

Cut/Fill Slopes: We tentatively recommend that temporary and permanent cut and fill slopes in natural soil and compacted fill soils not exceed the inclinations shown in Table 9.

| TABLE 9 MAXIMUM SLOPE INCLINATIONS | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|-----------|
| Soil Type | Maximum Inclination (Horizontal/Vertical) | |
| | Temporary | Permanent |
| Compacted Fill/Natural Soil | 1H:1V | 2H:1V |

Excavations: Shallow excavations used for construction that are less than four feet in depth and are made in properly engineered fill or firm native soils should stand with vertical sides. Excavations deeper than four feet should be sloped at angles provided in Table 11 or shored. All open excavations and excavations that are shored shall conform to all applicable Federal, State and Local regulations.

Surcharge: Surcharge loads should be setback from the top of temporary excavations a minimum horizontal distance of ten feet.

Excavation Inspection: The soils exposed in temporary excavation slopes should be observed by the Geotechnical Engineer so that modifications of the slopes can be made if variations in soil conditions occur.

On-Site Drainage

Seasonal precipitation and/or landscape water should not be allowed to pond within the site, especially next to foundations of any structures. Surface runoff should be collected and disposed of in such a manner as to prevent concentrated erosion. Roof gutters, downspouts, and yard drains should be provided in accordance with the City of Los Angeles requirements. All pad drainage should be directed toward the street or an approved watercourse area swale via non-erosive channel, pipe and/or dispersion devices. We recommend that all planters proposed adjacent to structures be self-contained, provided with a subdrain system, and/or allowed to have positive drainage away from structure to drain excess landscape water.

We recommend that lot drainage be verified after house construction and that notices be posted cautioning homeowners not to modify drainage in any way without approval by the City of Los Angeles. At no time should drainage be directed toward any descending slope or allowed to pond. All slope or fill backdrains should continue to remain unobstructed and be allowed to drain freely.

Leakage from any of the appurtenant plumbing will create an artificial groundwater condition, which could likely render settlement problems; therefore, it is imperative that all underground plumbing fixtures be *absolutely* leak-free.

LIMITATIONS

The findings and recommendations of this report were prepared in accordance with generally accepted professional geotechnical engineering principles and practice for the City of Los Angeles at this time. We make no other warranty, either express or implied. The conclusions and recommendations contained in this report are based on site conditions disclosed in our subsurface investigation and the referenced reports. However, soil conditions can vary significantly between probings and borings; therefore, further refinements of our recommendations contained herein may be necessary due to changes in the building plans or what is encountered during site grading.

The recommendations provided in this report are applicable for preliminary development planning for the referenced lots provided that surface water will be kept from infiltrating into the subgrade adjacent to the house foundation system. This may include, but not be limited to rain water, roof water, landscape water and/or leaky plumbing. The lots are to be fine graded at the completion of construction to include positive drainage away from the structure and roof water will be collected via gutters, downspouts, and transported to the street in buried drainpipes. Homebuyers should be cautioned against constructing open draining planters adjacent to the houses, or obstructing the yard drainage in any way.

Since our investigation was based on the site conditions observed, selective laboratory testing, and engineering analysis, the conclusions and recommendations contained herein are professional opinions. Further, these opinions have been derived in accordance with standard engineering practices, and no warranty is expressed or implied.

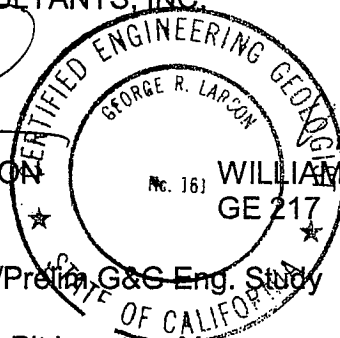
If the conditions encountered during grading are not consistent with the findings presented in this report, or if proposed construction is moved from the location investigated, this office shall be notified immediately so that the condition or change can be evaluated and appropriate action taken.


We appreciate this opportunity to be of continued service to you. If you have any questions regarding the content of this report or any other aspects of the project, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Very truly yours,

GEOISOILS CONSULTANTS, INC.


GEORGE R. LARSON
CEG 161




WILLIAM A. CIRIDOM
GE 217




MASOOD S. RANA
Project Manager

GRL.WAC.MSR.W/Prelim.G&G Eng. Study

- Encl: Plate 1, Test Pit Location Map
Plate 2, Cross-Section
Appendix A, Field Exploration Procedures
Plates TP-1 through TP-10, Test Pit Logs
Appendix B, Laboratory Testing Procedures and Results
Plates C-1 through C-6, Consolidation Curves
Plate SH-1 through SH-4, Shear Test Diagrams
Appendix C, Seismic Analysis
Appendix D, 1997 Uniform Building Code Seismic Design Parameters

cc: (3) Addressee

MDN 8695

December 16, 2005
W.O. 5840

APPENDIX A

FIELD EXPLORATION PROCEDURES

MDN 8695

TEST PIT LOG 1

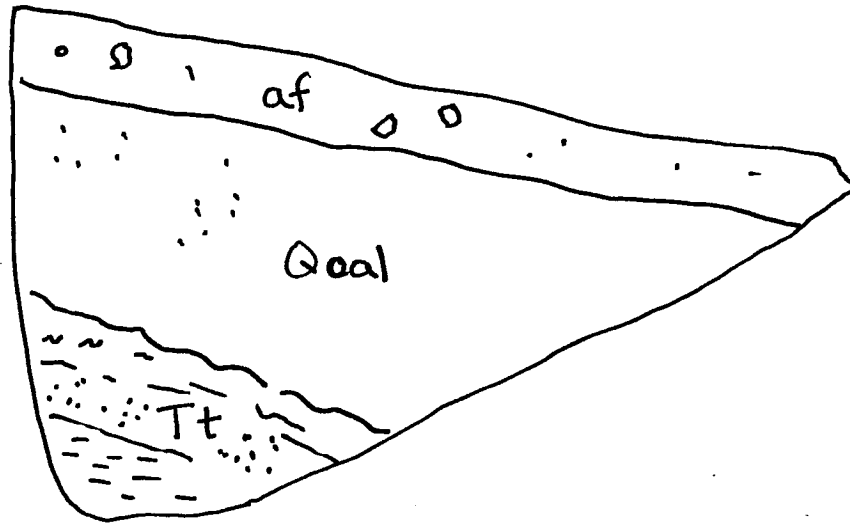
GEOSOILS CONSULTANTS, INC.

CLIENT: DAN SMITH ELEVATION: _____ WORK ORDER NO.: 5840
 ADDRESS: _____ LOGGED BY: LT DATE: 11-05

| Depth | Material Type | Material Description | Comments |
|-------|-------------------|---|---|
| 0-2' | Fill | Brown, silty SAND with rock and AC fragments (damp, loose). | @12', N40W/36NE |
| 2-9' | Old Alluvium | Brown, silty, fine SAND/SILT, damp to moist, loose to medium dense, porous. | TP-1@ 6 feet. Dry Density = 103pcf. Moisture = 22.9%. |
| @7' | Stiff Clay | (highly expansive). | |
| 9-13' | Topanga Formation | Buff rust and olive brown x-bedded. | |

Scale: H: 1"=5' V: 1"=5' Pit Orient.: _____ Natural Slope: Angle T. D

Illustration



TEST PIT LOG 2

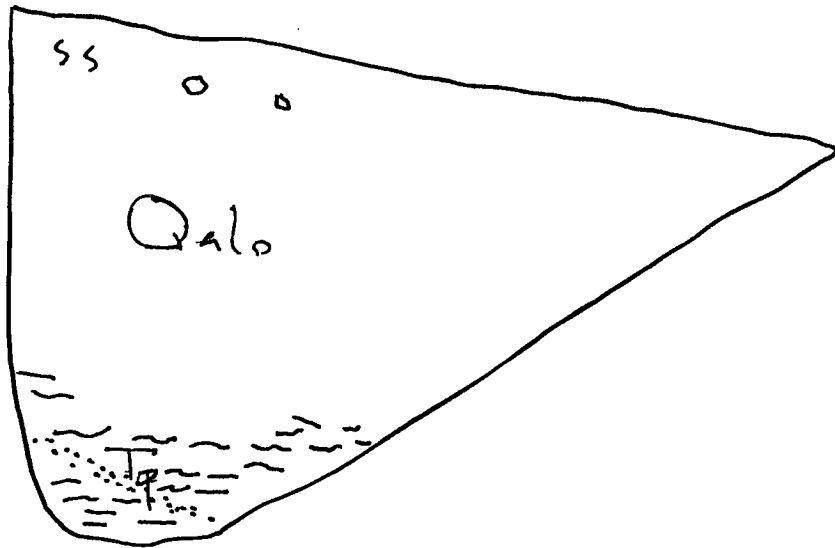
GEOSOILS CONSULTANTS, INC.

CLIENT: DAN SMITH ELEVATION: _____ WORK ORDER NO.: 5840
 ADDRESS: _____ LOGGED BY: LT DATE: 11-05

| Depth | Material Type | Material Description | Comments |
|--------|-------------------|---|---|
| 0-11' | Old Alluvium | Brown, clayey fine SAND, damp, loose to medium dense, slightly porous, loose with rodent burrows in upper 3' scattered volcanic PEBBLES and COBBLES throughout (more competent from 3') | @13', N55W/28NE |
| 11-14' | Topanga Formation | Pale, olive brown, clayey SILTSTONE, light brown siltstone and minor orange, fine SANDSTONE (interbedded). | TP-2@ 5 feet. Dry Density = 97.8pcf. Moisture = 24.1%. TP-2@ 8 feet. Dry Density = 103.4pcf. Moisture = 21.2%. |

Scale: H: 1"=5' V: 1"=5' Pit Orient.: _____ Natural Slope: Angle T. D

Illustration



TEST PIT LOG 3

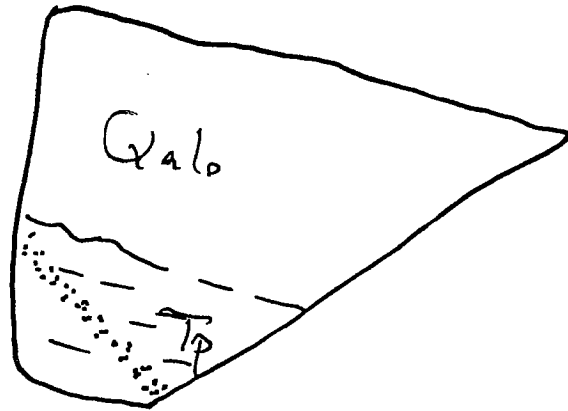
GEOSOILS CONSULTANTS, INC.

CLIENT: DAN SMITH ELEVATION: _____ WORK ORDER NO.: 5840
 ADDRESS: _____ LOGGED BY: LT DATE: 11-05

| Depth | Material Type | Material Description | Comments |
|-------|------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| 0-6' | Topsoil / Old Alluvium | Dark brown, sandy, silty CLAY, dense, soft, upper 1 to 2', porous, moist, stiff to hard from 2'-6', scattered carbonate matters. | @6' N75W/46NE. |
| 6-9' | Topanga Formation | Light brown, clayey SILTSTONE to SHALE. | @8' on shale N60W/48NE. |

Scale: H: _____ V: _____ Pit Orient.: N10E Natural Slope: Angle _____ T. D _____

Illustration



TEST PIT LOG 4

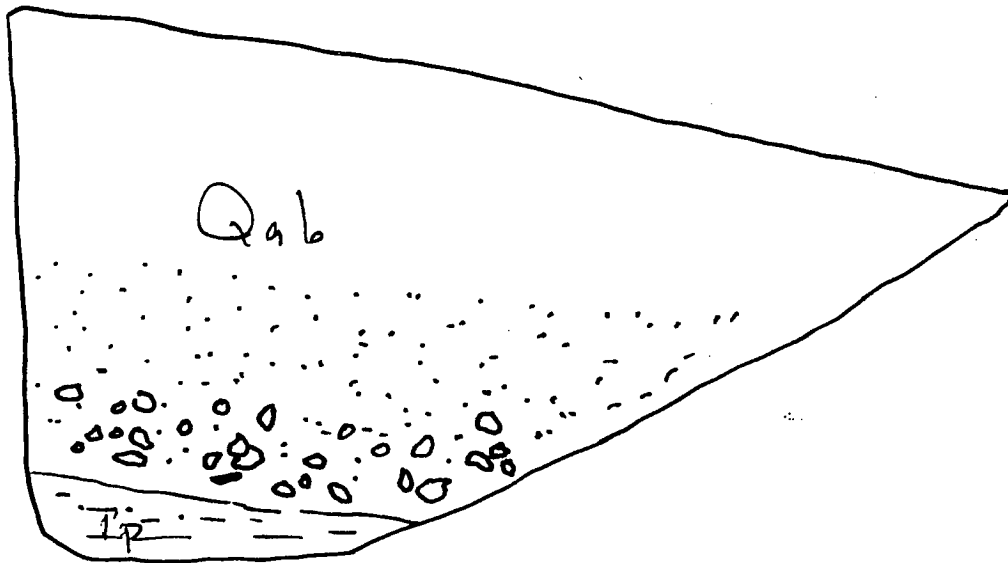
GEOSOILS CONSULTANTS, INC.

CLIENT: DAN SMITH ELEVATION: _____ WORK ORDER NO.: 5840
 ADDRESS: _____ LOGGED BY: LT DATE: 11-05

| Depth | Material Type | Material Description | Comments |
|--------|--------------------|---|---|
| 0-6' | Old Alluvium | Dark yellowish brown, sandy, silty CLAY (dense to moist, loose to medium dense), slightly to moderately porous. | TP-4@ 5 feet. Dry Density = 100.9pcf. Moisture = 23.9%. TP-@ 7 feet. Dry Density = 99.7 pcf. Moisture = 23.2%. |
| 6-9' | | Yellowish brown, clayey to silty fine SAND (moist, medium dense). Varies to silt, friable. | |
| 9-12' | Basal Old Alluvium | PEBBLES and COBBLES to 6" diameter in yellowish brown, clayey to silty SAND. Clasts are mostly basalt. | |
| 12-14' | Topanga Formation | Pale, olive brown to light brown clayey SILTSTONE, very fractured, bedding is not distinct here, very moist. | |

Scale: H: _____ V: _____ Pit Orient.: _____ Natural Slope: Angle _____ T. D _____

Illustration



TEST PIT LOG 5

GEOSOILS CONSULTANTS, INC.

CLIENT: DAN SMITH ELEVATION: _____ WORK ORDER NO.: 5840
 ADDRESS: _____ LOGGED BY: LT DATE: 11-05

| Depth | Material Type | Material Description | Comments |
|-------|-------------------|--|---------------------|
| 0-2' | Topsoil | Dark brown, sandy, silty CLAY, damp, loose. | @ 4' N50W, 58NE. |
| 2-5' | Topanga Formation | Pale olive brown SILTSTONE, weathered, calcium, carbonate coating fractures. | |

Scale: H: _____ V: _____ Pit Orient.: _____ Natural Slope: Angle _____ T. D _____

Illustration



TEST PIT LOG 6

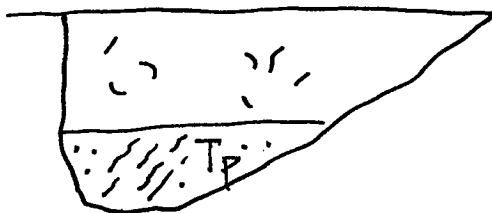
GEOSOILS CONSULTANTS, INC.

CLIENT: DAN SMITH ELEVATION: _____ WORK ORDER NO.: 5840
 ADDRESS: _____ LOGGED BY: LT DATE: 11-05

| Depth | Material Type | Material Description | Comments |
|-------|-------------------|---|-----------------|
| 0-3' | Topsoil | Dark brown, sandy, silty CLAY, (damp, loose upper 12" to moist, stiff), porous. | @4', N50W/62NE. |
| 3-5' | Topanga Formation | Pale beige, silty SANDSTONE with light olive brown SILTSTONE/SHALE. | |

Scale: H: _____ V: _____ Pit Orient.: _____ Natural Slope: Angle T. D

Illustration



TEST PIT LOG 7

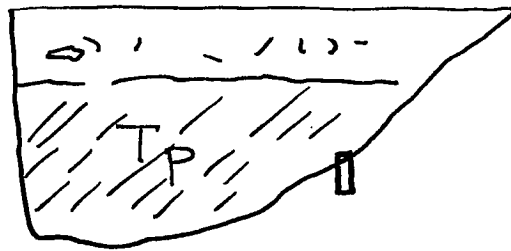
GEOSOILS CONSULTANTS, INC.

CLIENT: DAN SMITH ELEVATION: _____ WORK ORDER NO.: 5840
 ADDRESS: _____ LOGGED BY: LT DATE: 11-05

| Depth | Material Type | Material Description | Comments |
|-------|-------------------|--|---|
| 0-2' | Topsoil | Dark yellowish brown, silty CLAY, damp, loose, porous, dessication cracks, rootlets, rodent burrows. | @4', N55W/58NE. |
| 2-6' | Topanga Formation | Pale olive brown and rust laminated SHALE, very moist, medium fractured, few carbonate coatings, few buff siltstone intbeds. | @5', N45W/52NE. Drive Sample @4'. Bulk Sample @5. TP-7@ 4 feet. Dry Density = 91.2pcf. Moisture = 29.0%. |

Scale: H: _____ V: _____ Pit Orient.: _____ Natural Slope: Angle _____ T. D _____

Illustration



TEST PIT LOG 8

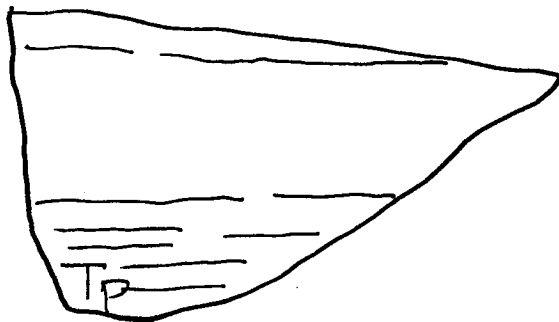
GEOSOILS CONSULTANTS, INC.

CLIENT: DAN SMITH ELEVATION: _____ WORK ORDER NO.: 5840
 ADDRESS: _____ LOGGED BY: LT DATE: 11-05

| Depth | Material Type | Material Description | Comments |
|-------|-------------------|---|-----------------|
| 0-1' | Fill | Brown, clayey, silty SAND (dense, loose). | @7', N65W/45NE. |
| 1-5' | Topsoil | Dark brown, slightly sandy, silty CLAY, moist, very stiff to hard, not visibly porous, scattered carbonate veinlets 4-5'. | Bulk @3'. |
| 5-8' | Topanga Formation | Olive and brown SHALE, moist, fresh, dense. Few buff siltstone thin intbeds. | |

Scale: H: _____ V: _____ Pit Orient.: _____ Natural Slope: Angle _____ T. D _____

Illustration



TEST PIT LOG 9

GEOSOILS CONSULTANTS, INC.

CLIENT: DAN SMITH

ELEVATION: _____

WORK ORDER NO.: 5840

ADDRESS: _____

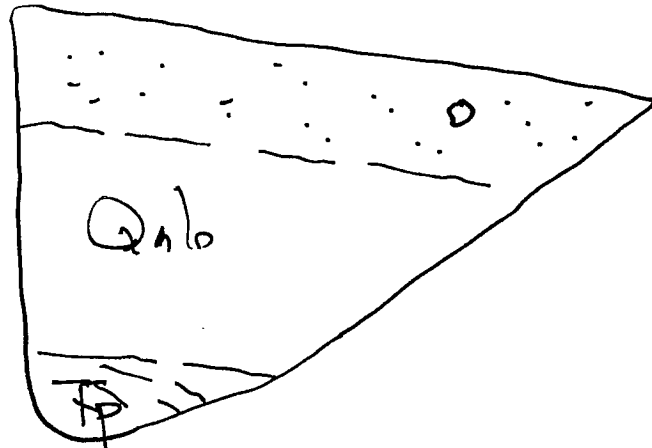
LOGGED BY: LT

DATE: 11-05

| Depth | Material Type | Material Description | Comments |
|-------|-------------------|--|--|
| 0-3' | Topsoil | Dark, yellowish brown, clayey SILT and fine SAND, damp, loose, very porous, abundant rootlets. | Drive Sample @4'. |
| 3-9' | Old Alluvium | Dark brown, sandy, silty CLAY, moist, very stiff to hard, few carbonate veinlets @5' to 6', not visibly porous, dense. | Drive Sample @6'. TP-9@ 4 feet. Dry Density = 104.8pcf. Moisture = 22.5%. |
| 9-11' | Topanga Formation | Pale olive brown and rust SILTSTONE to SHALE, laminated, poorly fissile, bedding dips to northeast. | TP-9@ 6 feet. Dry Density = 104.3pcf. Moisture = 22.9%. |

Scale: H: _____ V: _____ Pit Orient.: _____ Natural Slope: Angle _____ T. D _____

Illustration



TEST PIT LOG 10

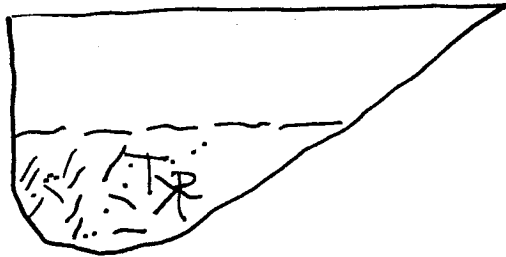
GEOSOILS CONSULTANTS, INC.

CLIENT: DAN SMITH ELEVATION: _____ WORK ORDER NO.: 5840
 ADDRESS: _____ LOGGED BY: LT DATE: 11-05

| Depth | Material Type | Material Description | Comments |
|-------|-------------------|--|--|
| 0-3' | Topsoil | Dark brown, sandy, silty CLAY (damp, soft and porous to stiff), rodent burrows, roots, some desiccation cracks/shears. | @5', N50W/65NE. |
| 3-6' | Topanga Formation | Olive brown and rust, laminated SHALE, calcified and punky, very fractured and weathered, few rootlets. | Drive Sample @ 5'. TP-10@ 5 feet. Dry Density = 107.2pcf. Moisture = 19.0%. |

Scale: H: _____ V: _____ Pit Orient.: _____ Natural Slope: Angle _____ T. D _____

Illustration



December 16, 2005
W.O. 5840

APPENDIX B

LABORATORY TESTING PROCEDURES AND RESULTS

APPENDIX B

LABORATORY TESTING PROCEDURES AND RESULTS

Moisture-Density

The field moisture content and dry unit weights were determined for each undisturbed ring sample obtained from our subsurface exploration. Once the dry unit weights had been determined, in-place densities of underlying soil profile were estimated. In those cases where ring samples were obtained, the moisture content and dry unit weights are presented on the Test Pit (Plates TP-1 through TP-10).

Compaction Tests

Four compaction tests were performed to determine the moisture density relationship of the typical native soils encountered on the site. The laboratory standard used was in accordance with ASTM Test Designation D-1557-00. A summary of the compaction test results is shown in Table B-1 below.

| Trench No. and Sample Depth | Description | Maximum Dry Density (pcf) | Optimum Moisture (%) |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| TP-1 @ 3' | Dark brown, clayey, sandy SILT. | 109.5 | 18.0 |
| TP-2 @ 4' | Orange-brown, clayey SILT. | 102.5 | 24.5 |
| TP-7 @ 5' | Medium brown SILTSTONE. | 96.0 | 28.0 |
| TP-8 @ 3' | Dark brown, slightly sandy CLAY. | 106.5 | 21.0 |

Consolidation Tests

Six consolidation tests were performed on selected ring samples. The samples were inundated at an approximate load of one ton per square foot to monitor the hydroconsolidation. Loads were applied to the samples in several increments in geometric progression and resulting deformations were recorded at selected time intervals. Results of the consolidation tests are presented on Plates C-1 through C-6.

Appendix B

Expansion Index Tests

To determine the expansion potential of the on-site native soils, an expansion index test was conducted in accordance with the 1997 Uniform Building Code Standard 18-2. The test results indicate an expansion index of 55 to 151 (within the medium to very high expansion index range). The final foundation design for the proposed structures should be based on the expansion potential of surficial site soils at the completion of grading, which will require additional testing at that time.

Sulphate Test

No sulphate testing was performed. This will be performed at completion of grading.

Direct Shear Tests

A shear test was performed in a strain-control type Direct Shear Machine. The samples were sheared under varying confining loads in order to determine the Coulomb shear strength parameters: cohesion (c), and angle of internal friction (ϕ) for peak and residual strength conditions. The sample was tested in an artificially saturated condition. The results are plotted and a linear approximation is drawn of the failure curve. Results are shown on the Shear Test Diagram included within this appendix, as Plates SH-1 through SH-4.

Plates SH-1 and SH-2 represent represent tests upon undisturbed natural samples. Plates SH-3 and SH-4 represent shear tests upon remolded samples.

LABORATORY RESULTS

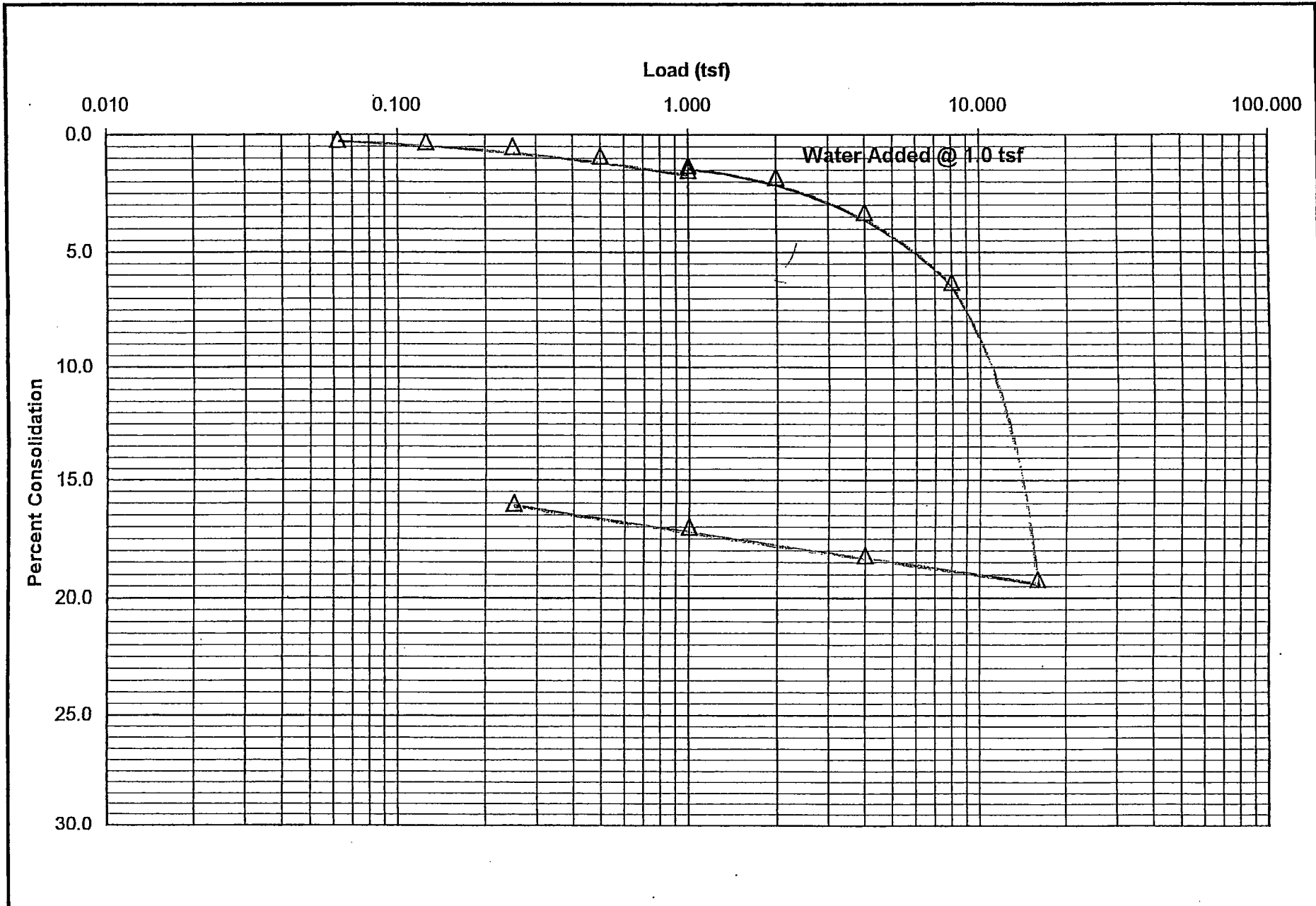
GeoSoils Consultants, Inc.

