CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

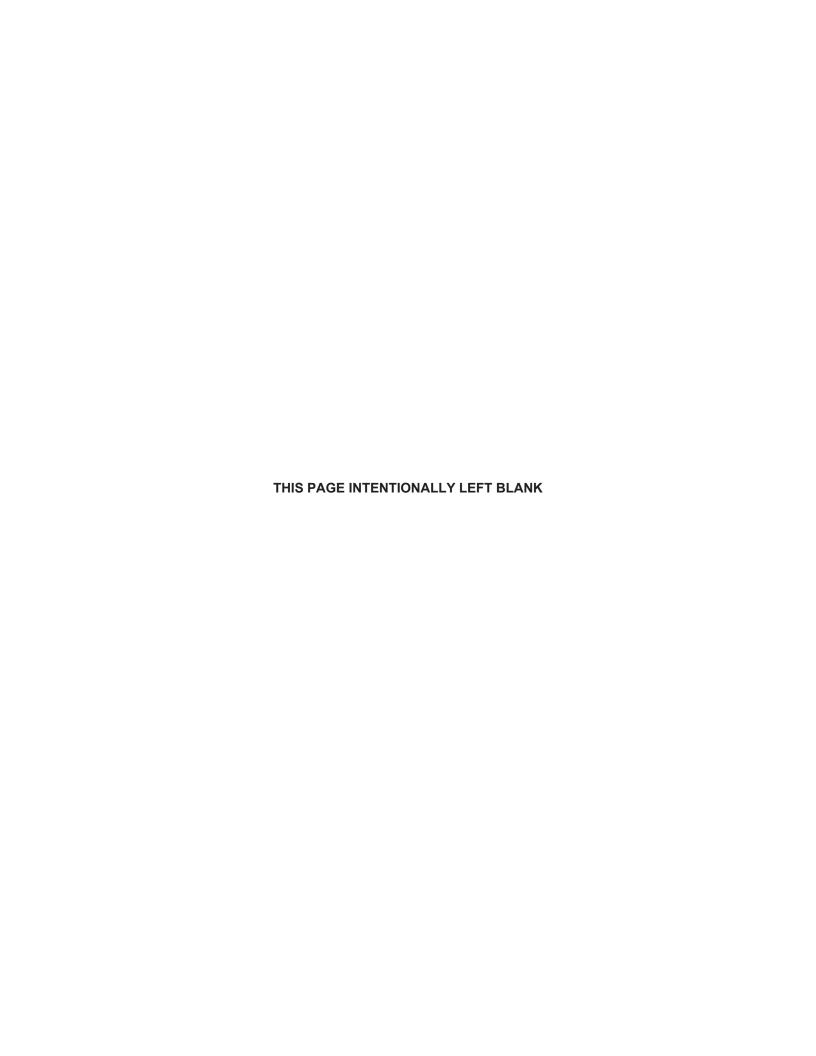
www.agourahillscity.org

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Prepared by: Finance Department



CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

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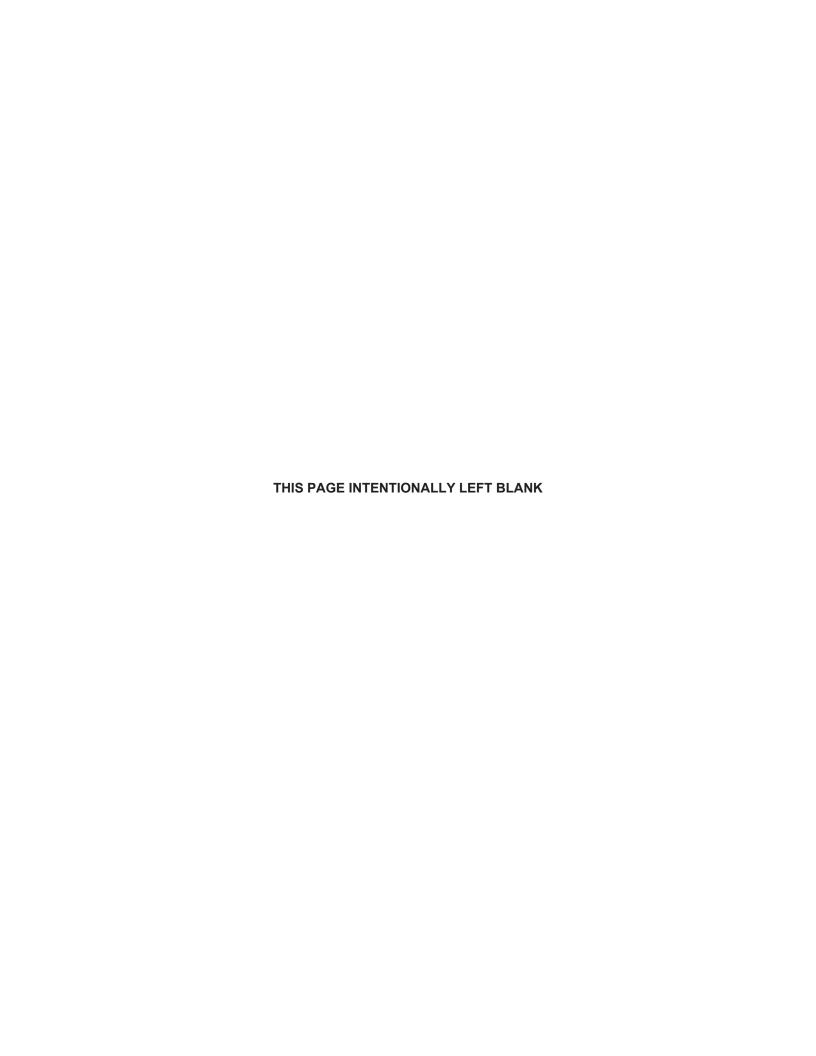
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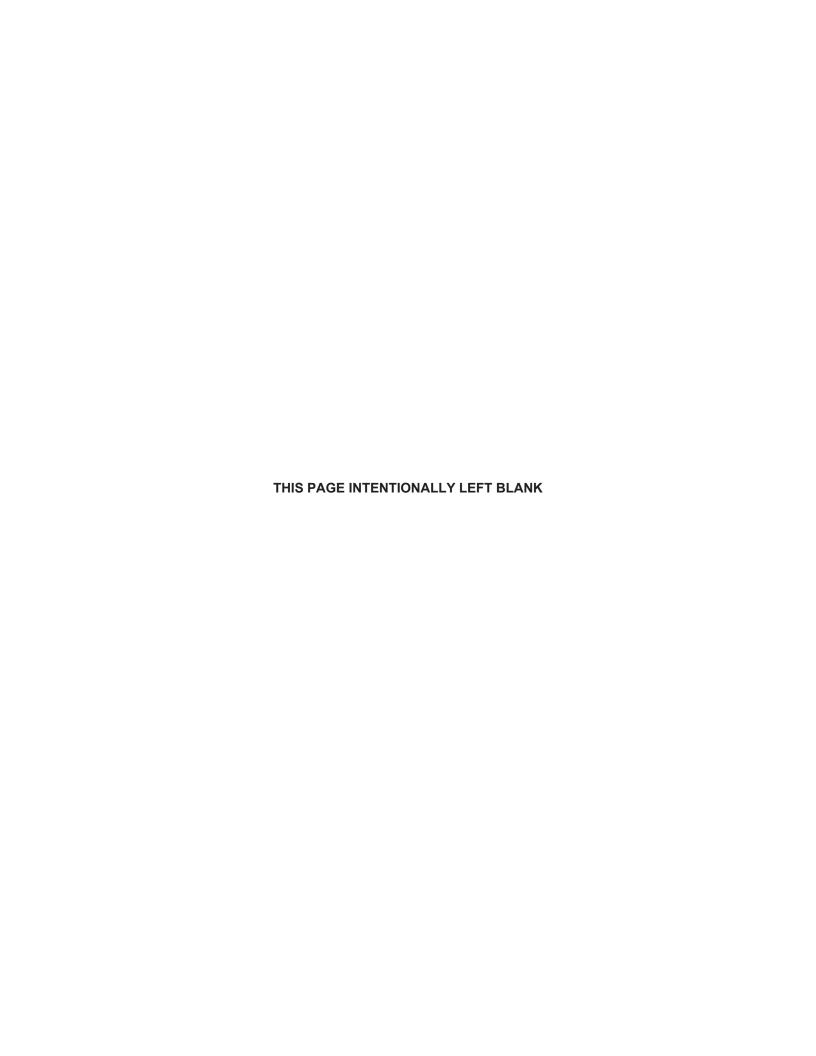
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December 13, 2023

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Citizens of the City of Agoura Hills, California

The City (City) of Agoura Hills is pleased to submit its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The ACFR represents a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity, with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and audited, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the fairness of presentation, including all footnotes and disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All material, statements, and disclosures, necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities, have been included. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we attest that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material aspects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP, an accounting firm fully licensed and qualified to perform audits of state and local governments within the State of California. The independent audit involved: examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Agoura Hills' financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

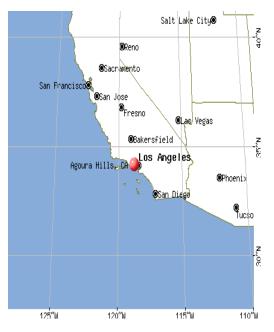
The ACFR is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the City's organization chart, and a list of City officials. The financial section includes the independent auditor's report, the basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and the combining and individual fund financial statements. The statistical section, which is unaudited, contains selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis, to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the City's MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

Perched on the western edge of Los Angeles County in the foothills of the Santa Monica Mountains, Agoura Hills is located just forty-five minutes from busy downtown Los Angeles but is nevertheless rich with undulating hills and inspiring canyons. Agoura Hills was incorporated December 8, 1982. It is 8.20 square miles in size and has an average climate of 65 degrees Fahrenheit. The City has an altitude of 936 feet to 2,036 feet. Agoura Hills is one of the smaller communities in Los Angeles County, with a population of only 19,771.

The City of Agoura Hills is governed by the City Council/City Manager form of government. A five-member City Council is elected by the residents to oversee City operations and to guide the future development of the community. The terms are staggered so that a measure of continuity is maintained in the transitions from one Council to the next. The mayor is selected annually by the City Council to serve a one-year term.



The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and appointing a City Manager and City Attorney. The City Council members also serve as the governing body of the following:



- Public Facilities Corporation
- Public Financing Authority
- Parking Authority
- Improvement Authority

In addition, the City Council appoints the members of the Planning Commission and has representation on the following Boards:

- Agoura Hills/Calabasas Community Center Board
- Las Virgenes/Malibu Council of Governments
- Santa Monica Mountains Conservancy
- Clean Power Alliance

The City provides a full range of services, some of which are contracted through outside agencies and/or firms. These services include law enforcement, highways, and roads, landscaping services, planning and zoning, building and environmental safety, emergency preparedness, and general administrative services. Certain services are provided by Public Facilities Corporation, the Public Financing Authority, and the Improvement Authority. The Agoura Hills City Council exercises financial accountability over each entity, and city staff manages the operations of each of these organizations. These component units' function, in essence, as departments of the City of Agoura Hills and therefore have been included as an integral part of the City of Agoura Hills financial statements. Additional information on these entities can be found in note 1.a. of these financial statements.

For many centuries, the area that would become Agoura Hills was familiar territory for Native Americans who wandered inland from their hunts along the sea in search of game and other food. The permanent arrival of the Spanish in the late 1700s banished the Indians from their homes and introduced a ranching culture that would linger into the early twentieth century. In the 1900s, vast cattle and sheep ranches conceded ground to rows of lettuce and celery, orchards, and wheat fields. Ranching and agriculture eventually diminished in importance. Ranchers began dividing their property and selling individual tracts for housing. From the outset, ranchers and farmers had worried about water supplies and the citizens of Agoura Hills into the mid-1950s shared those concerns. At that time, provision of outside sources of water



helped ensure the growth of the community, aided by the new highways, which acted as a conduit for fresh faces and commercial development and contributed to the maturation of Agoura Hills.

The City is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund and department. The City Manager has the authority to transfer between expenditure accounts within the same department, office, agency, or program activity.

AGOURA HILLS ECONMOY AND OUTLOOK

Agoura Hills entices companies to relocate to and remain in the City by charging a low business license fee. As a result, the City enjoys a strong and diverse business and retail base, both of which contribute to revenue received through sales tax.

Agoura Hills is one of the communities in California that is fortunate to have a strong quality of life. The City has a median home value of \$1.4 million, compared to \$900,000 in Los Angeles County. The median age of Agoura Hills' residents in 2020 was 44.5.

The fiscal outlook for the City remains positive, with most revenues projected to grow modestly over the next two years. Post-Covid tourism activity, coupled with projected increases in commercial and residential development will continue to stimulate the local economy.

However, the local economy could be affected by bigger global issues developing nationally and globally. Record high housing costs, inflation, stock market volatility, supply chain issues, all-time high gasoline prices, tensions in the middle east, and rising borrowing costs are a few of the variables that could affect the City's fiscal outlook.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The unassigned fund balance in the General Fund (seventy-four percent of total general fund expenditures and operating transfers) falls within the policy guidelines set by the Council for budgetary and planning purposes. In June 2005, the City adopted Resolution No. 05-1378, stating the City Council and City Staff will endeavor to designate an amount equal to or greater than forty percent (40%) of each year's proposed General Fund Operating Budget as the City's unobligated General Fund Reserve.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City is making significant investments across several key priority areas. The City is recommending an additional \$17.1 million in Capital Improvement Projects for 2023/24 and \$9.1 million in Capital Improvement Projects for 2023/24 include \$11.0 million for the construction of a greenway utilizing \$5.5 million in Measure R and \$1.5 million Measure M, and both Los Angeles County sales tax initiatives, and \$2.8 million in state grants. Additionally, the City is planning to construct a \$2.6 million storm drain diversion project utilizing \$1.0 million in City funds, \$1.25 million in IRWMP funding and \$350,000 in Measure W local funding. Major projects in 2024/25 include \$5.9 million for the completion of the greenway utilizing \$3.2 million in state grant money and \$2.7 million in Measure M and work on the \$1.8 million on the Kanan Corridor project utilizing Measure M funding.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers' Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Agoura Hills for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This was the thirteenth year that the City achieved this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government entity must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the Finance Department staff. I would also like to express my appreciation to all departments within the City who provided assistance and support.

Sincere appreciation is also expressed to the City Manager, Mayor, and members of the City Council for their support in planning and conducting the operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

J. Diego Ibanez Director of Finance

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

Fiscal Year 2022-2023



City Officials

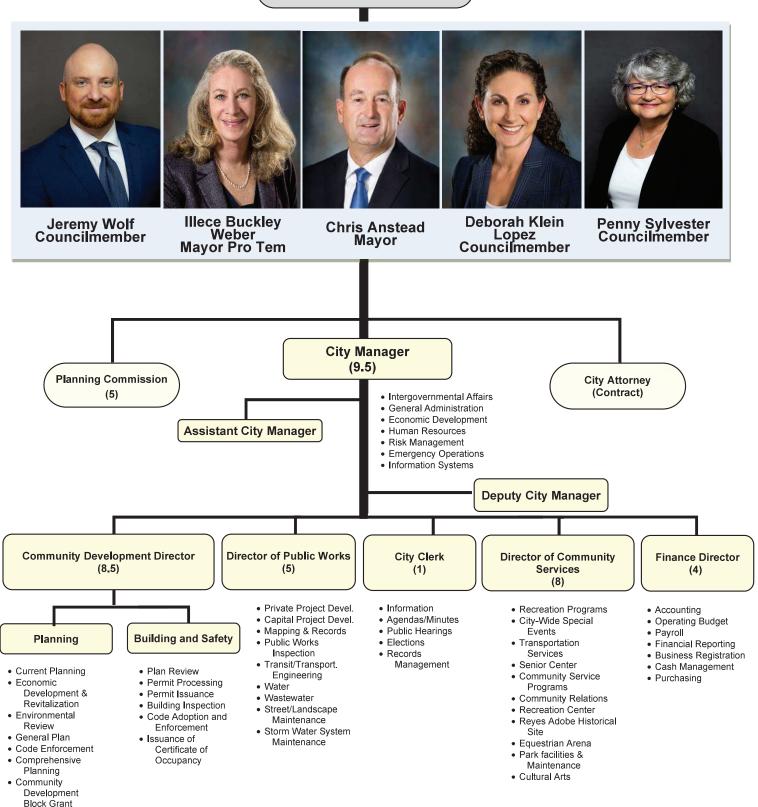
Christ Anstead, Mayor Illece Buckley Weber, Mayor Pro Tem Deborah Klein Lopez, Councilmember Penny Sylvester, Councilmember Jeremy Wolf, Councilmember

Nathan Hamburger, City Manager
Ramiro Adeva, Assistant City Manager
Louis Celaya, Deputy City Manager
Jessica Forte, Director of Public Works
Diego Ibanez, Director of Finance
Denice Thomas, Community Development Director
Kimberly Rodrigues, City Clerk
Amy Brink, Director of Community Services

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS

ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

AGOURA HILLS RESIDENTS



All police and fire services are provided to residents through a contract with the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department and Consolidated Fire Protection District of Los Angeles County. The City receives fire protection and paramedic services as well as wildfire land fire protection and forestry service from Department of Forester and Fire Warden.



