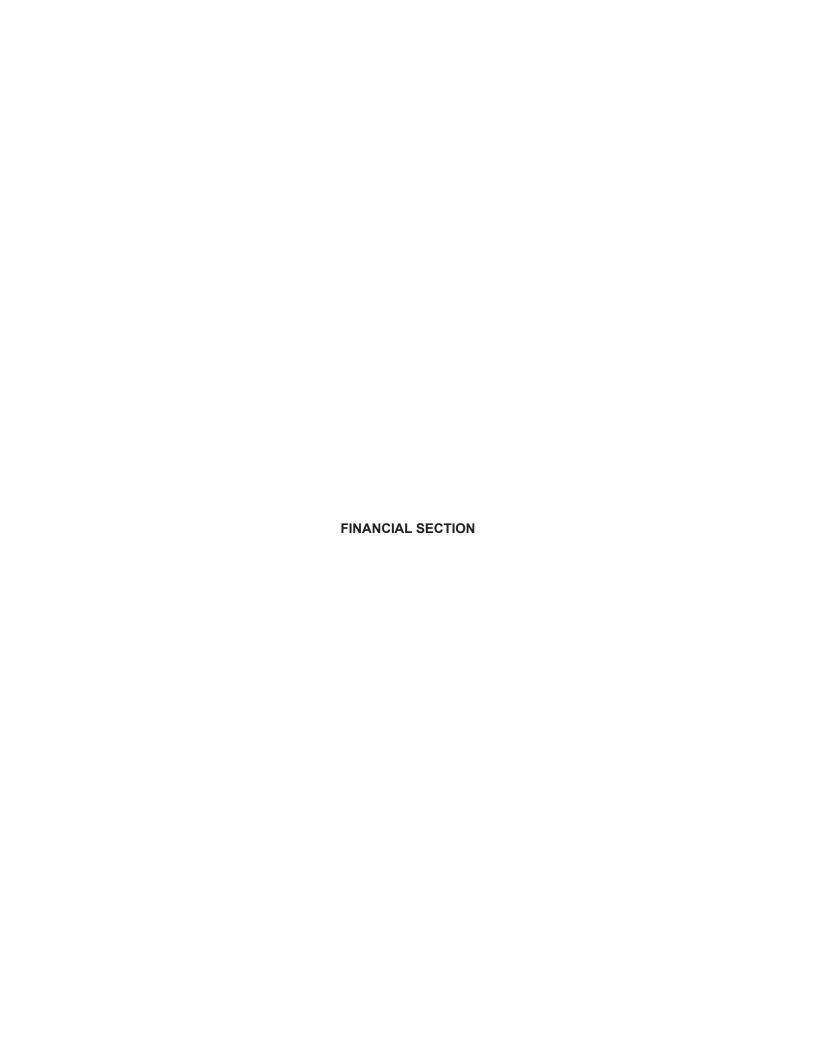
City of Agoura Hills California

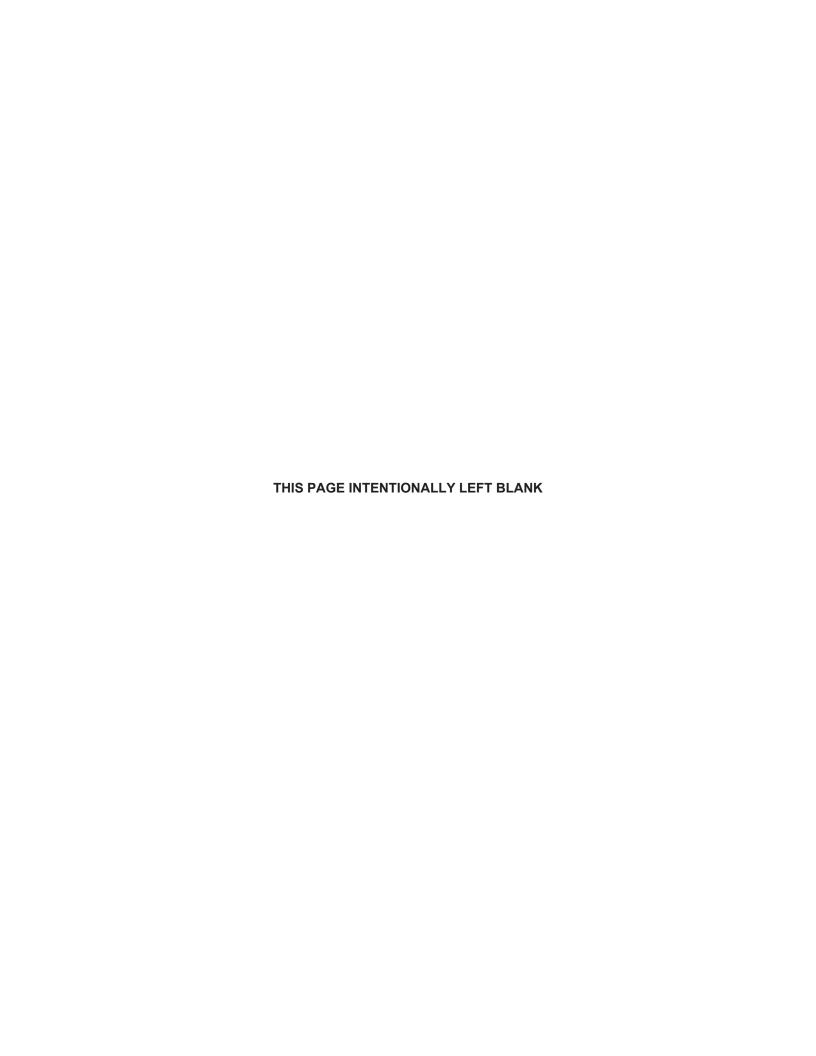
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Agoura Hills, California

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Agoura Hills, California, (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore





To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Agoura Hills, California

is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if, there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Responsibilities

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and major special funds, and required pension and other post-employment benefits schedules, as listed on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Agoura Hills, California

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules (supplementary information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2022 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brea, California December 21, 2022

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is presented as a supplement to the City of Agoura Hills' (City) financial statements. The MD&A offers an objective narrative of the City's financial activities based upon facts, decisions, and conditions known to management as of the auditor's report date for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Readers are encouraged to utilize this report in conjunction with the information outlined in the City's financial statements and notes to the financial statements (found on subsequent pages). A summary of the fiscal year's financial picture immediately follows.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- On June 30, 2022, the City's net position (excess of assets and deferred inflows/outflows of resources over liabilities) was \$173.8 million. Of this amount, \$43.6 million is available to meet the City's ongoing operations to citizens and creditors.
- ❖ During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City's total net position increased by \$10.6 million.
- ❖ As of June 30, 2022, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$13.7 million or 74 percent of total General Fund expenditures and operating transfers.
- ❖ The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$44.7 million, an increase of \$3.7 million compared with the prior fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The basic financial statements include the City (primary government) and all legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The City's component units consist of the following: The Public Facilities Corporation, The Improvement Authority, the Parking Authority and the Public Financing Authority. These component units have been included in the basic financial statements, as an integral part of the primary government, using the blended method.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the City and provide readers with a broad view of the City's finances, in a manner like a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the City's assets, deferred inflows/outflows of resources and liabilities, with a difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Agoura Hills is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the change's underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e. uncollected taxes and unearned but unused vacation leave).

While some governmental agencies have governmental and business-type activities, the City of Agoura Hills records all activities under governmental activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about the City's major funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law (i.e., Measure R & Transit Tax) and by bond covenants. However, management establishes other funds (i.e., Other Grants) to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money.

The Fund Financial Statements include statements for governmental and fiduciary categories of activities. The governmental activities are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. The following sections provide a more in-depth detailing of the fund groups.

Governmental funds are reported, in essentially the same way as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements with an exception; governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources. This means governmental fund financial statements identify current sources and uses of money within the immediate fiscal year. Benefits derived include a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides, which assist in determining whether there are sufficient financial resources available to meet the City's current needs.

Since the scope of the governmental funds is different than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is beneficial to comparatively examine information presented for the governmental funds with information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. From this, readers gain a clearer picture of the long-term impacts current financial decisions might yield. When examined together, the governmental funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide the reader with a different snapshot that identities variances between the two different methodologies of governmental activities and governmental funds.

The major governmental funds include The General Fund, Successor Housing Agency Special Revenue Fund, the Other Grants Special Revenue Fund and the Measure R Capital Projects Fund, which are reported in detail in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements. All other funds are shown in the aggregate as other non-major funds. Individual fund data for other non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of supplementary information elsewhere in the report.

Fiduciary Funds— the City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds held on behalf of external parties. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the resources of

these funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information, including the City's budgetary schedules.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

Net position is a good indicator of the City's financial position. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, net position of the City was \$173.8 million, which is an increase of \$10.6 million from the prior year.

Following is the condensed Statement of Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, and 2021.

City of Agoura Hills Net Position As of June 30, 2022, and 2021

	2022	2021
Current and other assets	\$ 55,979,627	\$ 51,440,836
Capital assets	138,363,833	134,905,890
Total Assets	194,343,460	186,346,726
Deferred outflows	2,088,048	2,086,700
Current liabilities	3,461,669	5,297,088
Long-term liabilities outstanding	15,495,720	19,294,411
Total Liabilities	18,957,389	24,591,499
Deferred inflows	3,648,182	622,760
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	126,408,354	122,562,958
Restricted	3,779,864	4,386,297
Unrestricted	43,637,719	36,269,912
Total Net Position	\$ 173,825,937	\$ 163,219,167

At June 30, 2022 the largest portion of net position (73 percent) consists of the City's investment in capital assets net of related debt. This component portrays the amount of funds required to acquire those assets, less any related debt used for such acquisition that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. The capital assets of the City are not sources of income for repayment of debt as most assets are not revenue generating and generally are not

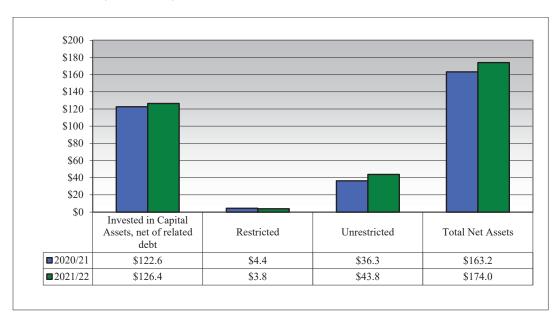
liquidated to repay debt. Therefore, debt service payments are funded from other sources available to the City.

An additional portion of the City's net position (\$3.8 million) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$43.6 million) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

For the years ended June 30, 2022, and 2021 the City reported positive balances in all three of the categories of net position.

- ❖ The \$3.8 million increase in the City's net investment in capital assets was primarily related to Measure R and Measure M Capital Projects.
- Restricted net position decreased \$606,433 which is a 14 percent decrease, primarily related to the expenditure of transportation related funding.
- Unrestricted net position increased \$7.4 million primarily due to the expenditure of receipt of grant funding which reimbursed the General Fund for operating expenditures.

The following chart shows the comparison of the three components of net position for fiscal years 2020/21 and 2021/22 (in millions).



Statement of Activities

The following is the condensed Statement of Activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, and 2021.

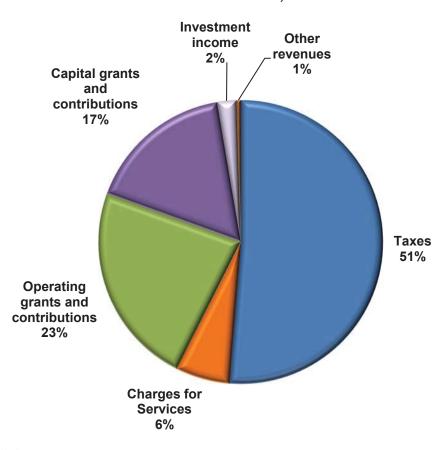
Statement of Activities Changes For the Years Ended June 30, 2022, and 2021

	2022	2021
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$1,938,075	\$1,648,889
Operating grants and contributions	7,286,003	5,461,487
Capital grants and contributions	5,304,064	4,731,794
General revenues:		
Taxes	16,185,672	12,834,290
Use of money and property	690,218	451,118
Other revenues	151,263	556,383
Total Revenues	31,555,295	25,683,961
Expenses:		
General government	5,398,396	4,883,137
Public safety	5,030,764	4,972,577
Public works	4,835,192	5,403,352
Community development	2,635,889	2,405,357
Community services	2,525,934	1,926,403
Interest and fiscal charges	522,350	535,104
Total Expenses	20,948,525	20,125,930
Increase in Net Position	10,606,770	5,558,031
Net Position – beginning of year	163,219,167	157,661,136
Net Position – end of year	\$173,825,937	\$163,219,167

The City's activities increased net position by \$10.6 million which was a 6.5 percent increase from the prior fiscal year.

Revenues by source are shown in the chart below:

Government Actvities - Revenues by Source June 30, 2022



Revenue highlights:

- Charges for services increased 18 percent, or \$289,186, in fiscal year 2021/22. As health mandates ordered for our recreation and event center begin to be lifted, the City was able to offer more classes, camps and other activities in our recreation and event center.
- Operating grants and contributions increased \$1,824,516 or 33% in fiscal year 2021/22. This primarily relates to money received for the Woolsey Fire settlement (\$232 thousand); and FEMA, as well as decreases in pension related liabilities.
- Use of money and property increased \$239,100, or 53 percent, primarily due to a slight increase in interest rates and cash received from the Federal American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) along with the increase in activity due to the lifting of various health orders.
- ❖ Tax revenues increased \$3,31,382 or 26 percent, primarily related to the lifting of health orders and increased sales tax and transient occupancy tax revenues.

Expense highlights:

Total expenses for the City's activities were \$20.7 million, \$612,939 more than the prior fiscal year.

Program revenues offset total expenses as follows:

- Those who directly benefited from programs contributed \$1.94 million in charges for services.
- ❖ The City was able to fund some of its programs through grants and contributions from outside sources or other governments for a total amount of \$12.6 million.

Functional expenses (excluding interest on debt) for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows (amount in millions):

				Net (Co	ost)	
	Total Co Servic		Percent Change	Revenu Service		Percent Change
	2022	2021	2021/22	2022	2021	2021/22
General Government	\$ 5.3	\$ 4.9	8%	\$ 0.2	\$ (0.6)	-133%
Public safety	5.0	5.0	0%	(3.7)	(4.1)	-10%
Public works	4.8	5.4	-11%	2.2	0.7	214%
Community development	2.6	2.4	8%	(2.1)	(1.8)	17%
Community services	2.5	1.9	32%	(2.3)	(1.9)	21%
Total	\$20.2	\$19.6	3%	\$(5.7)	\$ (7.7)	-26%

In total, the net cost of services decreased \$1.5 million. Highlights of the changes are:

- ❖ General Government decreased by 133% due to an operating grant received in the General Fund for the American Recovery Plan Act and an increased grant received for the Palo Comado Bridge.
- Community development increased by 17% due to increased expenses for state mandated expenditures.
- Community Services increased 21% (\$400,000) due to an increase in expenses as the community opened following health-related closures.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The City of Agoura Hills only has governmental fund types whose focus is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

As of the end of 2021/22, the City's funds reported ending fund balances of \$44.7 million, an increase of \$3.7 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year. The increase in fund balance primarily reflects the receipt American Recovery Plan Act grant in the General Fund (\$2.4 million). Additionally, the

City received \$613,103 more than it spent in the Measure M Capital Projects Fund, due to a reimbursement for expenditures in the prior fiscal year. Of the \$44.7 million in fund balances at fiscal year-end 2021/22, \$26 million is Nonspendable because it represents prepaids, land held for resale, and long-term receivables, and \$9.5 million is Restricted, Committed or Assigned to indicate that it is not available for appropriation because it had already been restricted for a variety of purposes.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of fiscal year 2021/22, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$40.2 million, with \$26 million Nonspendable because it was for Land held for Resale, prepaids, and the receivable from the Successor Agency. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total expenditures. At June 30, 2022, unassigned fund balance was 74 percent of total General Fund expenditures and operating transfers out.

Fund balance in the City's General Fund increased by \$2,889,886 in fiscal year 2021/22, when compared to a \$2,457,815 increase in fiscal year 2020/21. This primarily relates to a \$2.4 million grant received from the Federal Government as a part of the American Recovery Plan Act.

In 2010/11 the General Fund received a transfer in of \$30.6 million from the Redevelopment Agency to cover a reimbursement agreement for services. In January 2011 the City executed an agreement to cover the amounts that had been advanced since April of 1988. However, due to the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency the General Fund established an allowance for the entire amount and recorded an extraordinary loss of \$31.1 million in 2011/12. Subsequently in 2013/14 the Oversight Board to the Successor Agency approved OB Resolution No. 14-23 determining that the loan was for legitimate redevelopment purposes. In 2014/15 the California State Department of Finance (DOF) further recalculated the loan to have a balance of \$17 million. In 2015/16, with new legislation, the DOF restated the loan to \$26.2 million. For further information, see Note 15(b) to the Basic Financial Statements.

The Successor Housing Agency Fund is a special revenue fund to acquire affordable housing. This fund follows guidelines established by the State of California. The fund balance increased by \$95,340 or 14% in 2021/22. To date, the City has \$797,420 in the fund. The Measure R Capital Projects fund is established to account for Measure R grant monies received from LA METRO. These monies are used for several capital projects, including the Agoura Road Widening and the Kanan Corridor. Fund balance increased by \$133,517 (4%), as project reimbursements were received from prior expenses. The fund has short-term borrowing from the General Fund and the Traffic Impact Fee Fund, to assist with cashflow needs (\$2.4 million). The Other Grants Special Revenue Fund is established to account for various grants received by the City. The major expense in this fund was for the Roadside Bridge Widening which is reimbursed by a federal grant. This fund had a deficit fund balance of \$829,195 at June 30, 2022. Fund balance decreased in the Other Grants Special Revenue Fund by 97% (\$409,281). The City anticipates receiving the reimbursement of these expenses at a later date. The fund has short-term borrowing from the General Fund to assist with cashflow needs (\$2.2 million). For further information, see note 4 in the basic financial statements.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In preparing the budget, the City attempts to estimate its revenue using realistic, but conservative, methods to budget its expenditure appropriations and activities in a prudent manner. As a result, the City Council adopts budget adjustments during the course of the fiscal year to reflect both

changed priorities and availability of additional revenues to allow for expansion of existing programs. During the course of the year, the City Council amended the originally adopted budget to reappropriate prior year approved projects and expenditures and to amend the spending plan of the City.