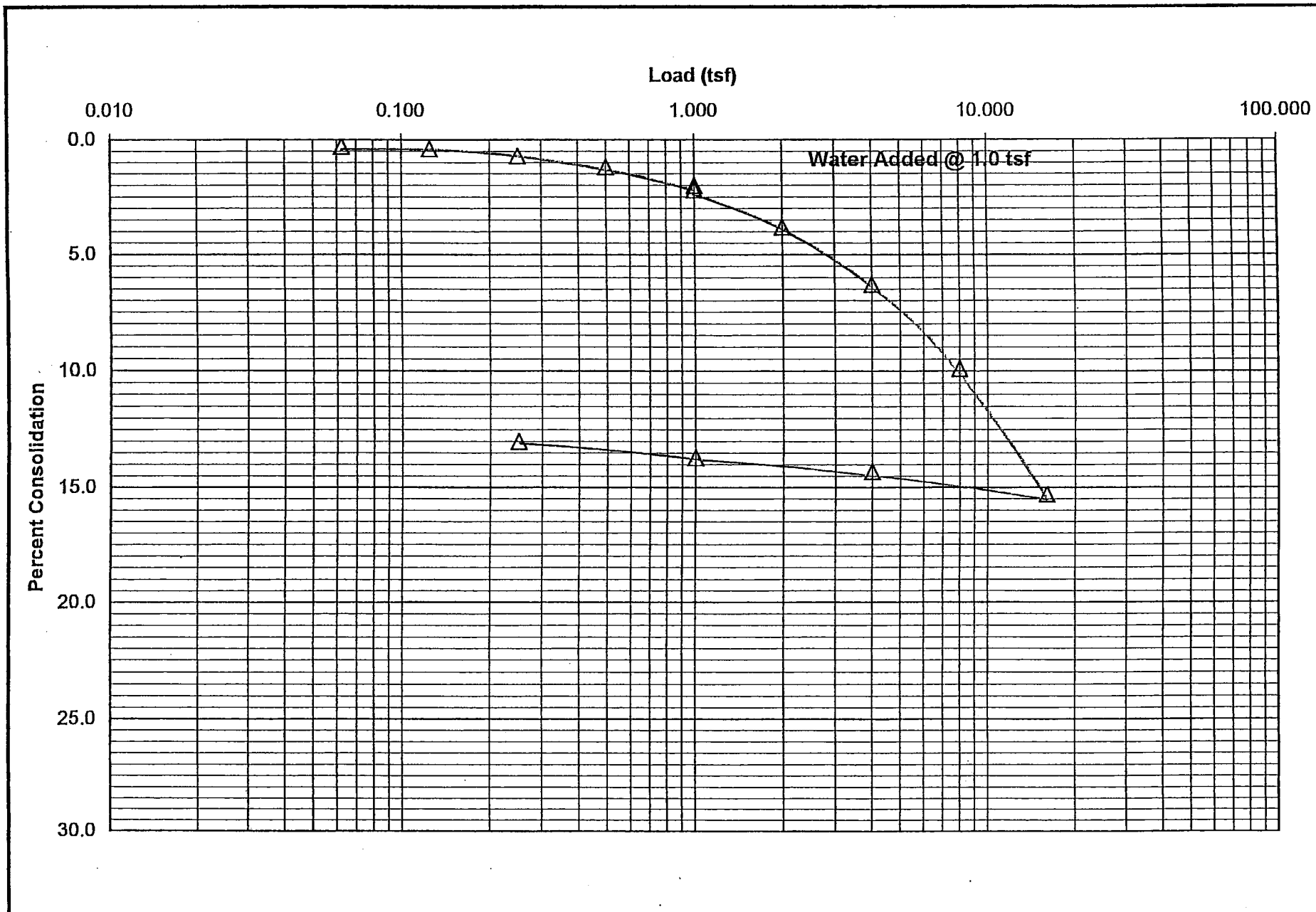
Geotechnical Engineering * Engineering Geology

Moisture(%)
Before: 22.9 After: 23.8

Sample(in.)
Height: 1.00 Diameter: 2.36

Date of Test: 12/05





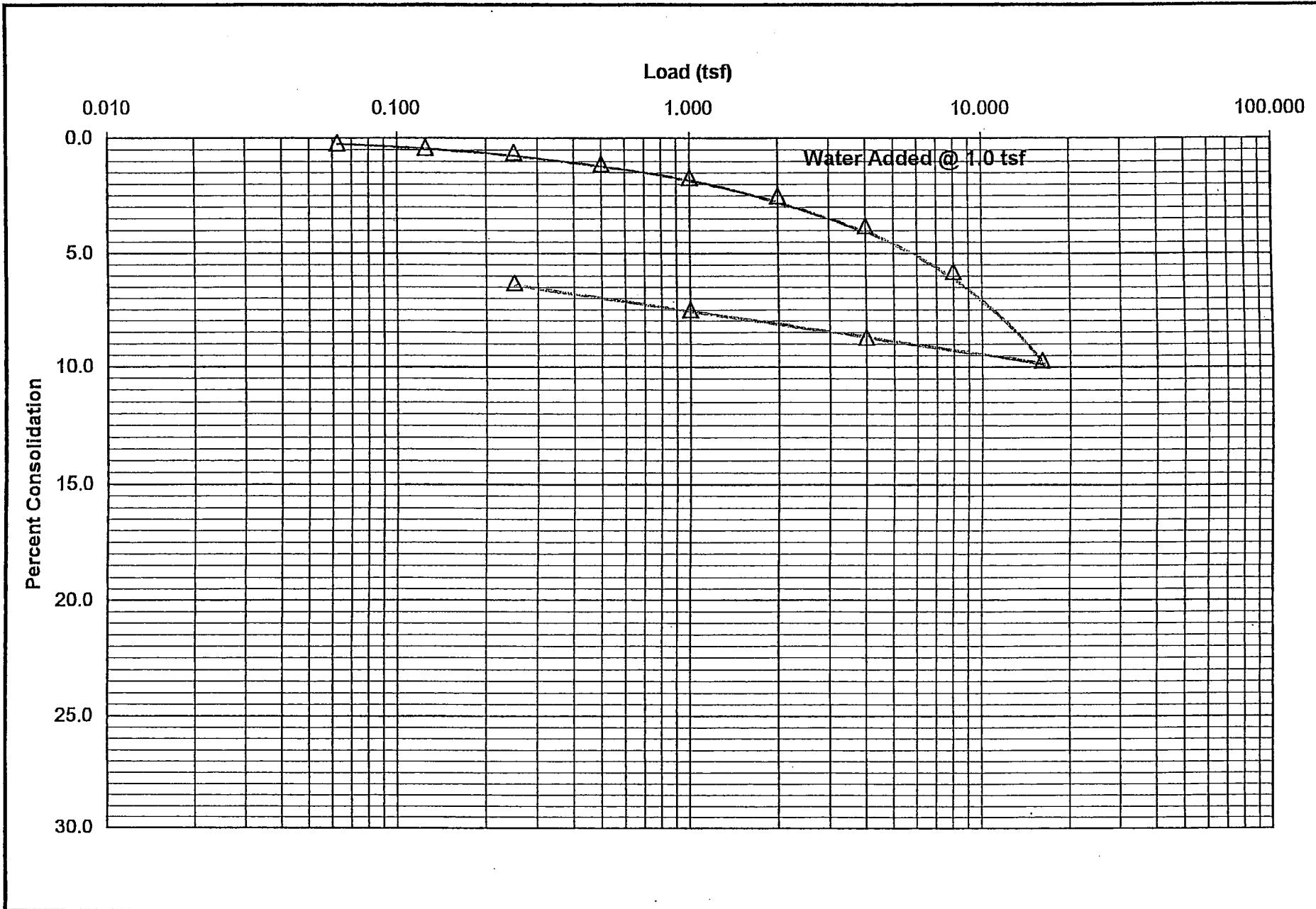
GeoSoils Consultants, Inc.

Geotechnical Engineering * Engineering Geology

Date of Test: 12/05

moisture (%)
Before: 21.2 After: 24.0

Sample(in.)
Height: 1.00 Diameter: 2.36



P-2 @ 8.0'

Orange-brown, slightly sandy, sandy, silty CLAY.

Consolidation Diagram

C5840.3

Plate C-3

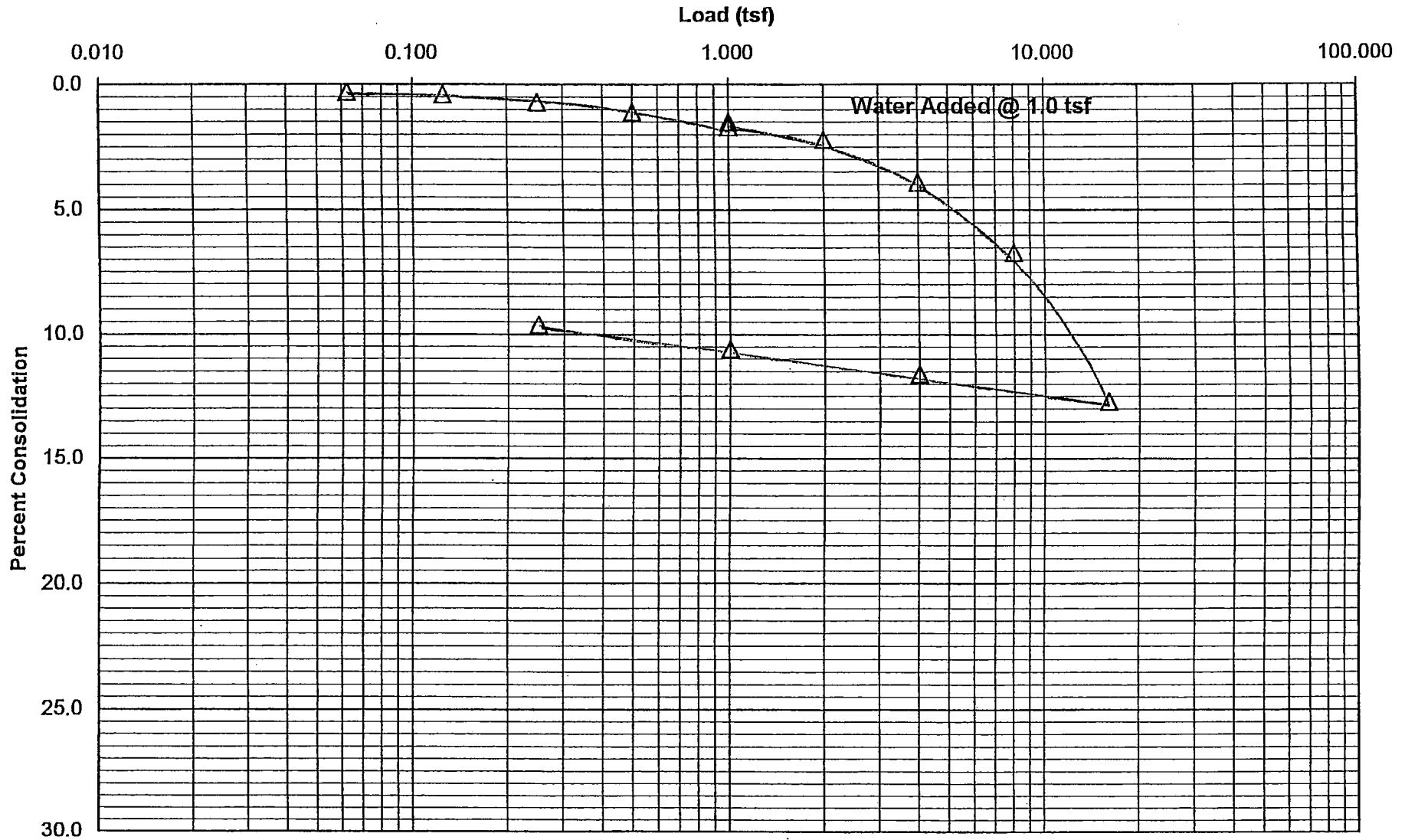
GeoSoils Consultants, Inc.

Geotechnical Engineering * Engineering Geology

Moisture(%)
Before: 23.9 After: 24.7

Date of Test: 12/05

Sample(in.)
Height: 1.00 Diameter: 2.36



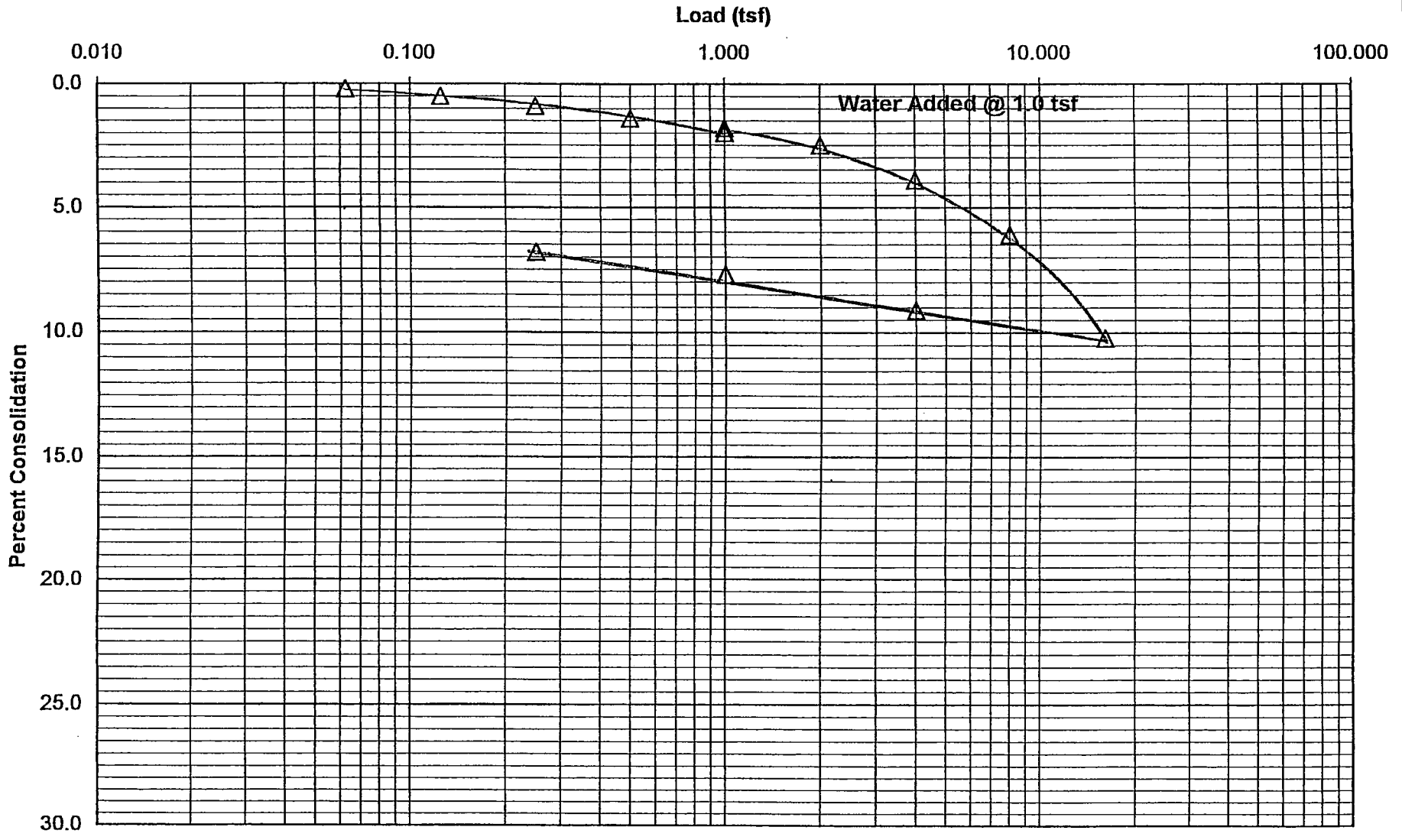
GeoSoils Consultants, Inc.

Geotechnical Engineering * Engineering Geology

Date of Test: 12/05

Moisture(%)
Before: 23.2 After: 25.8

Sample(in.)
Height: 1.00 Diameter: 2.36



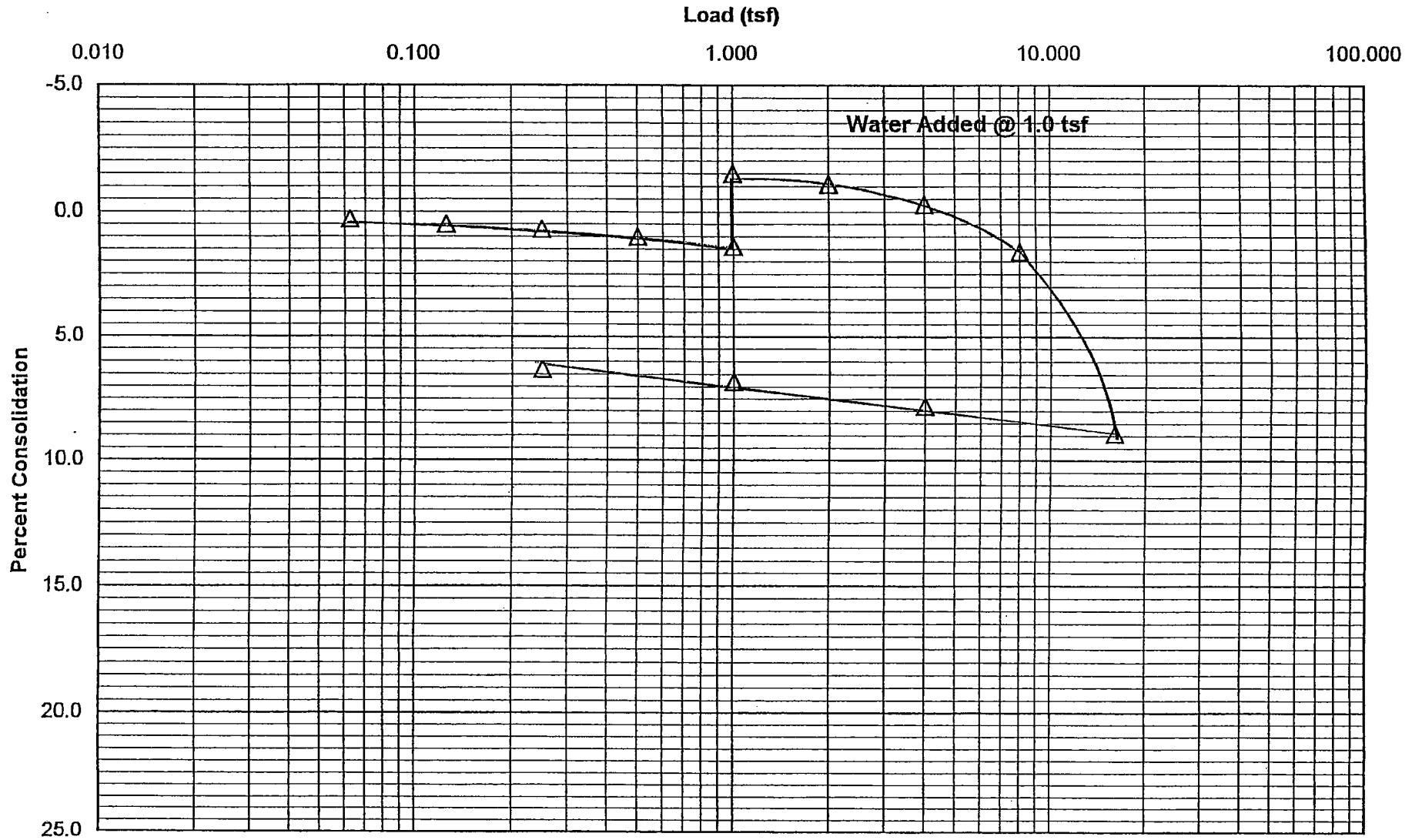
GeoSoils Consultants, Inc.

Geotechnical Engineering * Engineering Geology

Moisture(%)
Before: 22.9 After: 24.5

Date of Test: 12/05

Sample(in.)
Height: 1.00 Diameter: 2.36



GeoSoils Consultants, Inc.

Geotechnical Engineering * Engineering Geology

Date of Test: 12/05

Sample: P-7 @ 4.0'

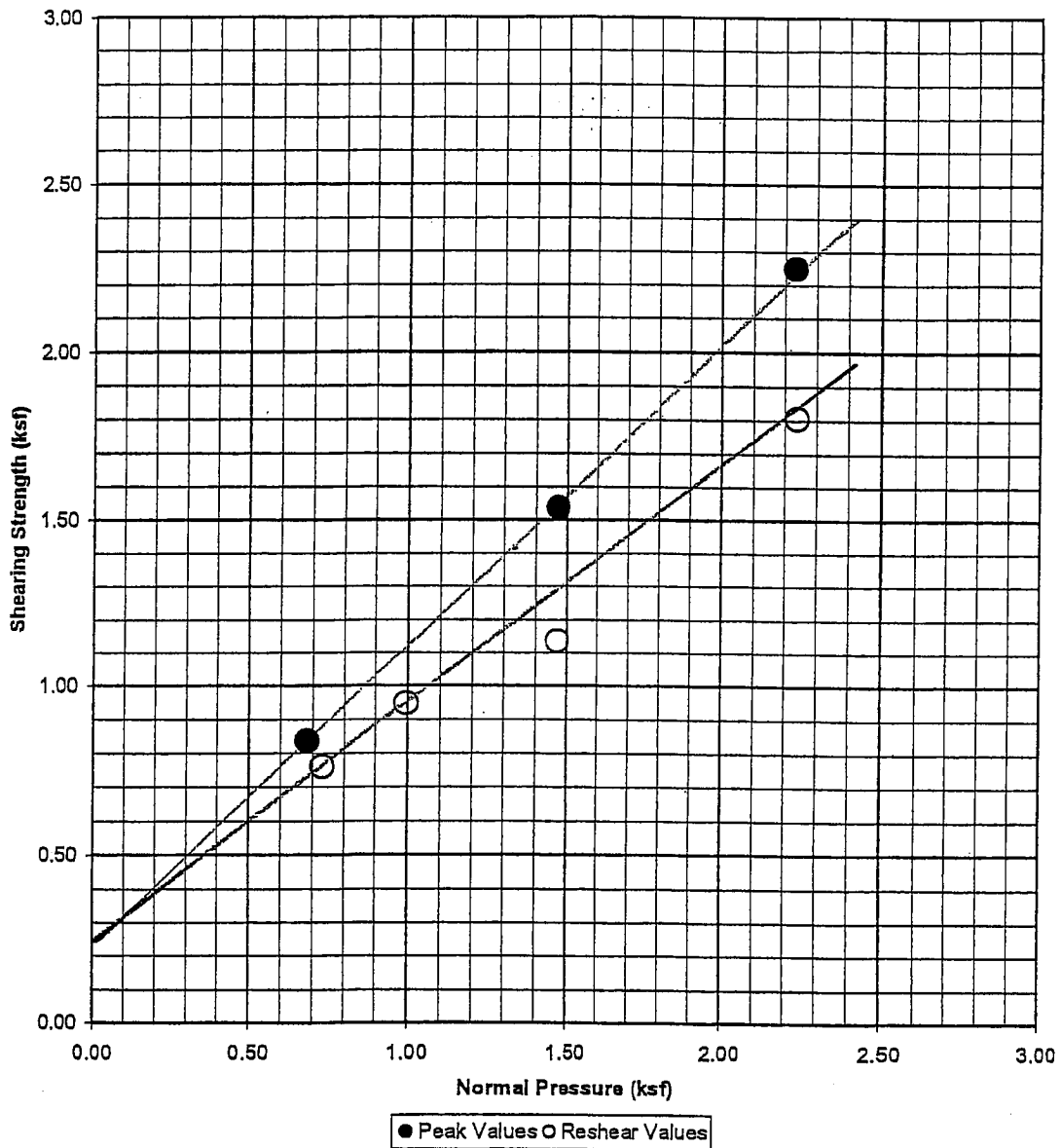
Shear Test Diagram

Peak

C(psf): 250 Phi (degrees): 43.0

Reshear

C(psf): 250 Phi (degrees): 37.0



Undisturbed Natural Shear-Saturated

Brown CLAYSTONE.

30.2% Saturated Moisture Content

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PLATE SH-2

GeoSoils Consultants, Inc.

Date of Test: 12/05

Geotechnical Engineering * Engineering Geology

Sample: P-10 @ 5.0'

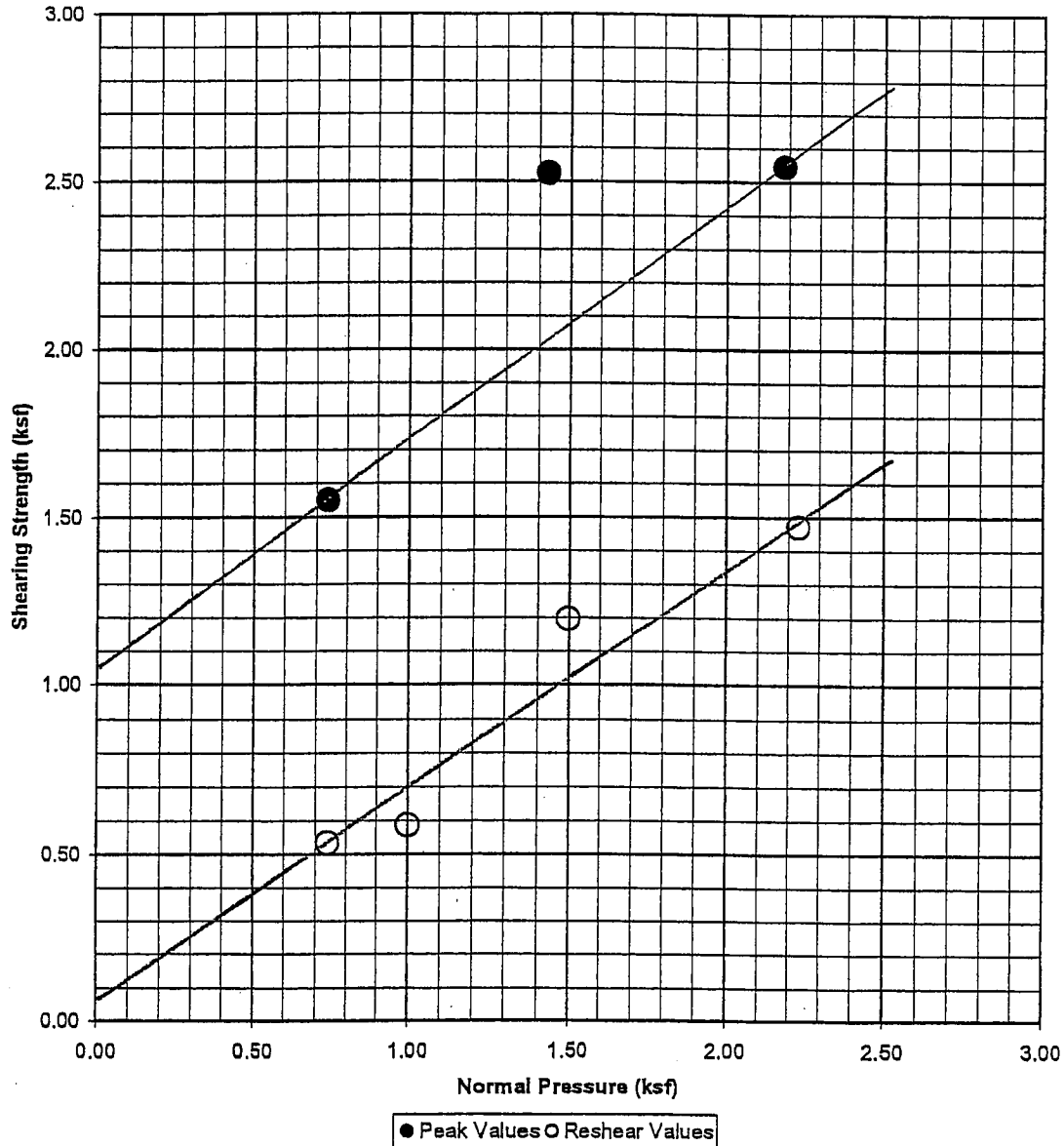
Shear Test Diagram

Peak

C(psf): 1050 Phi (degrees): 36.0

Reshear

C(psf): 70 Phi (degrees): 34.0



Undisturbed Natural Shear-Saturated

Brown, slightly sandy, clayey SILTSTONE.