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

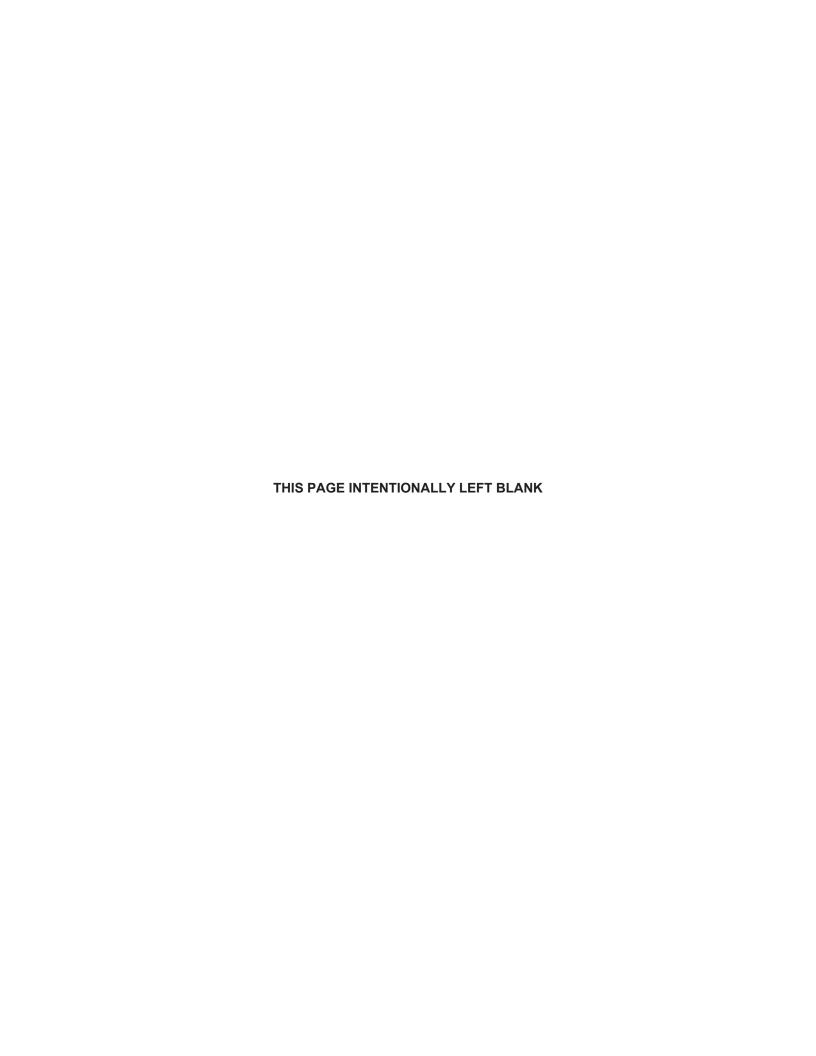
City of Agoura Hills California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

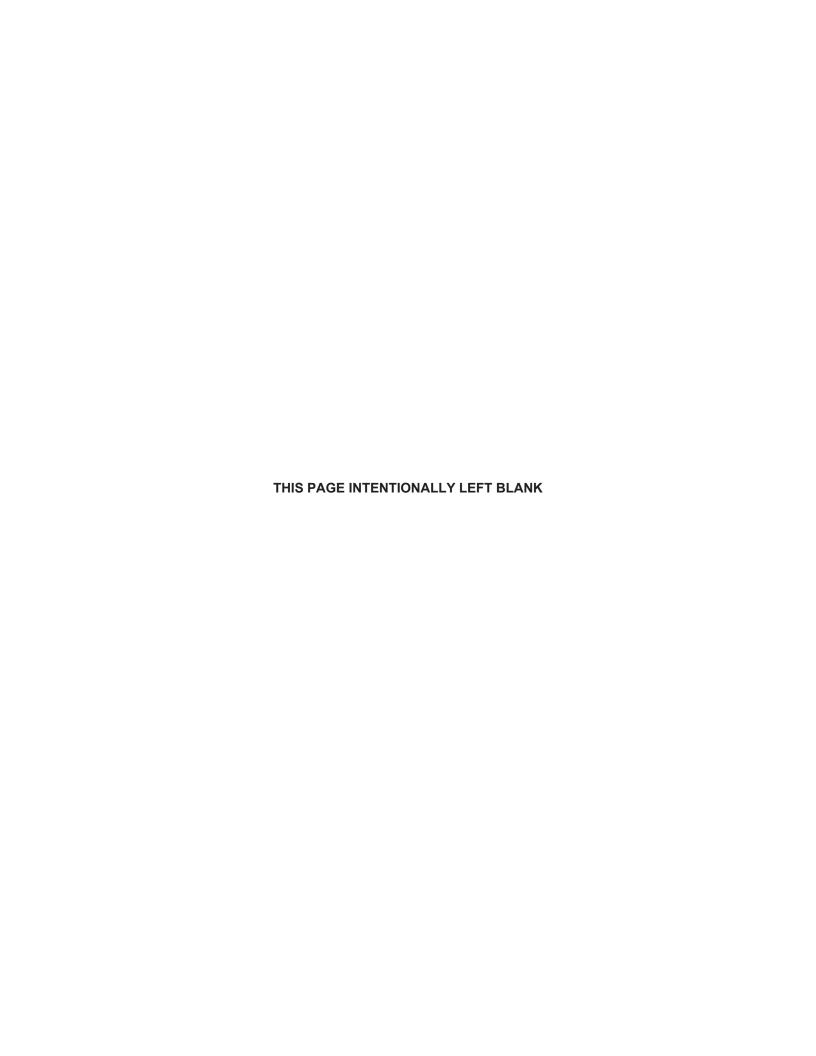
June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO









INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Agoura Hills, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Agoura Hills, California (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, as listed in the table of contents, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



203 N. Brea Blvd, Suite 203

Brea. CA 92821

(714) 672-0022



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Agoura Hills, California

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and Housing Successor Agency fund, and the required pension and other postemployment benefits schedules, as listed on the table of contents, presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Agoura Hills, California

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules (supplementary information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

ance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brea, California December 13, 2023 THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is presented as a supplement to the City of Agoura Hills' (City) financial statements. The MD&A offers an objective narrative of the City's financial activities based upon facts, decisions, and conditions known to management as of the auditor's report date for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Readers are encouraged to utilize this report in conjunction with the information outlined in the City's financial statements and notes to the financial statements (found on subsequent pages). A summary of the fiscal year's financial picture immediately follows.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- On June 30, 2023, the City's net position (excess of assets and deferred outflows of resources over liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) was \$183.1 million. Of this amount, \$43.7 million is available to meet the City's ongoing operations to citizens and creditors.
- During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City's total net position increased by \$9.4 million.
- ❖ As of June 30, 2023, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$13.6 million or 69 percent of total General Fund expenditures and operating transfers.
- ❖ The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$46.1 million, an increase of \$1.5 million compared with the prior fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The basic financial statements include the City (primary government) and all legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The City's component units consist of the following: The Public Facilities Corporation, The Improvement Authority, The Parking Authority and The Public Financing Authority. These component units have been included in the basic financial statements, as an integral part of the primary government, using the blended method.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the City and provide readers with a broad view of the City's finances, in a manner like a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the City's assets, deferred inflows/outflows of resources and liabilities, with a difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Agoura Hills is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the change's underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e. uncollected taxes and unearned but unused vacation leave).

While some governmental agencies have governmental and business-type activities, the City of Agoura Hills records all activities under governmental activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about the City's major funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law (i.e., Measure R & Transit Tax) and by bond covenants. However, management establishes other funds (i.e., Other Grants) to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money.

The Fund Financial Statements include statements for governmental and fiduciary categories of activities. The governmental activities are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. The following sections provide a more in-depth detailing of the fund groups.

Governmental funds are reported, in essentially the same way as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements with an exception; governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources. This means governmental fund financial statements identify current sources and uses of money within the immediate fiscal year. Benefits derived include a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides, which assist in determining whether there are sufficient financial resources available to meet the City's current needs.

Since the scope of the governmental funds is different than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is beneficial to comparatively examine information presented for the governmental funds with information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. From this, readers gain a clearer picture of the long-term impacts current financial decisions might yield. When examined together, the governmental funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide the reader with a different snapshot that identities variances between the two different methodologies of governmental activities and governmental funds.

The major governmental funds include The General Fund, Successor Housing Agency Special Revenue Fund, the Measure R Capital Projects Fund and the Measure M Capital Projects Fund, which are reported in detail in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements. All other funds are shown in the aggregate as other non-major funds. Individual fund data for other non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of supplementary information elsewhere in the report.

Fiduciary Funds— the City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds held on behalf of external parties. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the resources of

these funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information, including the City's budgetary schedules.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

Net position is a good indicator of the City's financial position. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, net position of the City was \$183.1 million, which is an increase of \$9.4 million from the prior year.

Following is the condensed Statement of Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022.

City of Agoura Hills Net Position As of June 30, 2023, and 2022

	2023	2022
Current and other assets	\$ 55,722,879	\$ 55,979,627
Capital assets	146,639,119	138,363,833
Total Assets	202,361,998	194,343,460
Deferred outflows	4,236,459	2,088,048
Current liabilities	2,958,908	3,461,669
Long-term liabilities outstanding	19,467,338	15,495,720
Total Liabilities	22,426,246	18,957,389
Deferred inflows	1,024,030	3,648,182
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	135,086,093	126,408,354
Restricted	4,300,438	3,779,864
Unrestricted	43,761,650	43,637,719
Total Net Position	\$ 183,148,181	\$ 173,825,937

At June 30, 2023 the largest portion of net position (74 percent) consists of the City's net investment in capital assets. This component portrays the amount of funds required to acquire those assets, less any related debt used for such acquisition that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital

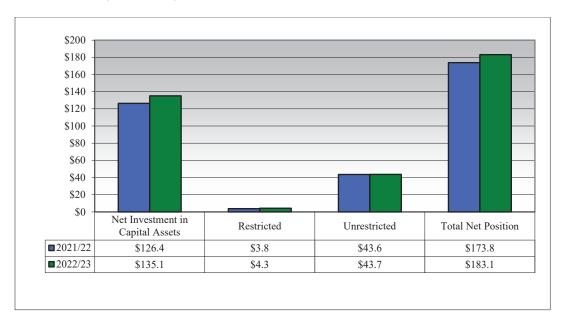
assets to provide services to citizens. The capital assets of the City are not sources of income for repayment of debt as most assets are not revenue generating and generally are not liquidated to repay debt. Therefore, debt service payments are funded from other sources available to the City.

An additional portion of the City's net position (\$4.3 million) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$43.7 million) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

For the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022 the City reported positive balances in all three of the categories of net position.

- ❖ The \$8.7 million increase in the City's net investment in capital assets was primarily related to the five parcels of land, valued at \$7,285,000 donated to the City.
- Restricted net position increased by \$520,574 which is a 14 percent increase, primarily related to an increased availability of transportation related funding.
- ❖ Unrestricted net position increased by \$123,931 primarily due to the expenditure of receipt of grant funding which reimbursed the General Fund for operating expenditures.

The following chart shows the comparison of the three components of net position for fiscal years 2021/22 and 2022/23 (in millions).



Statement of Activities

The following is the condensed Statement of Activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022.

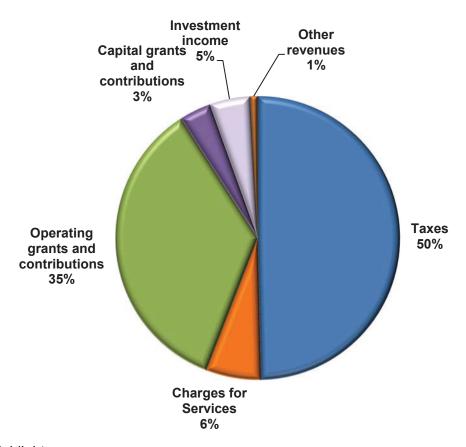
Statement of Activities Changes For the Years Ended June 30, 2023, and 2022

	2023	2022
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$2,047,949	\$1,938,075
Operating grants and contributions	11,428,878	7,286,003
Capital grants and contributions	1,176,815	5,304,064
General revenues:		
Taxes	16,199,589	16,185,672
Use of money and property	1,508,148	690,218
Other revenues	279,761	151,263
Total Revenues	32,641,140	31,555,295
Expenses:		
General government	6,592,414	5,398,396
Public safety	5,480,381	5,030,764
Public works	5,134,207	2,635,889
Community development	2,356,568	2,525,934
Community services	3,109,429	4,835,192
Interest and fiscal charges	530,897	522,350
Total Expenses	23,203,896	20,948,525
Increase in Net Position	9,437,244	10,606,770
Net Position – beginning of year,		
restated	\$173,710,937	\$163,219,167
Net Position – end of year	\$183,148,181	\$173,825,937

The City's activities increased net position by \$9.4 million which was a 5.4 percent increase from the prior fiscal year. The net position for the beginning of the fiscal year has been adjusted by \$115,000 as the intent for the land held for resale changed to be donated instead.

Revenues by source are shown in the chart below:

Government Actvities - Revenues by Source June 30, 2023



Revenue highlights:

- Charges for services increased 5.7 percent, or \$109,874, in fiscal year 2022/23. The City was able to increase the number of classes, camps and other activities in the recreation and event center. Additionally, during the fiscal year, there has been an increase in building permits and plan checks.
- ❖ Operating grants and contributions increased \$4,142,875 or 56.9 percent in fiscal year 2022/23. This increase is attributed to the parcels of land valued at \$7,285,000 that were donated to the City.
- Use of money and property increased \$817,930 or 118.5 percent due to the rise in interest rates and fair market value. Additionally, \$277K is included in this year's use of money and property to account for GASB 34.
- ❖ Tax revenues slightly increased by \$13,917. The increase in property tax and transient occupancy tax was offset by the decrease in sales tax.

Expense highlights:

Total expenses for the City's activities were \$23.2 million, \$2.3 more than the prior fiscal year.

Program revenues offset total expenses as follows:

- Those who directly benefited from programs contributed \$2.0 million in charges for services.
- ❖ The City was able to fund some of its programs through grants and contributions from outside sources or other governments for a total amount of \$12.6 million.

Functional expenses (excluding interest on debt) for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2023 were as follows (amount in millions):

	Total Co Servic		Net (Cost) Percent Revenue of Change Services			Percent Change
	2023	2022	2022/23	2023	2022	2022/23
General Government	\$ 6.6	\$ 5.3	25%	\$3.1	\$0.2	1450%
Public safety	5.5	5.0	10%	(4.2)	(3.7)	14%
Public works	5.1	4.8	6%	(2.0)	2.2	-191%
Community development	2.4	2.6	-8%	(2.1)	(2.1)	0%
Community services	3.1	2.5	24%	(2.8)	(2.3)	22%
Total	22.7	20.2	12%	(8.0)	(5.7)	40%

In total, the net cost of services increased \$2.3 million. Highlights of the changes are:

- ❖ General Government increased by 1450% primarily due to donated land received at a value of \$7,285,000 and grants received for Roadside Bridge, Kanan/Agoura Intersection, and Kanan Agoura Road.
- Public Works shows a significant decrease of 191% despite only a 6% increase in the cost of services due to reimbursement received for the Palo Comado project in fiscal year 2020/21.
- Community Services increased 22% due to an increase in expenses as the community opened following Covid restrictions.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The City of Agoura Hills only has governmental fund types whose focus is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

As of the end of 2022/23, the City's funds reported ending fund balances of \$46.1 million, an increase of \$1.5 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year. The increase in fund balance primarily reflects the receipt of parcels that were donated to the City. Additionally, the City received \$763,944 more than it spent in the Measure R Capital Projects Fund, due to a reimbursement for expenditures in the prior fiscal year. Of the \$46.1 million in fund balances at fiscal year-end 2022/23, \$25.6 million is Nonspendable because it represents prepaids and long-term receivables, and \$10.2 million is Restricted, Committed or Assigned to indicate that it is not available for appropriation because it had already been restricted for a variety of purposes.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of fiscal year 2022/23, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$39.9 million, with \$25.6 million Nonspendable because it was for prepaids and the receivable from the Successor Agency. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total expenditures. At June 30, 2023, unassigned fund balance was 69 percent of total General Fund expenditures and operating transfers out.

In 2010/11 the General Fund received a transfer in of \$30.6 million from the Redevelopment Agency to cover a reimbursement agreement for services. In January 2011 the City executed an agreement to cover the amounts that had been advanced since April of 1988. However, due to the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency the General Fund established an allowance for the entire amount and recorded an extraordinary loss of \$31.1 million in 2011/12. Subsequently in 2013/14 the Oversight Board to the Successor Agency approved OB Resolution No. 14-23 determining that the loan was for legitimate redevelopment purposes. In 2014/15 the California State Department of Finance (DOF) further recalculated the loan to have a balance of \$17 million. In 2015/16, with new legislation, the DOF restated the loan to \$26.2 million. For further information, see Note 15(b) to the Basic Financial Statements.

The Successor Housing Agency Fund is a special revenue fund to acquire affordable housing. This fund follows guidelines established by the State of California. The fund balance increased by \$96,638 or 12% in 2022/23. To date, the City has \$894,058 in the fund. The Measure R Capital Projects fund is established to account for Measure R grant monies received from LA METRO. These monies are used for several capital projects, including Agoura Road Widening and Kanan Corridor. Fund balance increased by \$763,944 (25%), as project reimbursements were received from prior expenses. The fund has short-term borrowing from the General Fund and the Traffic Impact Fee Fund, to assist with cashflow needs (\$2.3 million). The Measure M Capital Projects fund is established to account for Measure R grant monies received from LA METRO. These monies are used for capital projects, including Kanan Corridor. Fund balance decreased by \$179,686 (37%), due to timing of project reimbursements. The fund has short-term borrowing from the General Fund to assist with cashflow needs (\$0.7 million). The City anticipates receiving the reimbursement of these expenses at a later date. For further information, see note 4 in the basic financial statements.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In preparing the budget, the City attempts to estimate its revenue using realistic, but conservative, methods to budget its expenditure appropriations and activities in a prudent manner. As a result, the City Council adopts budget adjustments during the course of the fiscal year to reflect both changed priorities and availability of additional revenues to allow for expansion of existing programs. During the course of the year, the City Council amended the originally adopted budget to reappropriate prior year approved projects and expenditures and to amend the spending plan of the City.

In the General Fund, amendments between the original budget and the final budget resulted in an increase to revenues of \$702,433, and increased expenditures and transfers of \$850,448. The increase in revenues primarily related to in taxes, interest earnings, as well as licenses and permits. Expenditures and transfers increased primarily due to adjustments emergency incidents due to the storms and transfers out to other funds. These transfers related to planned capital projects and set-aside for facility improvements, CalPERS retirement costs, and open space.

The City budgets on a cash basis, which includes receipt of loan repayments from the Successor Agency in the amount of \$671,157. According to General Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) this revenue is reflected as a receivable in the loan between the City and the Successor Agency. Finally, for budgeting purposes, the City has established a Building Fund, to set-aside monies for future capital improvements; a CalPERS set-aside Fund to account for future retirement costs; and an Open Space, to set-aside monies for future opportunities to purchase parcels. GAAP considers these funds to be a part of the General fund. Therefore, a reconciliation is included to reflect the variance between the actual and final budget amounts. When adjusted, the City General Fund reflected a net total budget variance of (\$146,522), when comparing actual amounts to the final budget for the current fiscal year.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, including infrastructure of the City, are those assets that are used in the performance of the City's functions. At June 30, 2023, net capital assets totaled \$146.6 million.

This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure. The total increase in the City's capital assets for the current fiscal year is \$8.7 million or 6.9 percent. The increase in capital assets primarily reflects the addition of donated land of \$7.3 million and addition of \$2.2 million in Construction in Progress, related to the Roadside Bridge widening project and the Kanan Corridor project. Both the Roadside Bridge widening project and the Kanan Corrido project were funded through grant resources. This is offset by a \$1,634,518 decrease in infrastructure due to increased depreciation of our existing assets.

Major projects in fiscal year ended 2022/23 include:

- Construction in progress of the Roadside Bridge Widening Capital Project
- Construction in progress of the Kanan Corridor Capital Project

City of Agoura Hills Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

	2023	2022
Land	\$ 21,545,555	\$ 14,260,555
Construction in progress	26,871,544	62,776,412
Buildings	17,607,268	17,251,212
Machinery and equipment	176,631	93,134
Vehicles	226,921	94,034
Infrastructure	80,211,200	43,888,486
Total Capital Assets	\$ 146,639,119	\$ 138,363,833

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 in the basic Financial Statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Agoura Hills had total debt outstanding of \$11.8 million. The City's long-term obligations as of June 30, 2023, and 2022 were as follows:

City of Agoura Hills Outstanding Debt

	2023	2022
2013 Lease Revenue Bonds	3,060,324	3,157,090
2016 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds	8,828,166	9,151,509
Total Outstanding Debt	\$ 11,888,490	\$ 12,308,599

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of the basic Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

In preparing the budget for 2023/24 the following factors were taken into consideration:

- ❖ The City employees were given a 6% Cost of Living Adjustment and employees who joined CalPERS prior to January 1, 2013, were budgeted to reduce their contribution towards pension costs to 3.1%.
- ❖ Several anticipated large capital projects, including the Ladyface Greenway (\$11,000,000), Kanan Corridor (\$780,000) and Kanan/Agoura Intersection (\$600,000).

The City's operating budget for 2023/24 reflects the use of Measure W, IRWMP, and City funds for the Storm Drain Diversion Project and Measure R, Measure M, and state grant funds for the Ladyface Greenway project.