In the General Fund, amendments between the original budget and the final budget resulted in an increase to revenues and transfers of \$3,194,647, and increased expenditures and transfers of \$1,581,016. The increase in revenues primarily related to an increase in transient occupancy tax and sales tax revenue related to the lifting of health orders which shutdown hotels, and the lessening of restrictions on businesses. Expenditures and transfers increased \$1,581,016 primarily due to adjustments in transfers out to other funds. These transfers related to planned capital projects and set-aside for facility improvements. With these amendments, fund balance was budgeted to increase \$2,432,915.

The City budgets on a cash basis, which includes receipt of loan repayments from the Successor Agency in the amount of \$739,892. According to General Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) this revenue is reflected as a receivable in the loan between the City and the Successor Agency. Finally, for budgeting purposes, the City has established a Building Fund, to set-aside monies for future capital improvements, and a CalPERS set-aside Fund to account for future retirement costs. GAAP considers these funds to be a part of the General fund. Therefore, a reconciliation is included to reflect the variance between the actual and final budget amounts. When adjusted, the City General Fund reflected a net total favorable budget variance of \$265,481, when comparing actual amounts to the final budget for the current fiscal year.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, including infrastructure of the City, are those assets that are used in the performance of the City's functions. At June 30, 2022, net capital assets totaled \$138.4 million.

This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure. The total increase in the City's investment of capital assets, net of related debt, for the current fiscal year is \$3.5 million or 2.6 percent of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. The increase in capital assets primarily reflects the addition of \$4.4 million in Construction in Progress, related to the Palo Comado Bridge and the Roadside Bridge widening project. Both the Palo Comado Bridge and the Roadside Bridge widening project were funded through grant resources. This is offset by a \$981,209 decrease in depreciable capital assets due to increased depreciation of our existing assets.

Major projects in fiscal year ended 2021/22 include:

- Construction in progress on the Palo Comado Bridge Capital Project
- Construction in progress on the Roadside Bridge Widening Capital Project

City of Agoura Hills Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

	2022	2021
Land	\$ 14,260,555	\$ 14,260,555
Construction in progress	62,776,412	58,337,260
Building & improvements	17,251,212	17,579,128
Machinery and equipment	93,134	20,095
Vehicles	94,034	124,883
Infrastructure	43,888,486	44,583,969
Total Capital Assets	\$ 138,363,833	\$ 134,905,890

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 in the basic Financial Statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Agoura Hills had total debt outstanding of \$12.3 million. The City's long-term obligations as of June 30, 2022, and 2021 were as follows:

City of Agoura Hills Outstanding Debt

	2022	2021
2013 Lease Revenue Bonds	\$ 3,157,090	\$ 3,248,856
2016 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds	9,151,509	9,464,852
Total Outstanding Debt	\$ 12,308,599	\$ 12,713,708

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of the basic Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

In preparing the budget for 2022/23 the following factors were taken into consideration:

- ❖ In 2022/23 the City budgeted for two less positions than 2021/22. The City employees were given a 4.35 Cost of Living Adjustment and employees who joined CalPERS prior to January 1, 2013, were budgeted to increase their contribution towards pension costs to 3.6%.
- ❖ Several anticipated large capital projects, including the Kanan Corridor (\$400,000) and the completion of the widening of Roadside Bridge (\$3.8 million).

The City's operating budget for 2022/23 reflects the use of a State Earmark, parcel tax monies, provided as Measure W monies, for the Storm Drain Diversion Project and a federal grant for the Roadside Bridge widening project.

It is anticipated that the City will remain in good financial condition throughout the fiscal year and beyond.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City of Agoura Hills Finance Department, 30001 Ladyface Court, Agoura Hills, California 91301 or (818) 597-7319.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Cash and investments \$ 15,543,167 Recoelvables: 4,059,956 Accounts 30,021 Deferred loans 269,720 Other 2,254 Advances to Successor Agency, net of allowances 25,781,570 Investment in joint venture - Community Center 1,543,463 Prepaid costs 40,983 Due from other governments 8,237,585 Land held for resale 115,000 Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent 115,000 Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent 112,305 Land held for resale 112,305 Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent 112,305 Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent 112,305 Land held for resale 112,305 Total Assets 112,305 Total Assets and investments with fiscal agent 13,235,866 Deferred Outflows of Resources: 20,816,999 Deferred Outflows of Resources 2,081,699 Liabilities: 2,081,699 Accrued liabilities 42,338 Accrued interest 9,08		Governmental Activities
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Accrued liabilities 42,358 Accrued interest 90,865 Deposits payable 1,246,747 Noncurrent liabilities:		
Accrued interest 90,865 Deposits payable 1,246,747 Noncurrent liabilities:		
Deposits payable 1,246,747 Noncurrent liabilities: 1,246,747 Due within one year: **** Compensated absences** Bonds payable** Compensated absences** Sends payable** Sonds payable** Sonds payable** Net pension liability** Total Liabilities** Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred pension-related items* Deferred other post-employment benefits-related items* Deferred other post-employment benefits-related items* Total Deferred Inflows of Resources* Deferred Inflows of Re		•
Noncurrent liabilities: 406,976 Due within one year: 406,976 Compensated absences 380,000 Due in more than one year: 200,000 Compensated absences 88,527 Bonds payable 11,928,599 Net pension liability 2,691,618 Total Liabilities 18,957,389 Deferred Inflows of Resources: 2,664,116 Deferred other post-employment benefits-related items 984,066 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 3,648,182 Net Position: 126,408,354 Restricted: 203,851 Capital projects 540,038 Debt service 293,851 Air quality improvement 140,595		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Compensated absences 406,976 Bonds payable 380,000 Due in more than one year:		1,210,717
Bonds payable 380,000 Due in more than one year: 388,527 Compensated absences 88,527 Bonds payable 11,920,599 Net pension liability 2,691,618 Total Liabilities 18,957,389 Deferred Inflows of Resources: 2,664,116 Deferred other post-employment benefits-related items 984,066 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 3,648,182 Net Position: 126,408,354 Restricted: Capital projects Capital projects 540,038 Debt service 293,851 Air quality improvement 140,595	Due within one year:	
Due in more than one year: 88,527 Compensated absences 88,527 Bonds payable 11,928,599 Net pension liability 2,691,618 Total Liabilities 18,957,389 Deferred Inflows of Resources: 2,664,116 Deferred other post-employment benefits-related items 984,066 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 3,648,182 Net Position: 126,408,354 Restricted: Capital projects Capital projects 540,038 Debt service 293,851 Air quality improvement 140,595	·	
Compensated absences 88,527 Bonds payable 11,928,599 Net pension liability 2,691,618 Total Liabilities 18,957,389 Deferred Inflows of Resources: 2,664,116 Deferred other post-employment benefits-related items 984,066 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 3,648,182 Net Position: Net investment in capital assets 126,408,354 Restricted: Capital projects 540,038 Debt service 293,851 Air quality improvement 140,595		380,000
Bonds payable 11,928,599 Net pension liability 2,691,618 Total Liabilities 18,957,389 Deferred Inflows of Resources: 2,664,116 Deferred pension-related items 2,664,116 Deferred other post-employment benefits-related items 984,066 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 3,648,182 Net Position: Net investment in capital assets 126,408,354 Restricted: 293,851 Capital projects 540,038 Debt service 293,851 Air quality improvement 140,595		88 527
Net pension liability 2,691,618 Total Liabilities 18,957,389 Deferred Inflows of Resources: 2,664,116 Deferred other post-employment benefits-related items 984,066 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 3,648,182 Net Position: 126,408,354 Restricted: 293,851 Capital projects 293,851 Air quality improvement 140,595		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:Deferred pension-related items2,664,116Deferred other post-employment benefits-related items984,066Total Deferred Inflows of Resources3,648,182Net investment in capital assetsRestricted:126,408,354Capital projects540,038Debt service293,851Air quality improvement140,595		
Deferred pension-related items Deferred other post-employment benefits-related items Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted: Capital projects Debt service Air quality improvement 2,664,116 984,066 1	Total Liabilities	18,957,389
Deferred pension-related items Deferred other post-employment benefits-related items Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted: Capital projects Debt service Air quality improvement 2,664,116 984,066 1		
Deferred other post-employment benefits-related items984,066Total Deferred Inflows of Resources3,648,182Net Position:126,408,354Net investment in capital assets126,408,354Restricted:540,038Capital projects540,038Debt service293,851Air quality improvement140,595		0.004.440
Net Position: 126,408,354 Net investment in capital assets 126,408,354 Restricted: 540,038 Capital projects 540,038 Debt service 293,851 Air quality improvement 140,595		
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted: Capital projects Debt service Air quality improvement 126,408,354 540,038 293,851 140,595		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted: Capital projects Debt service Air quality improvement 126,408,354 540,038 293,851 140,595	Total Deferred filliows of Resources	3,646,162
Restricted: Capital projects 540,038 Debt service Air quality improvement 140,595	Net Position:	
Capital projects540,038Debt service293,851Air quality improvement140,595		126,408,354
Debt service 293,851 Air quality improvement 140,595		
Air quality improvement 140,595		-
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Affordable housing programs 797 420	Affordable housing programs	797,420
Grant programs 148,445		
Transportation services 1,859,515		
Unrestricted 43,637,719	Unrestricted	43,637,719
Total Net Position \$ 173,825,937	Total Net Position	\$ 173,825,937

		Evnences	Program Revenues Operating Capital Charges for Contributions Contributions Services and Grants and Grants						Ri Ch	et (Expenses) evenues and nanges in Net Position Total overnmental Activities
Functions/Programs	-	Expenses		Services	a	nu Grants	a	ind Grants		Activities
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$	5,398,396	\$	178,442	\$	5,314,413	\$	-	\$	94,459
Public safety		5,030,764 2,635,889		873,311		415,784		- 15.074		(3,741,669)
Community development Community services		2,525,934		424,897 249,990		32,778		15,074		(2,163,140) (2,275,944)
Public works		4,835,192		211,435		1,523,028		5,288,990		2,188,261
Interest on long-term debt		522,350		<u> </u>				<u> </u>		(522,350)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	20,948,525	\$	1,938,075	\$	7,286,003	\$	5,304,064		(6,420,383)
			Gor	eral Revenue	·e•					
			Tax		·3.					
				operty taxes, I	evied	for general pu	urpose	е		6,287,296
				ansient occup	ancy	taxes				3,426,496
				ales taxes						5,555,147
				anchise taxes	nron	ort.				916,733 690,218
			Othe	of money and er	prop	erty				151,263
				r Total General	Rove	anues			_	17,027,153
				Change in Net						10.606.770
			,	onange in Net	1 031					10,000,770
			Net	Position - Beg	inning	9				163,219,167
			Net	Position - en	ding				\$	173,825,937

			Special Revenue Funds		Cap	Capital Projects Fund						
	General		Housing Successor Agency		Other Grants		Measure R	Other Governmenta Funds		G	Total overnmental Funds	
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 7.390.964	. \$	798,107	\$	236.969	\$	5.157	\$	7,111,970	\$	15,543,167	
Receivables:	Ψ 7,390,904	. ψ	790,107	Ψ	250,505	Ψ	3,137	Ψ	7,111,970	Ψ	10,040,107	
Accounts	1,107,551		-		173,678		2,346,173		432,554		4,059,956	
Accrued interest	30,021		70.404		-		-		407.000		30,021	
Deferred loans Other	2,624		72,431		-		-		197,289		269,720 2,624	
Prepaid costs	40,583		-		-		-		-		40,583	
Due from other governments	3,933,529		-		2,447,958		843,471		1,012,627		8,237,585	
Due from other funds	4,179,643		-		-		-		963,763		5,143,406	
Advances to Successor Agency Land held for resale	25,781,570 115,000		-		-		-		-		25,781,570 115,000	
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents	113,000		-		-		-		243,633		243,633	
Total Assets	\$ 42,581,485	\$	870,538	\$	2,858,605	\$	3,194,801	\$	9,961,836	\$	59,467,265	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,				_								
and Fund Balances:												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$ 667,317			\$	362,684	\$	713,176	\$	338,522	\$	2,081,699	
Accrued liabilities	33,542		687		-		1,718		6,411		42,358	
Deposits payable Due to other funds	1,229,139)	-		2,217,359		2,359,402		17,608 566,645		1,246,747 5,143,406	
Total Liabilities	1,929,998		687	_	2,580,043		3,074,296		929,186		8,514,210	
Total Liabilities	1,323,330		007	_	2,300,043		3,074,230		323,100		0,314,210	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	440.000		70.404				0.404.700		=0 .0.			
Unavailable revenues	419,208		72,431	_	1,107,757		3,184,729		1,453,481		6,237,606	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	419,208		72,431	_	1,107,757		3,184,729		1,453,481	_	6,237,606	
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable:												
Prepaid costs Land held for resale	40,583 115.000		-		-		-		-		40,583 115.000	
Advances to Successor Agency	25,781,570		-		-		-		-		25,781,570	
Restricted:	20,701,010										20,101,010	
Capital projects	-		-		-		-		540,038		540,038	
Debt service	-		-		-		-		293,851		293,851	
Air quality improvement Affordable housing programs			- 797,420		-		-		140,595		140,595 797,420	
Grant programs			797,420		_		_		148.445		148.445	
Transportation services	-		-		-		-		1,859,515		1,859,515	
Committed:	404.000								0.000.004		0.070.000	
Capital projects Waste management programs	404,362						-		2,268,631 236,759		2,672,993 236,759	
Housing programs			_		_		_		1,816,921		1,816,921	
CalPERS set aside	200,636	i	-		-		-		-		200,636	
Assigned:									700 004		700 004	
Capital projects Debt service	-		-		-		-		799,264 1,095		799,264 1,095	
Unassigned	13,690,128		-		(829,195)		(3,064,224)		(525,945)		9,270,764	
Total Fund Balances	40,232,279		797,420	_	(829,195)		(3,064,224)		7,579,169		44,715,449	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of												
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 42,581,485	\$	870,538	\$	2,858,605	\$	3,194,801	\$	9,961,836	\$	59,467,265	

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 44,715,449
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		138,363,833
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, changes in proportions, differences between projected and actual earnings, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the postretirement benefits (pension and OPEB) are recognized as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position. Deferred outflows - pension related Deferred outflows - OPEB related Deferred inflows - pension related Deferred inflows - OPEB related Total deferred outflows and inflows related to postemployment benefits	\$ 1,329,810 405,118 (2,664,116) (984,066)	(1,913,254)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are either deferred or not reported in the funds. Unavailable revenue Investment in joint venture Total other long-term assets	 6,237,606 1,543,463	7,781,069
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the funds: Lease revenue bonds Compensated absences Accrued interest payable on long-term debt Net OPEB liability Net pension liability Total long-term liabilities	 (11,690,000) (495,503) (90,865) 112,305 (2,691,618)	(14,855,681)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and refundings and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Deferred amount on refunding Premium on lease revenue bonds Total premiums, discounts, and deferred items	 353,120 (618,599)	 (265,479)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 173,825,937

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Capital Special Revenue Funds Projects Fu								
	General	Sı	Housing Successor Agency Other Grants		Measure R		Other Governmental Funds		Go	Total overnmental Funds	
Revenues:											
Taxes	\$ 16,149,481	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36,191	\$	16,185,672
Licenses and permits	661,623		-				-		.		661,623
Intergovernmental			-		2,210,441		495,740		4,544,440		7,250,621
Charges for services	982,875		-		-		-		80,490		1,063,365
Use of money and property	657,320		3,195		-		-		29,703		690,218
Fines and forfeitures	67,038		-		-		-		55,073		122,111
Contributions	8,837		-		-		-		29,726		38,563
Miscellaneous	 2,845,403								34,925		2,880,328
Total Revenues	 21,372,577		3,195		2,210,441		495,740		4,810,548		28,892,501
Expenditures: Current: General government	4,984,000		36,399		38,051		35,582		29,191		5,123,223
Public safety	4,872,999		-		-		-		188,000		5,060,999
Community development	2,621,705		19,436				_		100,000		2,741,188
Community services	2,440,062		10,400		_		_		64,984		2,505,046
Public works	1,532,950		_		101.903		69.667		1,963,000		3,667,520
Capital outlay	94,970		_		2,479,768		256,974		2,375,720		5,207,432
Debt service:	0.,0.0				2, 0,. 00		200,01		2,0.0,.20		0,201,102
Principal retirement	_		_		-		-		365,000		365,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-		-		-		547,375		547,375
Total Expenditures	16,546,686		55,835		2,619,722		362,223		5,633,317		25,217,783
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 4,825,891		(52,640)		(409,281)		133,517		(822,769)		3,674,718
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	250,000		147,980		-		-		1,788,025		2,186,005
Transfers out	(2,186,005)		-		-		-		-		(2,186,005)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,936,005)		147,980				-		1,788,025		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,889,886		95,340		(409,281)		133,517		965,256		3,674,718
Fund Balance - Beginning	37,342,393		702,080		(419,914)		(3,197,741)		6,613,913		41,040,731
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 40,232,279	\$	797,420	\$	(829,195)	\$	(3,064,224)	\$	7,579,169	\$	44,715,449

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:				
·			Ф	0.074.740
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds			\$	3,674,718
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period. Capital outlay		5,579,322		
Depreciation		(2,121,379)		
		() , , = = /		3,457,943
Payanuas in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial recourses are not				
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.				2,662,794
·				, ,
The net effect of transactions involving the investment in joint venture is to increase/(decrease) net position.				(78,179)
Bonds and other debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond and other debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the net effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.	Ф	265,000		
Principal paid on lease revenue bonds	\$	365,000		365,000
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.				303,000
Accrued interest on long-term debt		2,572		
Amortization of bond premiums and discounts Amortization of deferred charges on refunding		40,109 (17,656)		
Compensated absences		20,469		
Changes in pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources		307,830		
Changes in OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources		171,170		
				524,494
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$	10,606,770

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Private-Purpose Trust Fund			
	Redevelopment Successor			
		Agency	Cus	todial Fund
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$	795,565	\$	2,207,479
Accounts receivable		-		530,380
Accrued interest receivable		99		-
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		668,196		_
Total Assets		1,463,860		2,737,859
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		-		694,461
Accrued liabilities		3,040		-
Accrued interest		101,940		-
Due to external parties/other agencies		-		1,969,175
Long-term liabilities:				
Bonds payable, due in one year		140,000		-
Bonds payable, due in more than one year		5,620,000		-
Advance from the City of Agoura Hills		25,781,570		
Total Liabilities		31,646,550		2,663,636
Net Position:				
Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments		(30,182,690)		74,223
Total Net Position	\$	(30,182,690)	\$	74,223

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		vate-Purpose Trust Fund		
	Re	Cus	stodial Fund	
Additions: Taxes	\$	1,409,457	\$	_
Interest and change in fair value of investments	•	551	•	-
Collected for other governments		-		581,481
Miscellaneous		_		520,462
Total Additions		1,410,008		1,101,943
Deductions:				
Administrative expenses		200,301		1,624
Contractual services		-		380,342
Interest expense		803,993		-
Pass through to other governments				569,166
Total Deductions		1,004,294		951,132
Changes in Net Position		405,714		150,811
Net Position - Beginning		(30,588,404)		(76,588)
Net Position - Ending	\$	(30,182,690)	\$	74,223

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Description of Reporting Entity

The City of Agoura Hills (City) was incorporated December 8, 1982, under the general laws of the State of California and enjoys all the rights and privileges pertaining to "General Law" cities. The City operates under a Council/Manager form of government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units for which the government is considered financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City of Agoura Hills, the primary government. Each component unit has a June 30th year end.