27.2% Saturated Moisture Content

Dan Smith
W.O.: 5840

GeoSoils Consultants, Inc.

PLATE SH-3

Date of Test: 12/05

Geotechnical Engineering * Engineering Geology

Sample: P-2@ 4.0'

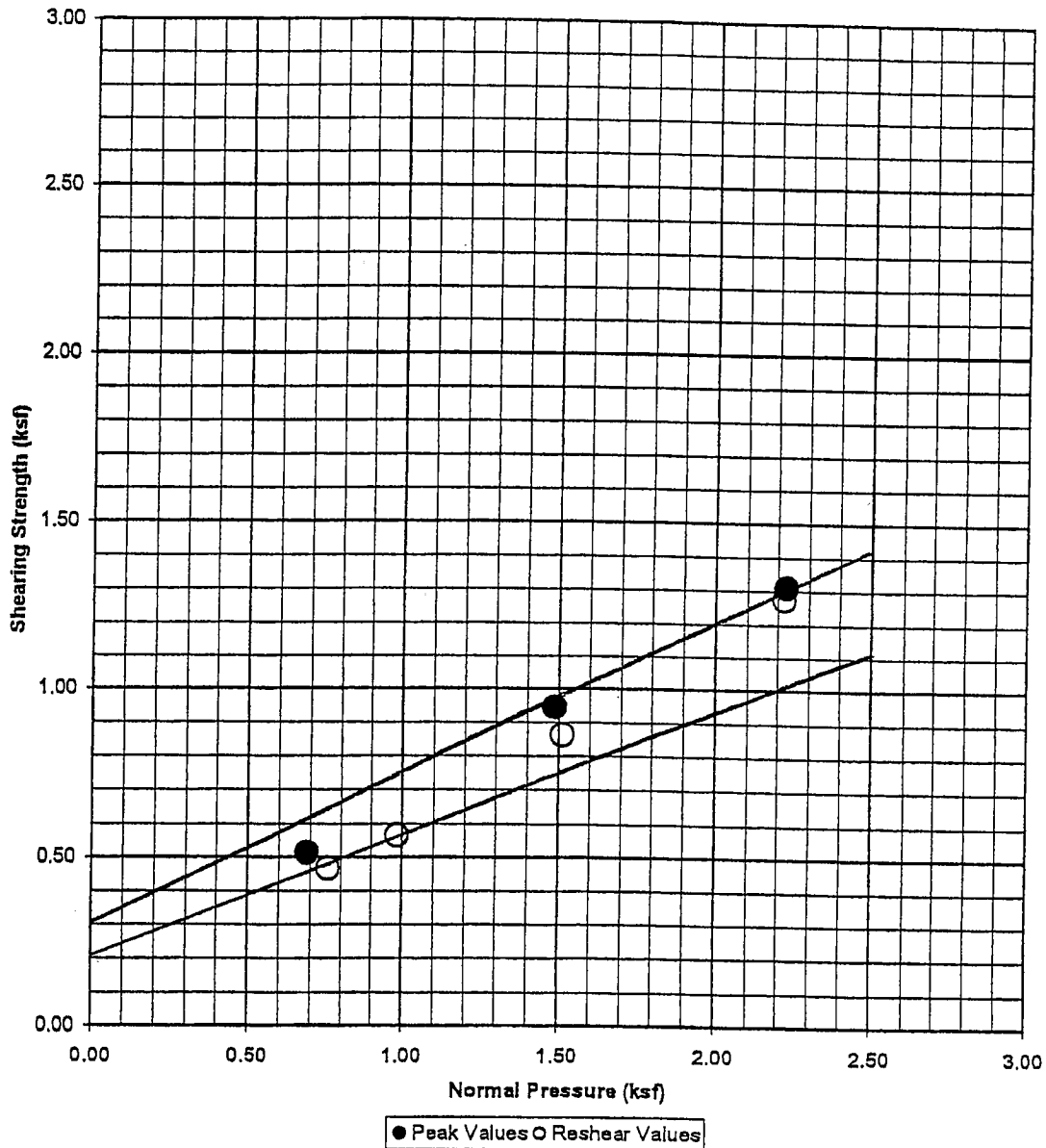
Shear Test Diagram

Peak

C(psf): 300 Phi (degrees): 25.5

Reshear

C(psf): 200 Phi (degrees): 21.0



Sample Remolded to 90% Relative Density, Saturated.
Remolded Dry Density = 92.3 PCF

Orange-brown, clayey SILT.

MAX: 102.5 PCF: 24.5%

33.7% Saturated Moisture Content

Dan Smith
W.O.: 5840

Date of Test: 12/05

Sample: P-7 @ 5.0'

GeoSoils Consultants, Inc.

PLATE SH-4

Geotechnical Engineering * Engineering Geology

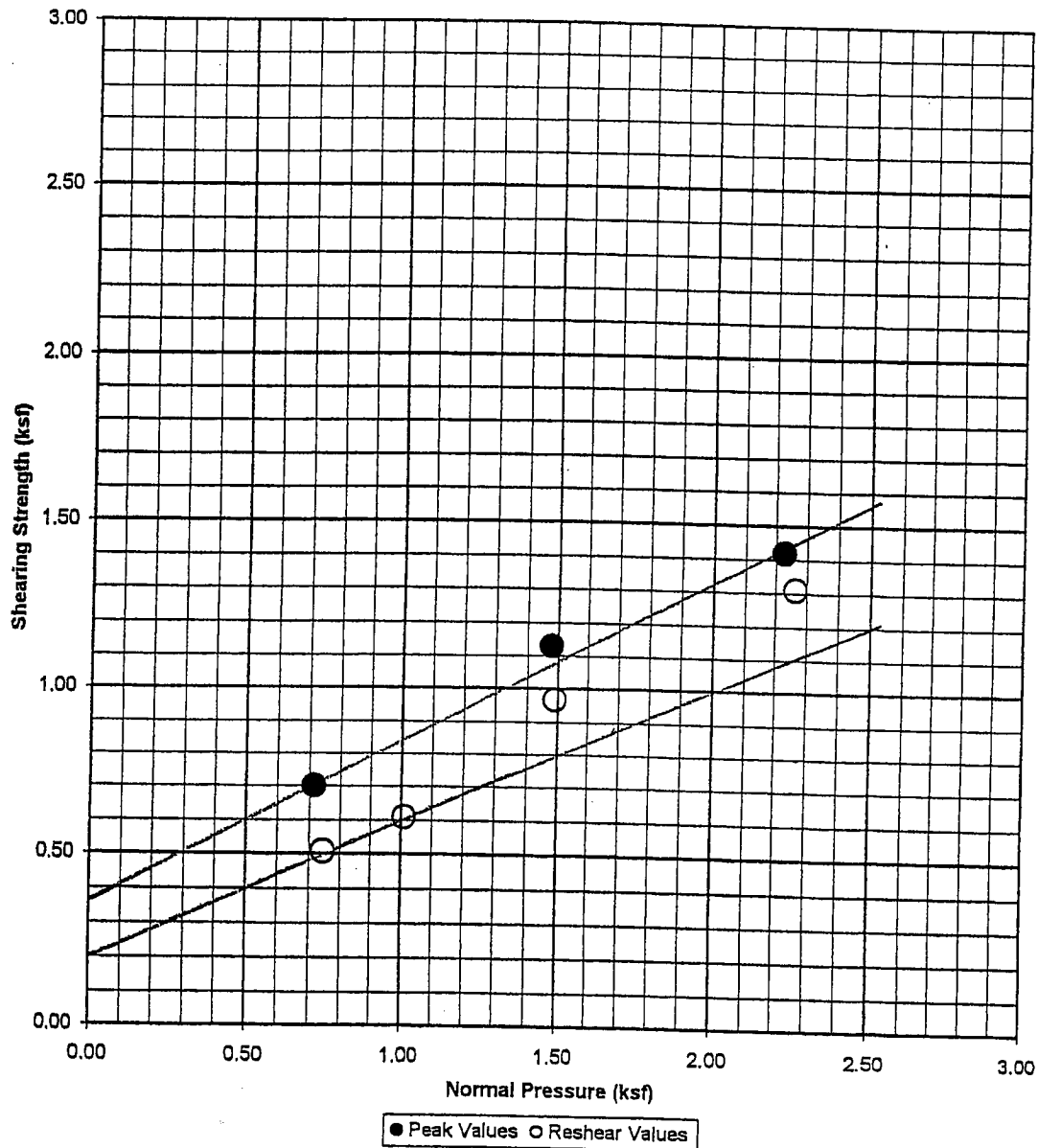
Shear Test Diagram

Peak

C(psf): 370 Phi (degrees): 27.0

Reshear

C(psf): 200 Phi (degrees): 23.0



Sample Remolded to 90% Relative Density, Saturated.
Remolded Dry Density = 86.4 PCF

Medium-brown, clayey SILT.

MAX: 96.0 PCF: 28.0%

38.5% Saturated Moisture Content

SR40 4

December 16, 2005
W.O. 5840

APPENDIX C
SEISMIC ANALYSIS

APPENDIX C
SEISMIC ANALYSIS

EQSEARCH PROGRAM

EQSEARCH is a computer program written in Summit Software's BetterBASIC. EQSEARCH effectively performs searches of a historical-earthquake catalog using an abbreviated (Magnitude 4.0 and greater, and latitude ranging from 30.0 to 36.5 degrees) and supplemented from the California Division of Mines and Geology computerized earthquake catalog for the State of California. Search parameters (i.e., geographic limits, limiting dates, and limiting magnitudes) are specified and one of 14 available acceleration-attenuation relations is selected by the user. The selected attenuation-relation is used to estimate the peak horizontal ground acceleration that may have occurred at the specified site based on each earthquakes found in the specified search area. Site-specific peak horizontal acceleration probability of exceedance is also estimated from the historical search. For each historical earthquake in the search area, EQSEARCH prints latitude, longitude, date, depth, Richter magnitude, computed site-acceleration, computed site Modified Mercalli Intensity, and the approximate earthquake to site distance in both miles and kilometers. Data files needed to generate an epicenter map and a seismic recurrence curve are also created by EQSEARCH. To obtain the epicenter map and recurrence curve from the data files, the GRAPHER program (by Golden Software, Inc., is needed.

*
* E Q S E A R C H *
*
* Version 3.00 *
*

ESTIMATION OF
PEAK ACCELERATION FROM
CALIFORNIA EARTHQUAKE CATALOGS

JOB NUMBER: 5840

DATE: 12-15-2005

JOB NAME: Historical Seismic Hazard Analysis for the Smith Project

EARTHQUAKE-CATALOG-FILE NAME: ALLQUAKE.DAT

MAGNITUDE RANGE:

MINIMUM MAGNITUDE: 5.00
MAXIMUM MAGNITUDE: 9.00

SITE COORDINATES:

SITE LATITUDE: 34.1407
SITE LONGITUDE: 118.7386

SEARCH DATES:

START DATE: 1850
END DATE: 2005

SEARCH RADIUS:

100.0 mi
160.9 km

ATTENUATION RELATION: 25) Campbell & Bozorgnia (1997 Rev.) - Soft Rock
UNCERTAINTY (M=Median, S=Sigma): S Number of Sigmas: 1.0
ASSUMED SOURCE TYPE: DS [SS=Strike-slip, DS=Reverse-slip, BT=Blind-thrust]
SCOND: 0 Depth Source: A
Basement Depth: 5.00 km Campbell SSR: 1 Campbell SHR: 0
COMPUTE PEAK HORIZONTAL ACCELERATION

MINIMUM DEPTH VALUE (km): 3.0

EARTHQUAKE SEARCH RESULTS

Page 1

| FILE CODE | LAT. NORTH | LONG. WEST | DATE | TIME (UTC) | | DEPTH (km) | QUAKE MAG. | SITE ACC. g | SITE MM INT. | APPROX. DISTANCE mi [km] |
|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------|------------|------------|-------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | H | M Sec | | | | | |
| GSP | 34.2130 | 118.5370 | 01/17/1994 | 12 | 3055.4 | 18.0 | 6.70 | 0.308 | IX | 12.5 (20.2) |
| GSP | 34.3260 | 118.6980 | 01/17/1994 | 23 | 3330.7 | 9.0 | 5.60 | 0.149 | VIII | 13.0 (20.9) |
| DMG | 34.3000 | 118.6000 | 04/04/1893 | 19 | 40.0 | 0.0 | 6.00 | 0.187 | VIII | 13.5 (21.8) |
| PAS | 33.9440 | 118.6810 | 01/01/1979 | 23 | 1438.9 | 11.3 | 5.00 | 0.085 | VII | 14.0 (22.5) |
| DMG | 33.9500 | 118.6320 | 08/31/1930 | 04 | 036.0 | 0.0 | 5.20 | 0.095 | VII | 14.5 (23.3) |
| GSP | 34.3050 | 118.5790 | 01/29/1994 | 11 | 2036.0 | 1.0 | 5.10 | 0.087 | VII | 14.5 (23.4) |
| GSB | 34.3010 | 118.5650 | 01/17/1994 | 20 | 4602.4 | 9.0 | 5.20 | 0.092 | VII | 14.9 (23.9) |
| GSP | 34.3690 | 118.6720 | 04/26/1997 | 10 | 3730.7 | 16.0 | 5.10 | 0.074 | VII | 16.2 (26.1) |
| GSP | 34.2310 | 118.4750 | 03/20/1994 | 21 | 2012.3 | 13.0 | 5.30 | 0.087 | VII | 16.3 (26.2) |
| GSP | 34.3770 | 118.6980 | 01/18/1994 | 00 | 4308.9 | 11.0 | 5.20 | 0.079 | VII | 16.5 (26.5) |
| GSB | 34.3790 | 118.7110 | 01/19/1994 | 21 | 0928.6 | 14.0 | 5.50 | 0.100 | VII | 16.5 (26.6) |
| PAS | 33.9190 | 118.6270 | 01/19/1989 | 05 | 328.8 | 11.9 | 5.00 | 0.066 | VI | 16.6 (26.7) |
| MGI | 34.0000 | 118.5000 | 11/19/1918 | 20 | 18.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.065 | VI | 16.7 (26.9) |
| DMG | 34.0000 | 118.5000 | 08/04/1927 | 12 | 24.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.065 | VI | 16.7 (26.9) |
| DMG | 34.0650 | 119.0350 | 02/21/1973 | 14 | 4557.3 | 8.0 | 5.90 | 0.124 | VII | 17.7 (28.5) |
| GSP | 34.3780 | 118.6180 | 01/19/1994 | 21 | 1144.9 | 11.0 | 5.10 | 0.065 | VI | 17.8 (28.6) |
| MGI | 34.0000 | 119.0000 | 12/14/1912 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.70 | 0.106 | VII | 17.8 (28.7) |
| GSP | 34.3940 | 118.6690 | 06/26/1995 | 08 | 4028.9 | 13.0 | 5.00 | 0.059 | VI | 17.9 (28.9) |
| DMG | 34.3080 | 118.4540 | 02/09/1971 | 14 | 4346.7 | 6.2 | 5.20 | 0.059 | VI | 19.9 (32.1) |
| DMG | 34.4110 | 118.4010 | 02/09/1971 | 14 | 041.8 | 8.4 | 6.40 | 0.098 | VII | 26.8 (43.2) |
| DMG | 34.4110 | 118.4010 | 02/09/1971 | 14 | 1028.0 | 8.0 | 5.30 | 0.041 | V | 26.8 (43.2) |
| DMG | 34.4110 | 118.4010 | 02/09/1971 | 14 | 244.0 | 8.0 | 5.80 | 0.061 | VI | 26.8 (43.2) |
| DMG | 34.4110 | 118.4010 | 02/09/1971 | 14 | 1 8.0 | 8.0 | 5.80 | 0.061 | VI | 26.8 (43.2) |
| MGI | 34.0000 | 118.3000 | 09/03/1905 | 05 | 40.0 | 0.0 | 5.30 | 0.040 | V | 26.9 (43.3) |
| MGI | 34.0800 | 118.2600 | 07/16/1920 | 18 | 8 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.030 | V | 27.7 (44.5) |
| T-A | 34.0000 | 118.2500 | 03/26/1860 | 0 | 0 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.027 | V | 29.6 (47.6) |
| T-A | 34.0000 | 118.2500 | 01/10/1856 | 0 | 0 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.027 | V | 29.6 (47.6) |
| DMG | 33.8500 | 118.2670 | 03/11/1933 | 14 | 25.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.022 | IV | 33.6 (54.1) |
| MGI | 34.1000 | 118.1000 | 07/11/1855 | 4 | 15.0 | 0.0 | 6.30 | 0.056 | VI | 36.6 (58.9) |
| PAS | 34.0730 | 118.0980 | 10/04/1987 | 10 | 5938.2 | 8.2 | 5.30 | 0.025 | V | 36.9 (59.4) |
| DMG | 33.7830 | 118.2500 | 11/14/1941 | 04 | 136.3 | 0.0 | 5.40 | 0.026 | V | 37.3 (60.1) |
| DMG | 34.1000 | 119.4000 | 05/19/1893 | 03 | 5.0 | 0.0 | 5.50 | 0.028 | V | 37.9 (61.0) |
| PAS | 34.0610 | 118.0790 | 10/01/1987 | 14 | 4220.0 | 9.5 | 5.90 | 0.038 | V | 38.1 (61.3) |
| PAS | 33.6710 | 119.1110 | 09/04/1981 | 15 | 5050.3 | 5.0 | 5.30 | 0.023 | IV | 38.8 (62.5) |
| DMG | 34.5190 | 118.1980 | 08/23/1952 | 10 | 9 7.1 | 13.1 | 5.00 | 0.017 | IV | 40.4 (65.0) |
| DMG | 34.7000 | 119.0000 | 10/23/1916 | 25 | 4.0 | 0.0 | 5.50 | 0.024 | V | 41.4 (66.6) |
| DMG | 33.7830 | 118.1330 | 10/02/1933 | 09 | 1017.6 | 0.0 | 5.40 | 0.021 | IV | 42.6 (68.5) |
| GSP | 34.2620 | 118.0020 | 06/28/1991 | 14 | 4354.5 | 11.0 | 5.40 | 0.021 | IV | 42.9 (69.0) |
| MGI | 34.0000 | 118.0000 | 12/25/1903 | 17 | 45.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.015 | IV | 43.3 (69.7) |
| DMG | 33.9860 | 119.4750 | 08/06/1973 | 23 | 2917.0 | 16.9 | 5.00 | 0.015 | IV | 43.4 (69.9) |
| DMG | 34.0000 | 119.5000 | 02/18/1926 | 18 | 18.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.014 | IV | 44.6 (71.8) |
| DMG | 33.7500 | 118.0830 | 03/11/1933 | 2 | 30.0 | 0.0 | 5.10 | 0.015 | IV | 46.2 (74.4) |
| DMG | 33.7500 | 118.0830 | 03/11/1933 | 3 | 23.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.013 | III | 46.2 (74.4) |
| DMG | 33.7500 | 118.0830 | 03/11/1933 | 09 | 10.0 | 0.0 | 5.10 | 0.015 | IV | 46.2 (74.4) |
| DMG | 33.7500 | 118.0830 | 03/11/1933 | 2 | 9 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.013 | III | 46.2 (74.4) |
| DMG | 33.7500 | 118.0830 | 03/13/1933 | 13 | 1828.0 | 0.0 | 5.30 | 0.017 | IV | 46.2 (74.4) |
| T-A | 34.8300 | 118.7500 | 11/27/1852 | 0 | 0 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.00 | 0.064 | VI | 47.6 (76.6) |
| DMG | 34.2000 | 117.9000 | 08/28/1889 | 2 | 15.0 | 0.0 | 5.50 | 0.019 | IV | 48.1 (77.4) |
| DMG | 33.7000 | 118.0670 | 03/11/1933 | 5 | 1022.0 | 0.0 | 5.10 | 0.013 | III | 49.1 (78.9) |
| DMG | 33.7000 | 118.0670 | 03/11/1933 | 05 | 457.0 | 0.0 | 5.10 | 0.013 | III | 49.1 (78.9) |
| DMG | 34.8000 | 119.1000 | 09/05/1883 | 12 | 30.0 | 0.0 | 6.00 | 0.027 | V | 49.9 (80.4) |
| DMG | 34.5000 | 119.5000 | 06/29/1926 | 23 | 21.0 | 0.0 | 5.50 | 0.018 | IV | 50.0 (80.5) |
| DMG | 34.5000 | 119.5000 | 08/05/1930 | 11 | 25.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.012 | III | 50.0 (80.5) |

EARTHQUAKE SEARCH RESULTS

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| FILE CODE | LAT. NORTH | LONG. WEST | DATE | TIME | DEPTH | QUAKE MAG. | SITE ACC. G | SITE MM INT. | APPROX. DISTANCE | |
|--------------|---------------|---------------|------------|------------------|-------|---------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------|
| | | | | (UTC) H M Sec | | | | | (km) | mi |
| DMG | 33.6830 | 118.0500 | 03/11/1933 | 658 3.0 | 0.0 | 5.50 | 0.018 | IV | 50.5 | (81.3) |
| DMG | 34.3670 | 119.5830 | 07/01/1941 | 75054.8 | 0.0 | 5.90 | 0.024 | V | 50.7 | (81.5) |
| DMG | 34.8670 | 118.9330 | 09/21/1941 | 1953 7.2 | 0.0 | 5.20 | 0.013 | III | 51.3 | (82.6) |
| DMG | 34.9000 | 118.9000 | 10/23/1916 | 244 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.00 | 0.024 | V | 53.2 | (85.6) |
| DMG | 34.9000 | 118.9500 | 08/01/1952 | 13 430.0 | 0.0 | 5.10 | 0.011 | III | 53.8 | (86.6) |
| T-A | 34.9200 | 118.9200 | 05/23/1857 | 0 0 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.010 | III | 54.8 | (88.2) |
| T-A | 34.9200 | 118.9200 | 01/20/1857 | 0 0 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.010 | III | 54.8 | (88.2) |
| DMG | 33.6170 | 118.0170 | 03/14/1933 | 19 150.0 | 0.0 | 5.10 | 0.011 | III | 54.9 | (88.4) |
| DMG | 34.1180 | 119.7020 | 07/05/1968 | 04517.2 | 5.9 | 5.20 | 0.012 | III | 55.1 | (88.6) |
| PAS | 34.9430 | 118.7430 | 06/10/1988 | 23 643.0 | 6.8 | 5.40 | 0.014 | IV | 55.4 | (89.1) |
| DMG | 34.9320 | 118.9760 | 03/01/1963 | 02557.9 | 13.9 | 5.00 | 0.010 | III | 56.3 | (90.6) |
| DMG | 34.9500 | 118.8670 | 07/21/1952 | 121936.0 | 0.0 | 5.30 | 0.013 | III | 56.3 | (90.7) |
| PAS | 34.3470 | 119.6960 | 08/13/1978 | 225453.4 | 12.8 | 5.10 | 0.011 | III | 56.5 | (90.9) |
| DMG | 34.9410 | 118.9870 | 11/15/1961 | 53855.5 | 10.7 | 5.00 | 0.010 | III | 57.0 | (91.8) |
| DMG | 33.6170 | 117.9670 | 03/11/1933 | 154 7.8 | 0.0 | 6.30 | 0.027 | V | 57.1 | (91.9) |
| DMG | 33.5750 | 117.9830 | 03/11/1933 | 518 4.0 | 0.0 | 5.20 | 0.011 | III | 58.3 | (93.9) |
| T-A | 34.5000 | 119.6700 | 06/01/1893 | 12 0 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.009 | III | 58.6 | (94.3) |
| GSP | 34.1400 | 117.7000 | 02/28/1990 | 234336.6 | 5.0 | 5.20 | 0.011 | III | 59.3 | (95.5) |
| DMG | 35.0000 | 118.8330 | 07/23/1952 | 181351.0 | 0.0 | 5.20 | 0.011 | III | 59.6 | (95.9) |
| DMG | 35.0000 | 118.8330 | 07/23/1952 | 75319.0 | 0.0 | 5.40 | 0.012 | III | 59.6 | (95.9) |
| DMG | 34.9830 | 118.9830 | 05/23/1954 | 235243.0 | 0.0 | 5.10 | 0.010 | III | 59.8 | (96.2) |
| DMG | 35.0000 | 119.0000 | 02/16/1919 | 1557 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.009 | III | 61.2 | (98.4) |
| DMG | 35.0000 | 119.0000 | 07/21/1952 | 12 531.0 | 0.0 | 6.40 | 0.027 | V | 61.2 | (98.4) |
| DMG | 35.0000 | 119.0170 | 07/21/1952 | 115214.0 | 0.0 | 7.70 | 0.074 | VII | 61.4 | (98.8) |
| DMG | 35.0000 | 119.0170 | 01/12/1954 | 233349.0 | 0.0 | 5.90 | 0.018 | IV | 61.4 | (98.8) |
| DMG | 35.0000 | 119.0170 | 01/12/1954 | 233349.0 | 0.0 | 5.90 | 0.018 | IV | 61.4 | (98.8) |
| MGI | 34.3000 | 119.8000 | 07/03/1925 | 1638 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.30 | 0.011 | III | 61.6 | (99.1) |
| DMG | 34.3000 | 119.8000 | 06/29/1925 | 144216.0 | 0.0 | 6.25 | 0.023 | IV | 61.6 | (99.1) |
| MGI | 34.3000 | 119.8000 | 07/03/1925 | 1821 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.30 | 0.011 | III | 61.6 | (99.1) |
| DMG | 35.0000 | 119.0330 | 07/21/1952 | 12 2 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.60 | 0.014 | IV | 61.6 | (99.2) |
| DMG | 33.2910 | 119.1930 | 10/24/1969 | 82912.1 | 10.0 | 5.10 | 0.009 | III | 64.2 | (103.3) |
| T-A | 34.4200 | 119.8200 | 00/00/1862 | 0 0 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.70 | 0.014 | IV | 64.6 | (104.0) |
| DMG | 34.3000 | 117.6000 | 07/30/1894 | 512 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.00 | 0.017 | IV | 65.9 | (106.1) |
| DMG | 35.1330 | 118.7670 | 07/21/1952 | 194122.0 | 0.0 | 5.50 | 0.011 | III | 68.5 | (110.3) |
| DMG | 34.2700 | 117.5400 | 09/12/1970 | 143053.0 | 8.0 | 5.40 | 0.010 | III | 69.0 | (111.1) |
| MGI | 33.8000 | 117.6000 | 04/22/1918 | 2115 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.007 | II | 69.3 | (111.5) |
| DMG | 35.1500 | 118.6330 | 01/27/1954 | 141948.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.007 | II | 69.9 | (112.6) |
| MGI | 34.0000 | 117.5000 | 12/16/1858 | 10 0 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.00 | 0.034 | V | 71.5 | (115.1) |
| DMG | 34.3000 | 117.5000 | 07/22/1899 | 2032 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.50 | 0.022 | IV | 71.6 | (115.2) |
| GSP | 35.1830 | 118.6500 | 07/21/1952 | 151358.0 | 0.0 | 5.10 | 0.007 | II | 72.1 | (116.1) |
| DMG | 35.1490 | 119.1040 | 05/28/1993 | 044740.6 | 21.0 | 5.20 | 0.008 | II | 72.6 | (116.9) |
| DMG | 33.2670 | 119.4500 | 11/18/1947 | 2159 3.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.007 | II | 72.9 | (117.2) |
| DMG | 34.0000 | 120.0170 | 04/01/1945 | 234342.0 | 0.0 | 5.40 | 0.009 | III | 73.8 | (118.7) |
| DMG | 35.2170 | 118.8170 | 07/23/1952 | 1317 5.0 | 0.0 | 5.70 | 0.011 | III | 74.4 | (119.8) |
| DMG | 35.2330 | 118.5330 | 07/21/1952 | 174244.0 | 0.0 | 5.10 | 0.007 | II | 76.3 | (122.8) |
| DMG | 34.2000 | 117.4000 | 07/22/1899 | 046 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.50 | 0.009 | III | 76.6 | (123.2) |
| DMG | 33.6990 | 117.5110 | 05/31/1938 | 83455.4 | 10.0 | 5.50 | 0.009 | III | 76.7 | (123.4) |
| DMG | 35.3000 | 118.8000 | 12/23/1905 | 2223 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.006 | II | 80.1 | (128.9) |
| DMG | 35.3110 | 118.4990 | 07/25/1952 | 1313 8.2 | 2.8 | 5.00 | 0.005 | II | 81.9 | (131.9) |
| DMG | 35.3150 | 118.5160 | 07/25/1952 | 194323.7 | 11.2 | 5.70 | 0.009 | III | 82.1 | (132.0) |
| MGI | 34.1000 | 117.3000 | 07/15/1905 | 2041 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.30 | 0.007 | II | 82.3 | (132.4) |
| DMG | 35.3170 | 118.4940 | 07/25/1952 | 19 944.6 | 5.5 | 5.70 | 0.009 | III | 82.4 | (132.6) |
| DMG | 33.7000 | 117.4000 | 05/13/1910 | 620 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.005 | II | 82.5 | (132.8) |
| DMG | 33.7000 | 117.4000 | 05/15/1910 | 1547 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.00 | 0.012 | III | 82.5 | (132.8) |