It is anticipated that the City will remain in good financial condition throughout the fiscal year and beyond.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City of Agoura Hills Finance Department, 30001 Ladyface Court, Agoura Hills, California 91301 or (818) 597-7312.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	4. 00 504 577
Cash and investments	\$ 20,534,577
Receivables (net of uncollectibles):	4 404 246
Accounts Accrued interest	4,121,346
Due from other governments	168,524 3,002,174
Leases	3,002,174 269,720
	1,820,035
Investment in joint venture Restricted assets:	1,020,033
Cash with fiscal agent	243,842
Advances to Successor Agency, net of allowances	25,477,462
Prepaid costs	85,199
Capital assets (not being depreciated)	48,417,099
Capital assets (not being depreciated) Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	98,222,020
Total assets	202,361,998
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred amount on refunding	335,464
Pension-related	3,338,412
OPEB-related	562,583
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,236,459
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	1,868,639
Accrued liabilities	23,905
Accrued interest	93,437
Deposits payable	972,927
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year: bonds, notes,	
and compensated absences	774,221
Due in more than one year:	0.000.044
Net pension liability	6,636,241
Net OPEB liability	421,634
Bonds, notes, and	14 625 242
compensated absences	11,635,242
Total liabilities	22,426,246
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension-related	497,305
OPEB-related	526,725
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,024,030
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	135,086,093
Restricted:	
Parks and recreation	779,629
Public works	292,037
Capital projects	68,932
Debt service	894,058
Grants programs	130,098
Transportation services	2,135,684
Unrestricted	43,761,650
Total net position	<u>\$ 183,148,181</u>

			ı	Prog	ram Revenue	es		Re	t (Expenses) evenues and Changes in et Position
	Expenses		harges for Services	C	Operating ontributions and Grants		Capital ontributions and Grants		overnmental Activities
Functions/Programs:	•								
Primary government:									
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Community development	\$ 6,592,414 5,480,381 2,356,568	\$	156,510 1,108,362 226,904	\$	9,541,955 165,271	\$	- - -	\$	3,106,051 (4,206,748) (2,129,664)
Community services Public works Interest on long-term debt	3,109,429 5,134,207 530,897		317,686 238,487		1,721,652 -		- 1,176,815 -		(2,791,743) (1,997,253) (530,897)
Total governmental activities	\$ 23,203,896	\$	2,047,949	\$	11,428,878	\$	1,176,815	\$	(8,550,254)
		Ge	neral revenu						
			Property taxe	es					6,554,679
			Sales taxes Transient oc	cunc	nev taxes				5,167,372 3,512,964
			Franchise ta		incy taxes				964,574
			Use of mone		d property				1,508,148
			Other	,	,				279,761
		Tot	al general re	ven	ues			_	17,987,498
		Cha	ange in net p	osit	ion				9,437,244
		Net	position-begi	innin	g, as restated				173,710,937
		Net	position-en	ding				\$	183,148,181

		Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Funds
	General	Housing Successor Agency	Measure R
ASSETS	ф 40.004.44E	Ф 000 000	¢ 40.000
Cash and investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible):	\$ 12,004,415	\$ 886,229	\$ 19,806
Accounts	1,068,715	_	2,351,555
Accrued interest	94,569	7,829	292
Due from other governments	1,368,932	-	71,471
Loans	-	72,431	, -
Due from other funds	2,637,323	-	-
Prepaid costs	85,199	-	-
Restricted assets:			
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	-	-	-
Advances to successor agency	25,477,462		
Total assets	\$ 42,736,615	\$ 966,489	\$ 2,443,124
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits payable Due to other funds	\$ 1,507,231 23,905 955,319	\$ - - -	\$ - - - 2,320,396
Total liabilities	2,486,455		2,320,396
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenues	394,953_	72,431	2,423,008
Total deferred inflows of resources	394,953	72,431	2,423,008
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted	25,562,661	- 894,058	- -
Committed Assigned	729,017	-	- (0.000.000)
Unassigned	13,563,529		(2,300,280)
Total fund balances (deficits)	39,855,207	894,058	(2,300,280)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 42,736,615	\$ 966,489	\$ 2,443,124

	Capital Projects Funds	_	
	Measure M Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 7,624,127	\$ 20,534,577
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible):			
Accounts	421,722	279,354	4,121,346
Accrued interest	-	65,834	168,524
Due from other governments	286,838	1,274,933	3,002,174
Loans	-	197,289 963,763	269,720 3,601,086
Due from other funds Prepaid costs	-	903,703	3,601,066 85,199
Restricted assets:	_	_	05,199
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	_	243,842	243,842
Advances to successor agency	_	210,012	25,477,462
Total assets	\$ 708,560	\$ 10,649,142	\$ 57,503,930
LIABULTIES			
LIABILITIES	Φ 05.070	Φ 225 522	ф 4.000.000
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 25,876	\$ 335,532	\$ 1,868,639 23,905
Deposits payable		17,608	972,927
Due to other funds	669,751	610,939	3,601,086
Total liabilities	695,627	964,079	6,466,557
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues	680,990	1,345,326	4,916,708
Total deferred inflows of resources	680,990	1,345,326	4,916,708
Total deletted filliows of resources		1,345,326	4,916,706
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)			
Nonspendable	-	_	25,562,661
Restricted	-	3,406,380	4,300,438
Committed	-	5,231,184	5,960,201
Assigned Unassigned	- (660.057)	1,126	1,126
•	(668,057)	(298,953)	10,296,239
Total fund balances (deficits)	(668,057)	8,339,737	46,120,665
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,			
and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 708,560	\$ 10,649,142	\$ 57,503,930

Amounts reported for	· acvernmental a	activities in the	Statement of Not	Docition are	different hecause:
Allioulis lebolted for	uuveliilleliiai a	2011 1110 III 1110	Statelliell of Net	r usiliuli ale	ullici cili because.

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$	46,120,665
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			146,639,119
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes and net differences between projected and actual earnings, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the postretirement benefits (pension and OPEB) are recognized as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. Deferred outflows-pension related Deferred outflows-OPEB related Deferred inflows-OPEB related Deferred inflows-OPEB related	\$ 3,338,412 562,583 (497,305) (526,725)		
Total deferred outflows and inflows related to postemployment benefits	 (020,120)		2,876,965
Other long-term assets that are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are either labeled unavailable or not reported in the funds. Investment in Joint Venture Miscellaneous revenues Total other long-term assets	 1,820,035 4,916,708		6,736,743
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable Compensated absences Accrued interest payable on long-term debt Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	(11,310,000) (520,973) (93,437) (6,636,241) (421,634)		
Total long-term liabilities			(18,982,285)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and refundings and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Deferred amount on refunding Bond premiums	 335,464 (578,490)		
Total premiums, discounts, and deferred items			(243,026)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	183,148,181
· · · · · · ·		÷	

		Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund
	General	Housing Successor Agency	Measure R
REVENUES Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 16,163,128 790,556 - 1,066,162 1,024,449	\$ - - - 22,537	\$ - 864,285 - 857
Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous	45,574 36,789 279,761	- - -	- - -
Total revenues	19,406,419	22,537	865,142
EXPENDITURES Current:			
General government Public safety	6,017,099 5,109,266	27,684	14,510
Community development	2,282,015	32,446	-
Community services	3,047,204	-	-
Public works	1,655,114	-	28,082
Capital outlay	194,788	-	58,606
Debt service:			
Principal Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-
Total expenditures	18,305,486	60,130	101,198
·			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,100,933	(37,593)	763,944
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	-	134,231	-
Transfers out	(1,363,005)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,363,005)	134,231	
Net change in fund balances	(262,072)	96,638	763,944
Fund balances (deficit) - as restated	40,117,279	797,420	(3,064,224)
Fund balances (deficit)-ending	\$ 39,855,207	\$ 894,058	\$ (2,300,280)

		Capital jects Fund		
	Measure M Capital Projects Fund		Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$	_	\$ 36,461	\$ 16,199,589
Licenses and permits		_	-	790,556
Intergovernmental		95,629	5,625,064	6,584,978
Charges for services		_	73,669	1,139,831
Use of money and property		-	183,733	1,231,576
Fines and forfeitures		-	59,935	105,509
Contributions		-	31,877	68,666
Miscellaneous				279,761
Total revenues		95,629	6,010,739	26,400,466
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government		14,040	164,631	6,237,964
Public safety		-	363,207	5,472,473
Community development		_	104,651	2,419,112
Community services		_	92,428	3,139,632
Public works		27,667	2,066,401	3,777,264
Capital outlay		233,608	2,438,478	2,925,480
Debt service:		,	, ,	, ,
Principal		_	380,000	380,000
Interest and fiscal charges		-	528,325	528,325
Total expenditures		275,315	6,138,121	24,880,250
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures		(179,686)	(127,382)	1,520,216
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in		_	1,228,774	1,363,005
Transfers out		_	1,220,774	(1,363,005)
Total other financing sources (uses)			1,228,774	(1,303,003)
Total other infallenty sources (uses)			1,220,774	
Net change in fund balances		(179,686)	1,101,392	1,520,216
Fund balances (deficit) - as restated		(488,371)	7,238,345	44,600,449
Fund balances (deficit)-ending	\$	(668,057)	\$ 8,339,737	\$ 46,120,665

Statement of Activities.

Amortization of bond premiums and discounts

Amortization of deferred amounts on refunding

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:		\$	1,520,216
Governmental funds report capital outlays are expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation/amortization expense in the current period.			
Capital outlay	\$ 3,162,068		
Depreciation/amortization expense Total adjustment	(2,171,782)	•	990,286
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Investment in joint venture Earned but unavailable grant revenues Earned but unavailable other revenues	276,572 (630,518) (690,380)		(4.044.200)
Total adjustment The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase/(decrease) net position. Donations of capital assets	7,285,000		(1,044,326)
Total adjustment			7,285,000
Bond and other debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond and other debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the			

Principal payments

Total adjustment

Total adjustment of Activities do not require the use of current

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Accrued interest on long-term debt	(2,572)
Compensated absences	(25,470)
Changes in pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	230,790
Changes in OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	80,867
Total adjustment	

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 9,437,244

40,109

(17,656) 380,000

402,453

283,615

	Private-Purp Trust Fur Redevelopr Success Agency	nd nent or	Custodial Fund		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 918	3,259 \$	2,300,385		
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		3,674	-		
Receivables:					
Accounts		-	233,723		
Accrued interest		290			
Total assets	1,592	2,223	2,534,108		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Accrued interest	00	-).716	234,599		
Advance from the City of Agoura Hills	25,477	, -	-		
Long-term liabilities:	20, 111	, 102			
Due in one year	150	,000	-		
Due in more than one year	5,470	,000_			
Total liabilities	31,197	<u>,178</u>	234,599		
NET POSITION					
Restricted for:					
Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	(29,604	,955)	2,299,509		
Total net position	\$ (29,604	,955) \$	2,299,509		

	Private-Purpose Trust Fund Redevelopment Successor	Custodial Fund
ADDITIONS	Agency	Custodiai Fullu
Investment earnings: Interest	\$ 920	\$ -
Total investment earnings	920	
Taxes Collected for other governments Miscellaneous	1,547,377 - -	- 4,320,256 571,900
Total additions	1,548,297	4,892,156
DEDUCTIONS Administrative expenses Contractual services Interest expense Pass through to other governments	193,809 1,892 774,861	5,857 2,081,153 - 579,860
Total deductions	970,562	2,666,870
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	577,735	2,225,286
Net position-beginning	(30,182,690)	74,223
Net position-ending	\$ (29,604,955)	\$ 2,299,509

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. <u>Description of Reporting Entity</u>

The City of Agoura Hills (City) was incorporated December 8, 1982, under the general laws of the State of California and enjoys all the rights and privileges pertaining to "General Law" cities. The City operates under a Council/Manager form of government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units for which the government is considered financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City of Agoura Hills, the primary government. Each component unit has a June 30th year end.

Blended Component Units

The Agoura Hills Public Facilities Corporation, Agoura Hills Public Financing Authority, Parking Authority of the City of Agoura Hills, and the Agoura Hills Improvement Authority are legally separate entities. The Agoura Hills City Council exercises financial accountability over each entity. Financial accountability is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, funding, and the appointment of the governing board. Additionally, City staff manages the operations of each of these organizations on a contractual or reimbursement basis. A discussion of each entity follows.

The Agoura Hills Public Facilities Corporation (Corporation) was incorporated January 5, 1988 as a not-for-profit public benefit corporation and determined to be tax exempt pursuant to Revenue and Taxation Code 23701(d) of the State of California. The sole purpose of the Corporation is to provide a financing vehicle for the construction of public facilities. The members of the City Council act as the governing board of the Corporation. No financial activity is reported as the Corporation is not active.

The Agoura Hills Public Financing Authority (Financing Authority) was organized in April 2001 under a joint exercise of power agreement to provide financing for public capital improvements for the City and the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency. The members of the City Council act as the governing board of the Financing Authority. The Financing Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

The Parking Authority of the City of Agoura Hills (Parking Authority) was established June 26, 2013 pursuant to California Streets and Highways Code Section 32650. The members of City Council act as the Board of Directors, the governing board of the Parking Authority. The Parking Authority is considered a blended component unit due to the financial benefit or burden relationship the Parking Authority shares with the City. The Parking Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

The Agoura Hills Improvement Authority (Improvement Authority) was established June 26, 2013 under a joint exercise of power agreement with the Parking Authority and the City. The members of City Council act as the Authority Commission, the governing board of the Improvement Authority. The Improvement Authority is considered a blended component unit due to the financial benefit or burden relationship the Improvement Authority shares with the City as its financial transactions are reported in a debt service fund. The Improvement Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Eliminations have been made in the Statement of Activities so that certain allocated expenses are recorded only once (by the function to which they were allocated). However, general government expenses have not been allocated as indirect expenses to the various functions of the City.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grant and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds even though the latter is excluded from the government-wide statements. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year from which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end, except for sales tax revenues which are considered to be available if collected within ninety days after year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as an expenditure to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>The General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for resources traditionally associated with the government which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenue and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund.

<u>The Housing Successor Agency Special Revenue Fund</u> accounts for restricted revenues and expenditures for the housing activities of the former Redevelopment Agency's Low- and Moderate-Income Fund activities. Revenues received relate to contributions for new housing and loan repayments.

<u>The Measure R Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for grant monies received from the County and restricted for specific projects within the City.

<u>The Measure M Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for grant monies received from sales tax overrides adopted by Los Angeles County and restricted for various transportation projects within the City.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then use unrestricted resources as needed.

Fiduciary Funds

The Fiduciary Funds include the Redevelopment Successor Private-purpose Trust Fund and the custodial fund.

The Custodial Fund is used to account for various assets and L.A. County Fire Department fees held by the City in a trustee capacity or as a custodian for individuals, private organizations and/or other governments. The City manages funds for the Malibu Creek TMDL Monitoring Project. The City also acts as a secretary for an organization in which the money is held in the Custodial Fund.

The Redevelopment Successor agency private purpose trust fund is used to account for assets, liabilities and activities of the former Redevelopment Agency of the City in a trustee capacity to pay enforceable obligations of the former Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency. In accordance with Assembly Bill (AB) X1 26 and AB 1484, the Redevelopment Agency was dissolved February 1, 2012. The Private-Purpose Trust Fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the City's basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures of contingent amounts at the date of the basic financial statements, and revenues and expense/expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position

1. Cash and Investments

The City's cash and investment balance consists of cash on hand, demand deposits and investments. Investments are stated at fair value.

The City maintains a cash and investment pool for the general operation of the City. Each fund type's portion of the pool is reported on the financial statements as Cash and Investments. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is distributed quarterly to each fund based upon each fund's proportionate share of the pool.

The City has monies held by trustees or fiscal agents pledged to the payment or security of certain bonds. The California Government Code provides that these monies, in the absence of specific statutory provisions governing the issuance of bonds, may be invested in accordance with the ordinance, resolutions or indentures specifying the types of investments its trustees or fiscal agents may make. These ordinances, resolutions and indentures are generally more restrictive than the City's general investment policy.

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., short-term interfund loans) or as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., long-term interfund loans).

Property tax revenue is recognized when susceptible to accrual in the accounting period in which taxes are measurable and available. Property taxes are considered available by the City if they are collected within 60 days after year end. There is no allowance for uncollectible amounts. Assessed valuations are determined on an annual basis by the Los Angeles County Assessor. Taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, are levied on July 1, are due November 1 and February 1, and are delinquent if not paid by December 10 and April 10 of each year.

3. Prepaids

Certain membership dues and payments to vendors represent expenses that apply to future accounting periods. Prepaid items are expensed when consumed.

4. Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale is carried at the lower of cost or estimated realizable value determined at the date a disposition and development agreement is executed.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure, lease and subscription assets are reported in the governmental activities' columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and assets received in service concession arrangements are recorded at acquisition value at the point of acquisition. Lease and subscription assets are valued at the net present value of future lease/subscription payments at the inception of the lease/subscription. The City does not report any lease or subscription assets at June 30, 2023, due to materiality and other considerations, such as current arrangements not meeting GASB-specified criteria. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets used by governmental activities is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation and amortization is reported on the statement of net position. Depreciation and amortization has been provided over the estimated useful lives:

50 years
7-15 years
5-30 years
5-15 years
20-50 years

Capitalization threshold of capital assets is based at a minimum value as follows:

Buildings and building improvements	\$25,000
Vehicles, machinery, and equipment	10,000
Infrastructure	25,000
Subscriptions	25,000

6. Vacation and Compensatory Time (Compensated Absences)

Compensated absences are recorded in accordance with GAAP. Only vested or accumulated compensated absences that are expected to be due or mature are reported as an expenditure and fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated compensated absences that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements. General fund resources have been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

7. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts and gains and losses on debt refunding are deferred and amortized. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The pension liability is liquidated through the City's General Fund.

9. Other Post-Employment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan), the assets of which are held by CalPERS in the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT), and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The OPEB liability is liquidated through the City's General Fund.

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. One is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second and third are the deferred outflows relating to net pension liability and the deferred outflows relating to the net other post-employment benefits liability reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. One arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue, which is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second and third items in this category are the deferred inflows relating to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

11. Changes in Accounting Principles and New GASB Pronouncements

For 2023, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangement and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections

GASB Statement No. 96 – The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' subscription activities. This statement establishes a single model for subscription accounting based on the principle that subscriptions are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, an organization is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset. The City had no subscriptions meeting the recognition thresholds or other GASB-specified recognition criteria.

GASB Statement No. 100 – The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability.

This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, ACCOUNTABILITY, AND COMPLIANCE

A. Deficit Fund Equity

The following funds reported deficit fund equity as of June 30, 2023:

Fund Name	Fund Type	Deficit	Cause	
Community Development Block Grant	Nonmajor special revenue fund	(3,627)	(a)	
Other Grants	Nonmajor special revenue fund	(295, 326)	(a)	

(a) Deficit due to timing differences between grant receipts and disbursements, and is expected to be eliminated through future grant revenues.

These deficits are due to the timing of grant and other reimbursements.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at June 30, 2023, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position	
Cash and investments	\$ 20,534,577
Cash with fiscal agent	243,842
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Cash and cash equivalents	3,218,644
Investments	 673,674
Total cash and investments	\$ 24,670,737

Cash and investments at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

Cash with Fiscal Agent	\$ 917,307
Deposits with financial institutions	3,725,644
Investments	 20,027,786
Total cash and investments	\$ 24,670,737

B. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The City's investment policy authorizes the following investments under the provisions of California Government Code Section 53601.

Investment Types Authorized by State Law	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	\$75 million	None
U.S. Treasuries	5 years	75%	20%
Federal Agency Securities	5 Years	75%	20%
Commercial Paper	270 days	5%	5%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (CD)	5 Years	30%	5%
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 Years	5%	5%
Bank Deposits	5 Years	No limit	No limit
Money Market Funds	None	15%	15%

C. <u>Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements</u>

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustee is governed by provisions of the debt agreements rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the general investment types that are authorized for investments held by the bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
Federal Housing Administration Debentures	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Unsecured CDs, time deposits, and Banker's Acceptances	30 days	None	None
Collateralized or FDIC Insured Bank Deposits	None	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Money Market Funds	N/A	None	None
State Obligations	None	None	None
Pre-funded Municipal Obligations	None	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	270 days	None	None
Investment Agreements	None	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	None	None	None

D. <u>Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk</u>

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. As of the year end the weighted average maturity of the investments contained in LAIF investment pool was approximately 311 days. The City's investment policy recognized the interest rate risk and therefore places maximum maturity limits (up to five years) on various types of allowable investments. At June 30, 2023, all the City's investments have maturities dates within 12 months or less.

E. Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual Standard and Poor's rating as of year-end for each investment type. As of June 30, 2023, all of the City's investments are considered unrated.

F. Concentrations of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. The City currently does not have any investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury Securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5 percent or more of total City investments.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

G. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits:

The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposit made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits.

Of the City's deposits with financial institutions, \$3,475,644 was in excess of federal depository insurance limits. The uninsured deposits were held by financial institutions, which are legally required by the California Government Code to collateralize the City's deposits as noted above.

H. Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based on the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. LAIF does not impose limits or restrictions on participant withdrawals, and the entire balance of the City's investment in the portfolio is available for withdrawal at any time. LAIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is not rated. Deposits and withdrawals in LAIF are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, the City's investment in this pool is measured on uncategorized inputs not defined as Level 1, 2, or 3.

I. Fair Value Hierarchy

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 2 inputs utilized by the City to determine fair value include: matrix pricing, market corroborated pricing, and other inputs such as yield curves and indices. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City currently measures all its investments as uncategorized.

NOTE 4: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Receivable Fund		Amount	
General fund Nonmajor governmental funds			610,939
General fund	Measure R		1,356,633
General fund	Measure M capital projects fund		669,751
Nonmajor governmental funds	Measure R		963,763
	Total	\$	3,601,086

The General Fund a made short-term loan to the Measure M capital projects fund, Measure R fund, and Other Governmental funds, in the amounts of \$669,751, \$1,356,633, and \$610,939, respectively, to cover cash deficits in operations. In addition, the Other Governmental Funds also loaned monies to the Measure R fund totaling \$963,763 to cover cash deficits in operations.

Transfers Out Fund	Transfers In Fund	Amount	
General fund	Housing successor fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ \$ 134,231 1,228,774	
		\$ 1,363,005	

The General Fund transferred \$134,231 to the Housing Successor Special Revenue Fund to provide the 20-percent set-aside portion for the loan paid from the Successor Agency to the City. The General Fund transferred \$1,288,774 to the Other Governmental Funds for capital asset acquisitions and debt service payments.

NOTE 5: ADVANCES TO SUCCESSOR AGENCY

The City previously loaned the former Redevelopment Agency funds prior to dissolution. The repayment of the advances has been approved by the California Department of Finance. See Note 15b for further detail.

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital asset activity at June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2023
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 14,260,555	\$ 7,285,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,545,555
Construction-in-progress	62,776,412	2,179,633		(38,084,501)	26,871,544
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	77,036,967	9,464,633		(38,084,501)	48,417,099
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	22,517,229	=	=	855,581	23,372,810
Machinery and Equipment	156,627	90,170	-	-	246,797
Vehicle	638,305	163,953	-	-	802,258
Infrastructure	104,604,242	728,312		37,228,920	142,561,474
Total capital assets, being depreciated	127,916,403	982,435		38,084,501	166,983,339
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings	(5,266,017)	(499,525)	=	-	(5,765,542)
Machinery and Equipment	(63,493)	(6,673)	-	-	(70,166)
Vehicle	(544,271)	(31,066)	-	-	(575,337)
Infrastructure	(60,715,756)	(1,634,518)			(62,350,274)
Total accumulated depreciation	(66,589,537)	(2,171,782)			(68,761,319)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	61,326,866	(1,189,347)		38,084,501	98,222,020
Total governmental activities capital assets	\$ 138,363,833	\$ 8,275,286	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 146,639,119

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 502,546
Community Service	31,066
Public Works	1,638,170
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,171,782

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	J	Balance luly 1, 2022	7	Additions		Deletions	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2023	97	Amount Oue Within One Year
Bonds payable										
2013 Lease Revenue Bonds	\$	3,120,000	\$		\$	95,000	\$	3,025,000	\$	95,000
Premium		37,090		-		1,766		35,324		57
2016 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds		8,570,000				285,000		8,285,000		305,000
Premium	S) (581,509	-	-	_	38,343	196	543,166	S 	41
Total bonds payable	\$	12,308,599	\$	U_	\$	420,109	\$	11,888,490	\$	400,000

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

A. Bonds

2013 Lease Revenue Bonds

On September 1, 2013, the Public Financing Authority issued \$3.675 million in Lease Revenue Bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.00 to 5.00 percent to finance a portion of the costs of the community recreation center project. The principal of the bonds is payable on their maturity date of February 1, of each year. Interest on the bond is payable on February 1, and August 1, each year. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2023 is \$3.025.000.

2016 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds

On November 1, 2016, the Public Financing Authority issued \$10.055 million in Lease Revenue Bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.00 to 5.00 percent to current refund \$10.3 million of 2007 Lease Revenue outstanding bonds. The principal of the bonds is payable on their maturity date of February 1, of each year. Interest on the bond is payable on June 1, and December 1, each year. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2023 is \$8,285,000.

For both bonds, in the event of default, the bond trustee has the right, but not the obligation to (1) by mandamus or other action or proceeding or suit at law or in equity to enforce its rights against the City, in order to compel the City to carry out its duties under the law, bond agreements, and covenants; (2) by suit in equity to enjoin any acts or things which are unlawful or violate the rights of the bond trustee; and (3) by suit in equity upon the happening of an event of default to require the City to account as the trustee of an express trust. The bond trustee has no right to declare the principal or interest on the bonds to be due and payable immediately.

The future debt service payments are as follows:

June 30		Principal		Interest
2024	\$	400,000	\$	505,225
2025		415,000		486,175
2026		440,000		466,425
2027		465,000		445,475
2028		480,000		423,325
2029-2033		2,770,000		1,746,638
2034-2038		3,445,000		1,082,000
2039-2043		2,895,000		311,900
Totals	\$	11,310,000	\$	5,467,163
Totals	Ψ	11,310,000	Ψ	3,407,103

B. <u>Employee Compensated Absences Payable</u>

Compensated absences represent the accruals of sick and vacation time for the City's employees. There is no repayment schedule for compensated absences, which become payable when such accruals are used by employees. Compensated absences are typically liquidated through the City's General Fund.

The table below describes the changes in compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Ве	eginning						Ending		ue within
В	Balance	Α	dditions	Deletions		Balance		One Year	
\$	495,503	\$	399,691	\$	374,221	\$	520,973	\$	374,221

NOTE 8: FUND BALANCE

The following classifications, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, describe the relative strength of the constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable

Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g., prepaid assets, inventory). At June 30, 2023, the balance is comprised of advances to Successor Agency, prepaids and land held for resale.

Restricted

Amounts that are constrained to specific purposes by state or federal laws, enabling legislation, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the City Council, the City's highest level of decision-making authority, through formal actions taken, such as an ordinance or resolution, which are considered to be equally binding. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use through the same type of formal action taken to establish the commitment.

Assigned

Amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes has been delegated to the Finance Director pursuant to the City's fund balance policy.

Unassigned

These are residual positive net resources of the general fund in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the other four categories. This classification also includes amounts set aside for the City's minimum fund balance policy. Unassigned fund balance also includes negative fund balances in funds outside of the General Fund.

Spending Policy

Restricted fund balance is considered to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Similarly, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the City considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

An amount equal to or greater than 40 percent of each fiscal year's proposed General Fund Operating Budget is to be designated as the City's unobligated General Fund Reserve pursuant to Resolution 05-1378. At June 30, 2023, the City had set aside \$13.6 million pursuant to this policy, which was classified as unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 8: FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

	General	Housing Successor Agency	Measure R	Measure M Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable Prepaid costs Advances to other funds	\$ 85,199 25,477,462	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 85,199 25,477,462
Total nonspendable	25,562,661			-		25,562,661
Restricted Capital projects Debt service Air quality improvement Grant programs Transportation services	- - - -	894,058 - - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	779,629 292,037 68,932 196,548 2,069,234	1,673,687 292,037 68,932 196,548 2,069,234
Total restricted	_	894,058			3,406,380	4,300,438
Committed Capital projects Waste management programs Housing programs CalPERS set aside Open space Total committed	515,117 - 103,753 110,147 729,017	: : : :	- - - - -	- - - - -	3,118,530 251,619 1,861,035 - - - - 5,231,184	3,633,647 251,619 1,861,035 103,753 110,147 5,960,201
Assigned Debt service Total assigned	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	·	1,126 1,126	1,126 1,126
Unassigned	13,563,529		(2,300,280)	(668,057)	(298,953)	10,296,239
Total fund balances (deficits)	\$ 39,855,207	\$ 894,058	\$ (2,300,280)	\$ (668,057)	\$ 8,339,737	\$ 46,120,665

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Descriptions

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's miscellaneous cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov.

B. Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: The Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Below is a summary of the plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, for which the City of Agoura Hills has contracted:

Major Benefit Options	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous PEPRA
	Prior to	On or after
Hire Date	June 1, 2013	June 1, 2013
Benefit Provision		
Benefit Formula	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62
Social Security	no	no
Full/Modified	full	full
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50-63	52-67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required employer contribution rates	10.34%	7.59%
Required employee contribution rates	6.91%	6.75%
Required employer payment of unfunded liability	\$405,093	\$2,472

New entrants are not allowed in the Miscellaneous Classic Plan.

C. <u>Contribution Description</u>

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by either the Miscellaneous or Safety risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the contributions recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability was \$742,201.

D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

As of June 30, 2023, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability in the amount of \$6,636,241.

The City's net pension liability is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 rolled forward to June 30, 2022 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the plan as of June 30, 2021 and 2022, was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2021	0.04977%
Proportion - June 30, 2022	0.05745%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.00768%

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City of Agoura Hills recognized pension expense of \$650,886. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	881,676	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		680,022		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		133,269		89,258
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,215,583		-
Change in employer's proportion and difference between contributions and share of				
contributions		-		408,047
Change in employer's proportion		427,862		-
Total	\$	3,338,412	\$	497,305

The \$881,676 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

		Deferred			
	Outfl	ows/(Inflows)			
Fiscal year ended June 30,	of	Resources			
2024	\$	511,727			
2025		447,337			
2026		256,874			
2027		743,493			
2028		-			
Thereafter					
Total	\$	1,959,431			

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The proportionate share of the total pension liability for the June 30, 2022 measurement period was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The proportionate share of the total pension liability was based on the following assumptions:

Investment rate of return

Inflation

Salary increases

Mortality rate table¹

Post-retirement benefit increase

Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds
Contract COLA up to 2.30% until Purchasing Power
Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. <u>Long-Term Expected Rate of Return</u>

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

¹The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on CalPERS website.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

	Assumed Asset	Real Return
Asset class ¹	Allocation	Years 1-10 ^{2, 3}
Public equity-cap-weighted	30.00 %	4.45 %
Public equity-non-cap-weighted	12.00	3.84
Treasury	5.00	0.27
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.00	0.50
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00	1.56
High Yield	5.00	2.27
Emerging Market Debt	5.00	2.48
Private Debt	5.00	3.57
Private equity	13.00	7.28
Real assets	15.00	3.21
Leverage	(5.00)	(0.59)

¹ In CalPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), fixed income is included in global debt securities; liquidity is included in short-term investments; inflation assets are included in both global equity securities and global debt securities.

H. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (5.90 percent) or 1% point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

	Discount Rate		Current		Discount Rate	
	-1 Percent		Discount Rate		+1 Percent	
	(5.90%)		(6.90%)		(7.90%)	
Proportionate share of net pension liability/(asset)	\$	10,411,135	\$	6,636,241	\$	3,530,440

NOTE 10: SELF INSURANCE

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (CJPIA). CJPIA is comprised of 124 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers' agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. CJPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

² An expected inflation rate of 2.30% used for this period.

³ Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Management study.

NOTE 10: SELF INSURANCE (CONTINUED)

A. Self-Insurance Programs of CJPIA

Each member pays an annual contribution at the beginning of the coverage period. A retrospective adjustment is then conducted annually thereafter, for coverage years 2012-13 and prior. Coverage years 2013-14 and forward are not subject to routine annual retrospective adjustment. The total funding requirement for primary self-insurance programs is based on an actuarial analysis. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on payroll and claims history, relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool.

Primary Liability Program

Claims are pooled separately between police and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$100,000 to \$500,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$500,000 to \$50 million, are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

The overall coverage limit for each member, including all layers of coverage, is \$50 million per occurrence. Subsidence losses also have a \$50 million per occurrence limit. The coverage structure is composed of a combination of pooled self-insurance, reinsurance, and excess insurance. Additional information concerning the coverage structure is available on CJPIA's website: https://cjpia.org/coverage/risk-sharing-pools/.

Workers' Compensation

Claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$75,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$75,000 to \$200,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$200,000 to statutory limits are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

For 2022-23, CJPIA's pooled retention is \$1 million per occurrence, with reinsurance to statutory limits under California Workers' Compensation Law. Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$1 million. Coverage from \$1 million to \$5 million is purchased through reinsurance policies, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

B. <u>Purchased Insurance</u>

Pollution Legal Liability Insurance

The City participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program which is available through CJPIA. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$250,000 deductible. CJPIA has an aggregate limit of \$20 million.

NOTE 10: SELF INSURANCE (CONTINUED)

Property Insurance

The City participates in the all-risk property protection program of CJPIA. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. City property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City to CJPIA. City property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$37,683,930. There is a \$10,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$2,500 deductible.

Crime Insurance

The City purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$3,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through CJPIA.

C. Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2022-23.

NOTE 11: COMMITMENTS

The City contracts with the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department to provide safety services. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City incurred expenditures of \$4,922,640 for Public Safety services. The current contract between the City and the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department ends June 30, 2024.

There were no material construction commitments that existed as of June 30, 2023.

NOTE 12: JOINT VENTURE

On November 24, 1997, the Agoura Hills and Calabasas Community Center Authority (Authority) was created under a joint exercise of powers agreement. It was formed for the construction, furnishing, maintenance and operation of a Joint Recreation Center. The governing Board of Directors consists of one City Council Member from each City, two residents of each City appointed by City Council, and the President or a member of the Executive Board of the Alliance (a nonprofit organization formed for the sole purpose of raising funds for the Center). The City's participation in the joint venture is reported as Investment in Joint Venture, on the statement of net position. The balance as of June 30, 2023, was \$1,820,035.

Each City contributed money towards the construction of the Community Center, which was completed in March 2001. The Authority now oversees the operations and maintenance of the Community Center. The Cities of Agoura Hills and Calabasas will equally share in any profit or loss from the operation of the Community Center. Copies of the Authority's annual financial statements may be obtained from its location at 27040 Malibu Hills Road, Calabasas, California 91301.

NOTE 13: CONTINGENCY

There are certain legal actions pending against the City which have arisen in the normal course of operations. Management believes these matters will be covered by insurance; however, their outcome and financial effect on the City cannot presently be determined, and no provision for any potential liability or losses has been included in the financial statements as of June 30, 2023. The ultimate resolution of these pending legal actions is not expected to have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

The City has received property tax revenues for specific enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency that are subject to review by the Department of Finance (DOF). The DOF has disallowed certain obligations listed on the Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) submitted by the City. The City is continuing to dispute obligations listed as enforceable, including the City-former RDA loan advances.

NOTE 14: OTHER POST-RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

A. Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits defined in Note 9, the City provides post-retirement health care benefits to all full-time employees in accordance with the City's contract with the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) for participation in the State of California Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA). The City's contribution for each retiree is the same as full-time employees. Additionally, the City contributes longevity pay to a Retirement Health Savings (RHS) Trust plan of up to \$500 for those retirees with 10 years of service with the City of Agoura Hills, enrolled in a CalPERS health plan. The total of the PEMHCA minimum employer contribution and the additional benefit will not exceed \$500 per month. The RHS contribution may only be used to reimburse medical premiums. In the event of the retiree's death, the CalPERS eligible surviving spouse has the right to \$300 per month to pay for medical premiums for a maximum of 12 months. After 12 months surviving spouses will still be eligible to receive the PEMHCA minimum employer contribution. The plan is an agent, multiple-employer plan administered by CalPERS through the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT).

B. Eligibility

Employees are eligible for retiree health benefits if they retire from the City and are eligible for a PERS pension and are enrolled in a CalPERS retiree health plan. The benefits are available only to employees who retire from the City. Membership of the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2022, measurement date:

Inactive members currently receiving benefits	16
Inactive members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	2
Active members	34
Total	52

C. Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by City Council. In September 2009, the City established an irrevocable trust through CalPERS, in order to prefund its other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liability. For the measurement date ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized \$181,331 in contributions to reduce the net OPEB liability. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City's contributions were \$147,419, with \$121,601 in cash contributions and \$25,818 in implied subsidy benefits, respectively, making up the total contribution.

NOTE 14: OTHER POST-RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

D. Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2021, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll

Amortization Method Level percent of pay

Amortization Period 16-year fixed period for 2022/23

Asset Valuation Method Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling

period

Discount rate 6.25%

General Inflation 2.50%

Medical Trend Non-Medicare - 6.75% for 2022, decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076

Medicare - 5.85% for 2022, decreasing to an ultimate

rate of 3.75% in 2076

Mortality CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study

Post-retirement mortality projected fully generational

Mortality Improvement with ScaleMP-2020

Change of Assumptions ACA Exercise Tax repealed

Change of Benefit Terms None

E. Expected Long-Term Rate of Return

Target Allocation*	Expected Real Rate of Return				
CLINDT - Strategy T	Trace of Trecum				
49%	4.56%				
23%	1.56%				
5%	-0.08%				
3%	1.22%				
20%	4.06%				
(1) Assumed Long-Term Rate of Inflation					
(2) Expected Long-Term Net Rate of Return,					
rter percent	6.25%				
	CERBT - Strategy 1 49% 23% 5% 3% 20% ate of Inflation at Rate of Return,				

The long-term expected real rates of return are presented as geometric means.

*CalPERS approved new CERBT asset allocations in March 2022. This is not expected to impact the expected long-term rate of return assumptions for CERBT Strategy 1.

NOTE 14: OTHER POST-RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

F. <u>Discount Rate</u>

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

G. Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the net OPEB liability for the Plan are as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability (a)			n Fiduciary et Position (b)	Liab	et OPEB ility/(Asset) = (a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2021 (measurement date)	\$	2,778,063	\$	2,890,368	\$	(112,305)
Changes recognized for the measurement period:						
Service cost		121,398		-		121,398
Interest on total OPEB liability		178,384		-		178,384
Contributions-employer		-		181,331		(181,331)
Net investment income		-		(414,086)		414,086
Benefit payments		(90,639)		(90,639)		-
Administrative expense				(1,402)		1,402
Net changes during 2021-22		209,143		(324,796)		533,939
Balance at June 30, 2022 (measurement date)	\$	2,987,206	\$	2,565,572	\$	421,634

H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2022:

	Discount Rate		(Current	Dis	scount Rate
	-1	Percent	count Rate	+	1 Percent	
	(5.25%)		(6.25%)			(7.25%)
Plan's net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	845,339	\$	421,634	\$	75,416

NOTE 14: OTHER POST-RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

I. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2022:

	Current						
	1	Percent	H	eathcare	1 Percent		
	Decrease Trend Rate		end Rate	Increase			
Plan's net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	214,206	\$	421,634	\$	613,632	

J. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

K. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$66,552. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

 	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
\$ 147,419	\$	-	
183,803		13,326	
-		513,399	
231,361			
\$ 562,583	\$	526,725	
of F	183,803 - 231,361	of Resources of F \$ 147,419 \$ 183,803 - 231,361	

The \$147,419 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

	Deferred		
	Outflows/(Inflows)		
Fiscal year ended June 30,	of Resources		
2024	\$	(42,047)	
2025		(44,497)	
2026		(58, 337)	
2027	66,73		
2028		(33,413)	
Thereafter		_	
Total	\$	(111,561)	

NOTE 15: SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld AB 1X 26 that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Agoura Hills that previously had reported a redevelopment agency as a blended component unit. The City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency.