Blended Component Units

The Agoura Hills Public Facilities Corporation, Agoura Hills Public Financing Authority, Parking Authority of the City of Agoura Hills, and the Agoura Hills Improvement Authority are legally separate entities. The Agoura Hills City Council exercises financial accountability over each entity. Financial accountability is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, funding, and the appointment of the governing board. Additionally, City staff manages the operations of each of these organizations on a contractual or reimbursement basis. A discussion of each entity follows.

The Agoura Hills Public Facilities Corporation (Corporation) was incorporated January 5, 1988 as a not-for-profit public benefit corporation and determined to be tax exempt pursuant to Revenue and Taxation Code 23701(d) of the State of California. The sole purpose of the Corporation is to provide a financing vehicle for the construction of public facilities. The members of the City Council act as the governing board of the Corporation. No financial activity is reported as the Corporation is not active.

The Agoura Hills Public Financing Authority (Financing Authority) was organized in April 2001 under a joint exercise of power agreement to provide financing for public capital improvements for the City and the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency. The members of the City Council act as the governing board of the Financing Authority. The Financing Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

The Parking Authority of the City of Agoura Hills (Parking Authority) was established June 26, 2013 pursuant to California Streets and Highways Code Section 32650. The members of City Council act as the Board of Directors, the governing board of the Parking Authority. The Parking Authority is considered a blended component unit due to the financial benefit or burden relationship the Parking Authority shares with the City. The Parking Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

The Agoura Hills Improvement Authority (Improvement Authority) was established June 26, 2013 under a joint exercise of power agreement with the Parking Authority and the City. The members of City Council act as the Authority Commission, the governing board of the Improvement Authority. The Improvement Authority is considered a blended component unit due to the financial benefit or burden relationship the Improvement Authority shares with the City as its financial transactions are reported in a debt service fund. The Improvement Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Eliminations have been made in the Statement of Activities so that certain allocated expenses are recorded only once (by the function to which they were allocated). However, general government expenses have not been allocated as indirect expenses to the various functions of the City.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grant and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds even though the latter is excluded from the government-wide statements. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year from which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end, except for sales tax revenues which are considered to be available if collected within ninety days after year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as an expenditure to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>The General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for resources traditionally associated with the government which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenue and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund.

<u>The Housing Successor Agency Special Revenue Fund</u> accounts for restricted revenues and expenditures for the housing activities of the former Redevelopment Agency's Low- and Moderate-Income Fund activities. Revenues received relate to contributions for new housing and loan repayments.

<u>The Other Grants Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for various state grant funds received for street improvements and park developments.

<u>The Measure R Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for grant monies received from the County and restricted for specific projects within the City.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then use unrestricted resources as needed.

Fiduciary Funds

The Fiduciary Funds include the Redevelopment Successor Private-purpose Trust Fund and the custodial fund.

The Custodial Fund is used to account for various assets and L.A. County Fire Department fees held by the City in a trustee capacity or as a custodian for individuals, private organizations and/or other governments. The City manages funds for the Malibu Creek TMDL Monitoring Project. The City also acts as a secretary for an organization in which the money is held in the Custodial Fund.

The Redevelopment Successor agency private purpose trust fund is used to account for assets, liabilities and activities of the former Redevelopment Agency of the City in a trustee capacity to pay enforceable obligations of the former Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency. In accordance with Assembly Bill (AB) X1 26 and AB 1484, the Redevelopment Agency was dissolved February 1, 2012. The Private-Purpose Trust Fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the City's basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures of contingent amounts at the date of the basic financial statements, and revenues and expense/expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

d. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position

1. Cash and Investments

The City's cash and investment balance consists of cash on hand, demand deposits and investments. Investments are stated at fair value.

The City maintains a cash and investment pool for the general operation of the City. Each fund type's portion of the pool is reported on the financial statements as Cash and Investments. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is distributed quarterly to each fund based upon each fund's proportionate share of the pool.

The City has monies held by trustees or fiscal agents pledged to the payment or security of certain bonds. The California Government Code provides that these monies, in the absence of specific statutory provisions governing the issuance of bonds, may be invested in accordance with the ordinance, resolutions or indentures specifying the types of investments its trustees or fiscal agents may make. These ordinances, resolutions and indentures are generally more restrictive than the City's general investment policy.

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., short-term interfund loans) or as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., long-term interfund loans).

Property tax revenue is recognized when susceptible to accrual in the accounting period in which taxes are measurable and available. Property taxes are considered available by the City if they are collected within 60 days after year end. There is no allowance for uncollectible amounts. Assessed valuations are determined on an annual basis by the Los Angeles County Assessor. Taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, are levied on July 1, are due November 1 and February 1, and are delinquent if not paid by December 10 and April 10 of each year.

3. Prepaids

Certain membership dues and payments to vendors represent expenses that apply to future accounting periods. Prepaid items are expensed when consumed.

4. Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale is carried at the lower of cost or estimated realizable value determined at the date a disposition and development agreement is executed.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the governmental activities' columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and assets received in service concession arrangements are recorded at acquisition value at the point of acquisition. Right-to-use leased assets are valued at the net present value of future lease payments at the inception of the lease. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets used by governmental activities is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net position. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	50 years
Vehicles	7-15 years
Machinery	5-30 years
Equipment	5-15 years
Infrastructure	20-50 years

Capitalization threshold of capital assets is based at a minimum value as follows:

Buildings and building improvements	\$25,000
Vehicles, machinery, and equipment	10,000
Infrastructure	25,000

6. Vacation and Compensatory Time (Compensated Absences)

Compensated absences are recorded in accordance with GAAP. Only vested or accumulated compensated absences that are expected to be due or mature are reported as an expenditure and fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated compensated absences that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements. General fund resources have been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

7. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts and gains and losses on debt refunding are deferred and amortized. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The pension liability is liquidated through the City's General Fund.

9. Other Post-Employment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan), the assets of which are held by CalPERS in the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT), and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The OPEB liability is liquidated through the City's General Fund.

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. One is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second and third are the deferred outflows relating to net pension liability and the deferred outflows relating to the net other post-employment benefits liability reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. One arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue, which is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the

amounts become available. The second and third items in this category are the deferred inflows relating to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

11. Changes in Accounting Principles and New GASB Pronouncements

For 2022, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases; Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period; and Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans.

GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. These changes were incorporated in the City's 2022 financial statements; however, there was no reportable leases, and as such no effect on beginning net position.

GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. These changes were incorporated in the City's 2022 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position.

GASB Statement No. 97 increases the consistence and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units, mitigates costs associated with reported certain defined contribution postemployment plans (pension and OPEB) as fiduciary component units, and enhance the consistency and comparability of accounting for and reporting Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plans. These changes were incorporated in the City's 2022 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position.

Note 2: Stewardship, Accountability, and Compliance

a. Deficit Fund Equity

The following funds reported deficit fund equity as of June 30, 2022:

Major Funds:	
Other Grants	\$ (829,195)
Measure R	(3,064,224)
Nonmajor Funds:	
Community Development Block Grant	(7,574)
Recreation Center	(30,000)
Measure M Capital Projects Fund	(488,371)
Fiduciary Funds:	
Redevelopment Successor Agency	(30, 182, 690)

These deficits are due to the timing of grant and other reimbursements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 3: Cash and Investments

a. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at June 30, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and investments	\$ 15,543,167
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	243,633
Fiduciary Funds	
Cash and investments	3,003,044
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	668,196
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 19,458,040

Cash and investments at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Deposits	\$ 1,110,137
Investments:	
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	17,436,074
Held by bond trustee:	
Cash with fiscal agent - money market funds	911,829
Total Investments	18,347,903
Total	\$ 19,458,040

b. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The City's investment policy authorizes the following investments under provisions of California Government Code Section 53601.

Investment Types Authorized by State Law	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	\$75 million	None
U.S. Treasuries	5 years	75%	20%
Federal Agency Securities	5 Years	75%	20%
Commercial Paper	270 days	5%	5%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (CD)	5 Years	30%	5%
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 Years	5%	5%
Bank Deposits	5 Years	No limit	No limit
Money Market Funds	None	15%	15%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

c. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustee is governed by provisions of the debt agreements rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the general investment types that are authorized for investments held by the bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
Federal Housing Administration Debentures	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Unsecured CDs, time deposits, and Banker's Acceptances	30 days	None	None
Collateralized or FDIC Insured Bank Deposits	None	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Money Market Funds	N/A	None	None
State Obligations	None	None	None
Pre-funded Municipal Obligations	None	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	270 days	None	None
Investment Agreements	None	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	None	None	None

d. Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. As of the year end the weighted average maturity of the investments contained in LAIF investment pool was approximately 311 days. The City's investment policy recognized the interest rate risk and therefore places maximum maturity limits (up to five years) on various types of allowable investments. At June 30, 2022, all the City's investments have maturities dates within 12 months or less.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

e. Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual Standard and Poor's rating as of year-end for each investment type. As of June 30, 2022, all of the City's investments are considered unrated.

f. Concentrations of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. The City currently does not have any investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury Securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5 percent or more of total City investments.

g. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits:

The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposit made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits.

Of the City's deposits with financial institutions, \$860,137 was in excess of federal depository insurance limits. The uninsured deposits were held by financial institutions, which are legally required by the California Government Code to collateralize the City's deposits as noted above.

h. Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based on the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. LAIF does not impose limits or restrictions on participant withdrawals, and the entire balance of the City's

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

investment in the portfolio is available for withdrawal at any time. LAIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is not rated. Deposits and withdrawals in LAIF are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, the City's investment in this pool is measured on uncategorized inputs not defined as Level 1, 2, or 3.

i. Fair Value Hierarchy

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 2 inputs utilized by the City to determine fair value include: matrix pricing, market corroborated pricing, and other inputs such as yield curves and indices. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City currently measures all its investments as uncategorized.

Note 4: Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

	Due from other funds								
			Other						
		Go	vernmental						
Due to other funds	General		Funds	Total					
Other Grants	\$ 2,217,359	\$	-	\$	2,217,359				
Measure R	1,395,639		963,763		2,359,402				
Other Governmental Funds	566,645				566,645				
Total	\$ 4,179,643	\$	963,763	\$	5,143,406				

The General Fund a made short-term loan to the Other Grants fund, Measure R fund, and Other Governmental funds, in the amounts of \$2,217,359, \$1,395,639, and \$566,645, respectively, to cover cash deficits in operations. In addition, the Other Governmental Funds also loaned monies to the Measure R fund totaling \$963,763 to cover cash deficits in operations.

			T	ransfers In				
		Housing Other						
			Successor			overnmental		
Transfers Out	Ger	neral Fund	Agency			Funds		Totals
General Fund	\$	250,000	\$	147,980	\$	1,788,025	\$	2,186,005

The General Fund transferred \$147,980 to the Housing Successor Special Revenue Fund to provide the 20-percent set-aside portion for the loan paid from the Successor Agency to the City. The General Fund transferred \$1,788,025 to the Other Governmental Funds for capital asset acquisitions and debt service payments. The General Fund transferred \$250,000 to funds within the General Fund to pay for maintenance costs for facilities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 5: Advances to Successor Agency

The City previously loaned the former Redevelopment Agency funds prior to dissolution. The repayment of the advances has been approved by the California Department of Finance. See Note 15b for further detail.

Note 6: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital asset activity at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Balance at uly 1, 2021	 Additions	De	eletions		Balance at une 30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 14,260,555 58,337,260	\$ - 4,439,152	\$	-	\$	14,260,555 62,776,412
. •	 30,337,200	 4,409,102			_	02,770,412
Total Capital Assets Not being Depreciated	 72,597,815	 4,439,152				77,036,967
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	22,374,161	143,068		-		22,517,229
Machinery and equipment	83,588	73,039		-		156,627
Vehicles	638,305	-		-		638,305
Infrastructure	103,680,179	924,063				104,604,242
Total Capital Assets						
being Depreciated	 126,776,233	 1,140,170		_		127,916,403
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements	4,795,033	470,984		-		5,266,017
Machinery and equipment	63,493	-		-		63,493
Vehicles	513,422	30,849		-		544,271
Infrastructure	59,096,210	1,619,546		<u> </u>		60,715,756
Total Accumulated	 _			_		
Depreciation	 64,468,158	2,121,379		-		66,589,537
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	 62,308,075	(981,209)				61,326,866
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 134,905,890	\$ 3,457,943	\$	_	\$	138,363,833

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 421,845
Public works	1,597,678
Community services	 101,856
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,121,379

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2021								_	Additions	Deletions	 Balance at ne 30, 2022	_	ue Within One Year
Bonds:														
2013 Lease Revenue Bonds	\$	3,210,000	\$	-	\$ 90,000	\$ 3,120,000	\$	95,000						
Bond premium		38,856		-	1,766	37,090		-						
2016 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds		8,845,000		-	275,000	8,570,000		285,000						
Bond premium		619,852		<u>-</u>	38,343	581,509		-						
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	12,713,708	\$	_	\$ 405,109	\$ 12,308,599	\$	380,000						

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

a. Bonds

2013 Lease Revenue Bonds

On September 1, 2013, the Public Financing Authority issued \$3.675 million in Lease Revenue Bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.00 to 5.00 percent to finance a portion of the costs of the community recreation center project. The principal of the bonds is payable on their maturity date of February 1, of each year. Interest on the bond is payable on February 1, and August 1, each year. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2022 is \$3,120,000.

2016 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds

On November 1, 2016, the Public Financing Authority issued \$10.055 million in Lease Revenue Bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.00 to 5.00 percent to current refund \$10.3 million of 2007 Lease Revenue outstanding bonds. The principal of the bonds is payable on their maturity date of February 1, of each year. Interest on the bond is payable on June 1, and December 1, each year. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2022 is \$8,570,000.

For both bonds, in the event of default, the bond trustee has the right, but not the obligation to (1) by mandamus or other action or proceeding or suit at law or in equity to enforce its rights against the City, in order to compel the City to carry out its duties under the law, bond agreements, and covenants; (2) by suit in equity to enjoin any acts or things which are unlawful or violate the rights of the bond trustee; and (3) by suit in equity upon the happening of an event of default to require the City to account as the trustee of an express trust. The bond trustee has no right to declare the principal or interest on the bonds to be due and payable immediately.

The future debt service payments are as follows:

		Lease Revenue Bonds								
Year Ending June 30	F	Principal		Interest			Total			
2023	\$	380,000	•	\$	523,275		\$	903,275		
2024		400,000			505,225			905,225		
2025		415,000			486,175			901,175		
2026		440,000		466,425				906,425		
2027		465,000		445,475				910,475		
2028-2032		2,645,000		1	1,872,113			4,517,113		
2033-2037		3,300,000		1	1,221,750			4,521,750		
2038-2042		3,415,000			458,500			3,873,500		
2043-2046		230,000 11,50		11,500			241,500			
Totals	\$	\$ 11,690,000		\$ 5	5,990,438		\$	17,680,438		

b. Employee Compensated Absences Payable

Compensated absences represent the accruals of sick and vacation time for the City's employees. There is no repayment schedule for compensated absences, which become payable when such accruals are used by employees. Compensated absences are typically liquidated through the City's General Fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The table below describes the changes in compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2022:

E	Beginning							Due in
	Balance	Α	dditions	Deletions	Endi	ng Balance	(One Year
\$	515,972	\$	386,507	\$ 406,976	\$	495,503	\$	406,976

Note 8: Fund Balance

The following classifications, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, describe the relative strength of the constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable

Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g., prepaid assets, inventory). At June 30, 2022, the balance is comprised of advances to Successor Agency, prepaids and land held for resale.