EARTHQUAKE SEARCH RESULTS

Page 3

| FILE CODE | LAT. NORTH | LONG. WEST | DATE | TIME (UTC) H M Sec | DEPTH (km) | QUAKE MAG. | SITE ACC. g | SITE MM INT. | APPROX. DISTANCE mi [km] |
|-----------|------------|------------|------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|-------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| DMG | 33.7000 | 117.4000 | 04/11/1910 | 757 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.005 | II | 82.5(132.8) |
| DMG | 35.3330 | 118.6000 | 07/31/1952 | 12 9 9.0 | 0.0 | 5.80 | 0.010 | III | 82.7(133.1) |
| DMG | 35.3330 | 118.9170 | 08/22/1952 | 224124.0 | 0.0 | 5.80 | 0.010 | III | 82.9(133.5) |
| GSP | 35.2100 | 118.0660 | 07/11/1992 | 181416.2 | 10.0 | 5.70 | 0.009 | III | 83.1(133.8) |
| DMG | 35.3670 | 118.5830 | 07/23/1952 | 03832.0 | 0.0 | 6.10 | 0.012 | III | 85.1(137.0) |
| DMG | 35.3670 | 118.5830 | 07/23/1952 | 31923.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.005 | II | 85.1(137.0) |
| DMG | 34.0000 | 117.2500 | 07/23/1923 | 73026.0 | 0.0 | 6.25 | 0.014 | IV | 85.7(137.9) |
| DMG | 35.3830 | 118.8500 | 07/29/1952 | 7 347.0 | 0.0 | 6.10 | 0.012 | III | 86.0(138.4) |
| DMG | 35.4000 | 118.8170 | 07/29/1952 | 8 146.0 | 0.0 | 5.10 | 0.005 | II | 87.1(140.1) |
| DMG | 33.9000 | 117.2000 | 12/19/1880 | 0 0 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.00 | 0.010 | III | 89.6(144.2) |
| DMG | 34.2000 | 117.1000 | 09/20/1907 | 154 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.00 | 0.010 | III | 93.7(150.8) |
| DMG | 35.5000 | 118.7000 | 01/06/1905 | 1430 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.00 | 0.004 | I | 93.9(151.1) |
| DMG | 32.8170 | 118.3500 | 12/26/1951 | 04654.0 | 0.0 | 5.90 | 0.009 | III | 94.1(151.4) |
| PAS | 32.9710 | 117.8700 | 07/13/1986 | 1347 8.2 | 6.0 | 5.30 | 0.005 | II | 95.0(152.8) |
| DMG | 34.7000 | 120.3000 | 01/12/1915 | 431 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.50 | 0.006 | II | 96.9(156.0) |
| DMG | 34.7000 | 120.3000 | 07/31/1902 | 920 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.50 | 0.006 | II | 96.9(156.0) |
| MGI | 34.6000 | 120.4000 | 08/01/1902 | 330 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.30 | 0.011 | III | 99.8(160.7) |
| MGI | 34.6000 | 120.4000 | 07/28/1902 | 657 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.30 | 0.011 | III | 99.8(160.7) |

-END OF SEARCH- 124 EARTHQUAKES FOUND WITHIN THE SPECIFIED SEARCH AREA.

TIME PERIOD OF SEARCH: 1850 TO 2005

LENGTH OF SEARCH TIME: 156 years

THE EARTHQUAKE CLOSEST TO THE SITE IS ABOUT 12.5 MILES (20.2 km) AWAY.

LARGEST EARTHQUAKE MAGNITUDE FOUND IN THE SEARCH RADIUS: 7.7

LARGEST EARTHQUAKE SITE ACCELERATION FROM THIS SEARCH: 0.308 g

COEFFICIENTS FOR GUTENBERG & RICHTER RECURRENCE RELATION:

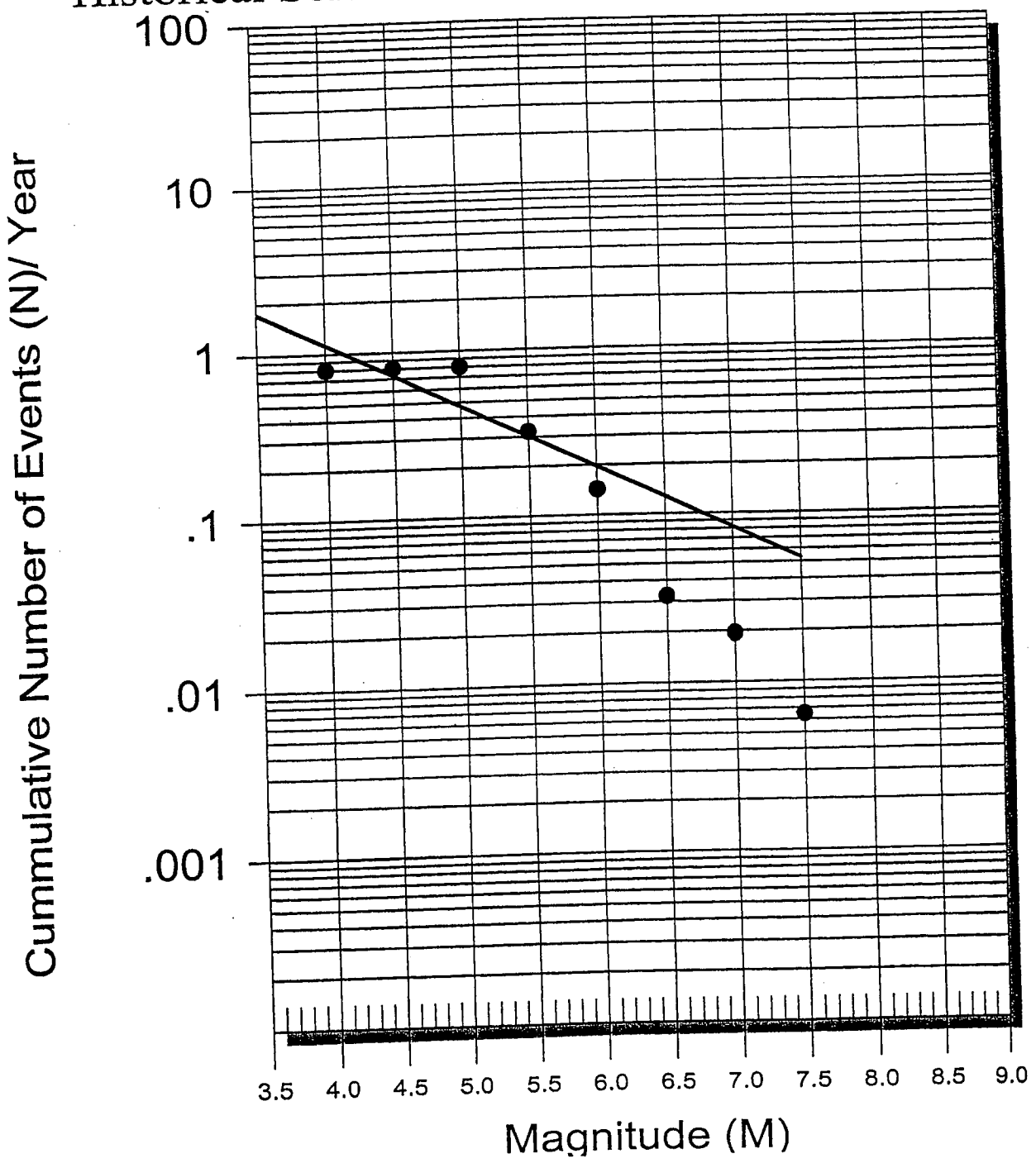
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b-value= 0.379
beta-value= 0.873

TABLE OF MAGNITUDES AND EXCEEDANCES:

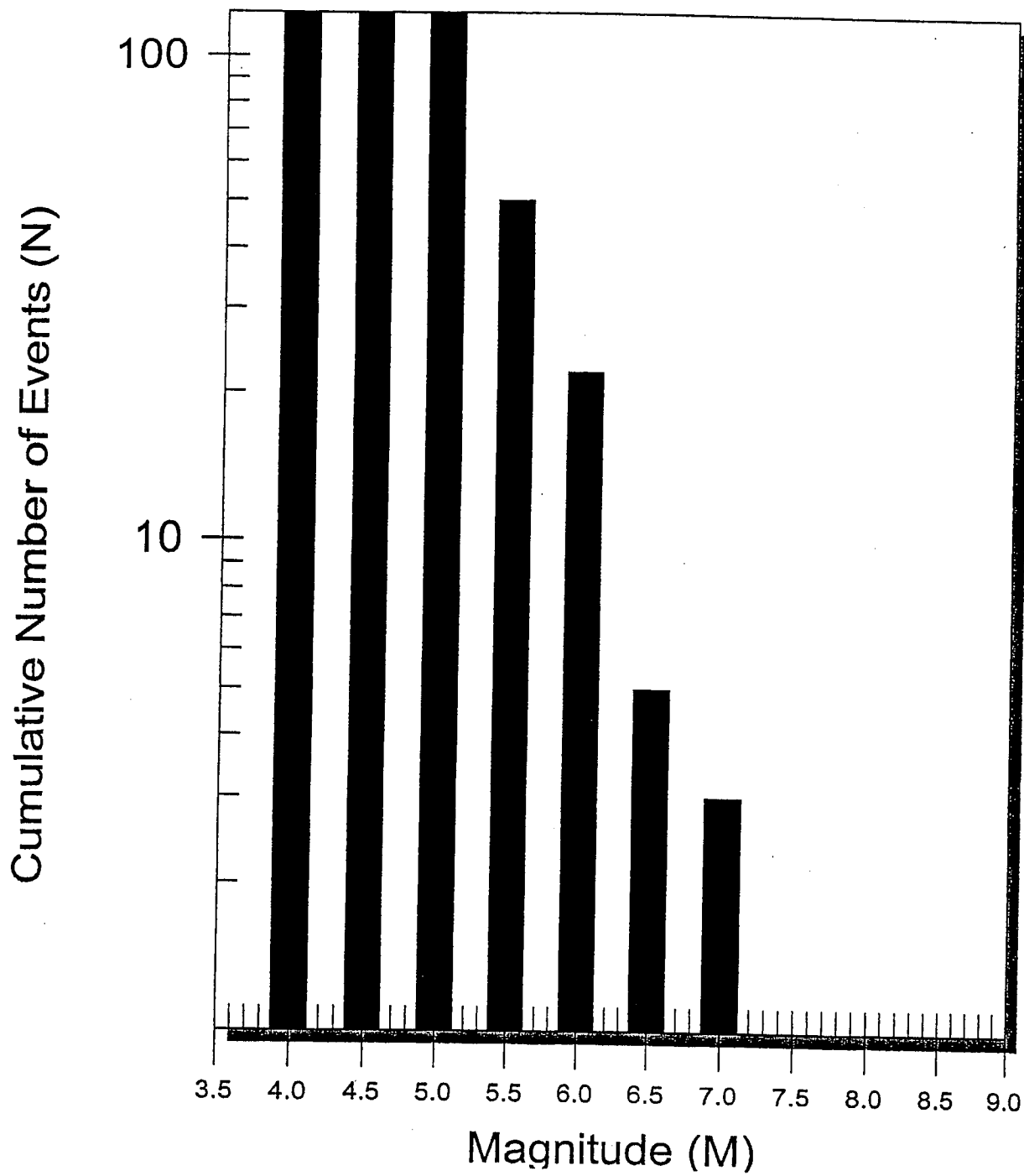
| Earthquake Magnitude | Number of Times Exceeded | Cumulative No. / Year |
|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 4.0 | 124 | 0.79487 |
| 4.5 | 124 | 0.79487 |
| 5.0 | 124 | 0.79487 |
| 5.5 | 50 | 0.32051 |
| 6.0 | 22 | 0.14103 |
| 6.5 | 5 | 0.03205 |
| 7.0 | 3 | 0.01923 |
| 7.5 | 1 | 0.00641 |

EARTHQUAKE RECURRENCE CURVE

Historical Seismic Hazard Analysis for Smith

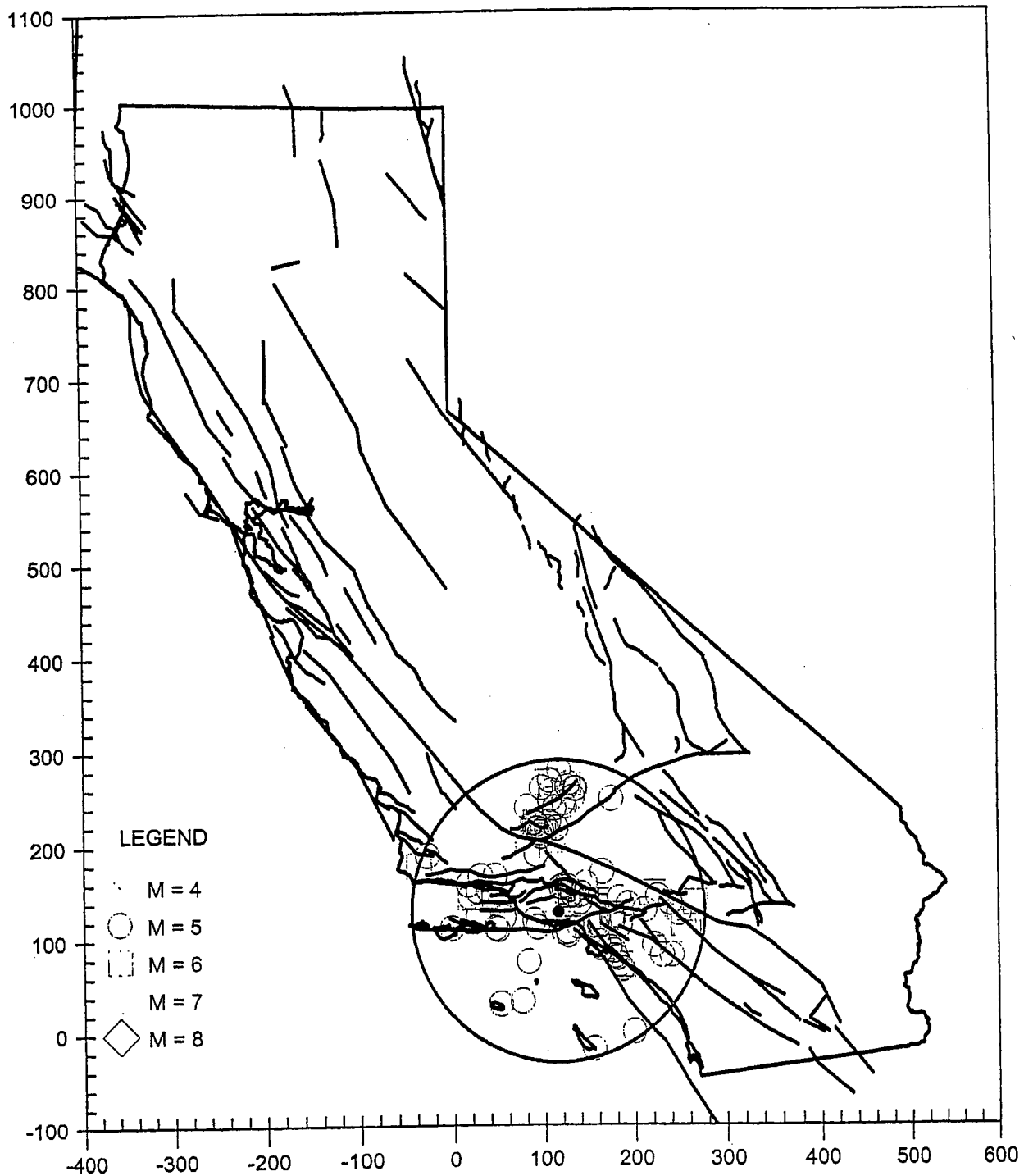


Number of Earthquakes (N) Above Magnitude (M) Historical Seismic Hazard Analysis for Smith



EARTHQUAKE EPICENTER MAP

Historical Seismic Hazard Analysis for Smith



Appendix C

EQFAULT PROGRAM

EQFAULT is a computer program written in Summit Software's BetterBASIC. EQFAULT effectively performs deterministic seismic hazard analyses using approximately 200 digitized California faults as earthquake sources. The program estimates the closest distance between each fault and a user-specified site (given as latitude/longitude). If a fault is found to be within a user-selected radius, the program estimates peak horizontal ground acceleration that may occur at the site from "maximum credible" and "maximum probable" earthquakes on that fault. Site acceleration in percent gravity (g's) is computed by any of the 14 user-selected acceleration-attenuation relations that are contained in EQFAULT. Site-Modified-Mercalli-Intensities are also predicted (based on the peak acceleration) for each earthquake event. Data files needed to generate a fault-model map and a comparison plot of earthquake accelerations are also created by EQFAULT. To obtain the fault-model map and comparison plot from the data files, the GRAPHER program (by Golden Software, Inc.) is needed.

A file (CDMGFLTE.DAT), produced by the California Division of Mines and Geology, of digitized, late-Quaternary, California faults (each with assigned "maximum credible" and "maximum probable" earthquake magnitudes) is presently available for use with EQUFAULT. In recognition of the potential for differing professional opinions regarding which faults to consider and what magnitudes should be assigned to each, instructions are given so that the user can generate his own fault-data file. This user's manual contains individual data sheets for each of the faults contained in the CDMGFLTE.DAT data-file and a 1:750,000-scale map of digitized fault points.

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*****
*
*   E Q F A U L T   *
*
*   Version 3.00   *
*
*****
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DETERMINISTIC ESTIMATION OF
PEAK ACCELERATION FROM DIGITIZED FAULTS

JOB NUMBER: 5840

DATE: 12-15-2005

JOB NAME: Smith

CALCULATION NAME: Deterministic Seismic Hazard Analysis for the Smith Project

FAULT-DATA-FILE NAME: CDMGFLTE.DAT

SITE COORDINATES:

SITE LATITUDE: 34.1407

SITE LONGITUDE: 118.7386

SEARCH RADIUS: 100 mi

ATTENUATION RELATION: 15) Campbell & Bozorgnia (1997 Rev.) - Soft Rock

UNCERTAINTY (M=Median, S=Sigma): S Number of Sigmas: 1.0

DISTANCE MEASURE: cdist

SCOND: 0

Basement Depth: 5.00 km Campbell SSR: 1 Campbell SHR: 0

COMPUTE PEAK HORIZONTAL ACCELERATION

FAULT-DATA FILE USED: CDMGFLTE.DAT

MINIMUM DEPTH VALUE (km): 3.0

 DETERMINISTIC SITE PARAMETERS

Page 1

| ABBREVIATED FAULT NAME | APPROXIMATE DISTANCE | | ESTIMATED MAX. EARTHQUAKE EVENT | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | mi | (km) | MAXIMUM EARTHQUAKE MAG. (Mw) | PEAK SITE ACCEL. g | EST. SITE INTENSITY MOD. MERC. |
| MALIBU COAST | 6.4 | (10.3) | 6.7 | 0.652 | X |
| ANACAPA-DUME | 7.8 | (12.5) | 7.3 | 0.666 | XI |
| SANTA MONICA | 10.5 | (16.9) | 6.6 | 0.368 | IX |
| SIMI-SANTA ROSA | 11.7 | (18.8) | 6.7 | 0.341 | IX |
| NORTHRIDGE (E. Oak Ridge) | 13.8 | (22.2) | 6.9 | 0.311 | IX |
| PALOS VERDES | 15.7 | (25.3) | 7.1 | 0.278 | IX |
| SANTA SUSANA | 15.8 | (25.5) | 6.6 | 0.225 | IX |
| OAK RIDGE (Onshore) | 16.0 | (25.7) | 6.9 | 0.264 | IX |
| HOLSER | 18.6 | (30.0) | 6.5 | 0.173 | VIII |
| HOLLYWOOD | 18.9 | (30.4) | 6.4 | 0.160 | VIII |
| SIERRA MADRE (San Fernando) | 19.9 | (32.0) | 6.7 | 0.180 | VIII |
| SAN CAYETANO | 20.2 | (32.5) | 6.8 | 0.188 | VIII |
| VERDUGO | 21.7 | (34.9) | 6.7 | 0.161 | VIII |
| NEWPORT-INGLEWOOD (L.A. Basin) | 22.3 | (35.9) | 6.9 | 0.167 | VIII |
| SAN GABRIEL | 22.9 | (36.8) | 7.0 | 0.174 | VIII |
| COMPTON THRUST | 26.1 | (42.0) | 6.8 | 0.136 | VIII |
| VENTURA - PITAS POINT | 27.4 | (44.1) | 6.8 | 0.127 | VIII |
| SIERRA MADRE | 27.7 | (44.6) | 7.0 | 0.142 | VIII |
| OAK RIDGE (Blind Thrust Offshore) | 29.5 | (47.5) | 6.9 | 0.123 | VII |
| RAYMOND | 29.5 | (47.5) | 6.5 | 0.091 | VII |
| CHANNEL IS. THRUST (Eastern) | 30.8 | (49.5) | 7.4 | 0.160 | VIII |
| ELYSIAN PARK THRUST | 31.1 | (50.0) | 6.7 | 0.099 | VII |
| SANTA YNEZ (East) | 31.8 | (51.1) | 7.0 | 0.118 | VII |
| MONTALVO-OAK RIDGE TREND | 31.8 | (51.2) | 6.6 | 0.088 | VII |
| M. RIDGE-ARROYO PARIDA-SANTA ANA | 34.4 | (55.4) | 6.7 | 0.084 | VII |
| RED MOUNTAIN | 37.0 | (59.5) | 6.8 | 0.081 | VII |
| CLAMSHELL-SAWPIT | 39.7 | (63.9) | 6.5 | 0.057 | VI |
| SAN ANDREAS - 1857 Rupture | 40.8 | (65.6) | 7.8 | 0.155 | VIII |
| SAN ANDREAS - Mojave | 40.8 | (65.6) | 7.1 | 0.090 | VII |
| SAN ANDREAS - Carrizo | 40.9 | (65.9) | 7.2 | 0.097 | VII |
| WHITTIER | 42.6 | (68.6) | 6.8 | 0.065 | VI |
| SANTA CRUZ ISLAND | 45.7 | (73.5) | 6.8 | 0.058 | VI |
| BIG PINE | 48.1 | (77.4) | 6.7 | 0.050 | VI |
| GARLOCK (West) | 48.7 | (78.4) | 7.1 | 0.070 | VI |
| SAN JOSE | 49.0 | (78.8) | 6.5 | 0.041 | V |
| PLEITO THRUST | 49.8 | (80.2) | 7.2 | 0.070 | VI |
| CHINO-CENTRAL AVE. (Elsinore) | 54.9 | (88.4) | 6.7 | 0.040 | V |
| CUCAMONGA | 55.3 | (89.0) | 7.0 | 0.050 | VI |
| NORTH CHANNEL SLOPE | 56.1 | (90.3) | 7.1 | 0.053 | VI |
| SANTA YNEZ (West) | 56.5 | (91.0) | 6.9 | 0.047 | VI |

 DETERMINISTIC SITE PARAMETERS

Page 2

| ABBREVIATED FAULT NAME | APPROXIMATE DISTANCE mi (km) | ESTIMATED MAX. EARTHQUAKE EVENT | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | MAXIMUM EARTHQUAKE MAG. (Mw) | PEAK SITE ACCEL. g | EST. SITE INTENSITY MOD. MERC. |
| NEWPORT-INGLEWOOD (Offshore) | 60.5 (97.4) | 6.9 | 0.042 | VI |
| WHITE WOLF | 62.9 (101.2) | 7.2 | 0.048 | VI |
| ELSINORE-GLEN IVY | 66.1 (106.3) | 6.8 | 0.034 | V |
| SANTA ROSA ISLAND | 67.3 (108.3) | 6.9 | 0.034 | V |
| SAN ANDREAS - Southern | 70.3 (113.1) | 7.4 | 0.053 | VI |
| SAN ANDREAS - San Bernardino | 70.3 (113.1) | 7.3 | 0.049 | VI |
| SAN JACINTO-SAN BERNARDINO | 70.8 (113.9) | 6.7 | 0.028 | V |
| CLEGHORN | 73.8 (118.8) | 6.5 | 0.022 | IV |
| CORONADO BANK | 76.1 (122.4) | 7.4 | 0.047 | VI |
| LOS ALAMOS-W. BASELINE | 83.6 (134.5) | 6.8 | 0.022 | IV |
| NORTH FRONTAL FAULT ZONE (West) | 85.5 (137.6) | 7.0 | 0.025 | V |
| SAN JACINTO-SAN JACINTO VALLEY | 86.3 (138.9) | 6.9 | 0.025 | V |
| ELSINORE-TEMECULA | 86.7 (139.5) | 6.8 | 0.023 | IV |
| GARLOCK (East) | 89.1 (143.4) | 7.3 | 0.034 | V |
| HELEDALE - S. LOCKHARDT | 91.8 (147.7) | 7.1 | 0.027 | V |
| LENWOOD-LOCKHART-OLD WOMAN SPRGS | 93.2 (150.0) | 7.3 | 0.032 | V |
| LIONS HEAD | 94.0 (151.2) | 6.6 | 0.016 | IV |
| SAN JUAN | 98.6 (158.7) | 7.0 | 0.022 | IV |
| SAN LUIS RANGE (S. Margin) | 98.8 (159.0) | 7.0 | 0.020 | IV |

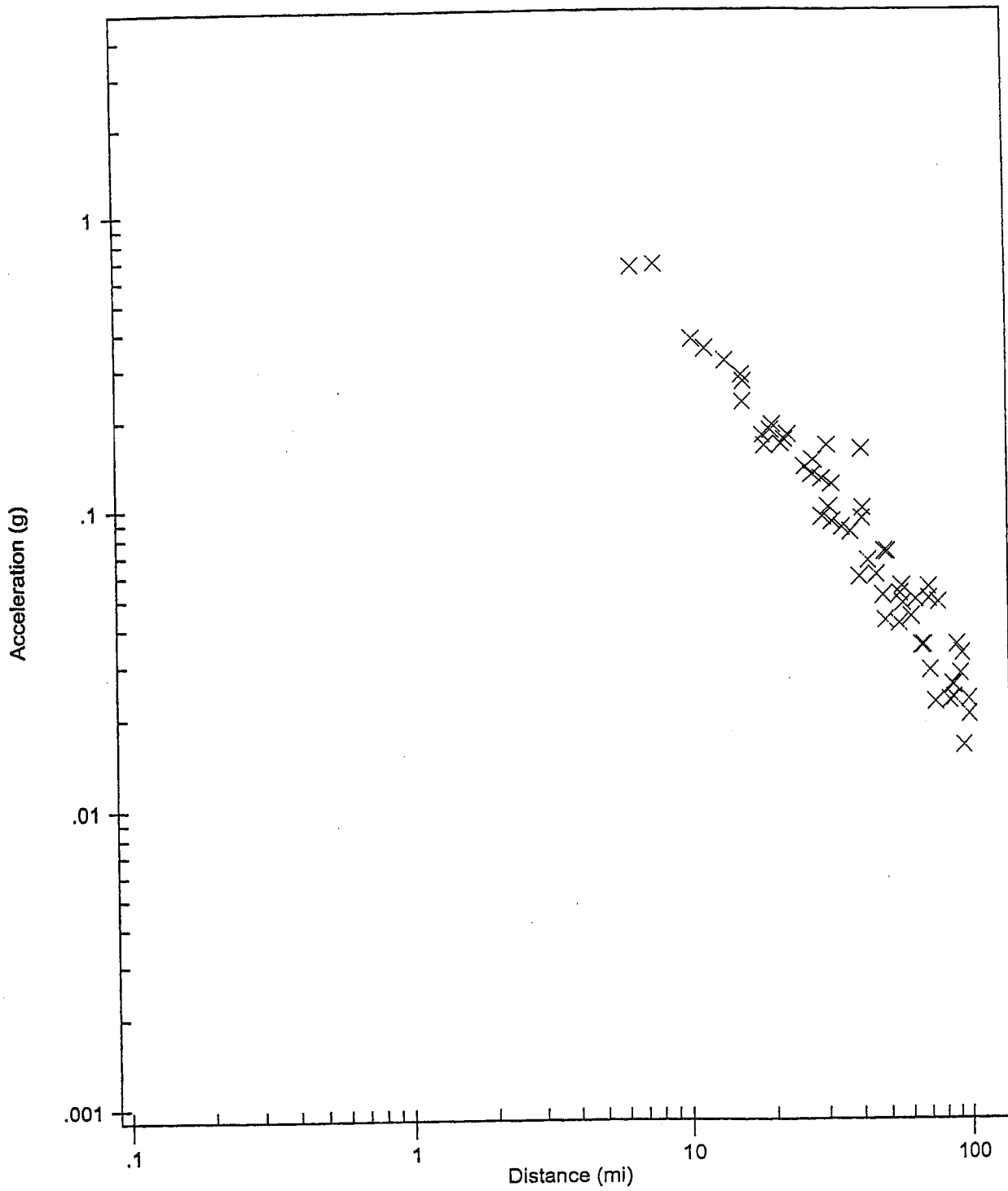
-END OF SEARCH- 59 FAULTS FOUND WITHIN THE SPECIFIED SEARCH RADIUS.