Successor agencies are only allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations as approved by the Successor Agency Oversight Board and the California Department of Finance.

The Bill directed the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

A. Cash and investments

As of June 30, 2023, cash and investments were reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash and investments	\$ 918,259
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	673,674
Total net position	\$ 1,591,933

B. Advance from the City of Agoura Hills

On May 15, 2013, the City received notification that a Finding of Completion has been granted, which allows for: 1) loan agreements between the former redevelopment agency and City may be placed on the ROPS as an enforceable obligation, provided the oversight board makes a finding that the loan was for a legitimate redevelopment purpose per California Health and Safety Code (HSC) section 34191.4(b)(1), and 2) utilizing proceeds

derived from bonds issued prior to January 1, 2011 in a manner consistent with the original bond covenants per HSC section 34191.4(c).

The Oversight Board to the Successor Agency approved OB Resolution No. 14-23 determining that the amounts advanced to the former redevelopment agency were for legitimate redevelopment purposes. The Advance from the City of Agoura Hills as of June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

Advance from the City of Agoura Hills	\$ 27,950,789
Allowance for uncollectable	(2,473,327)
Advance from the City of Agoura Hills - Net	\$ 25,477,462

California Health and Safety Code Section 34191.4(b)(2) outlines the terms for restructuring city loans to former redevelopment agencies as follows: "the accumulated interest on the remaining principal amount of the loan shall be recalculated from origination at the interest rate earned by funds deposited into the Local Agency Investment Fund." The management's position is to apply the historical Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) rate over the life of the loan.

NOTE 15: SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (CONTINUED)

The California Department of Finance (DOF) has provided information regarding the recalculation of accrued interest for city loans to redevelopment agencies. The DOF applies the LAIF rate for the quarter during which the Oversight Board makes a finding that the loan was made for legitimate redevelopment purposes to the entire life of the loan. Based on this assumption, the advance from the City is recalculated to have a June 30, 2023, balance of \$25,477,462. The City has recorded an allowance for the difference between methodologies of the City and DOF. As further information becomes available, the allowance for uncollectable amounts may be adjusted in future periods.

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Successor Agency made a payment of \$671,157 to the City to pay down the balance.

C. Long-Term Debt

A description of long-term debt outstanding of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	Balance uly 1, 2022	_	Additions	Deletions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2023	D	Amount ue Within One Year
Long-term debt Housing Set-Aside Tax Allocation Bonds series 2008 - following defeasance Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2008 A-T	\$ 980,000 4,780,000	\$	- -	\$ 30,000 110,000	\$	950,000 4,670,000	\$	30,000 120,000
Total long-term debt	\$ 5,760,000	\$		\$ 140,000	\$	5,620,000	\$	150,000

Housing Set-Aside Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2008

On June 5, 2008, the Redevelopment Agency issued \$10,000,000 in Housing Set-Aside Tax Allocation Bonds to finance low- and moderate-income housing of the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Agency. During fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the Successor Agency defeased \$8,200,000 of this debt for a remaining bond balance of \$1,195,000 and interest rates ranging from 4.0 to 5.0 percent. The principal of the bonds is payable on their maturity date of October 1, of each year. Interest on the bond is payable on October 1, and April 1, each year. The bond is insured against events of default and acceleration of maturities, so long as the City is in compliance with the terms of the bond insurance policy. As of June 30, 2023, the City has complied with the terms of the bond insurance policy. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2023 is \$950,000.

Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2008 A-T

On June 5, 2008, the Redevelopment Agency issued \$5,750,000 in Tax Allocation Bonds Series A-T with interest rates ranging from 4.728 to 7.842 percent to finance certain redevelopment project within the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Area. The principal of the bonds is payable on their maturity date of October 1, of each year. Interest on the bond is payable on October 1, and April 1, each year. The bond is insured against events of default and acceleration of maturities, so long as the City is in compliance with the terms of the bond insurance policy. As of June 30, 2023, the City has complied with the terms of the bond insurance policy. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2023, is \$4,670,000.

NOTE 15: SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (CONTINUED)

The future debt service payments are as follows:

June 30	Principal		Interest
2024	\$ 150,000	\$	400,642
2025	160,000		390,314
2026	170,000		379,093
2027	180,000		367,204
2028	195,000	354,46	
2029-2033	1,200,000		1,539,548
2034-2038	1,695,000		1,022,151
2039-2043	1,870,000 289,8		289,889
	_		
Totals	\$ 5,620,000	\$	4,743,307

D. <u>Pledged Revenue</u>

The City pledged, as security for bonds issued, either directly or through the Financing Authority, a portion of tax increment revenue (including Low- and Moderate-Income Housing set-aside and pass-through allocations) that it receives. The bonds issued were to provide financing for various capital projects, accomplish Low- and Moderate-Income Housing project. Assembly Bill 1X 26 provided that upon dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, property taxes allocated to redevelopment agencies no longer are deemed tax increment but rather property tax revenues and will be allocated first to successor agencies to make payments on the indebtedness incurred by the dissolved redevelopment agency. Total principal and interest remaining on the debt is \$10,363,307 with annual debt service requirements as indicated above. For the current year, the debt service obligation on the bonds was \$550,037 and taxes received to pay enforceable obligations was \$1,547,377.

NOTE 16: PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

A. Change in Accounting Principle (Column B)

During fiscal year 2023, the City reassessed land held for resale and determined they would no longer sell the land and instead donate the land at some point in the future. As a result, the City moved the land from land held for resale to a capital asset. The effect was a \$115,000 restatement to fund balance and net position.

B. Adjustments to and Restatements of Beginning Balances

During fiscal year 2023, changes to or within the financial reporting entity, an error correction, and the change in accounting principle resulted in adjustments to and restatements of beginning net position and fund net position, as follows:

			(B)			
June 30, 2022 Changes in						
As Previously		A	ccounting	June 30, 2022		
Reported		Principle		As Restated		
\$	40.232.279	\$	(115.000)	\$	40.117.279	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

				Variance with Final Budget
		Amounts	Actual	Positive
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Taxes	\$ 15,994,437	\$ 16,443,770	\$ 16,163,128	\$ (280,642)
		623,000		. ,
Licenses and permits	523,000	,	790,556	167,556
Charges for services	955,800	956,400	1,066,162	109,762
Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures	453,000	587,000	1,011,700	424,700
	64,000	45,000	45,574	574
Contributions	36,500	36,500	36,789	289
Miscellaneous	810,157	847,657	279,761	(567,896)
Total revenues	18,836,894	19,539,327	19,393,670	(145,657)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	400.077	445.404	100.005	5.550
City Council	198,377	145,161	139,605	5,556
City Manager	1,686,086	1,673,777	1,708,567	(34,790)
City Clerk	336,254	342,368	276,023	66,345
City Attorney	297,465	797,000	796,197	803
Finance	631,756	741,750	694,134	47,616
Public Facilities	331,000	437,000	383,308	53,692
Non-Departmental	1,563,982	1,551,982	1,431,592	120,390
Automated Office System	393,825	363,825	365,673	(1,848)
Public safety				
Los Angeles County Sheriff	4,776,179	4,776,079	4,762,673	13,406
Emergency Services	13,000	14,100	12,191	1,909
Animal Control	120,000	73,000	86,048	(13,048)
School Crossing Guards	-	50,000	49,556	444
Emergency Incident	_	287,000	198,798	88,202
Community development			,	,
Community Development	1,655,704	1,441,036	1,520,206	(79,170)
Building & Safety	684,760	763,860	761,809	2,051
Parks and recreation	004,700	700,000	701,000	2,001
Recreation	454,740	383,440	331,761	51,679
Reyes Adobe	29,140	21,640	21,151	489
Recreation Center				
	411,884	428,884	458,365	(29,481)
Community Services	1,613,046	1,614,836	1,619,231	(4,395)
Parks Maintenance	704,000	625,000	616,696	8,304
Public works	4 0 47 000	4 005 704	4 455 400	100 515
Public Works	1,047,226	1,285,734	1,155,189	130,545
Traffic Safety	55,000	65,000	43,519	21,481
Landscape Maintenance	182,000	152,000	162,267	(10,267)
Storm Drain & Flood Control	301,800	238,700	294,139	(55,439)
Capital outlay	261,200	234,200	194,788	39,412
Total expenditures	17,748,424	18,507,372	18,083,486	423,886
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,088,470	1,031,955	1,310,184	278,229
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(1,056,005)	(1,147,505)	(1,363,005)	(215,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,056,005)	(1,147,505)	(1,363,005)	(215,500)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 32,465	\$ (115,550)	(52,821)	\$ 62,729
Fund balance-beginning, as restated			39,512,281	
Fund balance-ending			\$ 39,459,460	

	 Budget <i>i</i> Driginal	Amou	ınts Final	-	Actual mounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES	 						- 9
Use of money and property	\$ 10,000	\$	10,000	\$	22,537	\$	12,537
Total revenues	10,000		10,000		22,537		12,537
EXPENDITURES Current:							
General government	19,142		19,142		27,684		(8,542)
Community development	242,293		32,293		32,446		(153)
Total expenditures	 261,435		51,435		60,130		(8,695)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(251,435)		(41,435)		(37,593)		3,842
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	147,980		134,231		134,231		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 147,980		134,231		134,231		
Net change in fund balance	\$ (103,455)	\$	92,796		96,638	\$	3,842
Fund balance-beginning					797,420		
Fund balance-ending				\$	894,058		

NOTE 1: BUDGETARY DATA

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. As a General Law City, the City is not legally required to adopt a budget; however, the City Municipal Code requires the City Manager to prepare an annual budget based on projections received from all city departments, boards and commissions. All annual appropriations lapse at year end or are carried forward at the City Manager's discretion.

The budget is prepared by fund and department and includes actual information for the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. The budget is a statement of the goals and objectives of the City for that fiscal year. The City Manager may authorize the transfer between expenditure accounts within the same department, office, agency or program activity. Where an appropriation requires an increase that cannot be supported by a transfer within those guidelines, City Council authorization is required.

The budgetary schedule for the general fund does not include the facilities fund, open space fund, CalPERS setaside fund or the deposits fund, which do not have a legally adopted budget, however, are included in the general fund for financial statement reporting purposes. See reconciliation of the ending fund balance reported on the budgetary schedule for the general fund to the ending fund balance reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, below.

Ending fund balance per budgetary schedule	\$ 39,459,460
Facilities Fund, CalPERS Set-Aside Fund, Deposits Fund	
Fund balance - beginning	604,998
Total revenues	12,749
Total expenditures	(222,000)
Total other financing sources - transfers in	-
Change in fund balances	 395,747
Ending fund balance per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	\$ 39,855,207

NOTE 2: BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. The City is required to adopt an annual budget resolution for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year end but can be carried forward at the City Manager's discretion.

The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes actual information for the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. The budget is a statement of the goals and objectives of the City for that fiscal year. The legal level for which expenditures are not to exceed appropriations is at the fund level for all funds except the General Fund and at the department level for the General Fund. The City Manager may authorize the transfer between expenditure accounts within the same department, office, agency or program activity. Where an appropriation requires an increase that cannot be supported by transfer guidelines, City Council authorization is required. Responsible individuals review progress against their budget each month. The City Council considers supplemental budget amendment requests during the year and reviews changes at mid-year and year end.

NOTE 2: BUDGETARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Excess of expenditures over appropriations per activity is as follows:

Fund	Fi	nal Budget	Expenditures		Excess
Major Funds					
General Fund					
City Manager	\$	1,673,777	\$	1,708,567	\$ (34,790)
Non-departmental		1,551,982		1,653,592	(101,610)
Automated office system		363,825		365,673	(1,848)
Animal control		73,000		86,048	(13,048)
Community development		1,441,036		1,520,206	(79,170)
Recreation center		428,884		458,365	(29,481)
Community services		1,614,836		1,619,231	(4,395)
Landscape maintenaance		152,000		162,267	(10,267)
Storm drain & flood control		238,700		294,139	(55,439)
Housing successor agency					
General government		19,142		27,684	(8,542)
Community development		32,293		32,446	(153)

		2023		2022		2021
Measurement Date		6/30/2022		6/30/2021	(6/30/2020
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY Service cost Interest on total pension liability Changes of assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	\$	121,398 178,384 - - (90,639)	\$	123,154 194,591 223,632 (479,837) (86,301)	\$	120,459 180,971 (23,322) - (71,745)
Continuutions		(90,039)		(60,301)		(71,743)
Net change in total OPEB liability		209,143		(24,761)		206,363
Total OPEB liability-beginning		2,778,063		(2,802,824)		2,596,461
Total OPEB liability-ending (a)		2,987,206		2,778,063		2,802,824
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions-employer Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense		181,331 (414,086) (90,639) (1,402)		195,142 622,558 (86,301) (1,459)		219,000 74,350 (71,745) (1,516)
Net change in fiduciary net position		(324,796)		729,940		220,089
Plan fiduciary net position-beginning		2,890,368		2,160,428		1,940,339
Plan fiduciary net position-ending (b)		2,565,572		2,890,368		2,160,428
Net OPEB liability/(asset) (a) - (b)	\$	421,634	\$	(112,305)	\$	642,396
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	Φ	85.9%	¢	104.0%	¢	77.1%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,401,850	\$	3,371,342	\$	3,823,238
Plan net OPEB liability/(asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		12.4%		-3.3%		16.8%

Notes to Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios:

Benefit Changes: None

Changes of Assumptions: None

¹ Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of GASB Statement No. 75 implementation; therefore only six years are shown.

 2020	 2019		2018
 6/30/2019	 6/30/2018	(6/30/2017
111,530	\$ 108,282	\$	105,000
186,801	171,706		157,000
55,287	-		-
(381,914)	-		-
(62,265)	(56,966)		(56,000)
(90,561)	223,022		206,000
2,687,022	 2,464,000		2,258,000
2,596,461	2,687,022		2,464,000
 _,000,101	 2,001,022		
208,093	197,000		175,000
113,860	124,567		135,000
(62,265)	(56,966)		(56,000)
 (798)	 (3,152)		(1,000)
258,890	261,449		253,000
1,681,449	 1,420,000		1,167,000
1,940,339	 1,681,449		1,420,000
\$ 656,122	\$ 1,005,573	\$	1,044,000
			_
- 4 - 0′	00.007		
74.7%	62.6%		57.6%
\$ 3,512,954	\$ 3,370,827	\$	3,197,648
18.7%	29.8%		32.6%

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	De	ctuarially etermined entribution	Actual Contribution Employer Deficiency Contributions (Excess)		eficiency		Covered/ Covered- Employee Payroll	Contribution as a % of Covered/ Covered Employee Payroll	
		Miscella	neous C	ost-Sharing, N	/lultiple-	Employer Pens	ion Pla	<u>an</u>	
2023	\$	856,676	\$	881,676	\$	(25,000)	\$	4,329,754	20.4%
2022		742,201		742,201		-		3,699,344	20.1%
2021		670,392		670,392		-		3,371,342	19.9%
2020		633,776		633,776		-		3,823,238	16.6%
2019		525,812		525,812		-		3,512,954	15.0%
2018		443,161		443,161		-		3,370,827	13.1%
2017		392,645		392,645		-		3,197,648	12.3%
2016		350,597		350,597		-		3,109,153	11.3%
2015		338,101		338,101		-		3,104,821	10.9%

Notes to Schedule of Plan Contributions:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2020

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Entry Age Normal

Amortization method: For details, see June 30, 2020 Funding Valuation Report available on CalPERS' website.

Remaining amortization period: For details, see June 30, 2020 Funding Valuation Report available on CalPERS' website.

Inflation: 2.5%

Salary Increases: Varies by entry age and service

<u>Investment rate of return:</u> 7.0% <u>Cost of Living Adjustments:</u> 2.0%

Retirement age: Based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period 1997-2015

Mortality: Based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period 1997-2015. Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected on-going mortality improvements using 90% of Scale MP 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.

¹ Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only nine years are shown.

	Single Employer OPEB Plan											
2023	\$	141,843 \$	147,419 \$	(5,576) \$	4,000,146	3.7%						
2022		181,331	181,331	<u>-</u>	3,401,850	5.3%						
2021		176,760	195,142	(18,382)	3,371,342	5.8%						
2020		201,000	219,000	(18,000)	3,823,238	5.7%						
2019		195,000	208,093	(13,093)	3,512,954	5.9%						
2018		189,000	197,000	(8,000)	3,370,827	5.8%						

Notes to Schedule of Plan Contributions:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2021

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Entry Age Normal

Amortization method: For details, see June 30, 2021 Funding Valuation Report available on CalPERS' website.

Remaining amortization period: For details, see June 30, 2021 Funding Valuation Report available on CalPERS' website.

Inflation: 2.5%

Salary Increases: Varies by entry age and service

<u>Investment rate of return:</u> 6.25% Cost of Living Adjustments: 2.0%

Retirement age: Based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period 1997-2015

Mortality: Based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period 1997-2015. Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected on-going mortality improvements using 90% of Scale MP 2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.

¹ Historical information is required only for the measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

Reporting Date ² as of June 30,	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	SI	oportionate nare of Net sion Liability	Cov	vered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll	Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability
			Misce	lanec	ous Plan		
2023	0.05745%	\$	6,636,241	\$	3,699,344	179.4%	76.7%
2022	0.04977%		2,691,618		3,371,342	79.8%	88.3%
2021	0.04984%		5,422,335		3,823,238	141.8%	75.1%
2020	0.04781%		4,899,474		3,512,954	139.5%	75.3%
2019	0.04561%		4,364,714		3,370,827	129.5%	75.3%
2018	0.04517%		4,479,822		3,197,648	140.1%	73.3%
2017	0.04331%		3,747,628		3,109,153	120.5%	74.1%
2016	0.03983%		2,733,736		3,104,821	88.0%	78.4%
2015	0.04212%		2,621,118		3,403,443	77.0%	79.8%

Notes to Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:

Benefit Changes: None

Changes of Assumptions: None

¹ Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of GASB Statement No. 68 implementation; therefore only nine years are shown.

² The proportions and proportionate share of the net pension liability are measured as of one year behind the reporting date. Refer to notes to basic financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

DESCRIPTION OF NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Traffic Improvement – To account for traffic improvement and arterial street system fees paid by developers which may only be used for constructing traffic impacted arterial streets.

Traffic Safety – To account of traffic fines which may only be used for traffic safety purposes.

Transit Tax (Prop A) – To account for Proposition A funds received from the County of Los Angeles which may only be used to provide transportation services.

Public Transit (Prop C) – To account for Proposition C funds received from the County of Los Angeles which may only be used to provide transportation services.

Air Quality Management – To account for funds received from the South Coast Air Quality Management District which may only be used for air quality improvement.

Community Development Block Grant – To account for restricted housing rehabilitation loans administered with Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds.

Supplemental Law Enforcement – To account for Brulte funds received from the state for the use of Public Safety (COPS) programs.

Solid Waste Management – To account for the funds relating to collection, transportation and recycling of refuse materials for City residents and businesses.

State Gas Tax – To account for funds allocated to the City by the State which may only be used for street maintenance, construction, right of way acquisition and/or reconstruction.

Measure R – To account for public transit tax received under Measure R. These funds are paid by the County of Los Angeles.

Other Grants – is used to account for various state grant funds received for street improvements and park developments.

Inclusionary Housing – To account for in-lieu fees that are committed for the development or maintenance of housing that is affordable to low to moderate income households.

Utility Undergrounding – To account for the undergrounding of utility lines within the City undergrounding district.

Road Rehab – To account for funds allocated to the City for road maintenance and rehabilitation.

Measure M – To account for funds allocated to the City for transit projects.

Measure W – To account for funds collected from a parcel of tax of 2.5 cents per square foot impermeable area. Tax receipts will be used to improve water quality, increase local supply, and enhance the community.