Restricted

Amounts that are constrained to specific purposes by state or federal laws, enabling legislation, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the City Council, the City's highest level of decision-making authority, through formal actions taken, such as an ordinance or resolution, which are considered to be equally binding. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use through the same type of formal action taken to establish the commitment.

Assigned

Amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes has been delegated to the Finance Director pursuant to the City's fund balance policy.

Unassigned

These are residual positive net resources of the general fund in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the other four categories. This classification also includes amounts set aside for the City's minimum fund balance policy. Unassigned fund balance also includes negative fund balances in funds outside of the General Fund.

Spending Policy

Restricted fund balance is considered to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Similarly, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the City considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

An amount equal to or greater than 40 percent of each fiscal year's proposed General Fund Operating Budget is to be designated as the City's unobligated General Fund Reserve pursuant to Resolution 05-1378. At June 30, 2022, the City had set aside \$14.2 million pursuant to this policy, which was classified as unassigned fund balance.

Note 9: Defined Benefit Pension Plan

a. Plan Descriptions

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's miscellaneous cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov.

b. Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: The Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Below is a summary of the plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022, for which the City of Agoura Hills has contracted:

Major Benefit Options	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous PEPRA
	Prior to	On or after
Hire Date	June 1, 2013	June 1, 2013
Benefit Provision		
Benefit Formula	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62
Social Security	no	no
Full/Modified	full	full
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50-63	52-67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required employer contribution rates	10.34%	7.59%
Required employee contribution rates	6.91%	6.75%
Required employer payment of unfunded liability	\$405,093	\$2,472

New entrants are not allowed in the Miscellaneous Classic Plan.

c. Contribution Description

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by either the Miscellaneous or Safety risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 9: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the contributions recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability was \$670,392.

d. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2022, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability in the amount of \$2,691,618.

The City's net pension liability is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2020 and 2021, was as follows:

Proportions as a percentage of the CalPERS Miscellaneous risk pool:

	Miscellaneous
Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.04984%
Proportion - June 30, 2021	0.04977%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.00007%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City of Agoura Hills recognized pension expense of \$434,371. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 erred Outfows Resources	 erred Inflows Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 742,201	\$ -
Difference between expected and actual experience	301,836	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings		
on plan investments	-	2,349,640
Change in employer's proportion and differences between		
the employers contributions and the employer's		
proportionate share of contributions	-	314,476
Adjustment due to differences in proportions	 285,773	
Total	\$ 1,329,810	\$ 2,664,116

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 9: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

The \$742,201 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		Deferred Outflows/	
June 30	(Inf	lows) of Resources	
2023	\$	(433,977)	
2024		(464,426)	
2025		(528,785)	
2026		(649,319)	
Thereafter		-	
	\$	(2,076,507)	

e. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The proportionate share of the total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement period was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The proportionate share of the total pension liability was based on the following assumptions:

Investment rate of return	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Mortality rate table ¹	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds
Post-retirement benefit increase	Contract COLA up to 2.50% until Purchasing Power
	Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies

¹ The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on CalPERS website.

f. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 9: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

g. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

4	Assumed Asset	Real Return	Real Return
Asset class ¹	Allocation	Years 1-10 ^{2, 4}	Years 11+ ^{3, 4}
Public equity	50.00 %	4.80 %	5.98 %
Fixed income	28.00	1.00	2.62
Inflation assets	-	0.77	1.81
Private equity	8.00	6.30	7.23
Real assets	13.00	3.75	4.93
Liquidity	1.00	-	(0.92)

¹ In CalPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), fixed income is included in global debt securities; liquidity is included in short-term investments; inflation assets are included in both global equity securities and global debt securities.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.15 percent) or 1% point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

1% Decrease		Cui	rrent Discount	1% Increase		
(6.15%)		F	Rate (7.15%)		(8.15%)	
\$	6,104,638	\$	2,691,618	\$	(129,876)	

² An expected inflation rate of 2.00% used for this period.

³ An expected inflation rate of 2.92% used for this period.

⁴ Figures are based on previous ALM of 2017

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 10: Self Insurance

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (CJPIA). CJPIA is comprised of 124 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers' agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. CJPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

a. Self-Insurance Programs of CJPIA

Each member pays an annual contribution at the beginning of the coverage period. A retrospective adjustment is then conducted annually thereafter, for coverage years 2012-13 and prior. Coverage years 2013-14 and forward are not subject to routine annual retrospective adjustment. The total funding requirement for primary self-insurance programs is based on an actuarial analysis. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on payroll and claims history, relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool.

Primary Liability Program

Claims are pooled separately between police and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$100,000 to \$500,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$500,000 to \$50 million, are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

The overall coverage limit for each member, including all layers of coverage, is \$50 million per occurrence. Subsidence losses also have a \$50 million per occurrence limit. The coverage structure is composed of a combination of pooled self-insurance, reinsurance, and excess insurance. Additional information concerning the coverage structure is available on CJPIA's website: https://cjpia.org/coverage/risk-sharing-pools/.

Workers' Compensation

Claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$75,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$75,000 to \$200,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$200,000 to statutory limits are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 10: Self Insurance

For 2021-22, CJPIA's pooled retention is \$1 million per occurrence, with reinsurance to statutory limits under California Workers' Compensation Law. Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$1 million. Coverage from \$1 million to \$5 million is purchased through reinsurance policies, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

b. Purchased Insurance

Pollution Legal Liability Insurance

The City participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program which is available through CJPIA. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$250,000 deductible. CJPIA has an aggregate limit of \$20 million.

Property Insurance

The City participates in the all-risk property protection program of CJPIA. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. City property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City to CJPIA. City property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$37,683,930. There is a \$10,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$2,500 deductible.

Crime Insurance

The City purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$3,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through CJPIA.

c. Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2021-22.

Note 11: Commitments

The City contracts with the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department to provide safety services. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the City incurred expenditures of \$4,817,531 for Public Safety services. The current contract between the City and the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department ends June 30, 2024.

The following material construction commitments existed at June 30, 2022:

Project Name Contract Amount	to date as of June 30, 2022	Remaining Commitments
Powell - Palo Comado 12,238,887 Michael Baker Int'l 628,598 Kimley-Horn AG/Kanan Int 480,179	\$ 2,117,343 12,234,327 357,272 424,108	\$ 717,243 4,560 271,326 56,071
MNS- Palo Comado 2,484,923	2,462,829	22,094

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 12: Joint Venture

On November 24, 1997, the Agoura Hills and Calabasas Community Center Authority (Authority) was created under a joint exercise of powers agreement. It was formed for the construction, furnishing, maintenance and operation of a Joint Recreation Center. The governing Board of Directors consists of one City Council Member from each City, two residents of each City appointed by City Council, and the President or a member of the Executive Board of the Alliance (a nonprofit organization formed for the sole purpose of raising funds for the Center). The City's participation in the joint venture is reported as Investment in Joint Venture, on the statement of net position. The balance as of June 30, 2022, was \$1,543,463.

Each City contributed money towards the construction of the Community Center, which was completed in March 2001. The Authority now oversees the operations and maintenance of the Community Center. The Cities of Agoura Hills and Calabasas will equally share in any profit or loss from operation of the Community Center. Copies of the Authority's annual financial statements may be obtained from its location at 27040 Malibu Hills Road, Calabasas, California 91301.

Note 13: Contingency

There are certain legal actions pending against the City which have arisen in the normal course of operations. Management believes these matters will be covered by insurance; however, their outcome and financial effect on the City cannot presently be determined, and no provision for any potential liability or losses has been included in the financial statements as of June 30, 2022. The ultimate resolution of these pending legal actions is not expected to have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

The City has received property tax revenues for specific enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency that are subject to review by the Department of Finance (DOF). The DOF has disallowed certain obligations listed on the Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) submitted by the City. The City is continuing to dispute obligations listed as enforceable, including the City-former RDA loan advances.

Note 14: Other Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits

a. Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits defined in Note 9, the City provides post-retirement health care benefits to all full-time employees in accordance with the City's contract with the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) for participation in the State of California Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA). The City's contribution for each retiree is the same as full-time employees. Additionally, the City contributes longevity pay to a Retirement Health Savings (RHS) Trust plan of up to \$500 for those retirees with 10 years of service with the City of Agoura Hills, enrolled in a CalPERS health plan. The total of the PEMHCA minimum employer contribution and the additional benefit will not exceed \$500 per month. The RHS contribution may only be used to reimburse medical premiums. In the event of the retiree's death, the CalPERS eligible surviving spouse has the right to \$300 per month to pay for medical premiums for a maximum of 12 months. After 12 months surviving spouses will still be eligible to receive the PEMHCA minimum employer contribution. The plan is an agent, multiple-employer plan administered by CalPERS through the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 14: Other Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits (Continued)

b. Eligibility

Employees are eligible for retiree health benefits if they retire from the City and are eligible for a PERS pension and are enrolled in a CalPERS retiree health plan. The benefits are available only to employees who retire from the City. Membership of the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2021, measurement date:

	Number of
	Employees
Active Employees	30
Inactives currently receiving benefits	14
Inactives entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	2
Total	46

c. Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by City Council. In September 2009, the City established an irrevocable trust through CalPERS, in order to prefund its other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liability. For the measurement date ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized \$195,142 in contributions to reduce the net OPEB liability. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City's contributions were \$181,331, with \$158,744 in cash contributions and \$22,587 in implied subsidy benefits, respectively, making up the total contribution.

d. Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2021, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll
Amortization Method	Level percent of pay
Amortization Period	17-year fixed period for 2021/22
Asset Valuation Method	Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period
Discount rate	
	6.25%
General Inflation	2.75%
Medical Trend	Non-Medicare - 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076
	Medicare - 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076
Mortality	CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study
Mortality Improvement	Post-retirement mortality projected fully
Change of Assumptions	ACA Exercise Tax repealed
Change of Benefit Terms	None

Note 14: Other Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits (Continued)

e. Expected Long-Term Rate of Return

Asset Class Component	Target Allocation* CERBT - Strategy 1	Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	59%	4.56%
Fixed Income	25%	78.00%
TIPS	5%	-0.08%
Commodities	3%	1.22%
REITs	8%	4.06%
(1) Assumed Long-Term Ra (2) Expected Long-Term Na		2.50%
rounded to the nearest qua		6.25%

The long-term expected real rates of return are presented as geometric means.

f. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

g. Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the net OPEB liability for the Plan are as follows:

	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary	Net OPEB	
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	
	(a)	(b)	(c) = (a) - (b)	
Balance at June 30, 2021 (measurement date June 30, 2020)	\$ 2,802,824	\$ 2,160,428	\$ 642,396	
Changes recognized for the measurement period:				
Service cost	123,154	-	123,154	
Interest	194,591	-	194,591	
Actual vs. expected experience	(479,837)	-	(479,837)	
Assumption changes	223,632	-	223,632	
Contributions - employer	-	195,142	(195,142)	
Net investment income	-	622,558	(622,558)	
Benefit payments	(86,301)	(86,301)	-	
Administrative expenses		(1,459)	1,459	
Net changes	(24,761)	729,940	(754,701)	
Balance at June 30, 2022 (measurement date June 30, 2021)	\$ 2,778,063	\$ 2,890,368	\$ (112,305)	

^{*}CalPERS approved new CERBT asset allocations in March 2022. This is not expected to impact the expected long-term rate of return assumptions for CERBT Strategy 1.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 14: Other Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits (Continued)

h. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2021:

1% Decrease			Dis	count Rate	1%	Increase
(5.25%)			(6.25%)		(7.25%)	
	\$	286,575	\$	(112,305)	\$	(438, 197)

i. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2021:

Current Healthcare						
1% Decrease Cost Trend Rates				1%	Increase	
\$	(296,312)	\$	(112,305)	\$	57,001	

j. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

k. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$10,161. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	181,331 223,787	\$	- (16,658)	
on OPEB plan investments		-		(332, 150)	
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(635,258)	
Total	\$	405,118	\$	(984,066)	

Note 14: Other Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits (Continued)

The \$181,331 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

Year Ended	Deferred Outflow /			
June 30	(Inflows) of Resources			
2023	\$	(166,240)		
2024		(162,666)		
2025		(165,116)		
2026		(178,956)		
2027		(53,888)		
Thereafter		(33,413)		
	\$	(760,279)		

Note 15: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of the Former Redevelopment Agency

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld AB 1X 26 that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Agoura Hills that previously had reported a redevelopment agency as a blended component unit. The City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency.

Successor agencies are only allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations as approved by the Successor Agency Oversight Board and the California Department of Finance.

The Bill directed the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

a. Cash and investments

As of June 30, 2021, cash and investments were reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash and investments	\$ 795,565
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	668,196
	\$ 1,463,761

b. Advance from the City of Agoura Hills

On May 15, 2013, the City received notification that a Finding of Completion has been granted, which allows for: 1) loan agreements between the former redevelopment agency and City may be placed on the ROPS as an enforceable obligation, provided the oversight board makes a finding that the loan was for a legitimate redevelopment purpose per California Health and Safety Code (HSC) section 34191.4(b)(1), and 2) utilizing proceeds

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 15: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of the Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

derived from bonds issued prior to January 1, 2011 in a manner consistent with the original bond covenants per HSC section 34191.4(c).

The Oversight Board to the Successor Agency approved OB Resolution No. 14-23 determining that the amounts advanced to the former redevelopment agency were for legitimate redevelopment purposes. The Advance from the City of Agoura Hills as of June 30, 2022, consist of the following:

Advance from the City of Agoura Hills	\$ 28,254,897
Allowance for uncollectable	 (2,473,327)
Advance from the City of Agoura Hills – net	\$ 25,781,570

California Health and Safety Code Section 34191.4(b)(2) outlines the terms for restructuring city loans to former redevelopment agencies as follows: "the accumulated interest on the remaining principal amount of the loan shall be recalculated from origination at the interest rate earned by funds deposited into the Local Agency Investment Fund." Management's position is to apply the historical Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) rate over the life of the loan.

The California Department of Finance (DOF) has provided information regarding the recalculation of accrued interest for city loans to redevelopment agencies. The DOF applies the LAIF rate for the quarter during which the Oversight Board makes a finding that the loan was made for legitimate redevelopment purposes to the entire life of the loan. Based on this assumption, the advance from the City is recalculated to have a June 30, 2022, balance of \$25,781,570. The City has recorded an allowance for the difference between methodologies of the City and DOF. As further information becomes available, the allowance for uncollectable amounts may be adjusted in future periods.

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Successor Agency made a payment of \$739,892 to the City to pay down the balance.

c. Long-Term Debt

A description of long-term debt outstanding of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	_	Balance at uly 1, 2021	Addit	ions	 eletions	_	Balance at ne 30, 2022	 ne Within
Bonds Payable: Housing Set-Aside Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2008 – following defeasance Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2008 A-T	\$	1,010,000 4,885,000	\$	- -	\$ 30,000 105,000	\$	980,000 4,780,000	\$ 30,000 110,000
Total Fiduciary Long-Term Liabilities	\$	5,895,000	\$		\$ 135,000	\$	5,760,000	\$ 140,000

Housing Set-Aside Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2008

On June 5, 2008, the Redevelopment Agency issued \$10,000,000 in Housing Set-Aside Tax Allocation Bonds to finance low- and moderate-income housing of the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency. During fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the Successor Agency defeased \$8,200,000 of this debt for a remaining bond balance of \$1,195,000 and interest

Note 15: Successor Agency Trust for Assets of the Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

rates ranging from 4.0 to 5.0 percent. The principal of the bonds is payable on their maturity date of October 1, of each year. Interest on the bond is payable on October 1, and April 1, each year. The bond is insured against events of default and acceleration of maturities, so long as the City is in compliance with the terms of the bond insurance policy. As of June 30, 2022, the City has complied with the terms of the bond insurance policy. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2022 is \$980,000.

Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2008 A-T

On June 5, 2008, the Redevelopment Agency issued \$5,750,000 in Tax Allocation Bonds Series A-T with interest rates ranging from 4.728 to 7.842 percent to finance certain redevelopment project within the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Area. The principal of the bonds is payable on their maturity date of October 1, of each year. Interest on the bond is payable on October 1, and April 1, each year. The bond is insured against events of default and acceleration of maturities, so long as the City is in compliance with the terms of the bond insurance policy. As of June 30, 2022, the City has complied with the terms of the bond insurance policy. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2022, is \$4,780,000.