THE MALIBU COAST FAULT IS CLOSEST TO THE SITE.
 IT IS ABOUT 6.4 MILES (10.3 km) AWAY.

LARGEST MAXIMUM-EARTHQUAKE SITE ACCELERATION: 0.6656 g

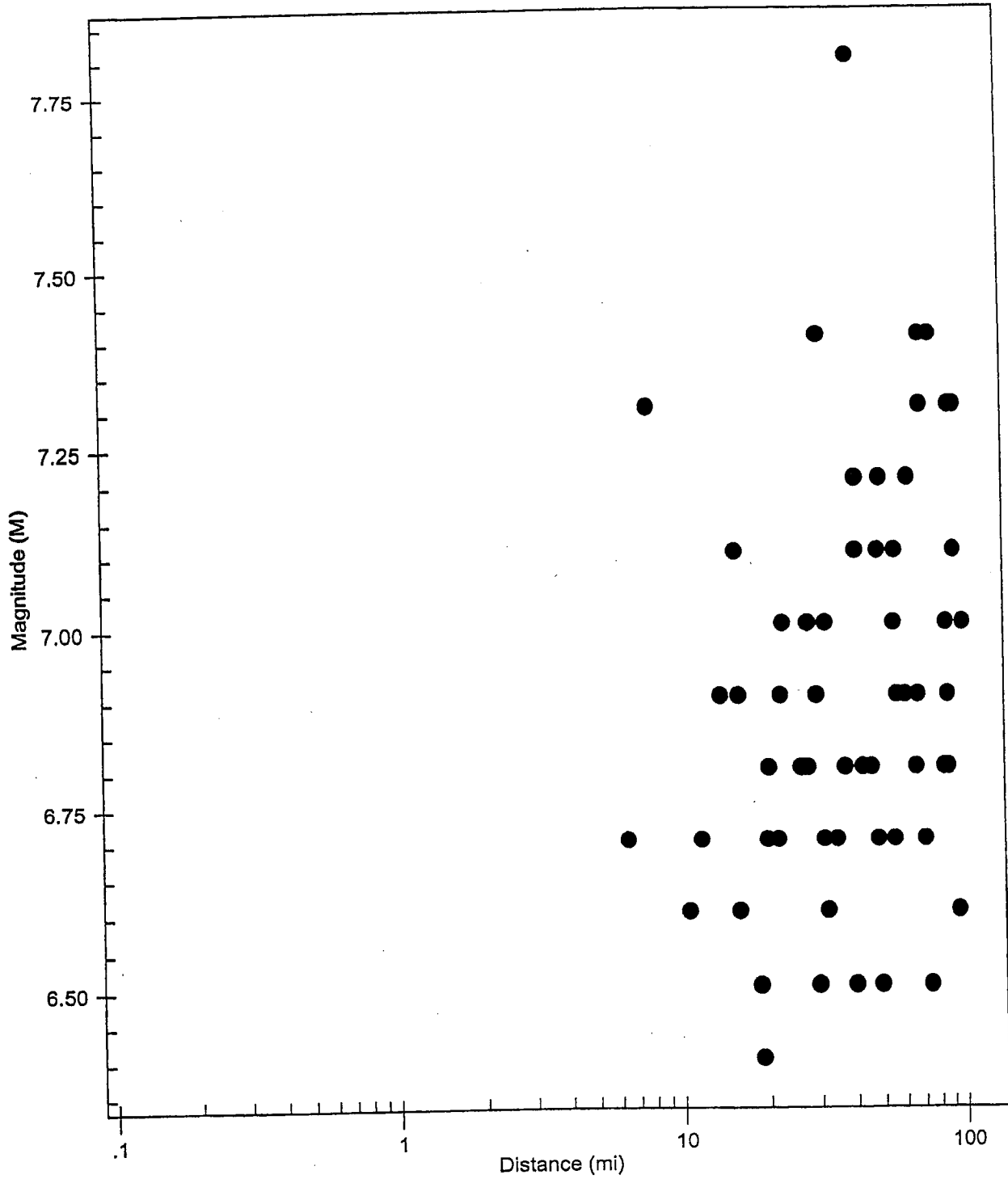
MAXIMUM EARTHQUAKES

Smith



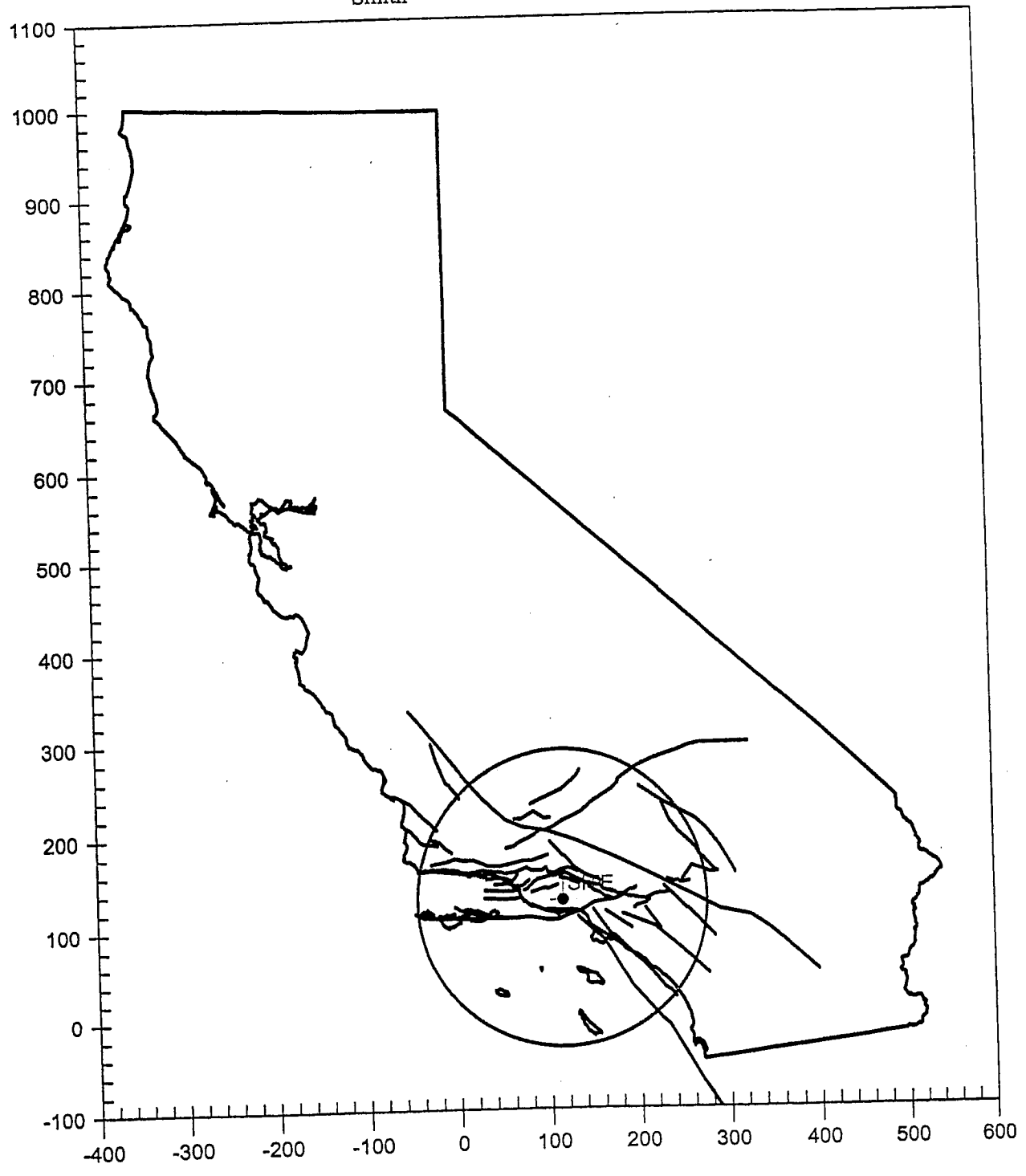
EARTHQUAKE MAGNITUDES & DISTANCES

Smith



CALIFORNIA FAULT MAP

Smith



FRISKSP RESULTS

The following description of FRISKSP was taken from the FRISKSP users manual:

FRISKSP is a computer program for the probabilistic estimation of seismic hazard using three-dimensional faults as earthquake sources. The program uses a seismotectonic source model, which can consist of up to 100 faults, to estimate seismic hazard at a selected site. Although the program originated from Robin McGuire's original FRISK program (McGuire, 1978), it has been substantially rewritten so that FRISKSP has the capability to:

- * analyze dipping fault planes with up to ten subsurface inflections,
- * use either "characteristic" or truncated exponential earthquake magnitude distributions,
- * model fault ruptures using either area, length-width, or length, versus magnitude relations, and
- * utilize several of the more recently developed peak acceleration- and pseudo-relative-velocity-attenuation relations.

The computation of attenuated ground motion is based on the closest distance between the site and various measures of fault-plane rupture for each fault in the source model.

FRISK (McGuire, 1978) was first published by the United States Geological Survey for use on mainframe computers. With the widespread acceptance of the IBM-PC microcomputer (and compatibles) as the defacto standard for practicing engineers, the original mainframe version of FRISK was adapted and compiled in 1988, by Thomas F. Blake, to run on the IBM microcomputer. That adapted IBM-PC release of FRISK was named FRISK89 (Black, 1989c). Modifications of FRISK89 performed from 1989 through 1993 resulted in the development of FRISKSP (up to Version 2.01). In 1994, FRISKSP was substantially modified by Dr. Robert T. Sewell under contract for Thomas F. Blake. Dr. Sewell's modifications included addition of the dipping fault capabilities, addition of the "characteristic" earthquake distribution, the rupture versus magnitude relation modifications, and the general recoding of program blocks as subroutines for ease of modification. The current version of FRISKSP (Version 3.00) combines the ability to compute peak acceleration and pseudo-relative-velocity in one program, whereas those functions were previously performed separately by FRISK89 and FRISKSP (Version 2.01).

```

*****
*
*          FRISKSP - IBM-PC VERSION
*
* Modified from *FRISK* (McGuire 1978)
* To Perform Probabilistic Earthquake
* Hazard Analyses Using Multiple Forms
* of Ground-Motion-Attenuation Relations
*
* Modifications by: Thomas F. Blake
*                   - 1988-2000 -
*
*                   VERSION 4.00
*                   (Visual Fortran)
*
*****

```

TITLE: Probabilistic Seismic Hazard Analysis for the Smith Project

IPR_FILE
0

IPLLOT
0

SITE CONDITION
0.00

BASEMENT DEPTH (km)
5.00

RHGA FACTOR RHGA DIST (km)
1.000 0.000

| NFLT | NSITE | NPROB | NATT | LCD | |
|--------|--------|--------|------|-----|--|
| 35 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 1 | |
| 0.0000 | 3.0000 | 1.0000 | 37 | 0 | |

PROBLEM DATA:

| CAMP. & BOZ. (1997 Rev.) | SR 1 | AMPLITUDES: | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 15 | 0.100 | 0.200 | 0.300 | 0.400 | 0.500 | 0.600 | 0.700 | 0.800 | 0.900 |
| 1.000 | 1.100 | 1.200 | 1.300 | 1.400 | 1.500 | | | | |

MAGNITUDE WEIGHTING FACTORS: MWF: 0 MWF MAGNITUDE: 0.00

| CAMP. & BOZ. (1997 Rev.) | SR 2 | AMPLITUDES: | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 15 | 0.100 | 0.200 | 0.300 | 0.400 | 0.500 | 0.600 | 0.700 | 0.800 | 0.900 |
| 1.000 | 1.100 | 1.200 | 1.300 | 1.400 | 1.500 | | | | |

MAGNITUDE WEIGHTING FACTORS: MWF: 3 MWF MAGNITUDE: 7.50

RISKS SPECIFIED:
5 0.013900 0.010000 0.005000 0.002105 0.001000

SITE COORDINATES:
1 -118.7386 34.1407

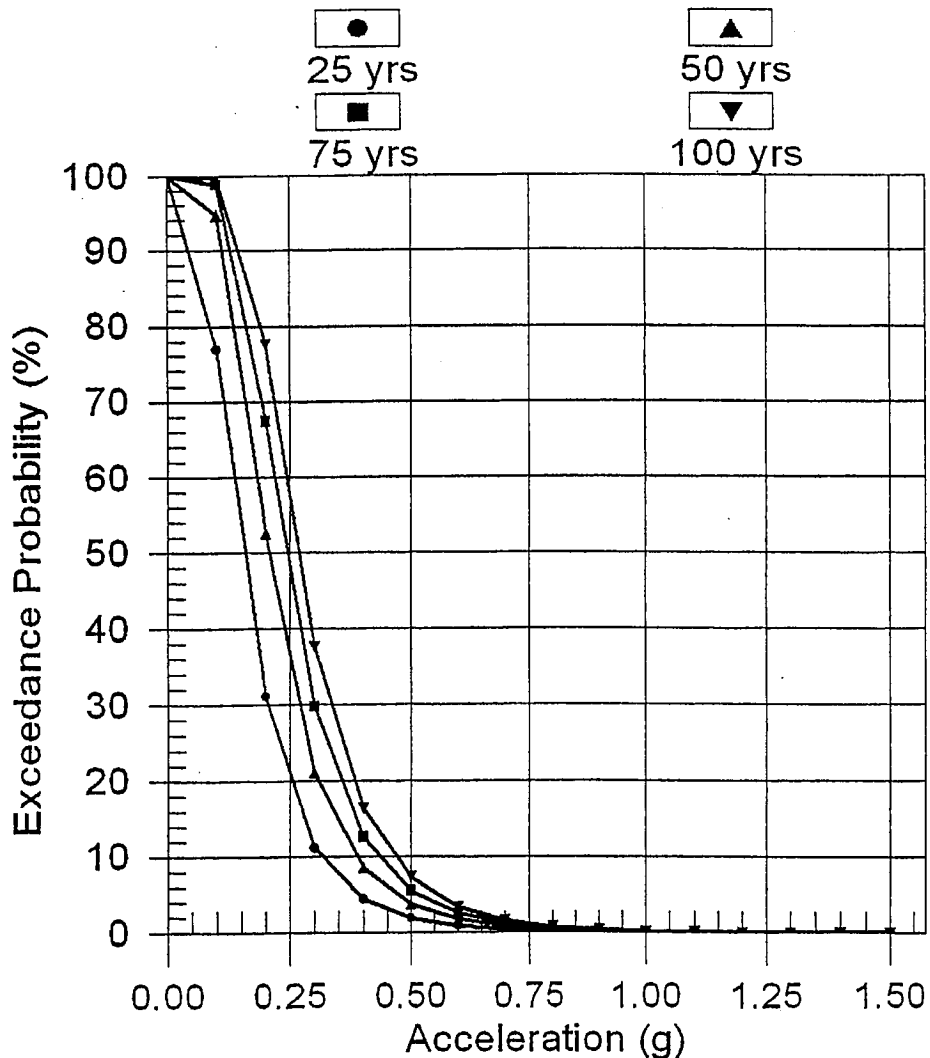
RUPTURE AREA VS. MAGNITUDE:

PROBABILITY OF EXCEEDANCE vs.
ACCELERATION

MEAN + 1 SIGMA

(Non Magnitude-Weighted)

PROBABILITY OF EXCEEDANCE
CAMP. & BOZ. (1997 Rev.) SR 1



Probability of Exceedance vs. Acceleration

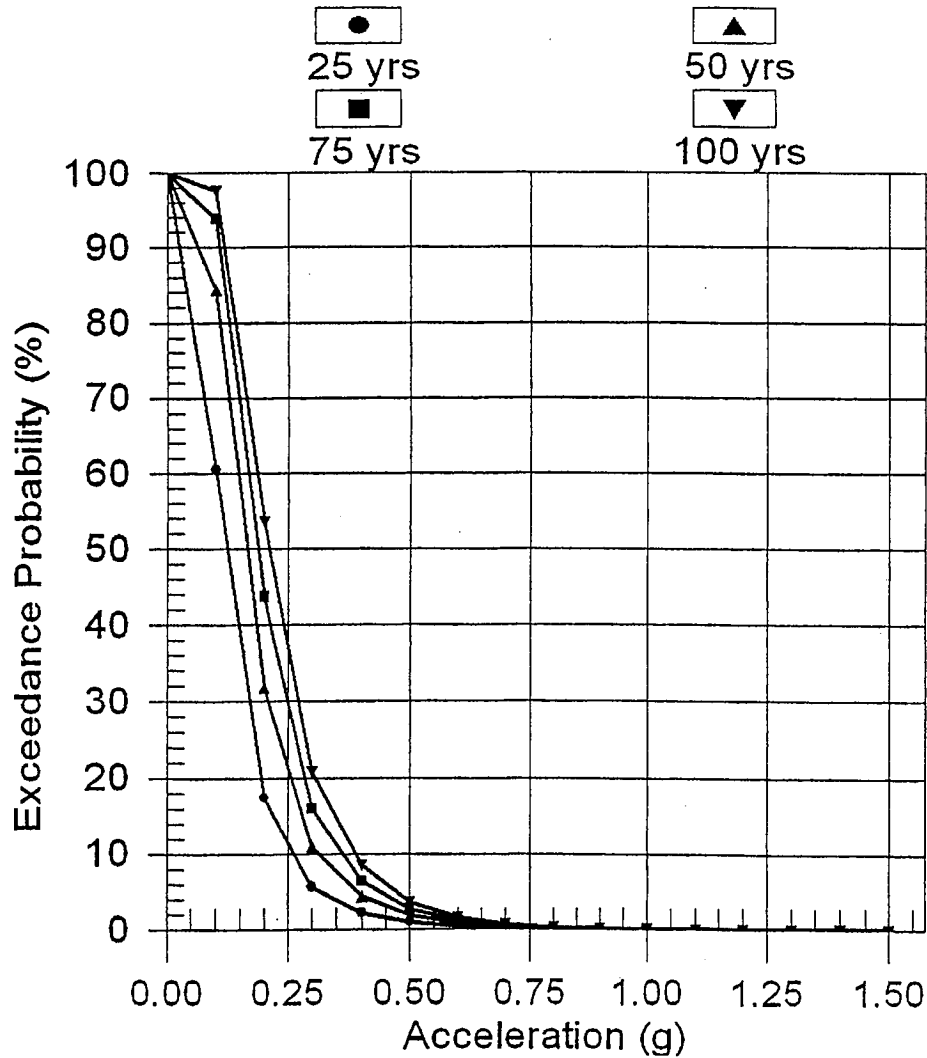
10% in 50 years = 0.38g
10% in 100 years = 0.47g

PROBABILITY OF EXCEEDANCE vs.
ACCELERATION

MEAN + 1 SIGMA

(Magnitude-Weighted, M = 7.5)

PROBABILITY OF EXCEEDANCE
CAMP. & BOZ. (1997 Rev.) SR 2

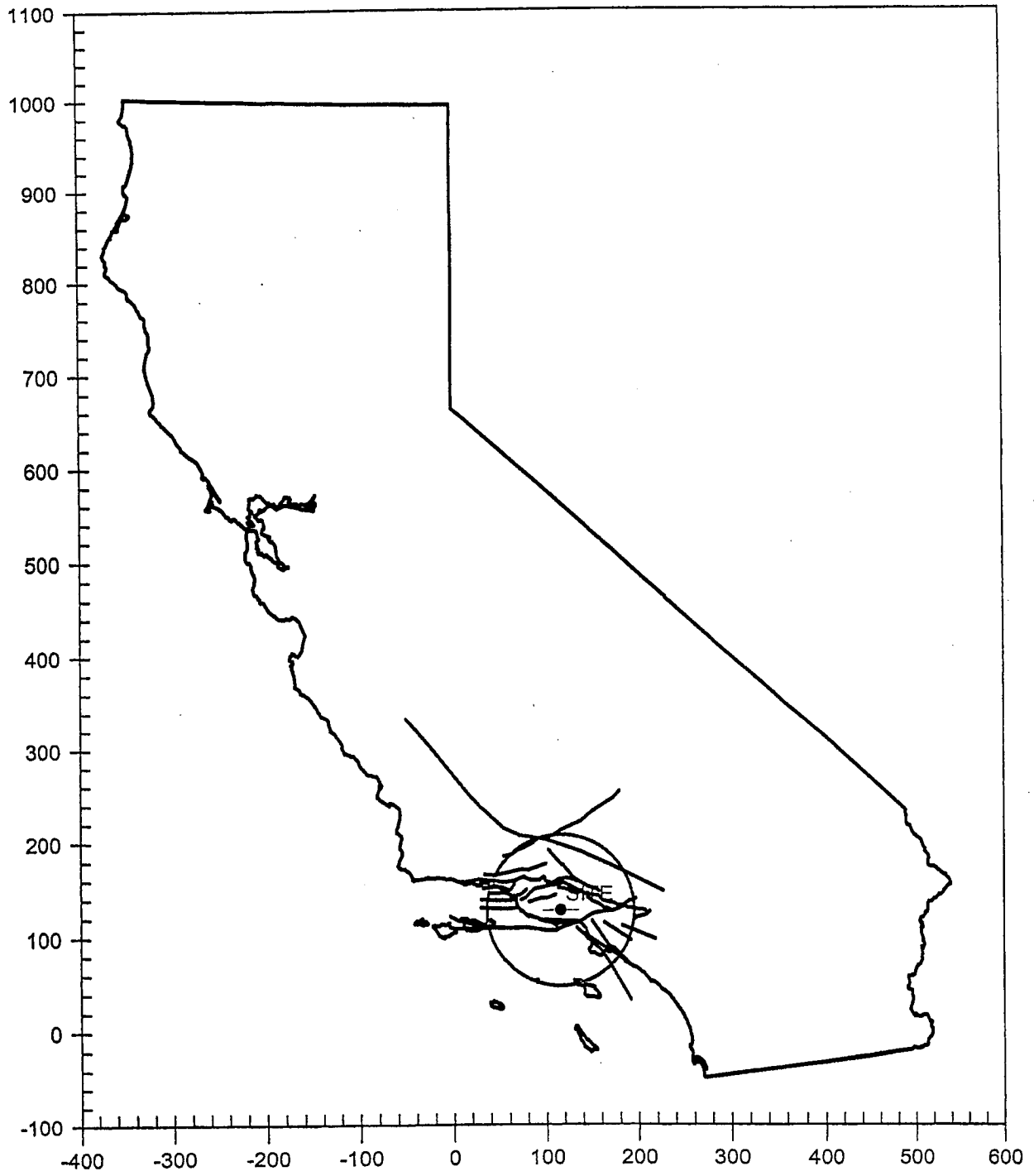


Probability of Exceedance vs. Acceleration

10% in 50 years = 0.31g
10% in 100 years = 0.39g

CALIFORNIA FAULT MAP

Probabilistic Seismic Hazard Analysis for the Smith Project



California Home



Department of Conservation



California Geological Survey

My CA This Site

California Geological Survey

Probabilistic Seismic Hazards Mapping Ground Motion Page

[Probabilistic Seismic Hazards Assessment Page](#)

[Earthquakes \(Recent & Historic\)](#)

[California Fault Database](#)

[Loss Estimation](#)

[Aquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act](#)

[Seismic Shaking Hazard Maps of California](#)

CGS Links

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[Site Map](#)

[Help/FAQ](#)

User Selected Site

| | |
|-----------|-----------|
| Longitude | -118.7386 |
| Latitude | 34.1407 |

Ground Motions for User Selected Site

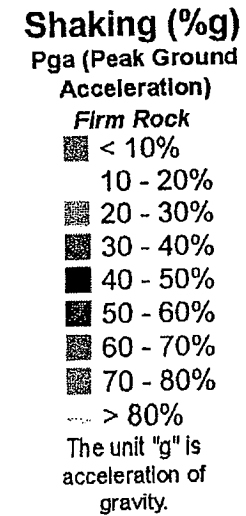
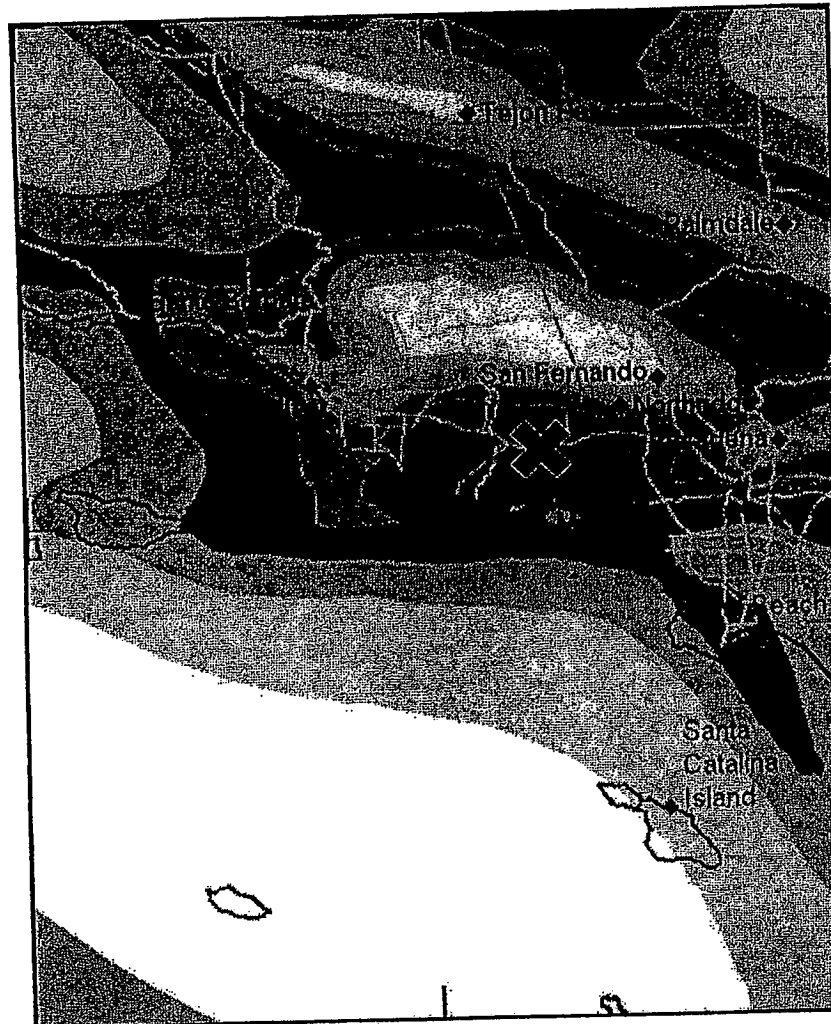
Ground motions (10% probability of being exceeded in 50 years) are expressed as a fraction of the acceleration due to gravity (g). Three values of ground motion are shown, peak ground acceleration (Pga), spectral acceleration (Sa) at short (0.2 second) and moderately long (1.0 second) periods. Ground motion values are also modified by the local site soil conditions. Each ground motion value is shown for 3 different site conditions: firm rock (conditions on the boundary between site categories B and C as defined by the building code), soft rock (site category C) and alluvium (site category D).

| Ground Motion | Firm Rock | Soft Rock | Alluvium |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Pga | 0.409 | 0.409 | 0.446 |



| | | | |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Sa 0.2 sec | 0.992 | 0.994 | 1.093 |
| Sa 1.0 sec | 0.371 | 0.457 | 0.547 |

NEHRP Soil Corrections were used to calculate Soft Rock and Alluvium. *Ground Motion values were interpolated from a grid (0.05 degree spacing) of calculated values. Interpolated ground motion may not equal values calculated for a specific site, therefore these values are not intended for design or analysis.*



December 16, 2005
W.O. 5840

APPENDIX D
1997 UNIFORM BUILDING CODE
SEISMIC DESIGN PARAMETERS

APPENDIX D

1997 UNIFORM BUILDING CODE SEISMIC DESIGN PARAMETERS

UBCSEIS

The UBCSEIS program was written by Thomas F. Blake to read a fault-data file and computed the distances between a site and each of the faults in that data file. For each distance computed, UBCSEIS selects the corresponding Uniform Building Code seismic coefficients and constructs a design response spectrum.