DESCRIPTION OF NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Recreation Center Capital Projects – To account for the funds to be used for that are assigned for the development or maintenance of the City's recreation center.

Storm Water Capital Projects – To account for the funds to be used for the development or maintenance of the City's storm water program.

Capital Projects – To account for funds that are to be used for various capital projects throughout the City.

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Financing Authority Debt Service – To account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Agoura Hills Improvement Authority – To account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Traffic Improvement			Traffic Safety		Transit Tax (Prop A)		olic Transit Prop C)	
ASSETS	Φ.	04.000	Φ.	40,400	Φ.	4 544 000	Φ.	744.000	
Cash and investments	\$	84,822	\$	46,428	\$	1,511,069	\$	714,282	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible): Accounts		_		_		_		_	
Accrued interest		1,369		223		12,950		6,346	
Due from other governments		1,000		2,763		40,243		351	
Leases		_		-		-		_	
Due from other funds		963,763		-		-		-	
Restricted assets:									
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		-		-			
Total assets		1,049,955		49,414		1,564,262		720,979	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	-	\$	104,004	\$	5,310	
Deposits payable		17,608		-		-		-	
Due to other funds		_		-		-			
Total liabilities		17,608				104,004		5,310	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenues		_		-		40,243			
Total deferred inflows of resources						40,243			
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)									
Restricted		-		-		1,420,015		715,669	
Committed		1,032,347		49,414		-		-	
Assigned		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned				-					
Total fund balances (deficits)		1,032,347		49,414		1,420,015		715,669	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,									
and fund balances (deficits)	\$	1,049,955	\$	49,414	\$	1,564,262	\$	720,979	

				Special Rev	enue	Funds		
		r Quality nagement	Dev	Community Development Block Grant		Supplemental Law Enforcement		olid Waste nagement
ASSETS	ф	64.000	ф		Φ	450,000	Ф	220 055
Cash and investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible):	\$	61,832	\$	-	\$	153,306	\$	229,955
Accounts		_		_		_		24,186
Accrued interest		505		_		1,462		2,296
Due from other governments		6,595		8,735		-		-
Leases		-		197,289		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Restricted assets:								
Cash and investments with fiscal agents								
Total assets		68,932		206,024		154,768		256,437
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,666	\$	24,670	\$	4,814
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		6,961		-		
Total liabilities				8,627		24,670		4,814
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenues		_		201,024		-		
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		201,024		-		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)								
Restricted		68,932		-		130,098		-
Committed		-		-		-		251,623
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		(3,627)		-		
Total fund balances (deficits)		68,932		(3,627)		130,098		251,623
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,								
and fund balances (deficits)	\$	68,932	\$	206,024	\$	154,768	\$	256,437

				Special Rev	enue	Funds		
	State Gas Tax		N	Measure R		Other Grants		clusionary Housing
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	88,970	\$	236,257	\$	25,000	\$	1,847,763
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible):	Ψ	00,370	Ψ	200,201	Ψ	23,000	Ψ	1,047,700
Accounts		-		-		161,244		-
Accrued interest		793		1,841		-		16,272
Due from other governments		44,670		36		629,772		-
Leases Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Restricted assets:		-		-		-		-
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		_		_		_		-
Total assets		134,433		238,134		816,016		1,864,035
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	46,311	\$	11,170	\$	8,849	\$	3,000
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds						554,858		
Total liabilities		46,311		11,170		563,707		3,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenues				-		547,635		
Total deferred inflows of resources				-		547,635		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)								
Restricted		88,122		226,964		-		-
Committed		-		-		-		1,861,035
Assigned Unassigned		-		-		(295,326)		-
-		00 422		226.064				4 964 025
Total fund balances (deficits)		88,122		226,964		(295,326)		1,861,035
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,								
and fund balances (deficits)	\$	134,433	\$	238,134	\$	816,016	\$	1,864,035

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Utility Undergrounding			oad Rehab Fund	M	easure M Fund	M	easure W Fund		
ASSETS	•	54.504	•	00.400	•	450.004	Φ.	000 450		
Cash and investments	\$	54,584	\$	33,132	\$	150,924	\$	283,458		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible): Accounts										
Accounts Accrued interest		481		144		1,368		2.577		
Due from other governments		401		79,144		1,300		2,377 47		
Leases		_		73,144		_		-		
Due from other funds		_		_		_		_		
Restricted assets:										
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		_		_		_		-		
Total assets		55,065		112,420		152,292		286,082		
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	8,287	\$	77,964	\$	-		
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-		
Due to other funds		-		-		-				
Total liabilities				8,287		77,964				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenues						-		_		
Total deferred inflows of resources						-				
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)										
Restricted		-		104,133		74,328		286,082		
Committed		55,065		-		-		-		
Assigned		-		-		-		-		
Unassigned										
Total fund balances (deficits)		55,065		104,133		74,328		286,082		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,										
and fund balances (deficits)	\$	55,065	\$	112,420	\$	152,292	\$	286,082		

	Capital Projects Funds							t Service Funds
	Recreation Center				Pro	Capital jects Fund	Auth	nancing ority Debt ervice
ASSETS	Φ	00.500	Φ.	4 400 000	Φ.	050 004	ф	4 445
Cash and investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible):	\$	89,500	\$	1,108,338	\$	856,961	\$	1,115
Accounts		_		93,924		_		_
Accrued interest		_		8,677		6,755		10
Due from other governments		41,443		421,133		-		-
Leases		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Restricted assets:								
Cash and investments with fiscal agents								1
Total assets		130,943		1,632,072		863,716		1,126
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	7,188	\$	25,929	\$	6,370	\$	-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		49,120						
Total liabilities		56,308		25,929		6,370		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenues		41,443		514,981				
Total deferred inflows of resources		41,443		514,981				
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)								
Restricted		-		-		-		-
Committed		33,192		1,091,162		857,346		-
Assigned		-		-		-		1,126
Unassigned								
Total fund balances (deficits)		33,192		1,091,162		857,346		1,126
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,								
and fund balances (deficits)	\$	130,943	\$	1,632,072	\$	863,716	\$	1,126

		ot Service Funds		
	Agoura Hills Improvement Authority			Total Ionmajor Funds
ASSETS	•	40.404	Φ.	7 004 407
Cash and investments	\$	46,431	\$	7,624,127
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible): Accounts				279,354
Accrued interest		1,765		65,834
Due from other governments		1,705		1,274,933
Leases		_		197,289
Due from other funds		_		963,763
Restricted assets:				,
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		243,841		243,842
Total assets		292,037		10,649,142
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	335,532
Deposits payable		-		17,608
Due to other funds				610,939
Total liabilities				964,079
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenues				1,345,326
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		1,345,326
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)				
Restricted		292,037		3,406,380
Committed		-		5,231,184
Assigned		-		1,126
Unassigned				(298,953)
Total fund balances (deficits)		292,037		8,339,737
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,				
and fund balances (deficits)	<u>\$</u>	292,037	\$	10,649,142

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Traffic Improvement	Traffic Safety	Transit Tax (Prop A)	Public Transit (Prop C)					
REVENUES	Φ.	Φ.	Φ.	Φ.					
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 653,395	\$ - 571,441					
Charges for services	-	-	-	-					
Use of money and property	6,226	560	35,136	18,923					
Fines and forfeitures	- 0.004	59,935	-	-					
Contributions	3,094								
Total revenues	9,320	60,495	688,531	590,364					
EXPENDITURES Current:									
General government	-	-	12,928	-					
Public safety	-	39,980	-	-					
Community development Community services	-	-	- 84,095	-					
Public works	-	-	344,724	315,651					
Capital outlay	594,406	-	-	245,328					
Debt service:									
Principal	-	-	-	-					
Interest and fiscal charges									
Total expenditures	594,406	39,980	441,747	560,979					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	(585,086)	20,515	246,784	29,385					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	-	-	-	-					
Total other financing sources (uses)									
- , ,									
Net change in fund balances	(585,086)	20,515	246,784	29,385					
Fund balances (deficit)-beginning	1,617,433	28,899	1,173,231	686,284					
Fund balances (deficit)-ending	\$ 1,032,347	\$ 49,414	\$ 1,420,015	\$ 715,669					

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Air Quality Management	Community Development Block Grant	Supplemental Law Enforcement	Solid Waste Management				
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions Total revenues	\$ - 31,174 - 1,756 - - 32,930	\$ - 12,280 - - - - - 12,280	\$ - 165,271 - 4,802 - -	\$ 36,461 73,669 6,385				
Total revenues	32,930	12,200	170,073	116,515				
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Community development Community services Public works Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures	104,593 - - - - - - - 104,593	8,333 - - - - - 8,333	148,020 - - - 40,400 - - - 188,420	- 101,651 - - - - - - - 101,651				
·								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(71,663)	3,947	(18,347)	14,864				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses)	<u> </u>							
Net change in fund balances	(71,663)	3,947	(18,347)	14,864				
Fund balances (deficit)-beginning	140,595	(7,574)	148,445	236,759				
Fund balances (deficit)-ending	\$ 68,932	\$ (3,627)	\$ 130,098	\$ 251,623				

	Special Revenue Funds							
	State Gas Tax	Measure R	Inclusionary Housing					
REVENUES Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Intergovernmental	513,080	334,412	1,522,281	-				
Charges for services Use of money and property	2,724	4,898	- 144	- 47,114				
Fines and forfeitures	-,	-	-	-				
Contributions		-	- 4 500 405					
Total revenues	515,804	339,310	1,522,425	47,114				
EXPENDITURES								
Current: General government	_	_	38,360	-				
Public safety	29,896	-	145,311	-				
Community development Community services	-	-	-	3,000				
Public works	456,950	210,067	36,306	-				
Capital outlay Debt service:	-	75,339	793,579	-				
Principal	-	-	-	-				
Interest and fiscal charges								
Total expenditures	486,846	285,406	1,013,556	3,000				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	28,958	53,904	508,869	44,114				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in			25,000					
Total other financing sources (uses)			25,000					
Net change in fund balances	28,958	53,904	533,869	44,114				
Fund balances (deficit)-beginning	59,164	173,060	(829,195)	1,816,921				
Fund balances (deficit)-ending	\$ 88,122	\$ 226,964	\$ (295,326)	\$ 1,861,035				

(Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Utility Undergrounding	Road Rehab Fund	Measure M Fund	Measure W Fund				
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ - - - 1,392	\$ - 451,661 - 1,178	\$ - 378,292 - 3,772	\$ - 343,304 - 6,676				
Fines and forfeitures Contributions								
Total revenues	1,392	452,839	382,064	349,980				
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Community development Community services Public works Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	- - - - -	- - - - 439,942 -	- - - 331,001 80,000	- - - 102,000 75,211				
Total expenditures		439,942	411,001	177,211				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,392	12,897	(28,937)	172,769				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in								
Total other financing sources (uses)								
Net change in fund balances Fund balances (deficit)-beginning	1,392 53,673	12,897 91,236	(28,937) 103,265	172,769 113,313				
Fund balances (deficit)-ending	\$ 55,065	\$ 104,133	\$ 74,328	\$ 286,082				
and dament (adminity distances)	+ 55,666	+,100	+ 1,520	+ 				

	Capital Projects Funds					Debt Servi Funds		
	Recreation Center		Storm Water Capital Projects		r Capital Projects Fund		Auth	nancing ority Debt ervice
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions	\$	- - - - 28,783	\$	- 436,973 - 21,891 -	\$	211,500 - 18,138	\$	- - - 31 -
Total revenues		28,783		458,864		229,638		31
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Community development Community services Public works Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges		- - - 55,091 - -		- - - 214,611 12,355		- - - - 81,918		- - - - -
Total expenditures		55,091		226,966		81,918		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(26,308)		231,898		147,720		31
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses)		89,500 89,500		60,000 60,000		141,000 141,000		
Total other illiancing sources (uses)		03,300		00,000		141,000		
Net change in fund balances		63,192	2	291,898		288,720		31
Fund balances (deficit)-beginning		(30,000)		799,264		568,626		1,095
Fund balances (deficit)-ending	\$	33,192	\$ 1,0	091,162	\$	857,346	\$	1,126

	Debt Service Funds	_
	Agoura Hills Improvement Authority	Total Nonmajor Funds
Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions	\$ - - 1,987 - -	\$ 36,461 5,625,064 73,669 183,733 59,935 31,877
Total revenues	1,987	6,010,739
Current: General government Public safety Community development Community services Public works Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	8,750 - - - - - 380,000 528,325	164,631 363,207 104,651 92,428 2,066,401 2,438,478 380,000 528,325
Total expenditures	917,075	6,138,121
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(915,088)	(127,382)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	913,274	1,228,774
Total other financing sources (uses)	913,274	1,228,774
Net change in fund balances Fund balances (deficit)-beginning	(1,814) 293,851	1,101,392 7,238,345
Fund balances (deficit)-ending	\$ 292,037	\$ 8,339,737
, , , , , , ,	,,,,,,,	,,

	Budget Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	<u> </u>		Amounto	(itoguiivo)
Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$ 2,472,464	\$ 2,766,367	\$ 1,522,281 144	\$ (1,244,086) 144
Total revenues	2,472,464	2,766,367	1,522,425	(1,243,942)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government	39,500	1,041,647	38,360	1,003,287
Public safety	-	110,600	145,311	(34,711)
Public works	96,848	142,298	36,306	105,992
Capital outlay	2,336,116	1,320,000	793,579	526,421
Total expenditures	2,472,464	2,614,545	1,013,556	1,600,989
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		151,822	508,869	(2,844,931)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in			25,000	25,000
Total other financing sources (uses)			25,000	25,000
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 151,822	533,869	\$ (2,819,931)
Fund balance-beginning			(829,195)	
Fund balance-ending			\$ (295,326)	

	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Use of money and property Contributions	\$ 4,000	\$	6,000 4,000	\$ 6,226 3,094	\$	226 (906)	
Total revenues	 4,000		10,000	 9,320		(680)	
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay	 600,000		650,000	594,406		55,594	
Total expenditures	 600,000		650,000	594,406		55,594	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (596,000)	\$	(640,000)	(585,086)	\$	54,914	
Fund balance-beginning				 1,617,433			
Fund balance-ending				\$ 1,032,347			

	Budget Amounts Original Final				_	actual nounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES		_						
Use of money and property	\$	200	\$	350	\$	560	\$	210
Fines and forfeitures		40,000		40,000		59,935		19,935
Total revenues		40,200		40,350		60,495		20,145
EXPENDITURES Current:		40.000		40.000		20.000		20
Public safety		40,000		40,000		39,980		20
Total expenditures		40,000		40,000		39,980		20
Net change in fund balance	\$	200	\$	350		20,515	\$	20,165
Fund balance-beginning						28,899		
Fund balance-ending					\$	49,414		

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Fin:	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	622,535	\$	614,535	\$	653,395	\$	38,860
Use of money and property	Ψ 	12,000	Ψ	15,000	Ψ	35,136	Ψ	20,136
Total revenues		634,535		629,535		688,531		58,996
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government		-		-		12,928		(12,928)
Parks and recreation		130,197		101,722		84,095		17,627
Public works	-	604,650		343,650		344,724		(1,074)
Total expenditures		734,847		445,372		441,747		3,625
Net change in fund balance	\$	(100,312)	\$	184,163		246,784	\$	62,621
Fund balance-beginning						1,173,231		
Fund balance-ending					\$	1,420,015		

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual mounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$	413,978	\$	539,478 8,000	\$	571,441 18,923	\$	31,963 10,923
Total revenues		414,478		547,478		590,364		42,886
EXPENDITURES Current: Public works Capital outlay		185,992		418,626 427,000		315,651 245,328		102,975 181,672
Total expenditures		185,992		845,626		560,979		284,647
Net change in fund balance	\$	228,486	\$	(298,148)		29,385	\$	327,533
Fund balance-beginning						686,284		
Fund balance-ending					\$	715,669		

	 Budget <i>i</i> Driginal	Amoı	ınts Final	-	Actual mounts	Fina Po	nce with I Budget ositive gative)
REVENUES	 zi igiriai		1 IIIai		inounts	(140	gative
Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$ 26,700 300	\$	26,700 1,000	\$	31,174 1,756	\$	4,474 756
Total revenues	 27,000		27,700		32,930		5,230
EXPENDITURES Current: General government	60,000		112,000		104,593		7,407
Total expenditures	 60,000		112,000		104,593		7,407
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(33,000)		(84,300)		(71,663)		12,637
Net change in fund balance	\$ (33,000)	\$	(84,300)		(71,663)	\$	12,637
Fund balance-beginning					140,595		
Fund balance-ending				\$	68,932		

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual nounts	Fina Po	nce with I Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES							<u>, , </u>
Intergovernmental	\$	100,000	\$	16,400	\$ 12,280	\$	(4,120)
Total revenues		100,000		16,400	 12,280		(4,120)
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Parks and recreation		15,000		15,000	8,333		6,667
Capital outlay		85,000		1,400	 		1,400
Total expenditures		100,000		16,400	 8,333		8,067
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	3,947	\$	3,947
Fund balance-beginning					(7,574)		
Fund balance-ending					\$ (3,627)		

	Budget Amounts					Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget esitive
REVENUES		Original		Final		mounts	(Ne	gative)
Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$	100,000 700	\$	166,000 2,000	\$	165,271 4,802	\$	(729) 2,802
Total revenues		100,700		168,000		170,073		2,073
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Capital outlay		152,866 40,000		152,866 40,000		148,020 40,400		4,846 (400)
Total expenditures		192,866		192,866		188,420		4,446
Net change in fund balance	\$	(92,166)	\$	(24,866)		(18,347)	\$	6,519
Fund balance-beginning						148,445		
Fund balance-ending					\$	130,098		

	Budget Amounts					Actual	Fina Po	ince with I Budget ositive
	Original			Final	A	mounts	(Ne	gative)
REVENUES Taxes Charges for services Use of money and property	\$	36,000 73,000 3,000	\$	36,000 73,000 3,000	\$	36,461 73,669 6,385	\$	461 669 3,385
Total revenues		112,000		112,000		116,515		4,515
EXPENDITURES Current: Community development		118,900		93,900		101,651		(7,751)
Total expenditures		118,900		93,900		101,651		(7,751)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(6,900)	\$	18,100		14,864	\$	(3,236)
Fund balance-beginning						236,759		
Fund balance-ending					\$	251,623		

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$	597,034 1,000	\$	521,051 1,500	\$	513,080 2,724	\$	(7,971) 1,224
Total revenues		598,034		522,551		515,804		(6,747)
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Public works		80,000 574,800		30,000 497,300		29,896 456,950		104 40,350
Total expenditures		654,800		527,300		486,846		40,454
Net change in fund balance	\$	(56,766)	\$	(4,749)		28,958	\$	33,707
Fund balance-beginning						59,164		
Fund balance-ending					\$	88,122		

	 Budget /	Amou			Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive
	 Original		Final	A	mounts	(N	egative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$ 310,483 2,500	\$	310,483 2,500	\$	334,412 4,898	\$	23,929 2,398
Total revenues	312,983		312,983		339,310		26,327
EXPENDITURES Current: Public works Capital outlay	 172,547 170,000		215,485 90,000		210,067 75,339		5,418 14,661
Total expenditures	 342,547		305,485		285,406		20,079
Net change in fund balance	\$ (29,564)	\$	7,498		53,904	\$	46,406
Fund balance-beginning					173,060		
Fund balance-ending				\$	226,964		

	Budget Amounts Original Final				-	Actual mounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES			_		_			
Use of money and property	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	47,114	\$	27,114
Total revenues		20,000		20,000		47,114		27,114
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Community development		30,000		30,000		3,000		27,000
Total expenditures		30,000		30,000		3,000		27,000
Net change in fund balance	\$	(10,000)	\$	(10,000)		44,114	\$	54,114
Fund balance-beginning						1,816,921		
Fund balance-ending					\$	1,861,035		