The future debt service payments are as follows:

		General Obligation Bonds									
Year Ending June 30	Principal			I	nterest		Total				
2023	\$	140,000	•	\$	410,037	-	\$	550,037			
2024		150,000			400,642			550,642			
2025		160,000			390,314			550,314			
2026		170,000			379,093			549,093			
2027		180,000			367,204			547,204			
2028-2032		1,120,000			1,621,525			2,741,525			
2033-2037		1,585,000			1,141,709			2,726,709			
2038-2042		2,255,000			442,820	_		2,697,820			
Totals	\$	5,760,000		\$:	5,153,344	=	\$	10,913,344			

d. Pledged Revenue

The City pledged, as security for bonds issued, either directly or through the Financing Authority, a portion of tax increment revenue (including Low- and Moderate-Income Housing set-aside and pass-through allocations) that it receives. The bonds issued were to provide financing for various capital projects, accomplish Low- and Moderate-Income Housing projects and to defease previously issued bonds. Assembly Bill 1X 26 provided that upon dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, property taxes allocated to redevelopment agencies no longer are deemed tax increment but rather property tax revenues and will be allocated first to successor agencies to make payments on the indebtedness incurred by the dissolved redevelopment agency. Total principal and interest remaining on the debt is \$10,913,344 with annual debt service requirements as indicated above. For the current year, the debt service obligation on the bonds was \$553,892 and taxes received to pay enforceable obligations was \$1,409,457.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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		Budget A Original	mounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Resources (Inflows):	-				
Sales tax	\$,,	\$ 5,299,978	\$ 5,555,147	\$ 255,169
Other taxes Licenses and permits		8,323,546 523,000	10,175,011 588,000	10,594,334 661,623	419,323 73,623
Charges for services		937,600	962,600	982,875	20,275
Fines and forfeitures		64,000	64,000	67,038	3,038
Investment income		100,000	20,000	186,895	166,895
Rental income		418,800	390,000	468,510	78,510
Other revenues	-	3,472,942	3,895,158	2,854,240	(1,040,918)
Amounts Available for Appropriations		18,155,100	21,394,747	21,370,662	(24,085)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): General government					
City council		175,660	147,976	130,473	17,503
City manager		1,556,356	1,588,347	1,571,794	16,553
City clerk		257,260	238,750	216,296	22,454
City attorney		288,800	490,328	490,327	1
Finance		599,954	576,413	572,626	3,787
Public facilities		259,750	328,750	304,568	24,182
Non-departmental		1,268,022	1,323,380	1,294,725	28,655
Automated office system Total general government		244,179 4,649,981	269,179 4,963,123	342,766 4,923,575	(73,587) 39,548
Public safety		4,049,901	4,903,123	4,923,373	39,340
Los Angeles County Sheriff		4,717,399	4,717,399	4,690,503	26,896
Emergency services		12,800	12,800	8,150	4,650
Animal control		124,000	90,000	88,794	1,206
School crossing guards		27,500	66,000	63,279	2,721
Emergency incident			26,100	22,273	3,827
Total public safety		4,881,699	4,912,299	4,872,999	39,300
Community development Community development		1,833,660	1,956,228	1,965,112	(8,884)
Building & safety		765,612	711,072	656,593	54,479
Total community development		2,599,272	2,667,300	2,621,705	45,595
Parks and recreation			· · · · · ·		
Recreation		296,950	290,950	265,138	25,812
Reyes adobe		29,140	29,140	7,127	22,013
Recreation center		284,884	358,484	451,793	(93,309)
Community services		1,329,538	1,210,488	1,181,946	28,542
Parks maintenance Total parks and recreation		567,000 2,507,512	555,922 2,444,984	534,058 2,440,062	21,864 4,922
Public works		2,007,012	2,444,504	2,440,002	7,022
Public works		914,647	891,671	890,926	745
Traffic safety		65,000	135,000	129,356	5,644
Landscape maintenance		226,200	241,200	210,629	30,571
Storm drain & flood control		301,800	302,050	302,039	11
Total public works		1,507,647	1,569,921	1,532,950	36,971
Capital outlay		173,700	218,200	94,970	123,230
Total Charges to Appropriations		16,319,811	16,775,827	16,486,261	289,566
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures:		1,835,289	4,618,920	4,884,401	265,481
Other Financing Sources (Hess):	· <u></u>				
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		45,000			
Transfers out		(1,061,005)	(2,186,005)	(2,186,005)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,016,005)	(2,186,005)	(2,186,005)	
Fund Balance, July 1		36,928,885	36,928,885	36,928,885	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	37,748,169	\$ 39,361,800	39,627,281	\$ 265,481
Reconciliation From Total Fund Balance to Unassigned Fund Balance: Senate Bill acceptance of increase to Advance to Successor Agency Prior year's Advance to Successor Agency Current year payment to pay down Advance to Successor Agency				(387,232) (26,134,230) 739,892	
Nonspendable: Prepaid costs				(40,583)	
Land held for resale				(115,000)	
Facilities' fund reserve				(404,362)	
CalPERS Set Aside fund reserve	nd na- N	oto to DC		(200,636)	
Change in fund balance for Facilities Fund, CalPERS Set-Aside Fund, and Deposits Fu	na per N	OIE IO KS		604,998	
General Unassigned Fund Balance, June 30				\$ 13,690,128	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HOUSING SUCCESSOR AGENCY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget . Original	Amou	ınts Final	 Actual amounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 702,080	\$	702,080	\$ 702,080	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Use of money and property Transfers in	 10,000 147,980		10,000 147,980	 3,195 147,980		(6,805)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	 860,060		860,060	853,255		(6,805)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): General government Community development	 18,225 85,533		17,905 85,507	36,399 19,436		(18,494) 66,071
Total Charges to Appropriations	103,758		103,412	55,835		47,577
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 756,302	\$	756,648	\$ 797,420	\$	40,772

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OTHER GRANTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget /	Amoi	unts Final	Actual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ (419,914)	\$	(419,914)	\$ (419,914)	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental	4,292,037		3,350,186	2,210,441		(1,139,745)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	 3,872,123		2,930,272	1,790,527		(1,139,745)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):						
General government	60,900		60,900	38,051		22,849
Public safety	-		160,000	-		160,000
Public works	416,547		253,572	101,903		151,669
Capital outlay	3,814,590		2,875,714	 2,479,768		395,946
Total Charges to Appropriations	 4,292,037		3,350,186	2,619,722		730,464
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (419,914)	\$	(419,914)	\$ (829,195)	\$	(409,281)

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: Budgetary Data

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. As a General Law City, the City is not legally required to adopt a budget; however, the City Municipal Code requires the City Manager to prepare an annual budget based on projections received from all city departments, boards and commissions. All annual appropriations lapse at year end or are carried forward at the City Manager's discretion.

The budget is prepared by fund and department and includes actual information for the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. The budget is a statement of the goals and objectives of the City for that fiscal year. The City Manager may authorize the transfer between expenditure accounts within the same department, office, agency or program activity. Where an appropriation requires an increase that cannot be supported by a transfer within those guidelines, City Council authorization is required.

The budgetary schedule for the general fund does not include the facilities fund, CalPERS set-aside fund or the deposits fund, which do not have a legally adopted budget, however, are included in the general fund for financial statement reporting purposes. See reconciliation of the ending fund balance reported on the budgetary schedule for the general fund to the ending fund balance reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, below.

Ending fund balance per budgetary schedule	\$39,627,281
Facilities Fund, CalPERS Set-Aside Fund, Deposits Fund	
Fund balance - beginning	413,508
Total revenues	1,915
Total expenditures	(60,425)
Total other financing sources - transfers in	250,000
Change in fund balances	604,998
Ending fund balance per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	\$40,232,279

Note 2: Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. The City is required to adopt an annual budget resolution for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year end but can be carried forward at the City Manager's discretion.

The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes actual information for the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. The budget is a statement of the goals and objectives of the City for that fiscal year. The legal level for which expenditures are not to exceed appropriations is at the fund level for all funds except the General Fund and at the department level for the General Fund. The City Manager may authorize the transfer between expenditure accounts within the same department, office, agency or program activity. Where an appropriation requires an increase that cannot be supported by transfer guidelines, City Council authorization is required. Responsible individuals review progress against their budget each month. The City Council considers supplemental budget amendment requests during the year and reviews changes at mid-year and year end.

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

Note 2: Budgetary Information (Continued)

Excess of expenditures over appropriations per activity is as follows:

Fund	Fir	nal Budget	E	cpenditures	Excess
Major Funds		_			
General Fund					
General government					
Automated office system	\$	269,179	\$	342,766	\$ (73,587)
Community development					
Community development		1,956,228		1,965,112	(8,884)
Parks and recreation					
Recreation center		358,484		451,793	(93,309)
Housing Successor Agency					
General government		17,905		36,399	(18,494)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS $^{\rm 1}$

		2022		2021		2020		2019	2018
Measurement Date		6/30/2021	6/30/2020			6/30/2019		6/30/2018	6/30/2017
Total OPEB Liability									
Service cost	\$	123,154	\$	120,459	\$	111,530	\$	108,282	\$ 105,000
Interest on the total OPEB liability		194,591		180,971		186,801		171,706	157,000
Actual and expected experience difference		(479,837)		-		(381,914)		-	-
Changes in assumptions		223,632		(23,322)		55,287		-	-
Benefit payments		(86,301)		(71,745)		(62,265)		(56,966)	 (56,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(24,761)		206,363		(90,561)		223,022	206,000
Total OPEB liability - beginning		2,802,824		2,596,461		2,687,022		2,464,000	 2,258,000
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	_	2,778,063		2,802,824		2,596,461	_	2,687,022	 2,464,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contribution - employer		195,142		219,000		208,093		197,000	175,000
Net investment income		622,558		74,350		113,860		124,567	135,000
Benefit payments		(86,301)		(71,745)		(62,265)		(56,966)	(56,000)
Administrative expense		(1,459)		(1,516)		(798)		(3,152)	 (1,000)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		729,940		220,089		258,890		261,449	253,000
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		2,160,428		1,940,339		1,681,449		1,420,000	 1,167,000
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		2,890,368		2,160,428		1,940,339		1,681,449	1,420,000
Net OPEB Liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(112,305)	\$	642,396	\$	656,122	\$	1,005,573	\$ 1,044,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage									
of the total OPEB liability		104.0%		77.1%		74.7%		62.6%	57.6%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,371,342	\$	3,823,238	\$	3,512,954	\$	3,370,827	\$ 3,197,648
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		-3.3%		16.8%		18.7%		29.8%	32.6%

Notes to Schedule:

¹ Historical information is required only for the measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS $^{\rm 1}$

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	De	ctuarially termined ntribution	E	Actual mployer ntribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2022	\$	181,331	\$	181,331	\$ -	3,401,850	5.3%
2021		176,760		195,142	(18,382)	3,371,342	5.8%
2020		201,000		219,000	(18,000)	3,823,238	5.7%
2019		195,000		208,093	(13,093)	3,512,954	5.9%
2018		189,000		197,000	(8,000)	3,370,827	5.8%

Notes to Schedule of Plan Contributions:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2021

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Entry Age Normal

Amortization method: For details, see June 30, 2021 Funding Valuation Report available on CalPERS' website.

Remaining amortization period: For details, see June 30, 2021 Funding Valuation Report available on CalPERS' website.

Inflation: 2.5%

Salary Increases: Varies by entry age and service

Investment rate of return: 7.0% Cost of Living Adjustments: 2.0%

Retirement age: Based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period 1997-2015

Mortality: Based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period 1997-2015. Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected on-going mortality improvements using 90% of Scale MP 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.

¹ Historical information is required only for the measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY COST SHARING PLAN

AS OF JUNE 30 FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS $^{\rm 1}$

	Proportion of the	Pr	oportionate			Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a %
Reporting Date ² as of June 30,	Net Pension Liability		Share of Net Pension Liability Cov		ered Payroll	Liability as a % of Covered Payroll	of the Total Pension Liability
2022	0.04977%	\$	2,691,618	\$	3,371,342	79.8%	88.3%
2021	0.04984%		5,422,335		3,823,238	141.8%	75.1%
2020	0.04781%		4,899,474		3,512,954	139.5%	75.3%
2019	0.04561%		4,394,714		3,370,827	130.4%	75.3%
2018	0.04517%		4,479,822		3,197,648	140.1%	73.3%
2017	0.04331%		3,747,628		3,109,153	120.5%	74.1%
2016	0.03983%		2,733,736		3,104,821	88.1%	78.4%
2015	0.04212%		2,621,118		3,403,443	77.0%	79.8%

Notes to Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:

Benefit Changes: None

Changes of Assumptions: None

¹ Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only eight years are shown.

² The proportions and proportionate share of the net pension liability are measured as of one year behind the reporting date. Refer to notes to basic financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS COST SHARING PLAN

AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS 1

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	De	ctuarially etermined ntribution	Actual Employer Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll	Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2022	\$	742,201	\$ 742,201	\$		_	3,699,344	20.1%
2021		670,392	670,392			-	3,371,342	19.9%
2020		633,776	633,776			-	3,823,238	16.6%
2019		525,812	525,812			-	3,512,954	15.0%
2018		443,161	443,161			-	3,370,827	13.2%
2017		392,645	392,645			-	3,197,648	12.3%
2016		350,597	350,597			-	3,109,153	11.3%
2015		338,101	338,101			-	3,104,821	10.9%

Notes to Schedule of Plan Contributions:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2019

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Entry Age Normal

Amortization method: For details, see June 30, 2019 Funding Valuation Report available on CalPERS' website.

Remaining amortization period: For details, see June 30, 2019 Funding Valuation Report available on CalPERS' website.

Inflation: 2.5%

Salary Increases: Varies by entry age and service

Investment rate of return: 7.0%
Cost of Living Adjustments: 2.0%

Retirement age: Based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period 1997-2015

Mortality: Based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period 1997-2015. Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected on-going mortality improvements using 90% of Scale MP 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.

¹ Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only eight years are shown.

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SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

DESCRIPTION OF NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Traffic Improvement – To account for traffic improvement and arterial street system fees paid by developers which may only be used for constructing traffic impacted arterial streets.

Traffic Safety – To account of traffic fines which may only be used for traffic safety purposes.

Transit Tax – To account for Proposition A funds received from the County of Los Angeles which may only be used to provide transportation services.

Public Transit – To account for Proposition C funds received from the County of Los Angeles which may only be used to provide transportation services.

Air Quality Management – To account for funds received from the South Coast Air Quality Management District which may only be used for air quality improvement.

Community Development Block Grant – To account for restricted housing rehabilitation loans administered with Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds.

Supplemental Law Enforcement – To account for Brulte funds received from the state for the use of Public Safety (COPS) programs.

Solid Waste Management – To account for the funds relating to collection, transportation and recycling of refuse materials for City residents and businesses.

State Gas Tax – To account for funds allocated to the City by the State which may only be used for street maintenance, construction, right of way acquisition and/or reconstruction.

Measure R – To account for public transit tax received under Measure R. These funds are paid by the County of Los Angeles.

Inclusionary Housing – To account for in-lieu fees that are committed for the development or maintenance of housing that is affordable to low to moderate income households.

Utility Undergrounding – To account for the undergrounding of utility lines within the City undergrounding district.

Road Rehab – To account for funds allocated to the City for road maintenance and rehabilitation.

Measure M – To account for funds allocated to the City for transit projects.

Measure W - To account for funds collected from a parcel of tax of 2.5 cents per square foot impermeable area. Tax receipts will be used to improve water quality, increase local supply, and enhance the community.

DESCRIPTION OF NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Recreation Center Capital Projects – To account for the funds to be used for that are assigned for the development or maintenance of the City's recreation center.

Storm Water Capital Projects – To account for the funds to be used for the development or maintenance of the City's storm water program.

Capital Projects – To account for funds that are to be used for various capital projects throughout the City.

Measure M Capital Projects – To account for grant monies received from sales tax overrides adopted by Los Angeles County and restricted for various transportation projects within the City.

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Financing Authority Debt Service – To account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Agoura Hills Improvement Authority – To account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

				Sp	ecial	Revenue Fur	nds			
	_Im	Traffic provement	Tra	Traffic Safety		Transit Tax (Prop A)		Public Transit (Prop C)		ir Quality nagement
Assets:	Φ.	671,278	\$	22.242	\$	1,256,503	\$	761,948	¢.	133,867
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	6/1,2/8	Ф	23,242	\$	1,256,503	\$	761,948	\$	133,867
Accounts, net										
Deferred loans		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		_		5,657		73,239		_		6,728
Due from other funds		963,763		0,007		70,200		_		0,720
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		_		_		_		_
Total Assets	\$	1,635,041	\$	28,899	\$	1,329,742	\$	761,948	\$	140,595
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,										
and Fund Balances:										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	82,541	\$	75,664	\$	_
Accrued liabilities	*	_	*	_	•	731	•	-	•	_
Deposits payable		17,608		-		-		-		_
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		17,608		-		83,272		75,664		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable revenues		-				73,239				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		73,239		-		
Fund Balances:										
Restricted:										
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Air quality improvement		-		-		-		-		140,595
Grant programs		-		-						-
Transportation services		-		-		1,173,231		686,284		-
Committed:		4 047 400		00.000						
Capital projects Waste management programs		1,617,433		28,899		-		-		-
Housing programs								-		
Assigned:										
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned	_									
Total Fund Balances		1,617,433		28,899		1,173,231		686,284		140,595
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	•	1 625 044	¢	20 000	¢	4 220 742	¢	764 049	¢	140 505
Resources, and Fund Balances	<u> </u>	1,635,041	\$	28,899	\$	1,329,742	\$	761,948	\$	140,595

(CONTINUED)

	Dev	ommunity velopment ock Grant		pplemental Law forcement		olid Waste nagement	State Gas Tax		М	easure R
Assets:	_		_	400 770	_		_	45.045	_	100 710
Cash and investments	\$	14	\$	160,778	\$	236,963	\$	45,245	\$	193,748
Receivables:						152				
Accounts, net Deferred loans		197,289		_		132		-		-
Due from other governments		80,830		_		-		37,773		-
Due from other funds		-		_		_		-		_
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		_		_		_		_		_
Total Assets	\$	278,133	\$	160,778	\$	237,115	\$	83,018	\$	193,748
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances:										
Liabilities:		4.4.407	•	40.000	•	050	•	00.054	Φ.	40.450
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	14,437	\$	12,333	\$	356	\$	23,854	\$	18,153 2,535
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-		2,535
Due to other funds		66,300		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		80,737		12,333		356		23,854		20,688
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable revenues		204,970		_		-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		204,970		_		_		-		
Fund Balances:										
Restricted:										
Capital projects		-		-		-		59,164		173,060
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Air quality improvement		-		-		-		-		-
Grant programs		-		148,445		-		-		-
Transportation services		-		-		-		-		-
Committed:										
Capital projects Waste management programs		-		-		236,759		-		-
Housing programs		-		-		230,739		-		-
Assigned:										
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		(7,574)						-		
Total Fund Balances		(7,574)		148,445		236,759		59,164		173,060
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	¢.	270 422	e	160,778	¢	237,115	æ	83,018	æ	193,748
Resources, and Fund Dalances	\$	278,133	\$	160,778	\$	231,115	\$	03,018	\$	193,748