UBCSEIS, a computer program for the estimation of Uniform Building Code seismic design coefficients from a California fault-data file, performs fault searches using a modified version of the fault-data file for the State of California that was recently compiled by the California Division of Mines and Geology (CDMG). Most of the original fault data are available from CDMG through their web site at:

<http://www.consrv.ca.gov/dmg/shezp/fitindex.htm>.

UBCSEIS – GENERAL PROCEDURES

1. The program searches for the fault-data file to compute the distances to nearby faults.
2. For each fault, the distance between the fault and the site is computed. As specified by the Uniform Building Code, the closest distance between the site and the surface projection of the fault plane is used. Note that the down-dip fault coordinates should be limited so that the fault plane does not project below a depth of 10 km to be consistent with the Uniform Building Code.
3. After computing the site-to-fault distances, the program selects the closest Type A, Type B and Type C faults.
4. The corresponding N_a , N_v , C_a , and C_v coefficients for each Type A, Type B, and Type C fault types.
5. In order to construct a design spectrum, the T_s and T_o coefficients are computed in conjunction with the largest of the N_a , N_v , C_a , and C_v coefficients.

```
*****
*
*   U B C S E I S   *
*
*   Version 1.03   *
*
*****
```

COMPUTATION OF 1997
UNIFORM BUILDING CODE
SEISMIC DESIGN PARAMETERS

JOB NUMBER: 5840

DATE: 12-15-2005

JOB NAME: Smith Project

FAULT-DATA-FILE NAME: CDMGUBCR.DAT

SITE COORDINATES:

SITE LATITUDE: 34.1407
SITE LONGITUDE: 118.7386

UBC SEISMIC ZONE: 0.4

UBC SOIL PROFILE TYPE: SC

NEAREST TYPE A FAULT:

NAME: SAN ANDREAS - 1857 Rupture
DISTANCE: 65.5 km

NEAREST TYPE B FAULT:

NAME: ANACAPA-DUME
DISTANCE: 8.0 km

NEAREST TYPE C FAULT:

NAME:
DISTANCE: 99999.0 km

SELECTED UBC SEISMIC COEFFICIENTS:

Na: 1.0
Nv: 1.1
Ca: 0.40
Cv: 0.60
Ts: 0.605
To: 0.121

* CAUTION: The digitized data points used to model faults are *
* limited in number and have been digitized from small- *
* scale maps (e.g., 1:750,000 scale). Consequently, *
* the estimated fault-site-distances may be in error by *
* several kilometers. Therefore, it is important that *
* the distances be carefully checked for accuracy and *
* adjusted as needed, before they are used in design. *

SUMMARY OF FAULT PARAMETERS

Page 1

| ABBREVIATED FAULT NAME | APPROX. DISTANCE (km) | SOURCE TYPE (A, B, C) | MAX. MAG. (Mw) | SLIP RATE (mm/yr) | FAULT TYPE (SS, DS, BT) |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ANACAPA-DUME | 8.0 | B | 7.3 | 3.00 | DS |
| MALIBU COAST | 8.2 | B | 6.7 | 0.30 | DS |
| SANTA MONICA | 14.8 | B | 6.6 | 1.00 | DS |
| SIMI-SANTA ROSA | 17.5 | B | 6.7 | 1.00 | DS |
| SANTA SUSANA | 23.2 | B | 6.6 | 5.00 | DS |
| OAK RIDGE (Onshore) | 23.7 | B | 6.9 | 4.00 | DS |
| PALOS VERDES | 25.2 | B | 7.1 | 3.00 | SS |
| HOLSER | 28.5 | B | 6.5 | 0.40 | DS |
| HOLLYWOOD | 28.9 | B | 6.5 | 1.00 | DS |
| SIERRA MADRE (San Fernando) | 29.9 | B | 6.7 | 2.00 | DS |
| SAN CAYETANO | 30.6 | B | 6.8 | 6.00 | DS |
| VERDUGO | 32.2 | B | 6.7 | 0.50 | DS |
| NEWPORT-INGLEWOOD (L.A.Basin) | 34.3 | B | 6.9 | 1.00 | SS |
| SAN GABRIEL | 36.7 | B | 7.0 | 1.00 | SS |
| SIERRA MADRE (Central) | 43.4 | B | 7.0 | 3.00 | DS |
| VENTURA - PITAS POINT | 43.5 | B | 6.8 | 1.00 | DS |
| RAYMOND | 47.2 | B | 6.5 | 0.50 | DS |
| SANTA YNEZ (East) | 50.1 | B | 7.0 | 2.00 | SS |
| M.RIDGE-ARROYO PARIDA-SANTA ANA | 53.7 | B | 6.7 | 0.40 | DS |
| RED MOUNTAIN | 57.7 | B | 6.8 | 2.00 | DS |
| CLAMSHELL-SAWPIT | 63.6 | B | 6.5 | 0.50 | DS |
| SAN ANDREAS - 1857 Rupture | 65.5 | A | 7.8 | 34.00 | SS |
| ELSINORE-WHITTIER | 68.5 | B | 6.8 | 2.50 | SS |
| SANTA CRUZ ISLAND | 73.4 | B | 6.8 | 1.00 | DS |
| BIG PINE | 77.4 | B | 6.7 | 0.80 | SS |
| SAN JOSE | 78.2 | B | 6.5 | 0.50 | DS |
| GARLOCK (West) | 78.3 | A | 7.1 | 6.00 | SS |
| PLEITO THRUST | 80.0 | B | 6.8 | 2.00 | DS |
| CHINO-CENTRAL AVE. (Elsinore) | 88.8 | B | 6.7 | 1.00 | DS |
| CUCAMONGA | 89.0 | A | 7.0 | 5.00 | DS |
| SANTA YNEZ (West) | 90.9 | B | 6.9 | 2.00 | SS |
| NEWPORT-INGLEWOOD (Offshore) | 97.4 | B | 6.9 | 1.50 | SS |
| WHITE WOLF | 104.3 | B | 7.2 | 2.00 | DS |
| ELSINORE-GLEN IVY | 106.3 | B | 6.8 | 5.00 | SS |
| SANTA ROSA ISLAND | 108.3 | B | 6.9 | 1.00 | DS |
| SAN ANDREAS - Southern | 113.1 | A | 7.4 | 24.00 | SS |
| SAN JACINTO-SAN BERNARDINO | 113.8 | B | 6.7 | 12.00 | SS |
| CLEGHORN | 118.8 | B | 6.5 | 3.00 | SS |
| CORONADO BANK | 122.4 | B | 7.4 | 3.00 | SS |
| LOS ALAMOS-W. BASELINE | 133.7 | B | 6.8 | 0.70 | DS |
| NORTH FRONTAL FAULT ZONE (West) | 135.4 | B | 7.0 | 1.00 | DS |
| SAN JACINTO-SAN JACINTO VALLEY | 138.9 | B | 6.9 | 12.00 | SS |
| ELSINORE-TEMECULA | 139.4 | B | 6.8 | 5.00 | SS |
| GARLOCK (East) | 143.3 | A | 7.3 | 7.00 | SS |
| HELENDALE - S. LOCKHARDT | 147.7 | B | 7.1 | 0.60 | SS |
| LENWOOD-LOCKHART-OLD WOMAN SPRGS | 150.0 | B | 7.3 | 0.60 | SS |

SUMMARY OF FAULT PARAMETERS

Page 2

| ABBREVIATED FAULT NAME | APPROX. DISTANCE (km) | SOURCE TYPE (A, B, C) | MAX. MAG. (Mw) | SLIP RATE (mm/yr) | FAULT TYPE (SS, DS, BT) |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| LIONS HEAD | 151.0 | B | 6.6 | 0.02 | DS |
| SAN JUAN | 158.7 | B | 7.0 | 1.00 | SS |
| SAN LUIS RANGE (S. Margin) | 158.9 | B | 7.0 | 0.20 | DS |
| ROSE CANYON | 165.1 | B | 6.9 | 1.50 | SS |
| CASMALIA (Orcutt Frontal Fault) | 168.1 | B | 6.5 | 0.25 | DS |
| So. SIERRA NEVADA | 169.7 | B | 7.1 | 0.10 | DS |
| GRAVEL HILLS - HARPER LAKE | 171.4 | B | 6.9 | 0.60 | SS |
| SAN JACINTO-ANZA | 173.5 | A | 7.2 | 12.00 | SS |
| NORTH FRONTAL FAULT ZONE (East) | 178.1 | B | 6.7 | 0.50 | DS |
| ELSINORE-JULIAN | 180.1 | A | 7.1 | 5.00 | SS |
| BLACKWATER | 185.2 | B | 6.9 | 0.60 | SS |
| PINTO MOUNTAIN | 185.8 | B | 7.0 | 2.50 | SS |
| LOS OSOS | 188.3 | B | 6.8 | 0.50 | DS |
| LANDERS | 188.6 | B | 7.3 | 0.60 | SS |
| LITTLE LAKE | 191.4 | B | 6.7 | 0.70 | SS |
| CALICO - HIDALGO | 192.3 | B | 7.1 | 0.60 | SS |
| JOHNSON VALLEY (Northern) | 193.7 | B | 6.7 | 0.60 | SS |
| HOSGRI | 196.9 | B | 7.3 | 2.50 | SS |
| EMERSON So. - COPPER MTN. | 207.1 | B | 6.9 | 0.60 | SS |
| RINCONADA | 208.3 | B | 7.3 | 1.00 | SS |
| BURNT MTN. | 214.8 | B | 6.5 | 0.60 | SS |
| TANK CANYON | 215.6 | B | 6.5 | 1.00 | DS |
| EUREKA PEAK | 215.8 | B | 6.5 | 0.60 | SS |
| SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK | 218.9 | B | 6.8 | 4.00 | SS |
| PISGAH-BULLION MTN.-MESQUITE LK | 220.6 | B | 7.1 | 0.60 | SS |
| EARTHQUAKE VALLEY | 225.3 | B | 6.5 | 2.00 | SS |
| PANAMINT VALLEY | 231.9 | B | 7.2 | 2.50 | SS |
| OWL LAKE | 236.4 | B | 6.5 | 2.00 | SS |
| OWENS VALLEY | 238.2 | B | 7.6 | 1.50 | SS |
| ELSINORE-COYOTE MOUNTAIN | 254.8 | B | 6.8 | 4.00 | SS |
| SAN JACINTO - BORREGO | 256.5 | B | 6.6 | 4.00 | SS |
| SAN ANDREAS (Creeping) | 266.4 | B | 5.0 | 34.00 | SS |
| DEATH VALLEY (South) | 268.4 | B | 6.9 | 4.00 | SS |
| INDEPENDENCE | 269.2 | B | 6.9 | 0.20 | DS |
| DEATH VALLEY (Graben) | 277.5 | B | 6.9 | 4.00 | DS |
| HUNTER MTN. - SALINE VALLEY | 285.9 | B | 7.0 | 2.50 | SS |
| SUPERSTITION MTN. (San Jacinto) | 288.9 | B | 6.6 | 5.00 | SS |
| BRAWLEY SEISMIC ZONE | 292.7 | B | 6.5 | 25.00 | SS |
| ELMORE RANCH | 292.8 | B | 6.6 | 1.00 | SS |
| SUPERSTITION HILLS (San Jacinto) | 294.9 | B | 6.6 | 4.00 | SS |
| ELSINORE-LAGUNA SALADA | 306.4 | B | 7.0 | 3.50 | SS |
| DEATH VALLEY (Northern) | 317.5 | A | 7.2 | 5.00 | SS |
| BIRCH CREEK | 317.5 | B | 6.5 | 0.70 | DS |
| IMPERIAL | 321.9 | A | 7.0 | 20.00 | SS |
| WHITE MOUNTAINS | 327.2 | B | 7.1 | 1.00 | SS |
| ROUND VALLEY (E. of S.N.Mtns.) | 345.6 | B | 6.8 | 1.00 | DS |

SUMMARY OF FAULT PARAMETERS

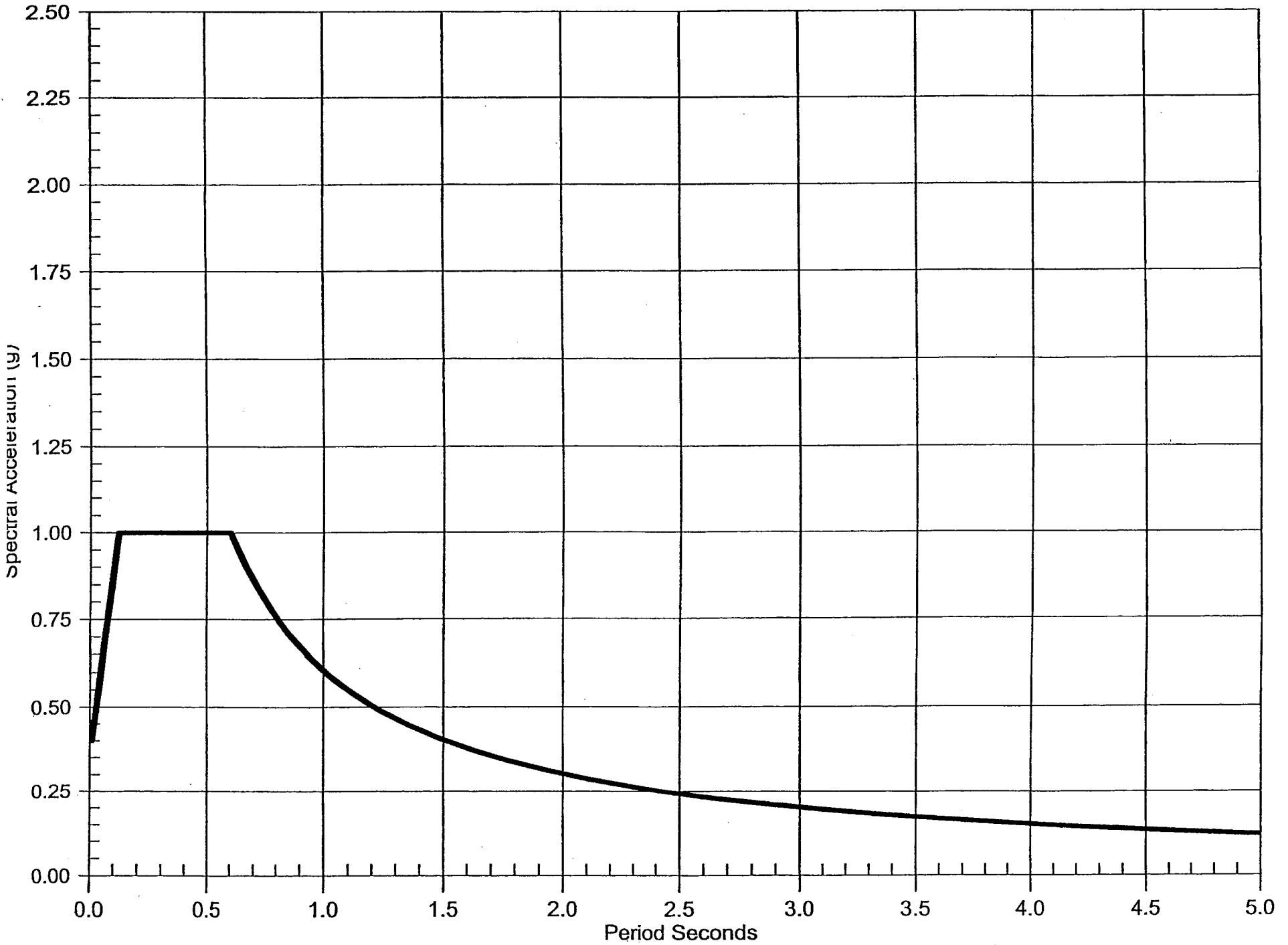
Page 3

| ABBREVIATED FAULT NAME | APPROX. DISTANCE (km) | SOURCE TYPE (A, B, C) | MAX. MAG. (Mw) | SLIP RATE (mm/yr) | FAULT TYPE (SS, DS, BT) |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| DEEP SPRINGS | 349.2 | B | 6.6 | 0.80 | DS |
| ORTIGALITA | 352.8 | B | 6.9 | 1.00 | SS |
| CALAVERAS (So. of Calaveras Res) | 356.0 | B | 6.2 | 15.00 | SS |
| MONTEREY BAY - TULARCITOS | 356.5 | B | 7.1 | 0.50 | DS |
| PALO COLORADO - SUR | 357.1 | B | 7.0 | 3.00 | SS |
| FISH SLOUGH | 358.9 | B | 6.6 | 0.20 | DS |
| DEATH VALLEY (N. of Cucamongo) | 366.2 | A | 7.0 | 5.00 | SS |
| HILTON CREEK | 369.3 | B | 6.7 | 2.50 | DS |
| QUIEN SABE | 369.7 | B | 6.5 | 1.00 | SS |
| ZAYANTE-VERGELES | 387.1 | B | 6.8 | 0.10 | SS |
| HARTLEY SPRINGS | 389.5 | B | 6.6 | 0.50 | DS |
| SAN ANDREAS (1906) | 392.3 | A | 7.9 | 24.00 | SS |
| SARGENT | 392.8 | B | 6.8 | 3.00 | SS |
| MONO LAKE | 423.2 | B | 6.6 | 2.50 | DS |
| SAN GREGORIO | 431.4 | A | 7.3 | 5.00 | SS |
| MONTE VISTA - SHANNON | 442.4 | B | 6.5 | 0.40 | DS |
| HAYWARD (SE Extension) | 443.4 | B | 6.5 | 3.00 | SS |
| GREENVILLE | 444.8 | B | 6.9 | 2.00 | SS |
| ROBINSON CREEK | 452.6 | B | 6.5 | 0.50 | DS |
| CALAVERAS (No. of Calaveras Res) | 463.4 | B | 6.8 | 6.00 | SS |
| HAYWARD (Total Length) | 463.4 | A | 7.1 | 9.00 | SS |
| ANTELOPE VALLEY | 490.5 | B | 6.7 | 0.80 | DS |
| CONCORD - GREEN VALLEY | 512.2 | B | 6.9 | 6.00 | SS |
| GENOA | 512.4 | B | 6.9 | 1.00 | DS |
| RODGERS CREEK | 550.0 | A | 7.0 | 9.00 | SS |
| WEST NAPA | 551.6 | B | 6.5 | 1.00 | SS |
| POINT REYES | 566.4 | B | 6.8 | 0.30 | DS |
| HUNTING CREEK - BERRYESSA | 575.6 | B | 6.9 | 6.00 | SS |
| MAACAMA (South) | 612.9 | B | 6.9 | 9.00 | SS |
| COLLAYOMI | 630.6 | B | 6.5 | 0.60 | SS |
| BARTLETT SPRINGS | 635.7 | A | 7.1 | 6.00 | SS |
| MAACAMA (Central) | 654.1 | A | 7.1 | 9.00 | SS |
| MAACAMA (North) | 714.1 | A | 7.1 | 9.00 | SS |
| ROUND VALLEY (N. S.F. Bay) | 722.2 | B | 6.8 | 6.00 | SS |
| BATTLE CREEK | 757.3 | B | 6.5 | 0.50 | DS |
| LAKE MOUNTAIN | 780.2 | B | 6.7 | 6.00 | SS |
| GARBERVILLE-BRICELAND | 796.1 | B | 6.9 | 9.00 | SS |
| MENDOCINO FAULT ZONE | 850.7 | A | 7.4 | 35.00 | DS |
| LITTLE SALMON (Onshore) | 859.6 | A | 7.0 | 5.00 | DS |
| CASCADIA SUBDUCTION ZONE | 863.2 | A | 8.3 | 35.00 | DS |
| MAD RIVER | 863.8 | B | 7.1 | 0.70 | DS |
| McKINLEYVILLE | 874.0 | B | 7.0 | 0.60 | DS |
| FICKLE HILL | 875.7 | B | 6.9 | 0.60 | DS |
| TRINIDAD | 875.9 | B | 7.3 | 2.50 | DS |
| TABLE BLUFF | 879.8 | B | 7.0 | 0.60 | DS |
| LITTLE SALMON (Offshore) | 893.3 | B | 7.1 | 1.00 | DS |
| BIG LAGOON - BALD MTN. FLT. ZONE | 913.1 | B | 7.3 | 0.50 | DS |

DESIGN RESPONSE SPECTRUM

Seismic Zone: 0.4 Soil Profile: SC

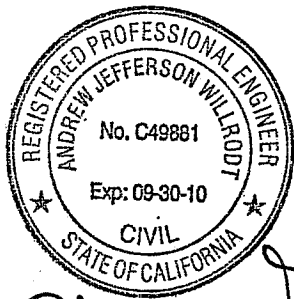
W.O. 5840 - Smith



Hydrology and Water Quality

- On-site Hydrology Study
and Report

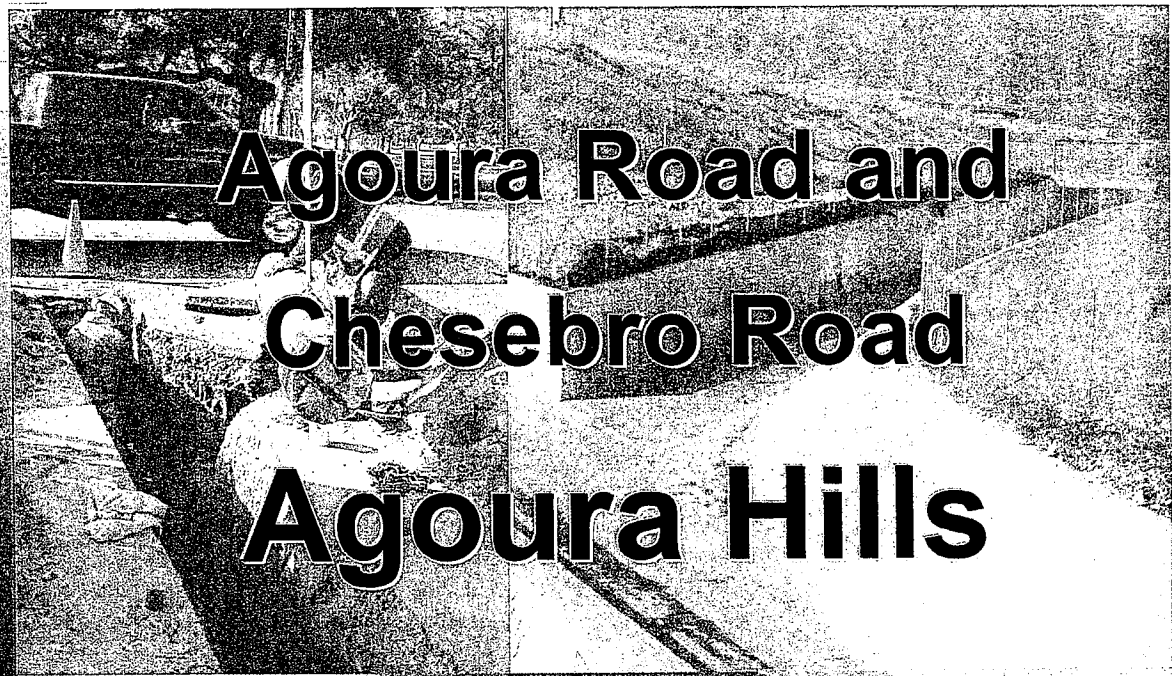
APPENDIX E



Andrew Willrodt
9-9-09

SEP 25 2009

On-Site Hydrology Study and Report



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Agoura Medical Office Building

Prepared By:
Andrew Willrodt, P.E.
R.C.E. No. 49881



August 2007

Revised: February 27, 2009
Revised: September 9, 2009
SS:070497-0000

Dedicated Service
Since 1961

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| 2.0. OBJECTIVE | 1 |
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| 4.0 EXISTING STORM DRAINS | 1 |
| 5.0 HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS AND CALCULATIONS | 1-2 |
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| 5.2 Post-Development Hydrology | 2 |
| 6.0 RETENTION REQUIREMENTS | 2-3 |
| 7.0 OFF-SITE IMPACTS | 4 |
| 8.0 CONCLUSION | 4 |

APPENDIX

- Figure 1 - Vicinity Map
- Figure 2 - Pre-Development Hydrology Map – A
- Figure 3 - Pre-Development Hydrology Map – B (Detention Basis)
- Figure 4 - Post-Development Hydrology Map
- T_c Calculator – Pre-Development Data & Results
- T_c Calculator – Post-Development Data & Results

ATTACHMENTS

- Calabasas 50-Year, 24-Hour Isohyet, 1-H1.25 – 1 Sheet
- Soil Identification Table – 1 Sheet
- L.A. County Runoff Coefficient Curve Chart for Soil Type No. 036– 1 Sheet
- Proportion Impervious data – 2 Sheets
- LACDPW Maintained Storm Drains – 1 Sheet
- FIRM Map – 1 Sheet

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report presents the onsite hydrology analysis for the proposed Agoura Medical Office Building. The 1.82 acre site is located in the City of Agoura Hills at the northwest corner of Chesebro Road and Agoura Road and consists of a three level medical office building, underground parking, landscaping, private on-site storm drains and stormwater quality treatment features. See the Vicinity Map, Figure 1 and the Post-Development Hydrology Map, Figure 3 in the Appendix.

2.0 OBJECTIVE

The purpose of this report is to analyze the subject Medical Office project with respect to hydrology storm water runoff and specifically to determine if any on-site storm water detention is required for site development.

3.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS

The existing site is vacant land with the entire site slopping northerly to an existing wall at the north property line. At the low point adjacent to the wall there is an 8" nominal diameter opening, where the site's storm drain flows routes to a concrete valley gutter on the adjacent property. The entire site is 2% impervious. See Pre-Development Hydrology Map, Figure 2 in the Appendix.