	Budget Amounts Original Final				_	actual nounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Use of money and property	\$	500	\$	750	\$	1,392	\$	642
Total revenues		500		750		1,392		642
Net change in fund balance	\$	500	\$	750		1,392	\$	642
Fund balance-beginning						53,673		
Fund balance-ending					\$	55,065		

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual mounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	466,310	\$	438,927	\$ 451,661	\$	12,734
Use of money and property		500		1,200	 1,178		(22)
Total revenues		466,810		440,127	452,839		12,712
EXPENDITURES Current: Capital outlay		450,000		450,000	439,942		10,058
Total expenditures		450,000		450,000	439,942		10,058
Net change in fund balance	\$	16,810	\$	(9,873)	12,897	\$	22,770
Fund balance-beginning					 91,236		
Fund balance-ending					\$ 104,133		

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES			Φ.						
Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$	351,881 500	\$	351,881 1,500	\$	378,292 3,772	\$	26,411 2,272	
Total revenues		352,381		353,381		382,064		28,683	
EXPENDITURES Current:									
Public works Capital outlay		262,754 80,000		326,741 80,000		331,001 80,000		(4,260)	
Total expenditures		342,754		406,741		411,001		(4,260)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	9,627	\$	(53,360)		(28,937)	\$	24,423	
Fund balance-beginning						103,265			
Fund balance-ending					\$	74,328			

	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$	340,000	\$	344,000 1,800	\$ 343,304 6,676	\$	(696) 4,876
Total revenues		340,000		345,800	 349,980		4,180
EXPENDITURES Current: Public works Capital outlay		102,000 226,000		102,000 226,000	102,000 75,211		- 150,789
Total expenditures		328,000		328,000	177,211		150,789
Net change in fund balance	\$	12,000	\$	17,800	172,769	\$	154,969
Fund balance-beginning					113,313		
Fund balance-ending					\$ 286,082		

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	\$	EE0 000	\$	000 000	\$	064 005	\$	(25.745)	
Intergovernmental Use of money and property	Ф	550,000 -	Ф	900,000	Ф	864,285 857	Ф	(35,715) 857	
Total revenues		550,000		900,000		865,142		(34,858)	
EXPENDITURES Current:									
General government		53,480		9,932		14,510		(4,578)	
Public works		62,922		6,390		28,082		(21,692)	
Capital outlay		235,000		50,000		58,606		(8,606)	
Total expenditures		351,402		66,322		101,198		(34,876)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	198,598	\$	833,678		763,944	\$	(69,734)	
Fund balance-beginning						(3,064,224)			
Fund balance-ending					\$	(2,300,280)			

		Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	600,000	\$	30,000	\$	95,629	\$	65,629	
Total revenues	_Ψ	600,000	Ψ	30,000	Ψ	95,629	Ψ	65,629	
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public works Capital outlay		49,218 91,046 925,000		24,085 46,438 340,000		14,040 27,667 233,608		10,045 18,771 106,392	
Total expenditures		1,065,264		410,523		275,315		135,208	
Net change in fund balance	\$	(465,264)	\$	(380,523)		(179,686)	\$	200,837	
Fund balance-beginning						(488,371)			
Fund balance-ending					\$	(668,057)			

	В	udget /	Amou	ınts	A	Actual	Fin	ance with al Budget Positive
	Origi	nal		Final	Ar	nounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES								_
Contributions	\$		\$	65,000	\$	28,783	\$	(36,217)
Total revenues				65,000		28,783		(36,217)
EXPENDITURES								
Current: Public works		_		35,000		55,091		(20,091)
Total expenditures				35,000		55,091		(20,091)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		_		30,000		(26,308)		(56,308)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		_		_		89,500		89,500
Total other financing sources (uses)				-		89,500		89,500
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	30,000		63,192	\$	33,192
Fund balance-beginning						(30,000)		
Fund balance-ending					\$	33,192		

	Budget /	Amοι	ınts		Actual	Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Amounts		(1)	legative)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	215,000	\$	436,973	\$	221,973
Use of money and property	10,000		10,000		21,891		11,891
Total revenues	10,000		225,000		458,864		233,864
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Public works	-		110,000		214,611		(104,611)
Capital outlay	500,000		12,000		12,355		(355)
Total expenditures	500,000		122,000		226,966		(104,966)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(490,000)		103,000		231,898		128,898
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in					60,000		60,000
Total other financing sources (uses)			_	,	60,000		60,000
Net change in fund balance	\$ (490,000)	\$	103,000		291,898	\$	188,898
Fund balance-beginning					799,264		
Fund balance-ending				\$	1,091,162		

	Budge	t Amo	unts	Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$ -	\$	211,500 7,000	\$ 211,500 18,138	\$	- 11,138
Total revenues			218,500	229,638		11,138
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay Total expenditures	517,500 517,500		135,000 135,000	81,918 81,918		53,082 53,082
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(517,500)	83,500	147,720		64,220
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses)			100,000 100,000	141,000		41,000 41,000
Net change in fund balance	\$ (517,500) \$	183,500	288,720	\$	105,220
Fund balance-beginning				568,626	-	
Fund balance-ending				\$ 857,346	=	

	Budget Amounts Original Final				tual ounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Use of money and property	\$	_	\$	11	\$ 31	\$	20
Total revenues				11	31		20
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures				11	31		20
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	11	31	\$	20
Fund balance-beginning					1,095		
Fund balance-ending					\$ 1,126		

		Budget /	Amoı		_	Actual	Fina Po	ance with Il Budget ositive
		Original		Final		Amounts		egative)
REVENUES	•	4.500	Φ.	4 500	Φ.	4.007	•	407
Use of money and property	\$	1,500	_\$_	1,500	\$	1,987	\$	487
Total revenues	-	1,500		1,500		1,987		487
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-		8,750		8,750		-
Debt service:								
Principal		380,000		380,000		380,000		-
Interest		525,475		525,475		528,325		(2,850)
Total expenditures		905,475		914,225		917,075		(2,850)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(903,975)		(912,725)		(915,088)		(2,363)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		908,025		913,274		913,274		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		908,025		913,274		913,274		-
Net change in fund balance	\$	4,050	\$	549		(1,814)	\$	(2,363)
Fund balance-beginning						293,851		
Fund balance-ending					\$	292,037		

STATISTICAL SECTION

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DESCRIPTION OF STATISTICAL SECTION CONTENTS

June 30, 2023

This part of the City of Agoura Hill's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents:	Schedules
<u>Financial Trends</u> – These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1-5
Revenue Capacity – These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant current local revenue source, the property tax.	6-12
<u>Debt Capacity</u> – These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	13-16
<u>Demographic and Economic Information</u> – These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	17-18
Operating Information – These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	19-21

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year.

Fiscal	Year	
		2016

	2014	2015	2016	2017
Governmental activities				
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 71,090,637	\$ 88,327,674	\$ 102,402,711	\$ 107,036,227
Restricted	4,054,814	1,569,275	1,641,181	1,723,643
Unrestricted	37,983,934	28,035,386	36,440,786	37,138,624
Total primary government net assets-restated	\$ 113,129,385	\$ 117,932,335	\$ 140,484,678	\$ 145,898,494

Fiscal Year

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ 109,062,997	\$ 115.659.310	\$ 119.055.509	\$ 122.562.958	\$ 126.408.354	\$ 135,086,093
1,649,754	2,729,353	3,391,714	4,386,297	3,779,864	4,300,438
36,535,795	34,370,710	35,505,187	36,269,912	43,637,719	43,761,650
\$ 147,248,546	\$ 152,759,373	\$ 157,952,410	\$ 163,219,167	\$ 173,825,937	\$ 183,148,181

		Fisca	al Year	
	2014	2015	2016	2017
Expenses				
Governmental activities				
General government	\$ 4,395,273	\$ 3,636,202	\$ 4,270,495	\$ 4,668,415
Public safety	4,364,195	4,014,645	4,194,614	4,461,825
Public works	3,114,273	3,885,466	4,053,734	4,463,701
Community development	985,074	1,625,957	1,398,948	1,618,074
Community services	2,184,204	2,214,787	2,470,941	2,823,604
Interest on long-term debt (unallocated)	761,822	631,316	625,051	866,327
Total primary government expenses	\$ 15,804,841	\$ 16,008,373	\$ 17,013,783	\$ 18,901,946
Program Revenues				
Governmental activities				
Charges for Services				
General government	\$ 139,006	\$ 478,314	\$ 156,807	\$ 163,988
Public safety	565,016	694,531	618,883	875,646
Public works	240,192	280,493	224,895	226,653
Community development	160,965	378,825	336,236	333,529
Community services	267,356	56,408	337,557	445,655
Operating grants and contributions	9,016,536	1,004,621	1,420,156	968,373
Capital grants and contributions	2,578,791	9,379,954	13,955,391	7,509,737
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 12,967,862	\$ 12,273,146	\$ 17,049,925	\$ 10,523,581
Net (Expense)/Revenue				
Total primary government net expense	\$ (2,836,979)	\$ (3,735,227)	\$ 36,142	\$ (8,378,365)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position				
Governmental activities:	* 40 400 055	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	4 40 000 400	A 40 500 500
Taxes	\$ 10,483,355	\$ 11,274,539	\$ 12,062,480	\$ 12,598,500
Investment earnings	119,576	154,096	15,564	203,689
Other revenues	187,793	427,017	298,521	198,680
Special Item				9,479,215
Total primary government	\$ 10,790,724	\$ 11,855,652	\$ 12,376,565	\$ 22,480,084
Change in Net Position				
Total primary government	\$ 7,953,745	\$ 8,120,425	\$ 12,412,707	\$ 14,101,719

Fiscal Year										
	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	2023
\$	4,840,745 4,671,492 4,460,115 1,718,379 3,027,389 517,386 19,235,506	\$	5,562,060 5,052,473 5,223,521 1,912,179 3,145,527 581,175 21,476,935	\$	5,075,690 5,395,088 4,567,546 2,387,667 2,904,129 559,031 20,889,151	\$	4,883,137 4,972,577 5,403,352 2,405,357 1,926,403 535,104 20,125,930	\$	5,398,396 5,030,764 4,835,192 2,635,889 2,525,934 522,350 20,948,525	\$ 6,592,414 5,480,381 5,134,207 2,356,568 3,109,429 530,897 23,203,896
\$	167,941 818,733 229,345 354,455 493,827 2,569,234 2,423,678 7,057,213	\$	178,781 773,284 236,577 328,600 370,995 4,149,727 5,896,336 11,934,300	\$	147,364 700,271 216,836 193,519 210,061 4,911,381 4,441,925 10,821,357	\$	148,827 670,625 216,544 591,714 21,179 5,461,487 4,731,794 11,842,170	\$	178,442 873,311 211,435 424,897 249,990 7,286,003 5,304,064 14,528,142	\$ 156,510 1,108,362 238,487 226,904 317,686 11,428,878 1,176,815 14,653,642
\$	(12,178,293)	\$	(9,542,635)	\$	(10,067,794)	\$	(8,283,760)	\$	(6,420,383)	\$ (8,550,254)
\$	12,403,165 784,617 150,715 294,014 13,632,511	\$	12,894,034 1,026,429 345,823 175,000 14,441,286	\$	12,617,792 847,549 1,795,490 - 15,260,831	\$	12,834,290 451,118 556,383 - 13,841,791	\$	16,185,672 690,218 151,263 - 17,027,153	\$ 16,199,589 1,508,148 279,761 17,987,498
\$	1,454,218	\$	4,898,651	\$	5,193,037	\$	5,558,031	\$	10,606,770	\$ 9,437,244

		Fiscal	l Year	
	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function/Program				
Governmental activities				
General government	\$ 2,599,863	\$ 1,138,763	\$ 346,886	\$ 437,462
Public safety	665,016	800,761	718,883	1,004,970
Public works	8,896,687	9,863,255	14,987,990	7,171,508
Community development	538,940	413,959	658,609	1,463,986
Community services	267,356	56,408	373,557	445,655
Subtotal governmental activities	12,967,862	12,273,146	17,085,925	10,523,581
Total primary government	\$ 12,967,862	\$ 12,273,146	\$ 17,085,925	\$ 10,523,581

Fiscal Year

		1 1300	ii i cai		
2018 2019		2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ 739,569	\$ 2,435,396	\$ 2,840,323	\$ 4,281,219	\$ 5,492,855	\$ 9,698,465
898,438	922,031	856,219	827,352	1,289,095	1,273,633
4,557,202	7,867,535	6,706,149	6,109,074	7,023,453	3,136,954
368,177	338,343	208,605	603,346	472,749	226,904
493,827	370,995	210,061	21,179	249,990	317,686
7,057,213	11,934,300	10,821,357	11,842,170	14,528,142	14,653,642
\$ 7,057,213	\$ 11,934,300	\$ 10,821,357	\$ 11,842,170	\$ 14,528,142	\$ 14,653,642

		Fisca	l Year	
	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Fund				
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,000	\$ 345,275
Nonspendable	17,383,605	17,365,764	26,368,875	26,450,720
Unassigned	8,494,117	9,083,645	9,623,733	9,815,071
Total general fund	\$ 25,877,722	\$ 26,449,409	\$ 36,042,608	\$ 36,611,066
All Oil O LIFE I				
All Other Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted	5,165,834	1,569,275	1,641,181	1,723,643
Committed	4,162,269	4,350,376	3,770,779	4,067,536
Assigned	4,618,668	411,423	557,239	559,083
Unassigned	-	(3,154,713)	(5,974,136)	(4,708,451)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 13,946,771	\$ 3,176,361	\$ (4,937)	\$ 1,641,811

Fiscal Year

			i i cui		
2018	2018 2019		2021	2022	2023
\$ 350,028	\$ 358,850	\$ 410,948	\$ 413,508	\$ 604,998	\$ 729,017
26,525,470	26,434,914	26,530,193	26,274,785	25,937,153	25,562,661
10,386,556	9,229,107	8,065,424	10,654,100	13,690,128	13,563,529
\$ 37,262,054	\$ 36,022,871	\$ 35,006,565	\$ 37,342,393 \$ 40,232,279		\$ 39,855,207
\$ -	\$ 5,917	\$ 5,351	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
1,649,754	2,755,603	2,325,972	3,695,301	3,779,864	4,300,438
4,310,623	3,319,065	3,716,739	3,740,173	4,322,311	5,231,184
595,322	608,408	851,867	1,005,556	800,359	1,126
(3,498,679)	(4,551,947)	(4,292,536)	(4,742,692)	(4,419,364)	(3,267,290)
\$ 3,057,020	\$ 2,137,046	\$ 2,607,393	\$ 3,698,338	\$ 4,483,170	\$ 6,265,458

	Fiscal Year				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 11,270,895	\$ 12,062,480	\$ 12,598,500	\$ 12,403,165	
Licenses and permits	430,875	503,586	524,799	480,926	
Intergovernmental revenues	9,755,904	7,390,407	13,346,694	8,882,237	
Charges for services	1,420,436	1,188,228	1,018,776	1,464,484	
Fines and forfeitures	133,653	139,746	104,803	90,403	
Use of money and property	197,514	15,564	203,689	784,617	
Other revenues	195,034	707,911	303,505	590,037	
Total Revenues	23,404,311	22,007,922	28,100,766	24,695,869	
Expenditures					
General government	8,209,942	3,951,759	3,935,083	4,094,097	
Public safety	4,356,837	4,012,790	4,182,601	4,459,069	
Community development	983,413	1,665,528	1,481,732	1,556,843	
Community services	1,999,590	2,176,803	2,481,518	2,741,433	
Public works	2,995,490	2,089,716	2,315,180	2,982,814	
Capital outlay	3,783,745	18,666,025	15,906,914	7,276,935	
Debt service					
Interest	763,158	631,316	625,051	1,157,560	
Principal payments	200,000	210,000	290,000	10,605,000	
Total expenditures	23,292,175	33,403,937	31,218,079	34,873,751	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	112,136	(11,396,015)	(3,117,313)	(10,177,882)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Debt proceeds	3,675,000	-	-	10,055,000	
Premium/(discount) on debt issuance	52,984	-	-	800,234	
Transfers in	3,749,109	2,247,685	1,569,645	1,496,432	
Transfers out	(3,749,109)	(2,247,685)	(1,569,645)	(1,496,432)	
Proceeds from sale of capital asset				924,014	
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,727,984			11,779,248	
Special Item					
Net change in fund balances	\$ 3,840,120	\$ (11,396,015)	\$ (3,117,313)	\$ 1,601,366	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	5.2%	6.1%	6.4%	74.3%	

2019 \$ 13,467,759 589,666	Fiscal 2020	2021	2022	2023
589,666	\$ 12,580,449	\$ 12,834,290	\$ 16,185,672	\$ 16,199,589
·	567,474	525,474	661,623	790,556
8,460,405	7,730,671	11,747,351	7,250,621	6,584,978
, ,	,	,		1,139,831
				105,509
	,			1,231,576
728,155	2,224,920	563,583	2,918,891	348,427
25,875,221	24,937,640	26,997,269	28,892,501	26,400,466
5,064,913	4,545,676	4,218,006	5,123,223	6,237,964
5,051,499	5,325,392	5,038,926	5,060,999	5,472,473
1,890,097	2,285,379	2,291,008	2,741,188	2,419,112
2,990,865	2,658,751	1,723,171	2,505,046	3,139,632
3,563,487	2,908,320	3,754,397	3,295,630	3,540,676
8,589,367	6,955,091	5,504,949	5,579,322	3,162,068
595,400	583,715	560,064	547,375	528,325
315,000	330,000	345,000	365,000	380,000
28,060,628	25,592,324	23,435,521	25,217,783	24,880,250
(2,185,407)	(654,684)	3,561,748	3,674,718	1,520,216
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
	, ,	, ,	, ,	1,363,005
(1,343,659)	(1,467,260)	(1,039,825)	(1,936,005)	(1,363,005)
-				
				-
\$ (2,185,407)	\$ (654,684)	\$ 3,561,748	\$ 3,674,718	\$ 1,520,216
	5,064,913 5,051,499 1,890,097 2,990,865 3,563,487 8,589,367 595,400 315,000 28,060,628 (2,185,407) - 1,343,659 (1,343,659) -	98,186 93,306 1,264,234 925,944 728,155 2,224,920 25,875,221 24,937,640 5,064,913 4,545,676 5,051,499 5,325,392 1,890,097 2,285,379 2,990,865 2,658,751 3,563,487 2,908,320 8,589,367 6,955,091 595,400 583,715 315,000 330,000 28,060,628 25,592,324 (2,185,407) (654,684)	98,186 93,306 86,853 1,264,234 925,944 451,118 728,155 2,224,920 563,583 25,875,221 24,937,640 26,997,269 5,064,913 4,545,676 4,218,006 5,051,499 5,325,392 5,038,926 1,890,097 2,285,379 2,291,008 2,990,865 2,658,751 1,723,171 3,563,487 2,908,320 3,754,397 8,589,367 6,955,091 5,504,949 595,400 583,715 560,064 315,000 330,000 345,000 28,060,628 25,592,324 23,435,521 (2,185,407) (654,684) 3,561,748	98,186 93,306 86,853 122,111 1,264,234 925,944 451,118 690,218 728,155 2,224,920 563,583 2,918,891 25,875,221 24,937,640 26,997,269 28,892,501 5,064,913 4,545,676 4,218,006 5,123,223 5,051,499 5,325,392 5,038,926 5,060,999 1,890,097 2,285,379 2,291,008 2,741,188 2,990,865 2,658,751 1,723,171 2,505,046 3,563,487 2,908,320 3,754,397 3,295,630 8,589,367 6,955,091 5,504,949 5,579,322 595,400 583,715 560,064 547,375 315,000 330,000 345,000 365,000 28,060,628 25,592,324 23,435,521 25,217,783 (2,185,407) (654,684) 3,561,748 3,674,718

5.2%

5.3%

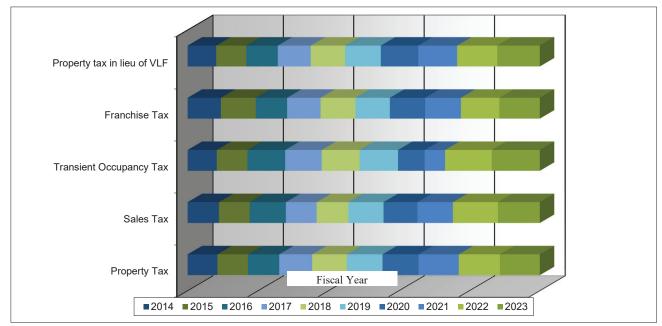
4.9%

4.9%

5.7%

4.4%

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Transient Occupancy Tax	Fi	ranchise Tax	Property ax in lieu of VLF	Total
	 Idx	 Tax	 Idx		Idx	 OI VLI	 Total
2014	2,678,400	3,859,515	2,134,688		762,214	1,839,717	11,274,534
2015	2,742,000	3,790,000	2,244,728		800,139	1,938,084	11,514,951
2016	2,819,000	4,471,077	2,764,208		718,696	2,033,448	12,806,429
2017	2,958,298	3,805,109	2,670,834		767,787	2,119,014	12,321,042
2018	3,128,689	3,924,897	2,788,088		799,866	2,216,903	12,858,442
2019	3,203,261	4,330,498	2,807,317		790,763	2,300,159	13,431,997
2020	3,238,290	4,176,609	1,948,347		807,678	2,410,884	12,581,810
2021	3,611,075	4,382,974	1,494,022		820,378	2,498,706	12,807,155
2022	\$ 3,698,852	\$ 5,555,147	\$ 3,426,496	\$	880,542	\$ 2,588,444	\$ 16,149,481
2023	\$ 3,585,424	\$ 5,167,372	\$ 3,512,964	\$	928,113	\$ 2,739,417	\$ 15,933,290
Change 2014-2023	33.86%	33.89%	64.57%		21.77%	48.90%	41.32%



Notes: Includes all governmental fund types (General, Special Revenue,

Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds).