			Special Revenue Funds									
		clusionary Housing	Unde	Utility ergrounding	Road Rehab Fund		Measure M Fund		M	easure W Fund		
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	1,816,921	\$	53,673	\$	29,094	\$	122,083	\$	159,035		
Casn and investments Receivables:	ф	1,816,921	Ф	53,673	Ф	29,094	\$	122,083	\$	159,035		
Accounts, net												
Deferred loans		-		_		_		_		_		
Due from other governments		_		_		70,429		_		_		
Due from other funds		_		_				_		_		
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		_		_		_		_		_		
Total Assets	\$	1,816,921	\$	53,673	\$	99,523	\$	122,083	\$	159,035		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,												
and Fund Balances:												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,287	\$	16,595	\$	45,722		
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		2,223		-		
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-		-		
Due to other funds		-		_				_				
Total Liabilities		-				8,287		18,818		45,722		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Unavailable revenues		-		_				_				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-										
Fund Balances:												
Restricted:												
Capital projects		-		-		91,236		103,265		113,313		
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-		
Air quality improvement		-		-		-		-		-		
Grant programs		-		-		-		-		-		
Transportation services		-		-		-		-		-		
Committed:				E2 672								
Capital projects Waste management programs		-		53,673		-		-		-		
Housing programs		1,816,921		-		-		-		-		
Assigned:		1,010,021										
Capital projects		-		_		-		_		-		
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-		
Unassigned		-				_						
Total Fund Balances		1,816,921		53,673		91,236		103,265		113,313		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	•	4 046 004	¢	E2 670	¢	00 500	¢	400.000	•	450.025		
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	1,816,921	\$	53,673	\$	99,523	\$	122,083	\$	159,035		

(CONTINUED)

Receiption Center Storm Water Center Capital Projects Fund Capital Projects Fund Auth Center Assets: Candinal rinestments \$ 826,446 \$ 569,819 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Debt Service Fund	D:	Capital Projects Funds									
Receivables:	Financing uthority Debt Service		Capital	(•							
Receivables:	4.005	•		•	500.040	•	0.440	000.4	•		•	
Accounts, net	1,095	\$	-	\$	569,819	\$	6,446	826,4	\$	-	\$	
Due from other governments			100 121				1 271	24.2				
Due from other governments	-		406,131		-		4,271	24,2		-		,
Puer form other funds	_		79 394		211 500		8 20 <u>4</u>	418.2		28 783		
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents S 28,783 \$1,269,011 \$781,319 \$487,525 \$	_		7 3,004		211,000		-	410,2		20,700		
Total Assets \$ 28,783 \$ 1,269,011 \$ 781,319 \$ 487,525 \$ 2	_		_		_		_			_		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Page 1 Page 2 Page 3 Page	1,095	\$	487,525	\$	781,319	\$	9,011	1,269,0	\$	28,783	\$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Accounts payable - 27,182 1,193 12,205 Account labilities - - - 922 - - 922 - - 922 -												
Accrued liabilities												iabilities:
Deposits payable	-	\$	12,205	\$	1,193	\$	7,182	27,1	\$	-	\$	ccounts payable
Due to other funds 30,000 27,182 1,193 483,472 2	-		922		-		-			-		ccrued liabilities
Total Liabilities 30,000 27,182 1,193 483,472 Deferred Inflows of Resources: 28,783 442,565 211,500 492,424 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 28,783 442,565 211,500 492,424 Fund Balances: Restricted: Capital projects - <td< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	-		-		-		-			-		
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues 28,783 442,565 211,500 492,424 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Fund Balances: Restricted: Capital projects 5 2 1 2			470,345		-		-			30,000		due to other funds
Unavailable revenues 28,783 442,565 211,500 492,424 Fund Balances: Restricteds: September 1,500 492,424 Fund Balances: Restricted: September 2,500 Capital projects -			483,472		1,193		7,182	27,1		30,000		Total Liabilities
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 28,783 442,565 211,500 492,424 Fund Balances: Restricted: Septice Service Capital projects -												
Fund Balances: Restricted: Capital projects -	-		492,424		211,500		2,565	442,5		28,783		Inavailable revenues
Restricted: Capital projects - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			492,424		211,500		2,565	442,5		28,783		Total Deferred Inflows of Resources
Capital projects -												
Debt service - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>												
Air quality improvement - <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>	-		-		-		-			-		
Grant programs - -	-		-		-		-			-		
Transportation services - <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>	-		-		-					-		
Committed: 568,626 - Capital projects - - 568,626 - Waste management programs - - - - Housing programs - - - - - Assigned: - 799,264 - - - Debt service - - - - - - Unassigned (30,000) - - (488,371) -	_		_		_		_			_		
Capital projects - - 568,626 - Waste management programs - - - - - Housing programs - - - - - - Assigned: - 799,264 - - - Capital projects - <												
Housing programs	-		-		568,626		-			-		
Assigned: Capital projects	-		-		-		-			-		
Capital projects - 799,264 - - Debt service - - - - Unassigned (30,000) - - - (488,371) Total Fund Balances (30,000) 799,264 568,626 (488,371)	-		-		-		-			-		
Debt service - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0.004</td><td>700.0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>							0.004	700.0				
Unassigned (30,000) - - - (488,371) Total Fund Balances (30,000) 799,264 568,626 (488,371)	1,095		-		-		9,264	799,2		-		
Total Fund Balances (30,000) 799,264 568,626 (488,371)	1,095		(488 371)		_		-			(30,000)		
	1,095				568.626		9.264	799.2				5
	.,		,,			-	-,			(55,550)	-	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of
Resources, and Fund Balances \$ 28,783 \$ 1,269,011 \$ 781,319 \$ 487,525 \$	1,095	\$	487,525	\$	781,319	\$	9,011	1,269,0	\$	28,783	\$	

	Debt Service Fund Agoura Hills Improvement Authority			Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	50,218	\$	7,111,970
Receivables:	Ψ	30,210	Ψ	7,111,570
Accounts, net		_		432,554
Deferred loans		-		197,289
Due from other governments		-		1,012,627
Due from other funds		-		963,763
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		243,633		243,633
Total Assets	\$	293,851	\$	9,961,836
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	338,522
Accrued liabilities		-		6,411
Deposits payable		-		17,608
Due to other funds				566,645
Total Liabilities				929,186
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues				1,453,481
				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				1,453,481
Fund Balances:				
Restricted:				5 40.000
Capital projects Debt service		293,851		540,038 293,851
Air quality improvement		293,031		140,595
Grant programs		-		148,445
Transportation services		_		1,859,515
Committed:				.,000,0.0
Capital projects		-		2,268,631
Waste management programs		-		236,759
Housing programs		-		1,816,921
Assigned: Capital projects				799,264
Capital projects Debt service		-		799,264 1,095
Unassigned		-		(525,945)
Total Fund Balances		293,851		7,579,169
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	293,851	\$	9,961,836

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Sp	ecial I	Revenue Fur	nds			
		affic vement	Traffi	c Safety		ansit Tax Prop A)	Public Transit (Prop C)			r Quality nagement
Revenues:	œ.		œ.		¢.		Φ		Φ.	
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	568,165	\$	430,793	\$	26,138
Charges for services						500,105		430,793		20,136
Use of money and property		3,006		56		5,034		3,611		531
Fines and forfeitures		-,		55,073		-		-		-
Contributions		7,380		· -		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		34,925				
Total Revenues		10,386		55,129		608,124		434,404		26,669
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government		-		-		459		-		-
Public safety		-		40,000		-		-		-
Community development Parks and recreation		-		-		56,650		-		-
Public works						261,612		265,716		_
Capital outlay		25,281		_		201,012		313,931		_
Debt service:		20,20						0.0,00.		
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges				-						
Total Expenditures		25,281		40,000		318,721		579,647		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures		(14,895)		15,129		289,403		(145,243)		26,669
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								_		
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(14,895)		15,129		289,403		(145,243)		26,669
Fund Balance - Beginning	1	,632,328		13,770		883,828		831,527		113,926
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1	,617,433	\$	28,899	\$	1,173,231	\$	686,284	\$	140,595

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds											
	Deve	mmunity elopment ck Grant	•	plemental Law orcement	Solid Waste Management		State Gas Tax		N	leasure R		
Revenues:												
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36,191	\$	-	\$	-		
Intergovernmental		83,294		161,285		123		485,066		323,043		
Charges for services		-		755		80,490		407		-		
Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures		-		755		947		187		593		
Contributions		-		-		-		-		-		
Miscellaneous		_		_		-		-		-		
Total Revenues		83,294		162,040		117,751		485,253		323,636		
Expenditures:												
Current:												
General government		-		-		-		-		-		
Public safety		-		148,000				-		-		
Community development		-		-		100,047		-		-		
Parks and recreation Public works		8,334		-		-		422.050		146 700		
Capital outlay		82,643		-		-		432,058		146,700 171,753		
Debt service:		02,043		-		-		-		17 1,755		
Principal retirement		_		_		_		_		_		
Interest and fiscal charges		_		_		_		-		_		
Total Expenditures		90,977		148,000		100,047		432,058		318,453		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
Over (Under) Expenditures	-	(7,683)		14,040		17,704		53,195		5,183		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		-		-		-		_		_		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(7,683)		14,040		17,704		53,195		5,183		
· ·		, ,		,		,						
Fund Balance - Beginning	-	109		134,405		219,055		5,969		167,877		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	(7,574)	\$	148,445	\$	236,759	\$	59,164	\$	173,060		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Special Revenue Funds												
		lusionary ousing	Utility Undergrounding	<u>g</u> _	Road Rehab Fund	M	leasure M Fund	М	easure W Fund					
Revenues:	•		•		•	•		•						
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ - 410,907	\$	365,560	\$	340,888					
Intergovernmental Charges for services		-		-	410,907		305,500		340,888					
Use of money and property		7,885	233	3	926		287		846					
Fines and forfeitures			200	-	-		-		-					
Contributions		_		-	-		_		_					
Miscellaneous		-		-	-		-		-					
Total Revenues		7,885	233	3	411,833		365,847		341,734					
Expenditures:														
Current:														
General government		-		-	-		-		-					
Public safety		-		-	-		-		-					
Community development Parks and recreation		-		-	-		-		-					
Public works		_		_	-		192,934		218,673					
Capital outlay		_		-	768,693		80,000		114,265					
Debt service:					100,000		00,000		111,200					
Principal retirement		-		_	-		_		-					
Interest and fiscal charges					-									
Total Expenditures					768,693		272,934		332,938					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues														
Over (Under) Expenditures		7,885	233	3	(356,860)		92,913		8,796					
Other Financing Sources (Uses):														
Transfers in	-				-									
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				<u>-</u> .	-		-		-					
Net Change in Fund Balances		7,885	233	3	(356,860)		92,913		8,796					
Fund Balance - Beginning		1,809,036	53,440	0	448,096		10,352		104,517					
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1,816,921	\$ 53,67	3	\$ 91,236	\$	103,265	\$	113,313					

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(CONTINUED)

	Capital Projects Funds								
		Recreation Center		n Water I Projects	Capital Projects Fund		Measure M Capital rojects Fund	Autho	ancing rity Debt rvice
Revenues: Taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$. \$	_	\$	_
Intergovernmental	Ψ	_	Ψ	148,698		. Ψ	1,200,480	Ψ	_
Charges for services		-		-			-		-
Use of money and property		-		3,855	365	,	-		-
Fines and forfeitures Contributions		22,346		-	•		-		-
Miscellaneous		22,340		-			-		-
Total Revenues		22,346		152,553	365		1,200,480		-
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Community development Parks and recreation Public works Capital outlay Debt service:		- - - 28,783		- - - 357,750	319,283		28,732 - - - 58,774 499,871		- - - - -
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		-		-			-		-
Total Expenditures		28,783		357,750	319,283	_ —	587,377		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(6,437)		(205,197)	(318,918		613,103		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		_		_	875,000)	-		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		_	875,000		-		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(6,437)		(205,197)	556,082		613,103		-
Fund Balance - Beginning		(23,563)		1,004,461	12,544		(1,101,474)		1,095
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	(30,000)	\$	799,264	\$ 568,626	\$	(488,371)	\$	1,095

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Debt Service Fund Agoura Hills Improvement Authority	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ 36,191
Intergovernmental	Ψ -	4,544,440
Charges for services	-	80,490
Use of money and property	586	29,703
Fines and forfeitures	-	55,073
Contributions	-	29,726
Miscellaneous	-	34,925
Total Revenues	586	4,810,548
Expenditures: Current:		
General government	-	29,191
Public safety Community development	-	188,000 100,047
Parks and recreation		64,984
Public works	_	1,963,000
Capital outlay	-	2,375,720
Debt service:		
Principal retirement	365,000	365,000
Interest and fiscal charges	547,375	547,375
Total Expenditures	912,375	5,633,317
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(911,789)	(822,769)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		
Transfers in	913,025	1,788,025
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	913,025	1,788,025
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,236	965,256
Fund Balance - Beginning	292,615	6,613,913
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 293,851	\$ 7,579,169

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TRAFFIC IMPROVEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget Original	Amo	unts Final	 Actual Amounts	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 1,632,328	\$	1,632,328	\$ 1,632,328	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Use of money and property Contributions	 4,000		4,000	 3,006 7,380		(994) 7,380
Amounts Available for Appropriations	 1,636,328		1,636,328	 1,642,714		6,386
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Capital outlay	 -		25,300	25,281		19
Total Charges to Appropriations	 -		25,300	 25,281		19
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 1,636,328	\$	1,611,028	\$ 1,617,433	\$	6,405

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TRAFFIC SAFETY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget . Original	Amou	ınts Final	_	Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 13,770	\$	13,770	\$	13,770	\$	-	
Resources (Inflows): Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures	 200 40,000		200 40,000		56 55,073		(144) 15,073	
Amounts Available for Appropriations	53,970		53,970		68,899		14,929	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Public safety	 40,000		40,000		40,000			
Total Charges to Appropriations	 40,000		40,000		40,000			
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 13,970	\$	13,970	\$	28,899	\$	14,929	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TRANSIT TAX (PROP A) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original			Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	883,828	\$	883,828	\$	883,828	\$	-	
Resources (Inflows):									
Intergovernmental		562,650		620,450		568,165		(52,285)	
Use of money and property		12,000		5,000		5,034		34	
Miscellaneous						34,925		34,925	
Amounts Available for Appropriations		1,458,478		1,509,278		1,491,952		(17,326)	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):									
General government		25,000		25,000		459		24,541	
Parks and recreation		129,996		95,090		56,650		38,440	
Public works		439,050		439,050		261,612		177,438	
Total Charges to Appropriations		594,046		559,140		318,721		240,419	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	864,432	\$	950,138	\$	1,173,231	\$	223,093	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PUBLIC TRANSIT (PROP C) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final			 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	831,527	\$	831,527	\$ 831,527	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property		344,497 500		454,000 500	430,793 3,611		(23,207) 3,111
Amounts Available for Appropriations		1,176,524		1,286,027	 1,265,931		(20,096)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Public works Capital outlay		227,241 560,000		229,121 567,500	265,716 313,931		(36,595) 253,569
Total Charges to Appropriations		787,241		796,621	579,647		216,974
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	389,283	\$	489,406	\$ 686,284	\$	196,878

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	113,926	\$	113,926	\$ 113,926	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property		126,700 300		26,700 300	26,138 531		(562) 231
Amounts Available for Appropriations		240,926		140,926	 140,595		(331)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): General government Capital outlay		1,200 100,000		50,000 45,700	- -		50,000 45,700
Total Charges to Appropriations		101,200		95,700			95,700
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	139,726	\$	45,226	\$ 140,595	\$	95,369

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final				_	Actual nounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	109	\$	109	\$	109	\$	-	
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental		115,026		115,026		83,294		(31,732)	
Amounts Available for Appropriations		115,135		115,135		83,403		(31,732)	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Parks and recreation Capital outlay		15,026 100,000		15,026 100,000		8,334 82,643		6,692 17,357	
Total Charges to Appropriations		115,026		115,026		90,977		24,049	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	109	\$	109	\$	(7,574)	\$	(7,683)	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SUPPLEMENTAL LAW ENFORCEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	134,405	\$	134,405	\$	134,405	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property		100,000 700		136,000 700		161,285 755		25,285 55
Amounts Available for Appropriations		235,105		271,105		296,445		25,340
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Public safety		152,865		152,865		148,000		4,865
Total Charges to Appropriations		152,865		152,865		148,000		4,865
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	82,240	\$	118,240	\$	148,445	\$	30,205

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final				 Actual Amounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	219,055	\$	219,055	\$ 219,055	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property		36,000 - 74,000 3,000		36,000 - 74,000 3,000	36,191 123 80,490 947		191 123 6,490 (2,053)
Amounts Available for Appropriations		332,055		332,055	336,806		4,751
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Community development		121,900		121,900	100,047		21,853
Total Charges to Appropriations		121,900		121,900	100,047		21,853
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	210,155	\$	210,155	\$ 236,759	\$	26,604

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STATE GAS TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget . Original	Amoι	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 5,969	\$	5,969	\$ 5,969	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property	 533,236 1,000		536,389 1,000	485,066 187		(51,323) (813)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	540,205		543,358	491,222		(52,136)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Public works	 470,000		481,000	432,058		48,942
Total Charges to Appropriations	470,000		481,000	432,058		48,942
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 70,205	\$	62,358	\$ 59,164	\$	(3,194)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE R FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final				 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	167,877	\$	167,877	\$ 167,877	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property		258,373 2,500		338,000 2,500	323,043 593		(14,957) (1,907)
Amounts Available for Appropriations		428,750		508,377	 491,513		(16,864)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Public works Capital outlay		170,564 230,000		168,883 176,000	146,700 171,753		22,183 4,247
Total Charges to Appropriations		400,564		344,883	318,453		26,430
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	28,186	\$	163,494	\$ 173,060	\$	9,566