4.0 EXISTING STORM DRAINS

As shown on the Pre Development Hydrology Map, Figure 2, there is an existing 15" C.M.P culvert under Chesebro Road that has been abandoned and does not contribute run-on to this site.

The 8" hole in the wall at the northerly property line, noted in item 3.0 is the only existing functional drainage outfall system on the site.

See the "Pre-Development Hydrology Map" (Figure 2) in the Appendix and the "LACDPW Maintained Storm Drains" in the Attachments.

5.0 HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS AND CALCULATIONS

Hydrology analysis of the project was performed utilizing the Los Angeles County Department of Public Work's hydrologic method, revised in 2006. That method includes new Isohyetal Maps and a new "Tc_Calc_Depth.xls" program. Drainage sub-areas are created and graphically illustrated on Hydrology Maps found in the Appendix.

The site is situated close to the 50-year Isohyet 7.48. (See attached "Calabasas, 50 year Isohyet Map 1-H1.25" in the Attachments). The Soil Classification in the project area is 036. The proportion Impervious for the Pre-Development is "Vacant Area, 02

and for the Post-Development is "Major Medical Health Care Facilities," 74% impervious. See the LACDPW charts "Proportion Impervious Data" in the Attachments.

5.1 On-Site Pre- Development Hydrology

The site is currently vacant and composed of two sub-areas totaling 2.29 acres. The on-site area is designated Sub area A1; and the off-site area is designated Sub area A2. The off-site area extends to the centerlines of the streets, based on the potential of sheet flowing across to the site. This total area produces 9.19 cfs for a 50 year event. See Figure 2 in the Appendix.

With an emphasis on detention requirements we considered the existing undeveloped on-site area that falls within the proposed back of the proposed curb line, Sub-area A1, 1.78 acres, the 50-year event to the existing 8" diameter hole in the north wall generates a flow rate of 7.14 cfs. Sub-area A2, is a 0.51 acre area that generates a 50 year event flow rate of 2.05 cfs. This area currently runs onto the site, but will ultimately flow and remain within the Chesebro Road's curb & gutter (via proposed street improvements) that convey this run-off north on Chesebro Road. In summary, combining sub-areas A1 and A2 totals 2.29 acres, and produces a "clear flow" and "burn flow" peak flow rates of 9.19 cfs for a 50 year event from this site.

For purposes of determining on-site detention requirements we have considered the smaller tributary area (Sub-area A1), thus yielding a more conservative comparison for post development flow rate.

See the Pre-Development Map, Figure 3 and the "TcCalcResults_09-09-09.xls" calculations found in the Appendix.

5.2 On-Site Post-Development Hydrology

The site will consist of three medical office buildings, underground parking, private storm drain systems and landscaping. The site is composed of sub-areas A1-A4. Sub-drainage areas A2 thru A4, comprising a proposed 50 year flow rate of 3.77 cfs will be released to the existing 8" outlet on the northerly wall. Noting this flow rate is significantly less (i.e. 59 % less) than the existing 50 year flow rate of 9.19 cfs currently being released thru the existing 8" outlet on the northerly wall.

Sub-area A1, comprising 0.83 acre, is the upper level area of site which will be composed of the building roof tops and landscape vegetative areas that are located south and east of the building. This sub-area will flow to the proposed retention trenches located on-site via swale and gravel trench features. The 50-year storm event generates a flow rate of 3.33 cfs.

Sub-area A2, comprising 0.65 acre, is primarily composed of the upper level parking of the project site. It also contains a minor portion of the site's landscape area and the hardscape at the entrance of the building. This sub-area will also flow to the existing 8" outlet on the northerly wall via on-site pavement gutters and swale features. The 50-year storm event generates a flow rate of 2.61 cfs.

Sub-area A3, comprising 0.25 acre, is the lower area which will be composed of landscaping and parking areas. This area will flow to the adjoining property to the north via the existing 8" diameter hole on the northerly wall. The 50-year event generates a flow rate of 1.00 cfs.

Sub-area A4, comprising 0.04 acre, is the drive-ramp that leads vehicles to the lower parking area. This area will flow to building's basement collection system. For conservatism of the on-site hydrology we have analyzed this area A4 as routing ultimately to sub-area A3, which is flowing to the existing 8" diameter hole in the northerly wall eventually. The 50-year event generates a flow rate of 0.16 cfs.

Sub-area A5, comprising 0.18 acre, is basically the off-site areas of Chesebro Road and Agoura Roads that currently drain onto the site through un-improved shoulder conditions; and through the proposed public street improvements these area will drain directly down to the intersection of Dorothy and Chesebro Road. The 50-year event generates a flow rate of 0.72 cfs.

See the Post-Development Hydrology Map, Figure 4 and the "TcCalcResults_09-09-09.xls" calculations in the Appendix.

6.0 RETENTION REQUIREMENTS

The City of Agoura Hills municipal Code requirements stipulates two drainage "quantity" criterion be met. (1) The site's post-construction 50 year storm runoff shall not exceed that of the site's 50-year pre-construction runoff; and (2) for this project, the site's post development release through the existing 8" outlet on the northerly wall shall not exceed the site's pre-construction run-off through the same existing outlet. A comparison of the 50-year event post and pre-development runoffs was performed.

Conservatively, for pre-development runoff determinations, we have excluded the 0.51 acre of area run-off originating from the unimproved curb and gutter conditions along Agoura Road and Chesebro Road, per Figure 3. This predevelopment on-site area of 1.78 acres yields a 50 year event peak flow rate of 7.14 cfs.

As described in section 5.0 above and specifically through the use of on-site retention swales and gravel trenches, the site's total post-development on-site runoff area is the 3.77 cfs of which is all released through the existing 8" outlet on the northerly wall. Therefore both criteria have been met. No drainage releases to Chesebro Road.

Because the site will retain a portion of the on-site drainage flows, specifically sub-area A1, the on-site improvements will include a collection of swales and gravel infiltration trench features design to initially retain the drainage run-off volumes and then release the stored drainage to the underlying soils. Sub Area A1 generates a 50-year storm drain volume of 0.35 acre-feet or 15,300 cf. Assuming gravel void ratios of 0.35 to 0.40 this corresponds to a gravel volume of 38,000 to 44,000 cf. For purposes of on-site design we have provided for some 5,600 sf of trench areas which correspond to an average trench depth of 7.5 to 8 feet required for this on-site retention storage requirement.

See Pre and Post Development Hydrology Maps, Figures 3 and 4 and the Tc Calculator data and results in the Appendix.

7.0 OFF-SITE IMPACTS

As a result of the proposed project grading improvements all of the existing on-site storm water flows released off-site will be reduced significantly below the site pre-construction condition. The drainage released thru the Sub-drainage Area A5, 0.20 acres, will stay within the Chesebro rights-of-way via newly constructed curb and gutters. The ability to retain a portion of the on-site storm drainage (i.e. sub-area A1, 0.83 acres) through proposed infiltration trenches and as a direct result; the site's storm water released will be reduced to the adjoining tract to the north and ultimately out onto the Dorothy. The reduction of the flow to the northerly property will be a significant reduction of storm water effluent running through the adjoining property as result of this proposed project.

Because of the existing crown conditions in Chesebro Road, as on-site storm water outfalls into the new curb and gutter along Chesebro, it will sheet flow across the Chesebro road pavement surface and into the eastside curb and gutter of Chesebro and ultimately flow northerly into an existing curb basin inlet at the intersection of Dorothy Drive and Chesebro Road (existing inlet is located at the southeast quadrant of intersection).

See the Appendix Item "Flow Master Calculation for Curb & Gutter Conveyance along Chesebro" for the hydraulic calculation demonstrating that the resulting storm water effluent (existing Chesebro component + proposed on-site component) stays well within the existing curb and gutter features of Chesebro Road.

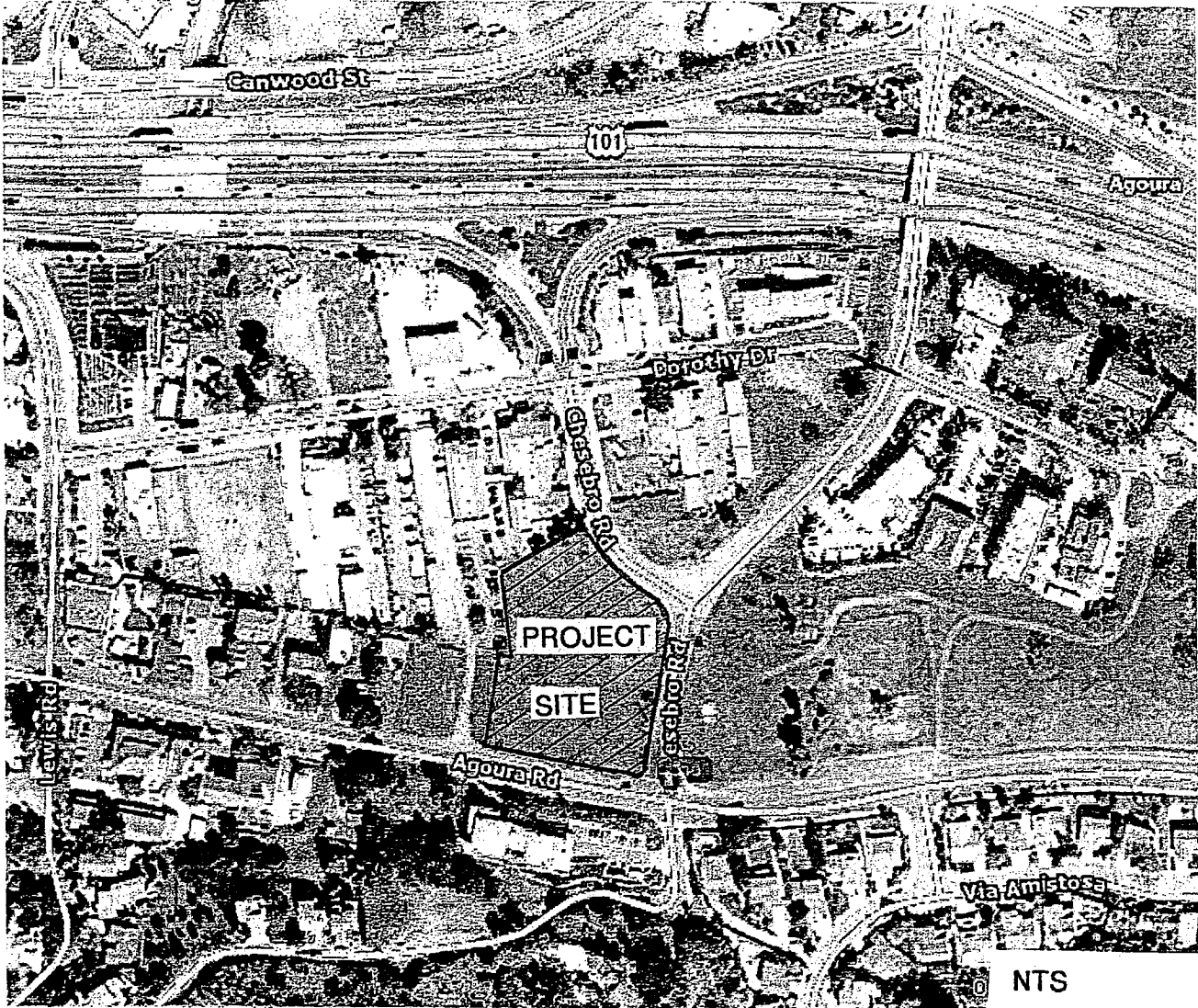
8.0 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

To comply with the City of Agoura Hills' development requirements, the post-development runoff shall not exceed that of the pre-development, a comparison of the post and pre development 50-year event runoffs was performed.

The result of that comparison concluded the post-development 50-year event runoff will be less than half of the pre-development 50-year event runoff. This conclusion is mainly due the use of on-site swales and gravel infiltration trench features designed to initially retain the drainage run-off volumes and then release the stored drainage to the underlying soils. Also, contributing to reduced storm drain flow rates was the significant flattening of grades for the post development area. Conversely, the existing steep grades and sloping of the site coupled with the type of soil that applies to the pre-development hydrology calculation has contributed to larger pre-development storm water flow rate.

APPENDIX

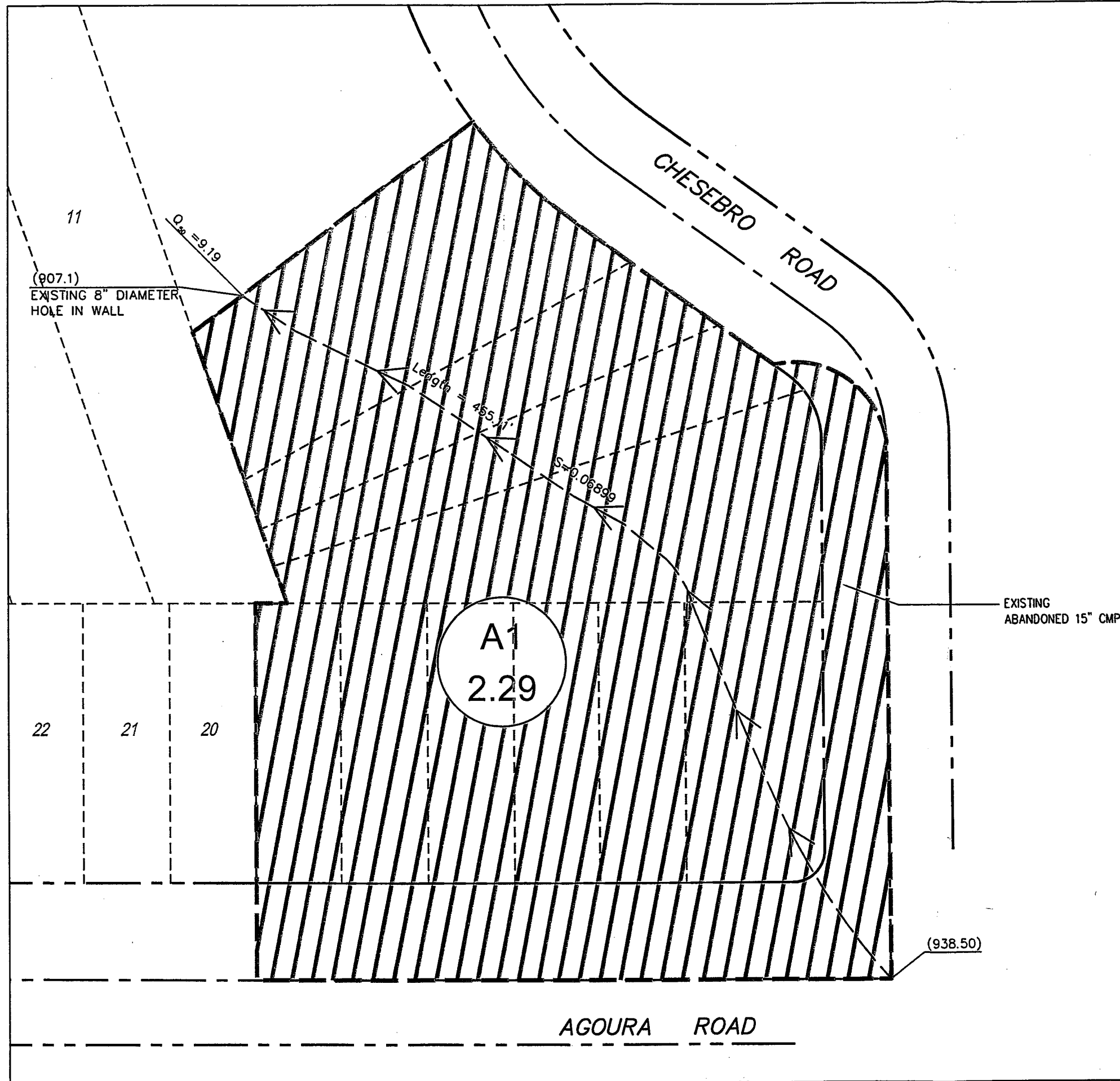
FIGURE 1







VICINITY MAP



**HYDROLOGY MAP FOR
PRE-DEVELOPMENT CONDITION
AGOURA MEDICAL PARTNERS, LLC
MEDICAL OFFICE BUILDING
SWC OF AGOURA RD AND CHESEBRO RD.
AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA**



LEGEND

-  SUBAREA
-  ACREAGE
- Q_{50} FLOW RATE FOR 50-YR STORM
- CFS CUBIC FEET PER SECOND
-  FLOW DIRECTION
-  SUBAREA DIVISION

SUBAREA FLOW INFORMATION:

| SUBAREA | AREA | PERCENT IMPERVIOUS | FLOW LENGTH | FLOW SLOPE | INTENSITY (IN./HR.) | T ^c | Q ₅₀ PEAK FLOW |
|---------|----------|--------------------|-------------|------------|---------------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| A1 | 2.29 AC. | 0.02 | 455.11 FT | 0.069 | 4.46 | 5.00 MIN. | 9.19 CFS |

OWNER / DEVELOPER:

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 CONTACT: ANDREW J. WILLRODT

GRAPHIC SCALE 1" = 50'

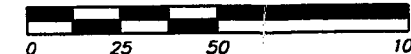


FIGURE 2

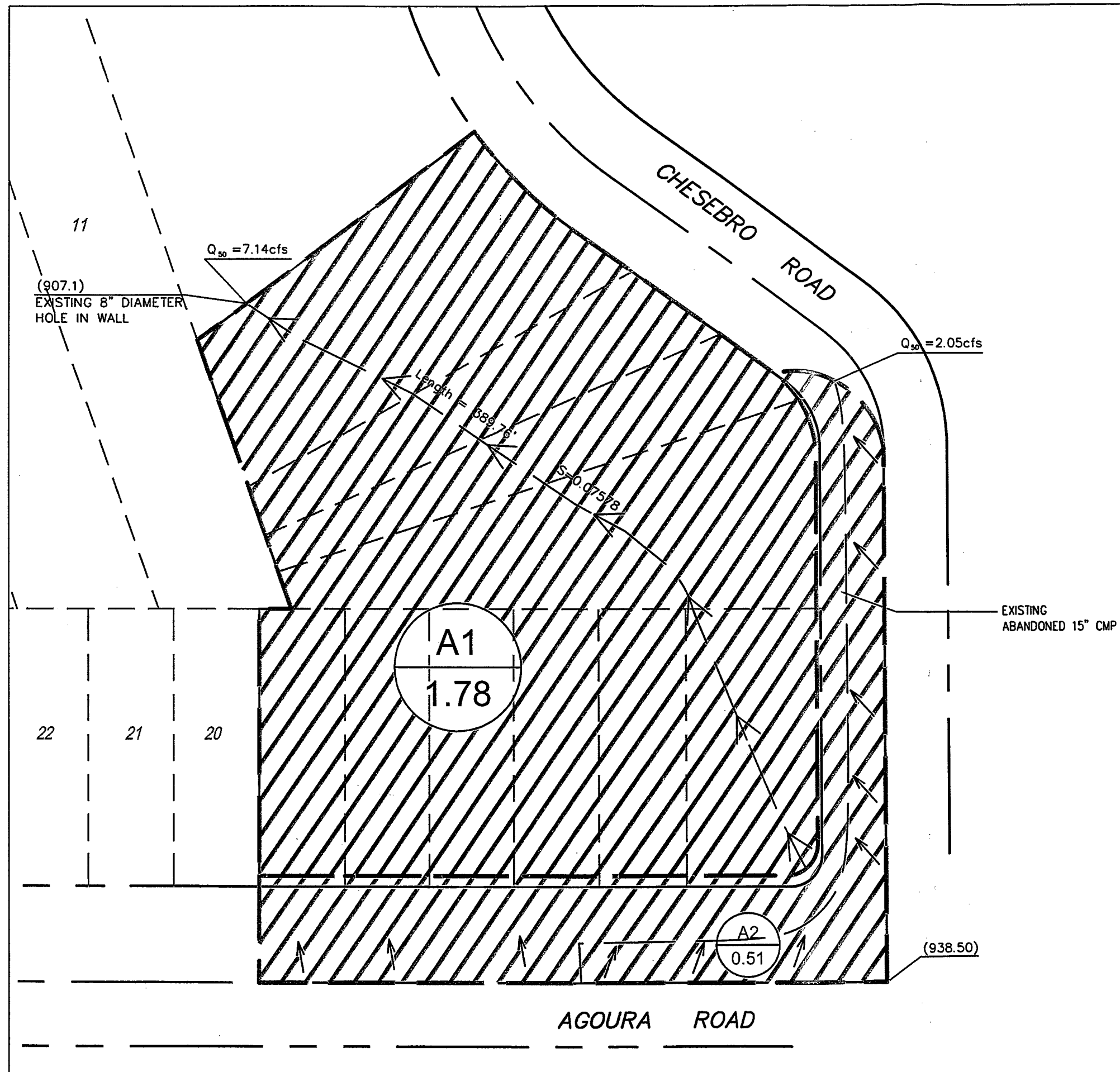
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**PRE DEVELOPEMENT
 HYDROLOGY MAP - A
 AGOURA MEDICAL OFFICE BUILDING**

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 Drawn:
 JC
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 AW
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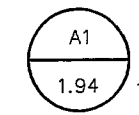
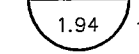


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**HYDROLOGY MAP FOR
PRE-DEVELOPMENT CONDITION
AGOURA MEDICAL PARTNERS, LLC
MEDICAL OFFICE BUILDING
SWC OF AGOURA RD AND CHESEBRO RD.
AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA**

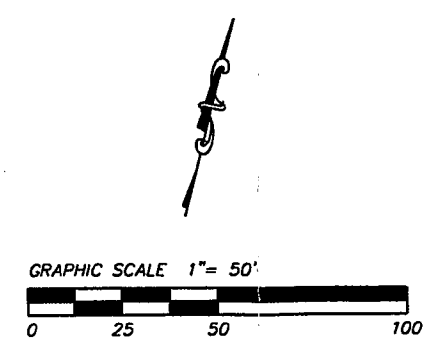


LEGEND

-  SUBAREA
-  ACREAGE
- Q_{50} FLOW RATE FOR 50-YR STORM
- CFS CUBIC FEET PER SECOND
-  FLOW DIRECTION
-  SUBAREA DIVISION

SUBAREA FLOW INFORMATION:

| SUBAREA | AREA | PERCENT IMPERVIOUS | FLOW LENGTH | FLOW SLOPE | INTENSITY (IN./HR.) | T ^c | Q ₅₀ PEAK FLOW |
|---------|----------|--------------------|-------------|------------|---------------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| A1 | 1.78 AC. | 0.02 | 389.76 FT | 0.076 | 4.46 | 5.00 MIN. | 7.14 CFS |
| A2 | 0.51 AC. | 0.02 | 386.59 FT | 0.055 | 4.46 | 5.00 MIN. | 2.05 CFS |



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Drawing Title:
**PRE DEVELOPMENT
HYDROLOGY MAP - B
AGOURA MEDICAL OFFICE BUILDING**

Work Order: ss.070497.0000
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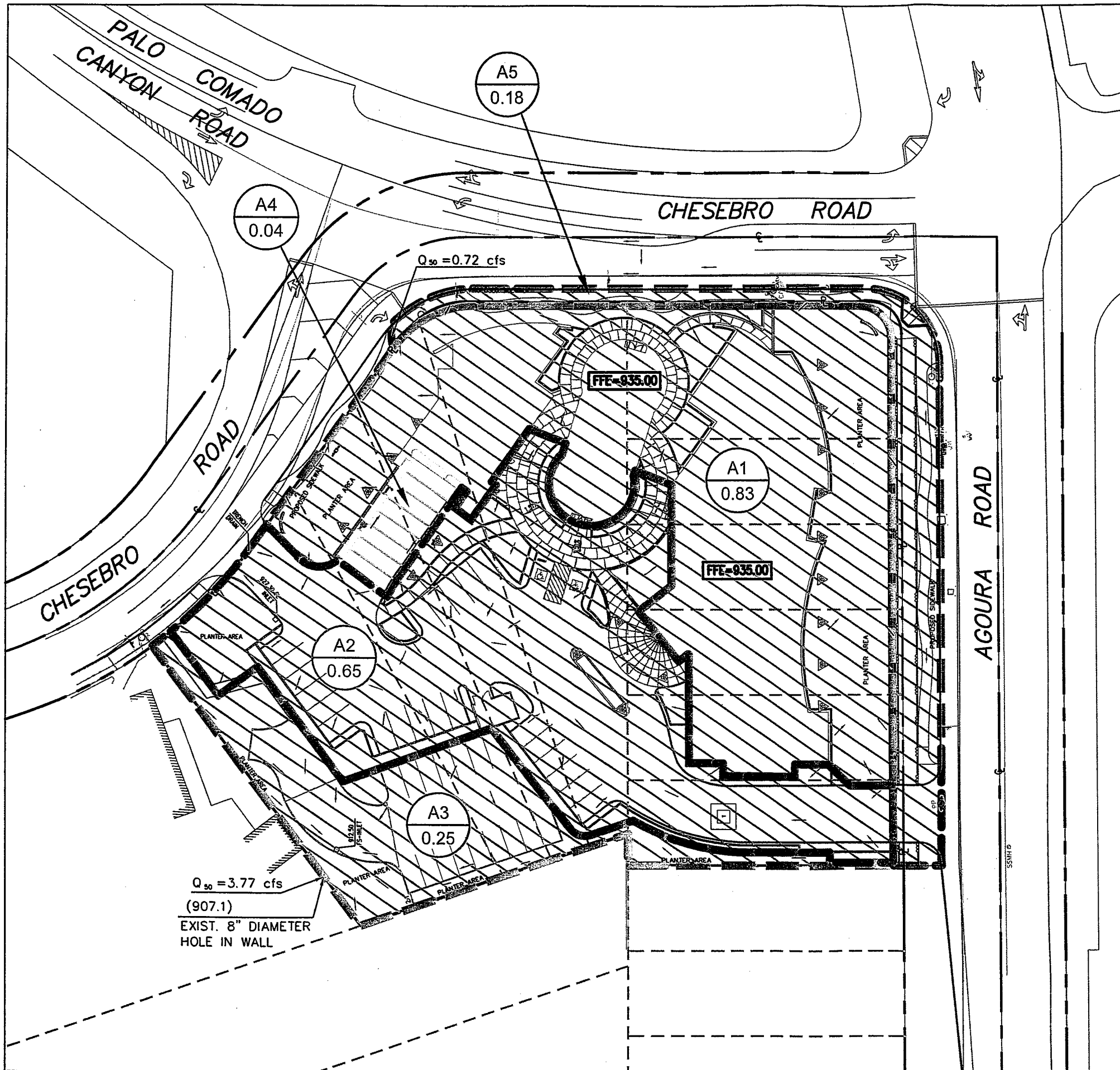
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FIGURE 3

Drawing Name: L:\07497\Eng\07497\Hm\Hydrology Report\03_Exhibit Adjustments for Submittal_09-09-09\01_d07497_PreDevelopment_B.dwg
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**HYDROLOGY MAP FOR
POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITION
AGOURA MEDICAL PARTNERS, LLC
MEDICAL OFFICE BUILDING
SWC OF AGOURA RD AND CHESEBRO RD.
AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA**



LEGEND

- SSMH (S) SEWER MANHOLE
- WM (M) WATER METER
- WV WATER VALVE
- PP (P) POWER POLE
- (S) SIGN
- FH (H) FIRE HYDRANT
- (G) GUY WIRE
- CATV (C) CABLE TV BOX
- CFS CUBIC FEET PER SECOND
- (A1 / 0.97) SUBAREA ACRES
- (→) FLOW DIRECTION
- (---) SUBAREA DIVISION