Fiscal Year	Land	Improvements	Personal Property	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Tax Rate
2014	2,175,810	2,185,634	2,173	17,301	4,346,316	0.00%
2015	2,293,585	2,286,622	2,253	17,581	4,564,879	0.00%
2016	2,419,636	2,352,608	2,124	19,540	4,754,828	0.00%
2017	2,543,117	2,439,867	1,935	10,511	4,974,408	0.00%
2018	2,667,460	2,503,374	2,071	20,924	5,151,981	0.00%
2019	2,796,824	2,592,303	2,024	12,042	5,379,109	0.00%
2020	2,926,597	2,679,957	3,118	22,800	5,586,872	0.00%
2021	3,036,487	2,753,262	2,588	18,053	5,774,284	0.00%
2022	3,243,890	2,884,254	2,665	7,365	6,123,444	0.00%
2023	3,445,427	2,993,001	4,376	9,760	6,433,045	0.00%

Note:

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at a time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above. The County does not provide breakout of residential, commercial and industrial assessed values to the cities.

Source: County of

County of Los Angeles, Auditor - Controller

			Overlapp	ing Rates		
 Fiscal Year	Basic County (1)	Los Angeles County	School Districts	Water Districts	Flood Control District *	Tax Rates
2014	1.0000	0.0000	0.1135	0.0035	0.0000	1.1170
2015	1.0000	0.0000	0.1090	0.0035	0.0000	1.1125
2016	1.0000	0.0000	0.1050	0.0035	0.0000	1.1085
2017	1.0000	0.0000	0.1079	0.0035	0.0000	1.1114
2018	1.0000	0.0000	0.1198	0.0035	0.0000	1.1233
2019	1.0000	0.0000	0.1211	0.0035	0.0000	1.1246
2020	1.0000	0.0000	0.1028	0.0035	0.0000	1.1063
2021	1.0000	0.0000	0.1098	0.0035	0.0000	1.1133
2022	1.0000	0.0000	0.1107	0.0035	0.0000	1.1142
2023	1.0000	0.0000	0.0885	0.0035	0.0000	1.0920

Note: (1) In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of school, water and flood control district bonds. The City of Agoura Hills receives 5.85% of the 1% property tax rate.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

	FY	2021-22				FY 2013-14	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage Taxable Assessed Value
Tishman Speyer Archstone Smith	\$135,976,487	1	2.22%	\$	159,141,289	1	4.06%
Lexington Agoura Hills LLC	60,225,244	2	0.98%	Ψ	100,141,200	•	1.0070
Kids from the Valley V LLC	56,749,057	3	0.93%				
Agoura Hills HHG Hotel Development Lp	55,476,472	4	0.91%				
Khanna Enterprises LP	47,949,143	5	0.78%				0.00%
FW CA Twin Oaks Shopping Center	34,788,199	6	0.57%	\$	29,979,466	2	
ARHC MAGHCA01 LLC	34,179,773	7	0.56%				0.00%
Whizin Market Square LLC	33,232,661	8	0.54%	\$	27,306,230	3	
Creekside Shops LLC	31,900,000	9	0.52%				
Hankey Investment Company LP	30,571,903	10	0.50%				
Best Agoura Design Center LLC							0.00%
Apple Seven Hospitality				\$	22,050,354	4	0.56%
Teradyne Inc.				\$	19,787,182	5	0.50%
ARI Agoura BP III LP							0.00%
Agoura Hills Business Park LLC							0.00%
Agoura Business Center East LLC				\$	19,316,463	6	0.49%
ZDI Agoura LLC							0.00%
Total	\$6,123,445,642		8.51%	\$:	3,922,239,025		5.62%

The amounts shown above include assessed value data for both the City and the Redevelopment Agency.

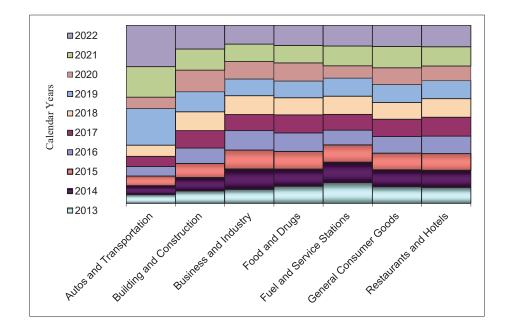
Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

		Collected	within the			
	Taxes Levied	Fiscal Year	of the Levy	Collections	Total Collect	ions to Date
Fiscal	for the		Percentage 20	13 in Subsequent		
Year	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2014	2,298,395	2,196,070	95.55%	35,028	2,231,098	97.07%
2015	2,413,441	2,315,154	95.93%	32,839	2,347,993	97.29%
2016	2,506,669	2,422,101	96.63%	18,062	2,440,163	97.35%
2017	2,607,191	2,511,264	96.32%	43,571	2,554,835	97.99%
2018	2,704,330	2,639,148	97.59%	8,999	2,648,147	97.92%
2019	2,801,070	2,742,935	97.92%	31,898	2,774,833	99.06%
2020	2,894,345	2,776,534	95.93%	64,502	2,841,036	98.16%
2021	3,005,130	2,936,586	97.72%	64,173	3,000,759	99.85%
2022	3,088,114	2,997,965	97.08%	8645	3,006,609	97.36%
2023	3,242,954	3,155,017	97.29%	0	3,155,017	97.29%

Sources:

City of Agoura Hills financial information. County of Los Angeles, Auditor - Controller. California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

	2013		2014 2015		015	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		
Autos and Transportation	\$	104	\$	105	\$	116	\$	114	\$	120	\$	133	\$	436	\$	135	\$	364	\$	493
Building and Construction		149		158		169		183		208		225		239		257		252		284
Business and Industry		470		680		640		653		541		633		562		584		586		635
Food and Drugs		270		269		282		292		285		271		265		285		277		319
Fuel and Service Stations		879		866		741		625		670		774		772		520		842		884
General Consumer Goods*		804		815		811		806		836		810		869		811	1	,034		1,029
Restaurants and Hotels		647		693		683		708		767		756		733		593		783		875
Total	\$ 3	3,323	\$ 3	3,586	\$ 3	3,442	\$ 3	3,381	\$ 3	3,427	\$ 3	3,602	\$ 3	3,876	\$ 3	3,185	\$ 4	,138	\$	4,519
City direct sales tax rate	C	0.00%	(0.00%	C	0.00%	C	0.00%	C	.00%	(0.00%	C	.00%	(0.00%	C	.00%		0.00%



Notes: Calendar year 2021 not available.

* Includes Other Taxable

Source: HdL Companies

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	Los Angeles County	State of California
			_
2014	0.00%	1.50%	7.50%
2015	0.00%	1.50%	7.50%
2016	0.00%	1.50%	7.50%
2017	0.00%	1.50%	8%
2018	0.00%	1.50%	8%
2019	0.00%	1.50%	8%
2020	0.00%	1.50%	8%
2021	0.00%	1.50%	8%
2022	0.00%	1.50%	8%
2023	0.00%	1.50%	8%

Source: California State Board of Equalization

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	2008 RDA Tax Allocation Bonds (1)	2013 Lease Revenue Bonds (2)	2016 Lease Refunding Bonds (3)	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (a)	Per Capita (a)
2014	5,515	3,675	-	9,190	0.98%	448
2015	-	3,724	-	3,724	0.36%	181
2016	-	3,653	-	3,653	0.35%	177
2017	-	3,576	10,592	14,168	1.33%	668
2018	-	3,499	10,325	13,824	1.22%	658
2019	-	3,417	10,052	13,469	1.19%	646
2020	-	3,336	9,763	13,099	1.05%	633
2021	-	3,249	9,465	12,714	0.98%	615
2022	-	3,157	9,151	12,308	0.88%	595
2023	-	3,060	8,828	11,888	0.83%	587

Notes:

Sources:

State of California, Department of Finance City of Agoura Hills financial data

⁽a) See Schedule for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

^{(1) 2008} Tax Allocation Bonds issued June 5 to finance certain redevelopment projects within the Agoura Hills Redevelopment Area. (See Note 15)

⁽²⁾ September 1, 2013, the City issued Lease Revenue Bonds to finance a portion of the recreation center project. (See Note 7)

⁽³⁾ 2016 Lease Refunding Bonds (See Note 7)

	L	.ease					
Fiscal	Ref	unding			Value of		Per
 Year	Bonds		Total		Property (1)	C	apita (2)
2014	\$	14,405	\$	14,405	0.35%	\$	702.13
2015	\$	14,195	\$	14,195	0.33%	\$	691.49
2016	\$	13,905	\$	13,905	0.30%	\$	674.18
2017	\$	13,355	\$	13,355	0.28%	\$	629.63
2018	\$	13,045	\$	13,045	0.26%	\$	620.66
2019	\$	12,730	\$	12,730	0.25%	\$	610.79
2020	\$	12,400	\$	12,400	0.23%	\$	599.35
2021	\$	12,055	\$	12,055	0.22%	\$	582.68
2022	\$	12,308	\$	12,308	0.21%	\$	594.91
2023	\$	11,888	\$	11,888	0.19%	\$	586.51

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See schedule for property value data.(2) See schedule for population data.

Source: City of Agoura Hills financial data.

Governmental Unit Debt repaid with property taxes	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (a)	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Metropolitan Water District	\$ 19,215,000	0.171 %	\$ 32,858
Los Angeles Community College District	4,500,730,000	0.582	26,194,249
Las Virgenes Joint Unified School District	98,247,606	22.269	21,878,759
Other debt			
Los Angeles County General Fund Obligations	2,601,551,282	0.329	8,559,104
Los Angeles County Supt. of Schools Certificates of Participation	3,403,487	0.329	11,197
Las Virgenes Joint Unified School District Certificates of Participation	8,572,605	22.269	1,909,033
Subtotal, overlapping debt			58,585,200
City direct debt			
City of Agoura Hills General Fund Obligations	11,888,490	100.000	11,888,490
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 70,473,690

Notes: (a) Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within the boundaries of the city. The method used within the city multiplied by the total debt outstanding.

Sources: California Municipal Statistics, Inc. City of Agoura Hills financial data

⁽b) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

		Fiscal	Yea	r		
2023	2022		2021			2020
\$ 233,771,897 - \$ 233,771,897	\$	220,541 - 220,541	\$	213,560 - 213,560	\$	205,887 - 205,887
0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
	\$ 233,771,897 - \$ 233,771,897	\$ 233,771,897 \$ \$ 233,771,897 \$	2023 2022 \$ 233,771,897 \$ 220,541 - - \$ 233,771,897 \$ 220,541	2023 2022 \$ 233,771,897 \$ 220,541 \$ - - - - \$ 233,771,897 \$ 220,541 \$	\$ 233,771,897 \$ 220,541 \$ 213,560 \$ 233,771,897 \$ 220,541 \$ 213,560	2023 2022 2021 \$ 233,771,897 \$ 220,541 \$ 213,560 \$ \$ 233,771,897 \$ 220,541 \$ 213,560 \$

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2023

Assessed Valuations:		
Gross Assessed Value	\$	6,233,917
Debt Limitation - 3.75% of Total Assessed Value Less debt applicable to limitation Legal Debt Margin	_	233,771,897 - 233,771,897

Notes: Under state finance law, the city's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 15 percent of total assessed property value. The Code section was enacted when assessed valuations were based on 25% of full market value. This has since changed to 100% of full market value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

Sources: County of Los Angeles, Auditor - Controller City of Agoura Hills financial data California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Fiscal	Year

2019 2018				2017		2016		2015		2014
\$ 196,923	\$	189,674	\$	181,391	\$	174,088	\$	165,786	\$	157,301
-		-		-		-		-		-
\$ 196,923	\$	189,674	\$	181,391	\$	174,088	\$	165,786	\$	157,301
0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

			Per Capita	Percentage			
Calendar Year	Population (1)	Income (thousands of dollars)	Personal Income (2)	Median Age (2)	with at least some college	Unemployment Rate (3)	
2014	20,516	933,437	45,498	42.5	96%	3.6%	
2015	20,528	1,036,500	50,492	42.5	96%	6.1%	
2016	20,625	1,036,241	50,242	43.2	96%	4.3%	
2017	21,211	1,066,532	50,282	42.5	95%	3.7%	
2018	21,018	1,128,793	53,706	45.0	95%	4.4%	
2019	20,842	1,135,952	54,503	44.0	96%	4.2%	
2020	20,689	1,242,519	60,057	44.5	96%	16.6%	
2021	20,689	1,299,559	62,814	44.5	97%	7.8%	
2022	20,689	1,402,321	67,781	44.5	97%	4.4%	
2023	20,269	1,438,754	70,983	45.4	99%	4.9%	

^{*} Projected figures

(1) Source: State of California, Department of Finance
 (2) Source: UCSB Economic Forecast Project
 (3) Source: State of California, Employment Development Department, Labor Market Information Division

		Fiscal Year			
		2023		20	15
			Percentage		Percentage
			of Total City		of Total City
	Activity	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment
Company or Organization					
Las Virgenes USD	Government	534	4.77%	543	4.98%
National Veterinary Associates, Inc.	Veterinary Services	347	3.10%		
Visual Concepts Entertainment	Software Development	655	5.85%		
Private National Mortgage Acceptance Company, LLC	Banking	294	2.63%		
A2 Biotherapeutics, Inc.	Research & Development	262	2.34%		
Teradyne Inc	Manufacturing	209	1.87%	220	2.02%
Motor Vehicle Software Corp/VITU	Technology	490	4.38%		
Joni and Friends	Non-Profit	200	1.79%		
Epsilon Data Management LLC	Advertising Services	121	1.08%		
Cydcor LLC	Administrative Services	138	1.23%		
Wood Ranch	Restaurant	137	1.22%	100	0.92%
Vons Companies	Grocery				
Zebra Technologies	Manufacturing			147	1.35%
Bank of America	Banking			873	8.01%
IBM Corporation	Technology			206	1.89%
Farmers Financial Solutions	Insurance			151	1.39%
Total Top Employers	S	3,387	30.24%	2,240	20.55%
Total City Employment (1)		11,200		10,900	

Source: Results based on direct correspondence with city's local businesses * Employee Count is based on Agoura Hills school sites only (1.) Total City Employment provided by EDD Labor Force Data

Fiscal Year				
2014	2015	2016	2017	
10.30	10.48	10.48	10.49	
6.27	5.30	5.30	5.26	
7.00	7.95	7.95	8.00	
6.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	
3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	
1.43	1.27	1.27	1.25	
34.00	33.00	33.00	33.00	
	10.30 6.27 7.00 6.00 3.00 1.43	2014 2015 10.30 10.48 6.27 5.30 7.00 7.95 6.00 5.00 3.00 3.00 1.43 1.27	2014 2015 2016 10.30 10.48 10.48 6.27 5.30 5.30 7.00 7.95 7.95 6.00 5.00 5.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 1.43 1.27 1.27	

Notes: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and

sick leave). Full-time-equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours

by 2,080.

Sources: City of Agoura Hills financial information

Eta a a l	V
Fiscal	Year

i iscai i cai						
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
10.07	10.25	10.87	10.74	11.52	13.03	
5.72	6.50	6.28	6.04	6.94	5.78	
8.00	8.00	7.60	6.17	6.65	8.35	
5.00	5.00	6.00	5.00	4.34	4.87	
3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.05	2.08	
1.21	1.25	1.25	1.05	0.66	0.48	
33.00	34.00	35.00	32.00	32.17	34.58	

	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function/Program				
Parks and recreation				
Number of City sponsored events	40	44	45	45
Public Works				
Street resurfacing (lane miles)	2	2	2	2
Solid Waste				
Residential Recycling Collected (pounds)*	15,261,800	14,877,780	15,123,660	15,675,500
Electronics Collected (pounds)*	13,011	10,801	10,504	6,099
Used Oil Collection (gallons)	519	462	415	335
Automobile Battery Collections (pounds)	640	1,000	700	760
Used Paint Collection (gallons)	1,165	1,013	1,120	556
Used Oil Filters (pounds) *				
Antifreeze (pounds) *				
Transportation				
Total route (miles)	121,435	77,582	93,813	93,674
Passengers (annually)	20,296	12,668	10,880	9,070

Note:

Residential Recycling Collected includes items such as paper/cardboard/glass/metal/plastic & greenwaste Anti Freeze and Used Oil Filters did not have a city collection program prior to 2022

Source: Various city departments

- 1-1	ısca	ı١	r e	а	r

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
42	45	18	16	17	18
2	5	5.14	0.13	3.84	2.45
15,646,400 7,857 235 500 1,160	15,770,600 4,749 467 1,338 912	14,928,460 5,759 234 1,106 1212	15,537,640 6,907 357 239 839	13,765,820 6,532 2128 1,331 9500 65 275	9,529,280 2,687 250 800 653
104,180 9,014	99,224 8,231	60,174 5,298	24,026 2,843	21,208 2,915	15,801 2,012

		Fiscal Year			
	2014	2015	2016	2017	
Function/Program					
Public works					
Bridges	19	19	19	19	
Streets/Highway (miles)	126	126	130	130	
Traffic signals	100	100	100	100	
Parks and recreation					
Basketball courts					
Full	1	1	1	1	
Half Courts	3	3	3	3	
Community centers	1	1	1	1	
Recreation Centers	1	1	1	1	
Parks	6	6	6	6	
Tennis courts	9	9	9	9	

Note: The City implemented Statement 34 in 2003; however, the City implemented Statement 44 in 2006. Schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Source: Various city departments

Fiscal Year

		FISCAI	rear		
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
19	19	19	19	19	19
130	130	130	130	130	130
100	100	103	103	103	103
1	1	1	1	1	1
3	2	2	2	2	2
1	1	1	1	1	_
ı	1	Į.	1	ļ	ı
1	1	1	1	1	1
6	6	6	6	6	6
8	8	9	9	9	9