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE INCLUSIONARY HOUSING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	1,809,036	\$	1,809,036	\$	1,809,036	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Use of money and property		20,000		20,000		7,885		(12,115)
Amounts Available for Appropriations		1,829,036		1,829,036		1,816,921		(12,115)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Community development		10,000		10,000			<u></u>	10,000
Total Charges to Appropriations		10,000		10,000				10,000
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	1,819,036	\$	1,819,036	\$	1,816,921	\$	(2,115)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE UTILITY UNDERGROUNDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budget	Amoui			Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive
	Original Final			Final	A	mounts	(Ne	gative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	53,440	\$	53,440	\$	53,440	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):								
Use of money and property		500		500		233		(267)
Amounts Available for Appropriations		53,940		53,940		53,673		(267)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	53,940	\$	53,940	\$	53,673	\$	(267)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ROAD REHAB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts		ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	448,096	\$	448,096	\$	448,096	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property		407,350 500		423,716 500		410,907 926		(12,809) 426
Amounts Available for Appropriations		855,946		872,312		859,929		(12,383)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Capital outlay		787,000		787,000		768,693		18,307
Total Charges to Appropriations		787,000		787,000		768,693		18,307
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	68,946	\$	85,312	\$	91,236	\$	5,924

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE M FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	10,352	\$	10,352	\$	10,352	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property		292,822 500		360,000 500		365,560 287		5,560 (213)
Amounts Available for Appropriations		303,674		370,852		376,199		5,347
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Public works Capital outlay		220,935 80,000		217,758 80,000		192,934 80,000		24,824
Total Charges to Appropriations		300,935		297,758		272,934		24,824
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	2,739	\$	73,094	\$	103,265	\$	30,171

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE W FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget . Original	Amour	nts Final	 Actual Amounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 104,517	\$	104,517	\$ 104,517	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property	 340,000		340,000 -	340,888 846		888 846
Amounts Available for Appropriation	 444,517		444,517	446,251		1,734
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow): Public works Capital outlay	 218,000 205,000		218,000 205,000	 218,673 114,265		(673) 90,735
Total Charges to Appropriations	423,000		423,000	332,938		90,062
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 21,517	\$	21,517	\$ 113,313	\$	91,796

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE RECREATION CENTER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget A	Amou	ints Final		Actual mounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive
	 Original		ГШаі	A	inounts	(11	legative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ (23,563)	\$	(23,563)	\$	(23,563)	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Contributions			25,000	1	22,346		(2,654)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	 (23,563)		1,437		(1,217)		(2,654)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):							
Public works	_		25,000		28,783		(3,783)
Total Charges to Appropriations	 		25,000		28,783		(3,783)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (23,563)	\$	(23,563)	\$	(30,000)	\$	(6,437)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE R CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget A	Amou	unts Final	Actual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ (3,197,741)	\$	(3,197,741)	\$ (3,197,741)	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property	 1,350,000 500		1,350,000 500	495,740 -		(854,260) (500)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	 (1,847,241)		(1,847,241)	 (2,702,001)		(854,760)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):						
General government	49,513		49,610	35,582		14,028
Public works	50,357		59,417	69,667		(10,250)
Capital outlay	1,235,000		1,135,000	 256,974		878,026
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,334,870		1,244,027	362,223		881,804
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (3,182,111)	\$	(3,091,268)	\$ (3,064,224)	\$	27,044

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STORM WATER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	_	Budget Original	Amou	ınts Final	Actual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	1,004,461	\$	1,004,461	\$ 1,004,461	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental Use of money and property		699,700 10,000		699,700 10,000	 148,698 3,855		(551,002) (6,145)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	-	1,714,161		1,714,161	 1,157,014		(557,147)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Public works		434,000		434,000	357,750		76,250
Total Charges to Appropriations		434,000		434,000	 357,750		76,250
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	1,280,161	\$	1,280,161	\$ 799,264	\$	(480,897)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	0	Budget /	Amou	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	12,544	\$	12,544	\$ 12,544	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Use of money and property Transfers in		- -		- 875,000	365 875,000		365 -
Amounts Available for Appropriations		12,544		887,544	 887,909		365
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Capital outlay				106,000	319,283		(213,283)
Total Charges to Appropriations		-		106,000	319,283		(213,283)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	12,544	\$	781,544	\$ 568,626	\$	(212,918)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MEASURE M CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	_	Budget /	Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	(1,101,474)	\$	(1,101,474)	\$ (1,101,474)	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental		430,000		600,000	1,200,480		600,480
Amounts Available for Appropriations		(671,474)		(501,474)	 99,006		600,480
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):							
General government		-		24,500	28,732		(4,232)
Public works		88,863		77,256	58,774		18,482
Capital outlay		340,000		700,000	499,871		200,129
Total Charges to Appropriations		428,863		801,756	 587,377		214,379
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	(1,100,337)	\$	(1,303,230)	\$ (488,371)	\$	814,859

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE AGOURA HILLS IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget /	Amou	unts Final	 Actual Amounts	Fina Po	nce with I Budget ositive egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 292,615	\$	292,615	\$ 292,615	\$	-
Resources (Inflows): Use of money and property Transfers in	 1,500 913,025		1,500 913,025	586 913,025		(914)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	1,207,140		1,207,140	 1,206,226		(914)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): Debt service:						
Principal retirement	365,000		365,000	365,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges	548,025		548,025	 547,375		650
Total Charges to Appropriations	 913,025		913,025	912,375		650
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 294,115	\$	294,115	\$ 293,851	\$	(264)

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STATISTICAL SECTION

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DESCRIPTION OF STATISTICAL SECTION CONTENTS

June 30, 2022

This part of the City of Agoura Hill's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents:	Schedules
<u>Financial Trends</u> – These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1-5
Revenue Capacity – These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant current local revenue source, the property tax.	6-12
<u>Debt Capacity</u> – These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	13-16
<u>Demographic and Economic Information</u> – These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	17-18
Operating Information – These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	19-21

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year. The City implemented Statement 34 in 2003; however, the City implemented Statement 44 in 2006. Schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year	
	 2013	2014	2015
Governmental activities			
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 66,545,330	\$ 71,090,637	\$ 88,327,674
Restricted	2,476,389	4,054,814	1,569,275
Unrestricted	15,956,212	37,983,934	28,035,386
Total primary government net assets-restated	\$ 84,977,931	\$ 113,129,385	\$ 117,932,335

			Fiscal Year			
2016	2017	 2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 102,402,711	\$ 107,036,227	\$ 109,062,997	\$ 115,659,310	\$ 119,055,509	\$ 122,562,958	\$ 126,408,354
1,641,181	1,723,643	1,649,754	2,729,353	3,391,714	4,386,297	3,779,864
36,440,786	37,138,624	36,535,795	34,370,710	35,505,187	36,269,912	43,637,719
\$ 140,484,678	\$ 145,898,494	\$ 147,248,546	\$ 152,759,373	\$ 157,952,410	\$ 163,219,167	\$ 173,825,937

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year	
	2013	2014	2015
Expenses			
Governmental activities			
General government	\$ 4,224,974	\$ 4,395,273	\$ 3,636,202
Public safety	4,307,129	4,364,195	4,014,645
Public works	3,095,828	3,114,273	3,885,466
Community development	989,646	985,074	1,625,957
Community services	1,999,606	2,184,204	2,214,787
Interest on long-term debt (unallocated)	470,616_	761,822	631,316
Total primary government expenses	\$ 15,087,799	\$ 15,804,841	\$ 16,008,373
Program Revenues			
Governmental activities			
Charges for Services			
General government	\$ 129,026	\$ 139,006	\$ 478,314
Public safety	570,023	565,016	694,531
Public works	237,538	240,192	280,493
Community development	246,279	160,965	378,825
Community services	241,107	267,356	56,408
Operating grants and contributions	3,705,524	9,016,536	1,004,621
Capital grants and contributions	329,511	2,578,791	9,379,954
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 5,459,008	\$ 12,967,862	\$ 12,273,146
Net (Expense)/Revenue			
Total primary government net expense	\$ (9,628,791)	\$ (2,836,979)	\$ (3,735,227)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position			
Governmental activities:			
Taxes	\$ 12,278,663	\$ 10,483,355	\$ 11,274,539
Investment earnings	273,503	119,576	154,096
Other revenues	165,757	187,793	427,017
Special Item			
Total primary government	\$ 12,717,923	\$ 10,790,724	\$ 11,855,652
Change in Net Position			
Total primary government	\$ 3,089,132	\$ 7,953,745	\$ 8,120,425
	-		

			Fiscal Year			
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 4,270,495 4,194,614 4,053,734 1,398,948 2,470,941 625,051 \$ 17,013,783	\$ 4,668,415 4,461,825 4,463,701 1,618,074 2,823,604 866,327 \$ 18,901,946	\$ 4,840,745 4,671,492 4,460,115 1,718,379 3,027,389 517,386 \$ 19,235,506	\$ 5,562,060 5,052,473 5,223,521 1,912,179 3,145,527 581,175 21,476,935	\$ 5,075,690 5,395,088 4,567,546 2,387,667 2,904,129 559,031 20,889,151	\$ 4,883,137 4,972,577 5,403,352 2,405,357 1,926,403 535,104 20,125,930	\$ 5,398,396 5,030,764 4,835,192 2,635,889 2,525,934 522,350 20,948,525
\$ 156,807 618,883 224,895 336,236 337,557 1,420,156 13,955,391 \$ 17,049,925	\$ 163,988 875,646 226,653 333,529 445,655 968,373 7,509,737 \$ 10,523,581	\$ 167,941 818,733 229,345 354,455 493,827 2,569,234 2,423,678 \$ 7,057,213	\$ 178,781 773,284 236,577 328,600 370,995 4,149,727 5,896,336 11,934,300	\$ 147,364 700,271 216,836 193,519 210,061 4,911,381 4,441,925 10,821,357	\$ 148,827 670,625 216,544 591,714 21,179 5,461,487 4,731,794 11,842,170	\$ 178,442 873,311 211,435 424,897 249,990 7,286,003 5,304,064 14,528,142
\$ 36,142	\$ (8,378,365)	\$ (12,178,293)	\$ (9,542,635)	\$ (10,067,794)	\$ (8,283,760)	\$ (6,420,383)
\$ 12,062,480 15,564 298,521 \$ 12,376,565	\$ 12,598,500 203,689 198,680 9,479,215 \$ 22,480,084	\$ 12,403,165 784,617 150,715 294,014 \$ 13,632,511	\$ 12,894,034 1,026,429 345,823 175,000 14,441,286	\$ 12,617,792 847,549 1,795,490 - 15,260,831	\$ 12,834,290 451,118 556,383 - 13,841,791	\$ 16,185,672 690,218 151,263 - 17,027,153
\$ 12,412,707	\$ 14,101,719	\$ 1,454,218	\$ 4,898,651	\$ 5,193,037	\$ 5,558,031	\$ 10,606,770

Program Revenues by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year	
	2013	2014	2015
Function/Program			
Governmental activities			
General government	\$ 267,650	\$ 2,599,863	\$ 1,138,763
Public safety	670,023	665,016	800,761
Public works	3,981,507	8,896,687	9,863,255
Community development	298,721	538,940	413,959
Community services	241,107	267,356	56,408
Subtotal governmental activities	5,459,008	12,967,862	12,273,146
Total primary government	\$ 5,459,008	\$ 12,967,862	\$ 12,273,146

			Fiscal Year			
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 346,886	\$ 437,462	2 \$ 739,569	\$ 2,435,396	\$ 2,840,323	\$ 4,281,219	\$ 5,492,855
718,883	1,004,97	898,438	922,031	856,219	827,352	1,289,095
14,987,990	7,171,50	4,557,202	7,867,535	6,706,149	6,109,074	7,023,453
658,609	1,463,980	368,177	338,343	208,605	603,346	472,749
373,557	445,65	5 493,827	370,995	210,061	21,179	249,990
17,085,925	10,523,58	7,057,213	11,934,300	10,821,357	11,842,170	14,528,142
\$ 17,085,925	\$ 10,523,58	1 \$ 7,057,213	\$ 11,934,300	\$ 10,821,357	\$ 11,842,170	\$ 14,528,142

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year	
	2013	2014	2015
General Fund			
Committed	\$ -	- \$ -	\$ -
Nonspendable	141,664	17,383,605	17,365,764
Unassigned	8,395,180	8,494,117	9,083,645
Total general fund	\$ 8,536,844	\$ 25,877,722	\$ 26,449,409
All Other Governmental Funds			
Nonspendable	\$ -	- \$	\$ -
Restricted	1,025,338	5,165,834	1,569,275
Committed	4,007,782	4,162,269	4,350,376
Assigned	4,095,172	4,618,668	411,423
Unassigned	(1,203,852	-	(3,154,713)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 7,924,440	\$ 13,946,771	\$ 3,176,361

			Fiscal Year			
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 50,000	\$ 345,275	\$ 350,028	\$ 358,850	\$ 410,948	\$ 413,508	\$ 604,998
26,368,875	26,450,720	26,525,470	26,434,914	26,530,193	26,274,785	25,937,153
9,623,733	9,815,071	10,386,556	9,229,107	8,065,424	10,654,100	13,690,128
\$ 36,042,608	\$ 36,611,066	\$ 37,262,054	\$ 36,022,871	\$ 35,006,565	\$ 37,342,393	\$ 40,232,279
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,917	\$ 5,351	\$ -	\$ -
1,641,181	1,723,643	1,649,754	2,755,603	2,325,972	3,695,301	3,779,864
3,770,779	4,067,536	4,310,623	3,319,065	3,716,739	3,740,173	4,322,311
557,239	559,083	595,322	608,408	851,867	1,005,556	800,359
(5,974,136)	(4,708,451)	(3,498,679)	(4,551,947)	(4,292,536)	(4,742,692)	(4,419,364)
\$ (4,937)	\$ 1,641,811	\$ 3,057,020	\$ 2,137,046	\$ 2,607,393	\$ 3,698,338	\$ 4,483,170

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

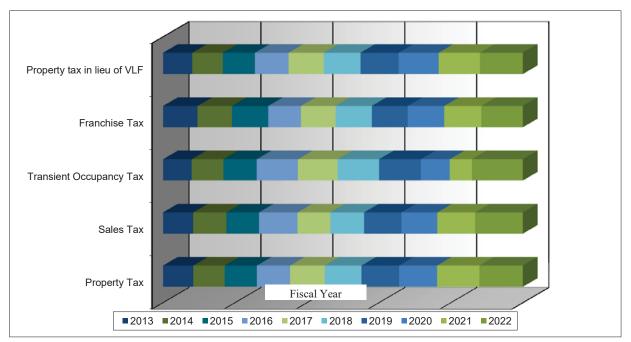
		Fiscal Year	
	2013	2014	2015
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 10,483,355	\$ 11,270,895	\$ 12,062,480
Licenses and permits	394,768	430,875	503,586
Intergovernmental revenues	2,181,324	9,755,904	7,390,407
Charges for services	1,710,409	1,420,436	1,188,228
Fines and forfeitures	154,311	133,653	139,746
Use of money and property	157,882	197,514	15,564
Other revenues	174,803	195,034	707,911
Total Revenues	15,256,852	23,404,311	22,007,922
Expenditures			
General government	3,811,416	8,209,942	3,951,759
Public safety	4,295,475	4,356,837	4,012,790
Community development	986,968	983,413	1,665,528
Community services	1,951,342	1,999,590	2,176,803
Public works	2,281,079	2,995,490	2,089,716
Capital outlay	2,076,715	3,783,745	18,666,025
Debt service	470.004	700 450	004.046
Interest	473,231	763,158	631,316
Principal payments	195,000	200,000	210,000
Total expenditures	16,071,226	23,292,175	33,403,937
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(814,374)	112,136	(11,396,015
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Debt proceeds	-	3,675,000	,
Premium/(discount) on debt issuance	-	52,984	0.04=.00
Transfers in	1,961,194	3,749,109	2,247,685
Transfers out	(1,961,194)	(3,749,109)	(2,247,685
Proceeds from sale of capital asset			-
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,727,984	
Special Item			
Net change in fund balances	\$ (814,374)	\$ 3,840,120	\$ (11,396,015
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	4.8%	4.9%	5.7%

			Fiscal Year			
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 12,598,500	\$ 12,403,165	\$ 12,894,034	\$ 13,467,759	\$ 12,580,449	\$ 12,834,290	\$ 16,185,672
524,799	480,926	661,719	589,666	567,474	525,474	661,623
13,346,694	8,882,237	6,745,712	8,460,405	7,730,671	11,747,351	7,250,621
1,018,776	1,464,484	1,217,282	1,266,816	814,876	788,600	1,063,365
104,803	90,403	88,793	98,186	93,306	86,853	122,111
203,689	784,617	1,026,429	1,264,234	925,944	451,118	690,218
303,505	590,037	989,254	728,155	2,224,920	563,583	2,918,891
28,100,766	24,695,869	23,623,223	25,875,221	24,937,640	26,997,269	28,892,501
3,935,083	4,094,097	4,162,104	5,064,913	4,545,676	4,218,006	5,123,223
4,182,601	4,459,069	4,665,151	5,051,499	5,325,392	5,038,926	5,060,999
1,481,732	1,556,843	1,646,839	1,890,097	2,285,379	2,291,008	2,741,188
2,481,518	2,741,433	2,857,247	2,990,865	2,658,751	1,723,171	2,505,046
2,315,180	2,982,814	2,709,199	3,563,487	2,908,320	3,754,397	3,667,520
15,906,914	7,276,935	4,302,347	8,589,367	6,955,091	5,504,949	5,207,432
625,051	1,157,560	599,458	595,400	583,715	560,064	547,375
290,000	10,605,000	310,000	315,000	330,000	345,000	365,000
31,218,079	34,873,751	21,252,345	28,060,628	25,592,324	23,435,521	25,217,783
(3,117,313)	(10,177,882)	2,370,878	(2,185,407)	(654,684)	3,561,748	3,674,718
-	10,055,000	-	-	-	-	-
-	800,234	-	-	-	-	-
1,569,645	1,496,432	1,096,808	1,343,659	1,467,260	1,039,825	2,186,005
(1,569,645)	(1,496,432)	(1,096,808)	(1,343,659)	(1,467,260)	(1,039,825)	(2,186,005
	924,014	175,000				
-	11,779,248	175,000				
		184,159				
\$ (3,117,313)	\$ 1,601,366	\$ 2,730,037	\$ (2,185,407)	\$ (654,684)	\$ 3,561,748	\$ 3,674,718
6.0%	42.6%	5.4%	4.7%	4.9%	5.0%	4.9%

Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

_	Fiscal Year	 Property Tax	Sales Tax	Fransient occupancy Tax	Fı	ranchise Tax	Property ax in lieu of VLF	 Total
	2013	\$ 2,565,840	\$ 3,485,596	\$ 1,915,323	\$	758,890	\$ 1,757,705	\$ 10,483,354
	2014	2,678,400	3,859,515	2,134,688		762,214	1,839,717	11,274,534
	2015	2,742,000	3,790,000	2,244,728		800,139	1,938,084	11,514,951
	2016	2,819,000	4,471,077	2,764,208		718,696	2,033,448	12,806,429
	2017	2,958,298	3,805,109	2,670,834		767,787	2,119,014	12,321,042
	2018	3,128,689	3,924,897	2,788,088		799,866	2,216,903	12,858,442
	2019	3,203,261	4,330,498	2,807,317		790,763	2,300,159	13,431,997
	2020	3,238,290	4,176,609	1,948,347		807,678	2,410,884	12,581,810
	2021	3,611,075	4,382,974	1,494,022		820,378	2,498,706	12,807,155
Change	2022	\$ 3,698,852	\$ 5,555,147	\$ 3,426,496	\$	916,733	\$ 2,588,444	\$ 16,185,672
Orlang	2013-2022	44.16%	59.37%	78.90%		20.80%	47.26%	54.39%



Notes: Includes all governmental fund types (General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds).

Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal years

(in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year	Land	Imp	provements	rsonal operty	Tax	Less: -Exempt roperty	tal Taxable Assessed Value	Total Tax Rate
2013	\$ 2,032,603	\$	2,103,373	\$ 1,363	\$	17,064	\$ 4,120,275	0.00%
2014	2,175,810		2,185,634	2,173		17,301	4,346,316	0.00%
2015	2,293,585		2,286,622	2,253		17,581	4,564,879	0.00%
2016	2,419,636		2,352,608	2,124		19,540	4,754,828	0.00%
2017	2,543,117		2,439,867	1,935		10,511	4,974,408	0.00%
2018	2,667,460		2,503,374	2,071		20,924	5,151,981	0.00%
2019	2,796,824		2,592,303	2,024		12,042	5,379,109	0.00%
2020	2,926,597		2,679,957	3,118		22,800	5,586,872	0.00%
2021	3,036,487		2,753,262	2,588		18,053	5,774,284	0.00%
2022	3,243,890		2,884,254	2,665		7,365	6,123,444	0.00%

Note:

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at a time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above. The County does not provide breakout of residential, commercial and industrial assessed values to the cities.

Source:

County of Los Angeles, Auditor - Controller

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax RatesLast Ten Fiscal Years

	Overlapping Rates							
Fiscal Year	Basic County (1)	Los Angeles County	School Districts	Water Districts	Flood Control District	Tax Rates		
2013	1.0000	0.0000	0.1201	0.0035	0.0000	1.1236		
2014	1.0000	0.0000	0.1135	0.0035	0.0000	1.1170		
2015	1.0000	0.0000	0.1090	0.0035	0.0000	1.1125		
2016	1.0000	0.0000	0.1050	0.0035	0.0000	1.1085		
2017	1.0000	0.0000	0.1079	0.0035	0.0000	1.1114		
2018	1.0000	0.0000	0.1198	0.0035	0.0000	1.1233		
2019	1.0000	0.0000	0.1211	0.0035	0.0000	1.1246		
2020	1.0000	0.0000	0.1028	0.0035	0.0000	1.1063		
2021	1.0000	0.0000	0.1098	0.0035	0.0000	1.1133		
2022	1.0000	0.0000	0.1107	0.0035	0.0000	1.1142		

Note: (1) In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of school, water and flood control district bonds. The City of Agoura Hills receives 5.85% of the 1% property tax rate.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	FY 2021-22					FY 2012-13			
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value		Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	
Tishman Speyer Archstone Smith	\$	133,134,314	1	2.31%	\$	113,681,480	1	2.90%	
Lexington Agoura Hills LLC		59,038,283	2	1.02%					
Kids from the Valley V LLC		55,636,335	3	0.96%					
Khanna Enterprises LP		47,308,329	4	0.82%					
FW CA Twin Oaks Shopping Center		34,106,081	5	0.59%		29,391,643	4	0.75%	
ARHC MAGHCA01 LLC		33,509,582	6	0.58%					
Whizin Market Square LLC		32,581,045	7	0.56%		20,976,105	5	0.53%	
Hankey Investment Company LP		29,972,457	8	0.52%					
Best Agoura Design Center LLC		26,056,527	9	0.45%					
Apple Seven Hospitality		25,609,729	10	0.44%					
Agoura Design Center LP						18,826,091	10	0.48%	
WSI I AHR LLC						35,543,329	2	0.91%	
Bank of America						29,813,746	3	0.76%	
Arden Realty LP						19,000,000	8	0.48%	
MEF Realty LLC						20,000,000	6	0.51%	
Teredyne Inc						19,399,199	7	0.49%	
Agoura Business Center East						18,937,710	9	0.48%	
Total	\$	5,774,285,394		8.26%	\$	3,922,239,025		8.30%	

The amounts shown above include assessed value data for both the City and the Redevelopment Agency.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

City of Agoura Hills

Secured Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Collected within the Taxes Levied Fiscal Year of the Levy			Collections		Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year	_ <u>_</u>	for the iscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy		ubsequent Years		Amount	of Levy
2013	\$	2,207,605	\$ 2,098,798	95.07%	\$	54,541	\$	2,153,339	97.54%
2014		2,298,395	2,196,070	95.55%		35,028		2,231,098	97.07%
2015		2,413,441	2,315,154	95.93%		32,839		2,347,993	97.29%
2016		2,506,669	2,422,101	96.63%		18,062		2,440,163	97.35%
2017		2,607,191	2,511,264	96.32%		43,571		2,554,835	97.99%
2018		2,704,330	2,639,148	97.59%		8,999		2,648,147	97.92%
2019		2,801,070	2,742,935	97.92%		31,898		2,774,833	99.06%
2020		2,894,345	2,776,534	95.93%		64,502		2,841,036	98.16%
2021		3,005,130	2,936,586	97.72%		64,173		3,000,759	99.85%
2022		3,242,954	2,997,965	92.45%		-		2,997,965	92.45%

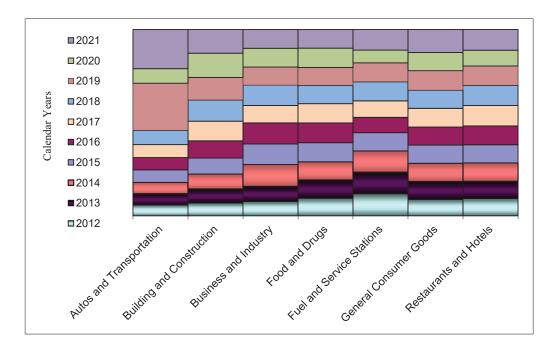
Sources:

City of Agoura Hills financial information. County of Los Angeles, Auditor - Controller. California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Taxable Sales by Category Last Ten Calendar Years

(in thousands of dollars)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Autos and Transportation Building and Construction	\$ 101 136	\$ 104 149	\$ 105 158	\$ 116 169	\$ 114 183	\$ 120 208	\$ 133 225	\$ 436 239	\$ 135 257	\$ 364 252
Business and Industry	445	470	680	640	653	541	633	562	584	586
Food and Drugs	260	270	269	282	292	285	271	265	285	277
Fuel and Service Stations	897	879	866	741	625	670	774	772	520	842
General Consumer Goods*	729	804	815	811	806	836	810	869	811	1,034
Restaurants and Hotels	651	647	693	683	708	767	756	733	593	783
Total	\$ 3,219	\$ 3,323	\$ 3,586	\$ 3,442	\$ 3,381	\$ 3,427	\$ 3,602	\$ 3,876	\$ 3,185	\$ 4,138
City direct sales tax rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%



Notes: Calendar year 2022 not available.

* Includes Other Taxable

Source: HdL Companies

Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	Los Angeles County	State of California
2013	0.00%	1.50%	7.50%
2014	0.00%	1.50%	7.50%
2015	0.00%	1.50%	7.50%
2016	0.00%	1.50%	7.50%
2017	0.00%	1.50%	8%
2018	0.00%	1.50%	8%
2019	0.00%	1.50%	8%
2020	0.00%	1.50%	8%
2021	0.00%	1.50%	8%
2022	0.00%	1.50%	8%

Source: California State Board of Equalization

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

	Go	vernmental Acti	vities	_		
Fiscal Year	2008 RDA Tax Allocation Bonds (1)	2013 Lease Revenue Bonds (2)	2016 Lease Refunding Bonds (3)	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (a)	Per Capita (a)
2013	5,515	-	-	5,515	0.51%	269
2014	5,515	3,675		9,190	0.98%	448
2015	-	3,724		3,724	0.36%	181
2016	-	3,653		3,653	0.35%	177
2017		3,576	10,592	14,168	1.33%	668
2018		3,499	10,325	13,824	1.22%	658
2019		3,417	10,052	13,469	1.19%	646
2020		3,336	9,763	13,099	1.05%	633
2021		3,249	9,465	12,714	0.98%	615
2022		3,120	8,570	11,690	0.83%	565

Notes:

Sources: State of California, Department of Finance

City of Agoura Hills financial data

⁽a) See Schedule for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

^{(1 2008} Tax Allocation Bonds issued June 5 to finance certain redevelopment projects within the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Area. (See Note 15)

⁽² September 1, 2013, the City issued Lease Revenue Bonds to finance a portion of the recreation center project. (See Note 7)

^{(3 2016} Lease Refunding Bonds (See Note 7)

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Fiscal Year	Re	Lease funding Bonds	 Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	Ca	Per apita (2)
2013	\$	10,930	\$ 10,930	0.28%	\$	533.17
2014		14,405	14,405	0.35%		702
2015		14,195	14,195	0.33%		691
2016		13,905	13,905	0.30%		674
2017		13,355	13,355	0.28%		630
2018		13,045	13,045	0.26%		621
2019		12,730	12,730	0.25%		611
2020		12,400	12,400	0.23%		599
2021		12,055	12,055	0.22%		583
2022		11,690	11,690	0.20%		565

Notes:

See schedule for property value data. See schedule for population data.

Source:

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Governmental Unit Debt repaid with property taxes	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (a)	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Metropolitan Water District	\$ 20,175,000	0.173 %	\$ 34,903
Los Angeles Community College District	4,146,515,000	0.588	24,381,508
Las Virgenes Joint Unified School District	105,375,995	22.394	23,597,900
Other debt			
Los Angeles County General Fund Obligations	2,698,357,105	0.332	8,958,546
Los Angeles County Supt. of Schools Certificates of Participation	3,972,227	0.332	13,188
Las Virgenes Joint Unified School District Certificates of Participation	9,052,259	22.394	2,027,171
Subtotal, overlapping debt			59,013,216
City direct debt			
City of Agoura Hills General Fund Obligations	11,690,000	100.000	11,690,000
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 70,703,216 (b)

Notes: (a) Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within the boundaries of the city. The method used within the city multiplied by the total debt outstanding.

Sources: California Municipal Statistics, Inc. City of Agoura Hills financial data

⁽b) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

			Fi	scal Year	
	_	2022		2021	2020
Debt limit	\$	220,541	\$	213,560	\$ 205,887
Legal debt margin	\$	220,541	\$	213,560	\$ 205,887
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a					
percentage of debt limit		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2021

Assessed Valuations:	•	
Gross Assessed Value	\$	5,881,109
Debt Limitation - 3.75% of Total Assessed Value	\$	220,541
Legal Debt Margin	\$	220,541

Notes:

Under state finance law, the city's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 15 percent of total assessed property value. The Code section was enacted when assessed valuations were based on 25% of full market value. This has since changed to 100% of full market value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

Sources: County of Los Angeles, Auditor - Controller City of Agoura Hills financial data California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

			Fi	scal Year				
2019	2018	2017		2016	2015		2014	2013
\$ 196,923 196,923	\$ 189,674 189,674	\$ 181,391 181,391	\$	174,088 174,088	\$ 165,786 165,786	\$ \$	157,301 157,301	\$ 150,109 150,109
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Median Age (2)	Percentage with at least some college	Unemployment Rate (3)
2013	20,500	\$ 1,090,457	\$ 53,193	42.5	96%	4.5%
2014	20,516	933,437	45,498	42.5	96%	3.6%
2015	20,528	1,036,500	50,492	42.5	96%	6.1%
2016	20,625	1,036,241	50,242	43.2	96%	4.3%
2017	21,211	1,066,532	50,282	42.5	95%	3.7%
2018	21,018	1,128,793	53,706	45.0	95%	4.4%
2019	20,842	1,135,952	54,503	44.0	96%	4.2%
2020	20,689	1,242,519	60,057	44.5	96%	16.6%
2021	20,689	1,299,559	62,814	44.5	97%	7.8%
2022	20,689	1,402,321	67,781	44.5	97%	4.4%

^{*} Projected figures

(1) Source: State of California, Department of Finance

(2) Source: UCSB Economic Forecast Project

(3) Source: State of California, Employment Development Department, Labor Market Information Division

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Fiscal Year			
		20)22	20	013
		Percentage		Percentage	
			of Total City		of Total City
	Activity	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment
Company or Organization					
Las Virgenes USD	Government	524	4.72%	482	4.30%
National Veterinary Associates, Inc.	Veterinary Services	347	3.13%		
Westlake Financial Services	Banking	320	2.88%		
Private National Mortgage Acceptance Company, LLC	Banking	309	2.78%		
Teradyne Inc	Manufacturing	210	1.89%	200	1.79%
Motor Vehicle Software Corp/VITU	Technology	170	1.53%		
Joni and Friends	Non-Profit	163	1.47%		
Curinos LLC	Information Services	150	1.35%		
Cydcor LLC	Administrative Services	141	1.27%		
Wood Ranch	Restaurant	133	1.20%	162	1.45%
Vons Companies	Grocery				
Zebra Technologies	Manufacturing			190	1.70%
Bank of America	Banking			1153	10.29%
IBM Corporation	Technology			206	1.84%
Farmers Financial Solutions	Insurance			200	1.79%
THQ Inc	Publishing			160	1.43%
Pacific Compensation Insurance	Insurance			158	1.41%
Total Top Employer	S	2,467	22.23%	2,911	25.99%
Total City Employment (1)		11,100		11,200	

Source: Results based on direct correspondence with city's local businesses

Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year	
	2013	2014	2015
Function/Program			
General government	9.43	10.30	10.48
Community development	6.27	6.27	5.30
Community services	7.00	7.00	7.95
Public works	6.00	6.00	5.00
Building and safety	3.00	3.00	3.00
Redevelopment/Successor Agency	1.30	1.43	1.27
Total full-time equivalent employees	33.00	34.00	33.00

Notes: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and

sick leave). Full-time-equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours

by 2,080.

Sources: City of Agoura Hills financial information

			Fiscal Year			
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
10.48	10.49	10.07	10.25	10.87	10.74	11.52
5.30	5.26	5.72	6.50	6.28	6.04	6.94
7.95	8.00	8.00	8.00	7.60	6.17	6.65
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	5.00	4.34
3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.05
1.27	1.25	1.21	1.25	1.25	1.05	0.66
33.00	33.00	33.00	34.00	35.00	32.00	32.17

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year		
	2013	2014	2015
Function/Program			
Parks and recreation			
Number of City sponsored events	36	40	44
Public Works			
Street resurfacing (lane miles)	3	2	2
Solid Waste			
Residential Recycling Collected (pounds)*	15,086,440	15,261,800	14,877,780
Electronics Collected (pounds)*	11,755	13,011	10,801
Used Oil Collection (gallons)	620	519	462
Automobile Battery Collections (pounds)	6,138	640	1,000
Used Paint Collection (gallons)	1,933	1,165	1,013
Used Oil Filters (pounds) *			
Antifreeze (pounds) *			
Transportation			
Total route (miles)	166,772	121,435	77,582
Passengers (annually)	34,760	20,296	12,668

Note:

Residential Recycling Collected includes items such as paper/cardboard/glass/metal/plastic & greenwaste Anti Freeze and Used Oil Filters did not have a city collection program prior to 2022

Source: Various city departments

Fiscal Year							
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
45	45	42	45	18	16	17	
2	2	2	5	5.14	0.13	3.84	
15,123,660	15,675,500	15,646,400	15,770,600	14,928,460	15,537,640	13,765,820	
10,504	6,099	7,857	4,749	5,759	6,907	6,532	
415	335	235	467	234	357	2128	
700	760	500	1,338	1,106	239	1,331	
1,120	556	1,160	912	1212	839	9500 65 275	
93,813 10,880	93,674 9,070	104,180 9,014	99,224 8,231	60,174 5,298	24,026 2,843	21,208 2,915	

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year					
	2013	2014	2015	2016			
Function/Program							
Public works							
Bridges	19	19	19	19			
Streets/Highway (miles)	126	126	126	130			
Traffic signals	100	100	100	100			
Parks and recreation							
Basketball courts							
Full	1	1	1	1			
Half Courts	3	3	3	3			
Community centers	1	1	1	1			
Recreation Centers	1	1	1	1			
Parks	6	6	6	6			
Tennis courts	9	9	9	9			

Note: The City implemented Statement 34 in 2003; however, the City implemented Statement 44 in 2006. Schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Source: Various city departments

Fiscal Year					
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
19	19	19	19	19	19
130	130	130	130	130	130
100	100	100	103	103	103
1	1	1	1	1	1
3	3	2	2	2	2
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
6	6	6	6	6	6
9	8	8	9	9	9

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