SUBAREA FLOW INFORMATION:

| SUBAREA | AREA | PERCENT IMPERVIOUS | FLOW LENGTH | FLOW SLOPE | INTENSITY (IN./HR.) | T'c | Q ₅₀ PEAK FLOW |
|---------|----------|--------------------|-------------|------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------------------|
| A1 | 0.83 AC. | 0.63 | 514.77 FT | 0.0286 | 4.46 | 5.00 MIN. | 3.33 CFS |
| A2 | 0.65 AC. | 0.78 | 356.92 FT | 0.0326 | 4.46 | 5.00 MIN. | 2.61 CFS |
| A3 | 0.25 AC. | 0.60 | 283.83 FT | 0.0715 | 4.46 | 5.00 MIN. | 1.00 CFS |
| A4 | 0.04 AC. | 0.95 | 68.74 FT | 0.1500 | 4.46 | 5.00 MIN. | 0.16 CFS |
| A5 | 0.18 AC. | 0.95 | 520.25 FT | 0.0383 | 4.46 | 5.00 MIN. | 0.72 CFS |

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ENGINEER:

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GRAPHIC SCALE 1" = 50'

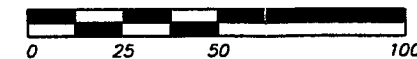


FIGURE 4

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**POST DEVELOPMENT
HYDROLOGY MAP
AGOURA MEDICAL OFFICE BUILDING**

Work Order
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Date:
09-09-09
Scale:
1" = 50'
Designed:
HC
Drawn:
JC
Checked:
AW
Page 1 of
1 Pages

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Fax: (818) 222-4331

Pre-Development
 Drainage Flow Rate
 Calculation

I Construction Group
Agoura Medical Office Building
SWC of Agoura Hills Road and Chesebro Road, Agoura Hills, California 91301

Hydrology Data for Pre-Development Condition - 50-Year Storm Event

Data for Figure 2

| Project | Drainage Subarea | Area (acres) | Percent Impervious | Frequency (Year) | Soil Type | Length (feet) | Slope (feet/feet) | Isohyet (inches) | T ^c -calculated (minutes) | Intensity (in./hr) | Undeveloped Cu | Developed Cd | Flow Rate (cfs) | Volume (acre-feet) |
|---------------|------------------|--------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| Medical Plaza | A1 | 2.30 | 0.02 | 50 | 36 | 455.11 | 0.069 | 7.48 | 5.00 | 4.46 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 9.24 | 0.49 |

Data for Figure 3

| Project | Drainage Subarea | Area (acres) | Percent Impervious | Frequency (Year) | Soil Type | Length (feet) | Slope (feet/feet) | Isohyet (inches) | T ^c -calculated (minutes) | Intensity (in./hr) | Undeveloped Cu | Developed Cd | Flow Rate (cfs) | Volume (acre-feet) |
|---------------|------------------|--------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| Medical Plaza | A1 | 1.79 | 0.02 | 50 | 36 | 402.06 | 0.076 | 7.48 | 5.00 | 4.46 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 7.19 | 0.38 |
| Medical Plaza | A2 | 0.51 | 0.02 | 50 | 36 | 385.20 | 0.055 | 7.48 | 5.00 | 4.46 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 2.05 | 0.11 |

Post-Development
 Drainage Flow Rate
 Calculation

I Construction Group
Agoura Medical Office Building
SWC of Agoura Hills Road and Chesebro Road, Agoura Hills, California 91301

Hydrology Data for Post-Development Condition - 50-Year Storm Event

| Project | Drainage Subarea | Area (acres) | Percent Impervious | Frequency (Year) | Soil Type | Length (feet) | Slope (feet/feet) | Isohyet (inches) | T _c -calculated (minutes) | Intensity (in./hr) | Undeveloped C _u | Developed C _d | Flow Rate (cfs) | Volume (acre-feet) |
|---------------|------------------|--------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| Medical Plaza | A1 | 0.83 | 0.63 | 50 | 36 | 514.77 | 0.02864 | 7.48 | 5.00 | 4.46 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 3.33 | 0.35 |
| Medical Plaza | A2 | 0.65 | 0.79 | 50 | 36 | 356.92 | 0.03256 | 7.48 | 5.00 | 4.46 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 2.61 | 0.31 |
| Medical Plaza | A3 | 0.25 | 0.59 | 50 | 36 | 283.83 | 0.07152 | 7.48 | 5.00 | 4.46 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 1.00 | 0.10 |
| Medical Plaza | A4 | 0.04 | 0.95 | 50 | 36 | 68.74 | 0.15000 | 7.48 | 5.00 | 4.46 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.16 | 0.02 |
| Medical Plaza | A5 | 0.18 | 0.95 | 50 | 36 | 520.25 | 0.03825 | 7.48 | 5.00 | 4.46 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.72 | 0.10 |

ATTACHMENTS

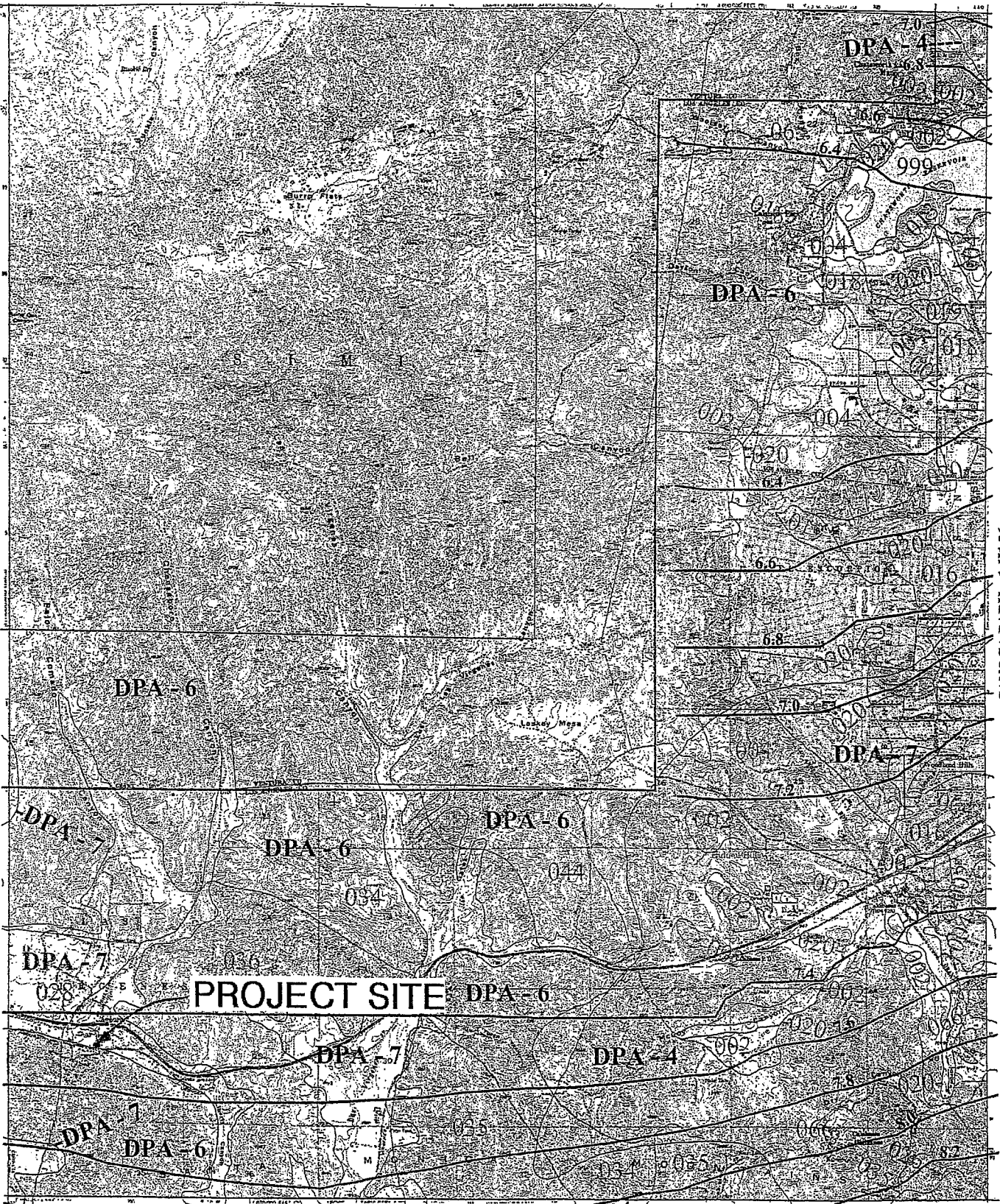
34° 15' 00"

SANTA SUSANA 1-HI.34

-118° 45' 00"

THOUSAND OAKS 1-HI.24

CANOGA PARK 1-HI.26



-118° 37' 30"

MALIBU BEACH 1-HI.15

34° 07' 30"



016

SOIL CLASSIFICATION AREA

7.2

INCHES OF RAINFALL

DPA - 6

DEBRIS POTENTIAL AREA

1 0 1 2 Miles

25-YEAR 24-HOUR ISOHYET REDUCTION FACTOR: 0.878
10-YEAR 24-HOUR ISOHYET REDUCTION FACTOR: 0.714

CALABASAS 50-YEAR 24-HOUR ISOHYET

1-HI.25



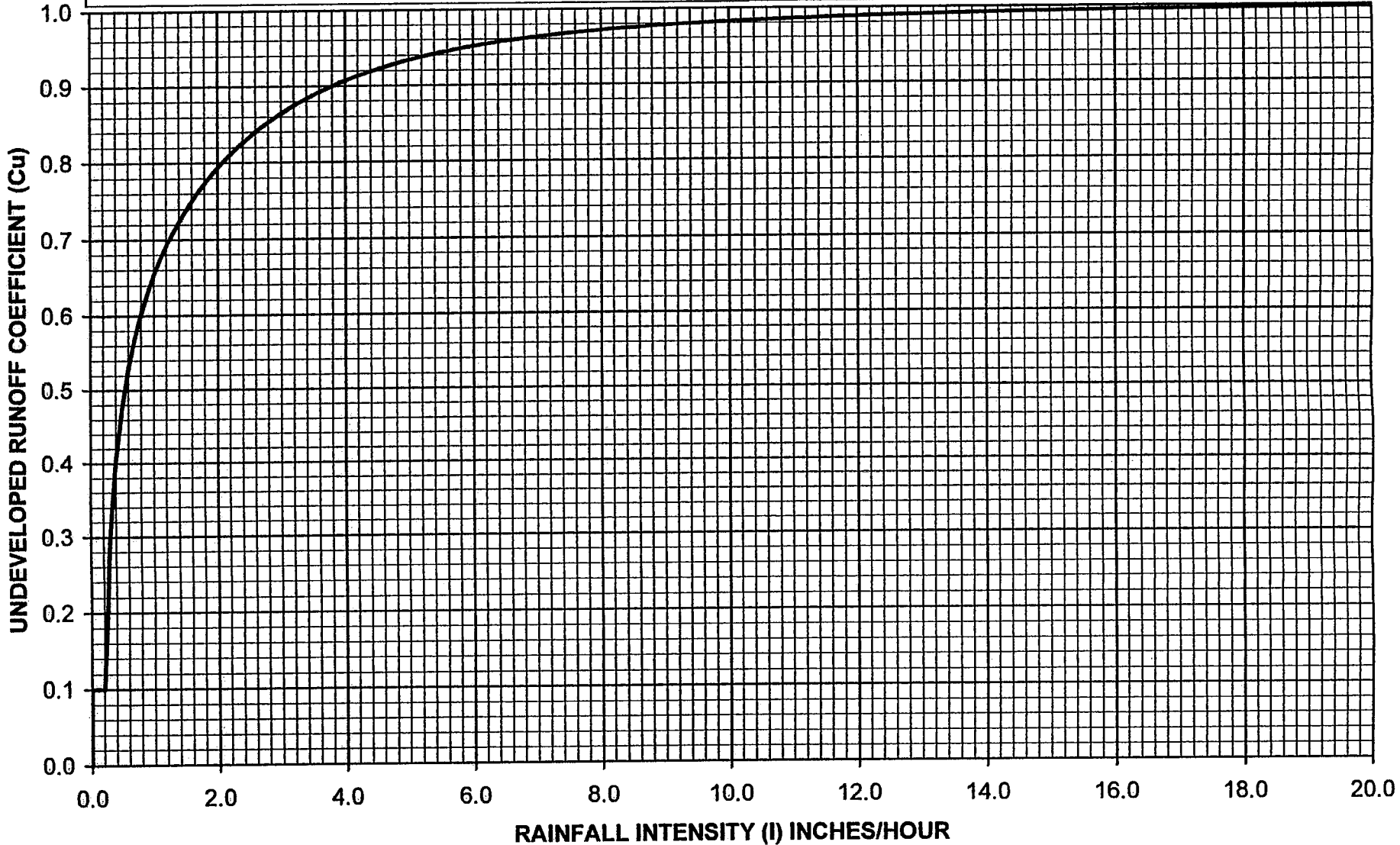
Soil Identification Table

| Number | Name | Original Name |
|--------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| 2 | ALTAMONT CLAY LOAM | A |
| 3 | CHINO SILT LOAM | CS-1 |
| 4 | DIABLO CLAY LOAM | DY |
| 5 | HANFORD FINE SANDY LOAM | HF |
| 6 | HANFORD FINE SANDY LOAM | HF-1 |
| 7 | HANFORD GRAVELLY SANDY LOAM | HG |
| 8 | HANFORD SILT LOAM | HN |
| 9 | MONTEZUMA CLAY ADOBE | M |
| 10 | OAKLEY FINE SAND | OS |
| 11 | PLACENTIA LOAM | PL |
| 12 | RAMONA CLAY LOAM | RC- 1 |
| 13 | RAMONA LOAM | RO |
| 14 | RAMONA SANDY LOAM | RS |
| 15 | TUJUNGA FINE SANDY LOAM | TF |
| 16 | YOLO LOAM | Y |
| 17 | YOLO CLAY LOAM | YC |
| 18 | YOLO FINE SANDY LOAM | YF |
| 19 | YOLO GRAVELLY SANDY LOAM | YG |
| 20 | YOLO SANDY LOAM | YS |
| 21 | SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS | SMM-1 |
| 22 | SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS | SMM-2 |
| 23 | SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS | SMM-3 |
| 24 | SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS | SMM-4 |
| 25 | SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS | SMM-5 |
| 26 | SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS | SMM-6 |
| 27 | SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS | SMM-7 |
| 28 | SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS | SMM-8 |
| 29 | SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS | SMM-9 |
| 30 | SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS | SMM-10 |
| 31 | SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS | SMM- 11 |
| 32 | SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS | SMM-12 |
| 33 | SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS | SMM-13 |
| 34 | SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS | SMM-14 |
| 35 | SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS | SMM-15 |
| 36 | SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS | SMM-16 |
| 37 | SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS | SMM- 17 |
| 38 | SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS | SMM- 18 |

$C_D = (0.9 * IMP) + (1.0 - IMP) * C_U$
 Where: C_D = Developed Runoff Coefficient
 IMP = Proportion Impervious
 C_U = Undeveloped runoff coefficient



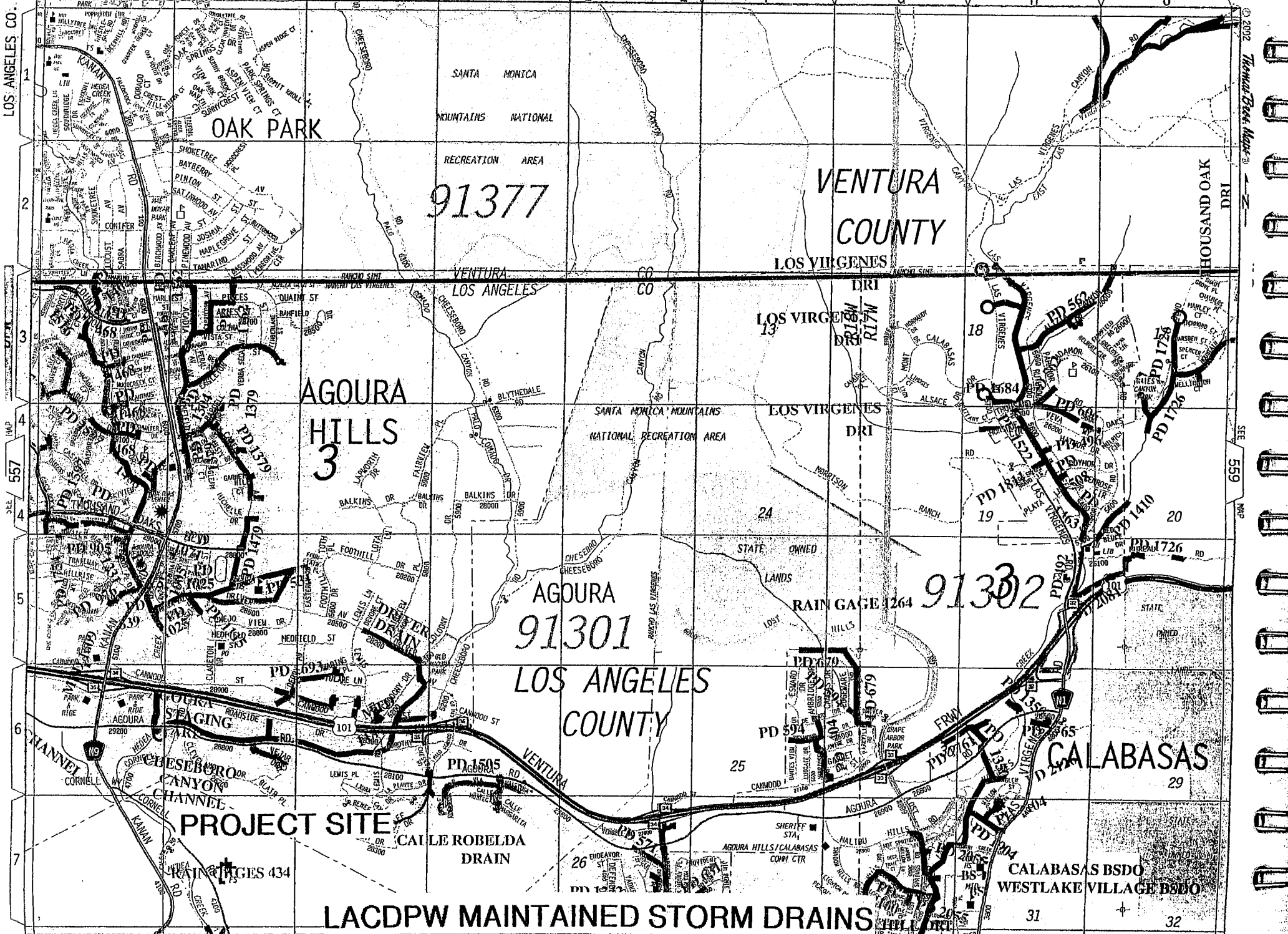
Los Angeles County Department of Public Works
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT CURVE
SOIL TYPE NO. 036



Proportion Impervious Data

| Code | Land Use Description | % Impervious |
|---------|---|--------------|
| 1111 | High-Density Single Family Residential | 42 |
| 1112 | Low-Density Single Family Residential | 21 |
| 1121 | Mixed Multi-Family Residential | 74 |
| 1122 | Duplexes, Triplexes and 2-or 3-Unit Condominiums and Townhouses | 55 |
| 1123 | Low-Rise Apartments, Condominiums, and Townhouses | 86 |
| 1124 | Medium-Rise Apartments and Condominiums | 86 |
| 1125 | High-Rise Apartments and Condominiums | 90 |
| 1131 | Trailer Parks and Mobile Home Courts, High-Density | 91 |
| 1132 | Mobile Home Courts and Subdivisions, Low-Density | 42 |
| 1140 | Mixed Residential | 59 |
| 1151 | Rural Residential, High-Density | 15 |
| 1152 | Rural Residential, Low-Density | 10 |
| 1211 | Low- and Medium-Rise Major Office Use | 91 |
| 1212 | High-Rise Major Office Use | 91 |
| 1213 | Skyscrapers | 91 |
| 1221 | Regional Shopping Center | 95 |
| 1222 | Retail Centers (Non-Strip With Contiguous Interconnected Off-Street | 96 |
| 1223 | Modern Strip Development | 96 |
| 1224 | Older Strip Development | 97 |
| 1231 | Commercial Storage | 90 |
| 1232 | Commercial Recreation | 90 |
| 1233 | Hotels and Motels | 96 |
| 1234 | Attended Pay Public Parking Facilities | 91 |
| 1241 | Government Offices | 91 |
| 1242 | Police and Sheriff Stations | 91 |
| 1243 | Fire Stations | 91 |
| 1244 | Major Medical Health Care Facilities | 74 |
| 1245 | Religious Facilities | 82 |
| 1246 | Other Public Facilities | 91 |
| 1247 | Non-Attended Public Parking Facilities | 91 |
| 1251 | Correctional Facilities | 91 |
| 1252 | Special Care Facilities | 74 |
| 1253 | Other Special Use Facilities | 86 |
| 1261 | Pre-Schools/Day Care Centers | 68 |
| 1262 | Elementary Schools | 82 |
| 1263 | Junior or Intermediate High Schools | 82 |
| 1264 | Senior High Schools | 82 |
| 1265 | Colleges and Universities | 47 |
| 1266 | Trade Schools and Professional Training Facilities | 91 |
| 1271 | Base (Built-up Area) | 65 |
| 1271.01 | Base High-Density Single Family Residential | 42 |
| 1271.02 | Base Duplexes, Triplexes and 2-or 3-Unit Condominiums and T | 55 |

| Code | Land Use Description | % Impervious |
|-------------|--|---------------------|
| 1271.03 | Base Government Offices | 91 |
| 1271.04 | Base Fire Stations | 91 |
| 1271.05 | Base Non-Attended Public Parking Facilities | 91 |
| 1271.06 | Base Air Field | 45 |
| 1271.07 | Base Petroleum Refining and Processing | 91 |
| 1271.08 | Base Mineral Extraction - Oil and Gas | 10 |
| 1271.09 | Base Harbor Facilities | 91 |
| 1271.10 | Base Navigation Aids | 47 |
| 1271.11 | Base Developed Local Parks and Recreation | 10 |
| 1271.12 | Base Vacant Undifferentiated | 1 |
| 1272 | Vacant Area | 2 |
| 1273 | Air Field | 45 |
| 1274 | Former Base (Built-up Area) | 65 |
| 1275 | Former Base Vacant Area | 2 |
| 1276 | Former Base Air Field | 91 |
| 1311 | Manufacturing, Assembly, and Industrial Services | 91 |
| 1312 | Motion Picture and Television Studio Lots | 82 |
| 1313 | Packing Houses and Grain Elevators | 96 |
| 1314 | Research and Development | 91 |
| 1321 | Manufacturing | 91 |
| 1322 | Petroleum Refining and Processing | 91 |
| 1323 | Open Storage | 66 |
| 1324 | Major Metal Processing | 91 |
| 1325 | Chemical Processing | 91 |
| 1331 | Mineral Extraction - Other Than Oil and Gas | 10 |
| 1332 | Mineral Extraction - Oil and Gas | 10 |
| 1340 | Wholesaling and Warehousing | 91 |
| 1411 | Airports | 91 |
| 1411.01 | Airstrip | 10 |
| 1412 | Railroads | 15 |
| 1412.01 | Railroads-Attended Pay Public Parking Facilities | 91 |
| 1412.02 | Railroads-Non-Attended Public Parking Facilities | 91 |
| 1412.03 | Railroads-Manufacturing, Assembly, and Industrial Services | 91 |
| 1412.04 | Railroads-Petroleum Refining and Processing | 91 |
| 1412.05 | Railroads-Open Storage | 66 |
| 1412.06 | Railroads-Truck Terminals | 91 |
| 1413 | Freeways and Major Roads | 91 |
| 1414 | Park-and-Ride Lots | 91 |
| 1415 | Bus Terminals and Yards | 91 |
| 1416 | Truck Terminals | 91 |
| 1417 | Harbor Facilities | 91 |
| 1418 | Navigation Aids | 47 |
| 1420 | Communication Facilities | 82 |
| 1420.01 | Communication Facilities-Antenna | 2 |



LOS ANGELES CO.

SEE MAP 557

SEE MAP 559

SEE MAP 559

© 2002 Thomas Reed Maps

SEE MAP 559

SEE MAP 559

OAK PARK

91377

VENTURA COUNTY

AGOURA HILLS 3

AGOURA 91301 LOS ANGELES COUNTY

91332

CALABASAS

PROJECT SITE

LACDPW MAINTAINED STORM DRAINS

CALABASAS BSDO WESTLAKE VILLAGE BSDO



FEMA

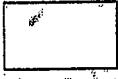
MSC Viewer



Scale: 13

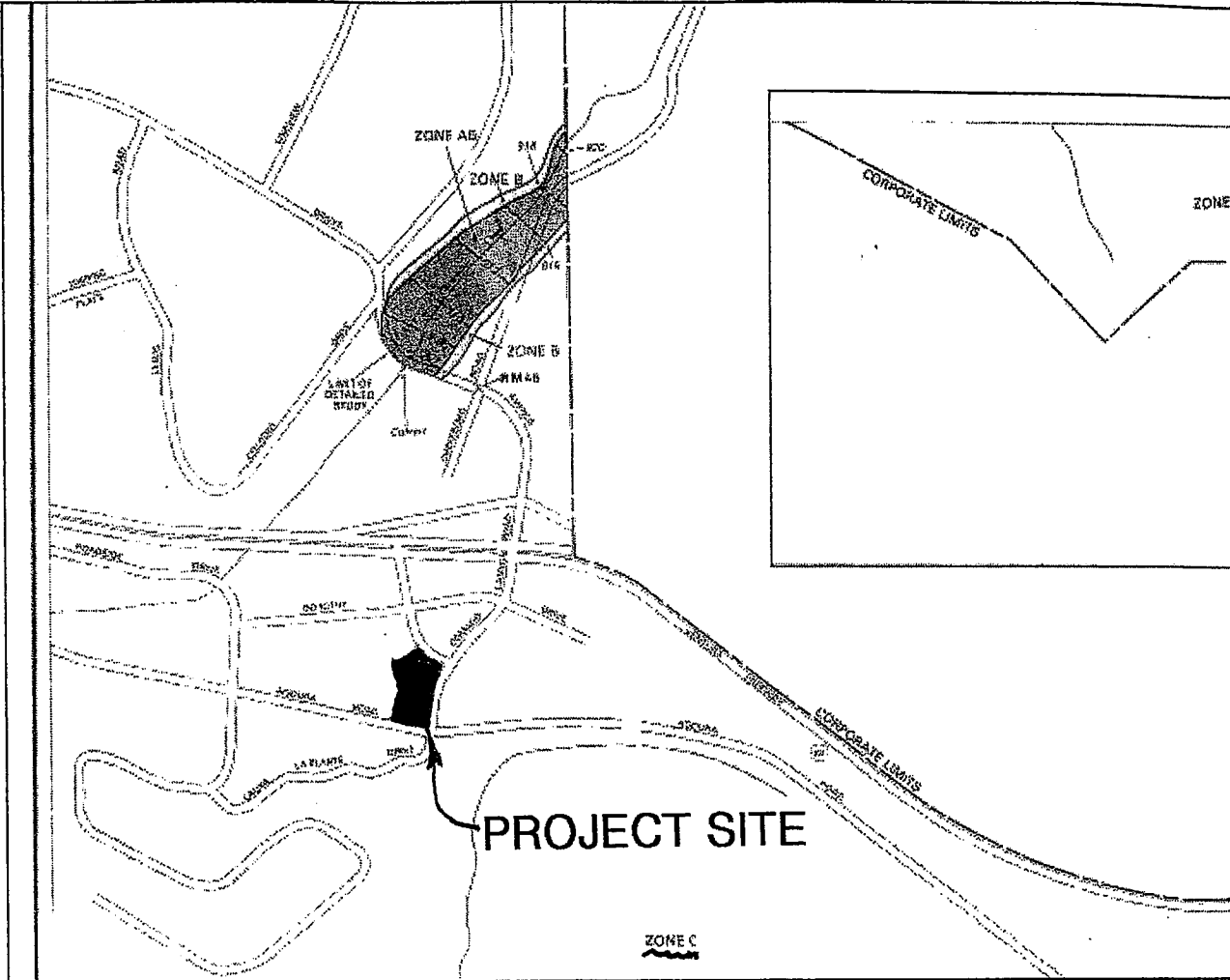
% 60

Help



| | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| | |
| | |
| 1:1 Zoom In | MAX Zoom Out |

Make a FIRMette



FIRM MAP

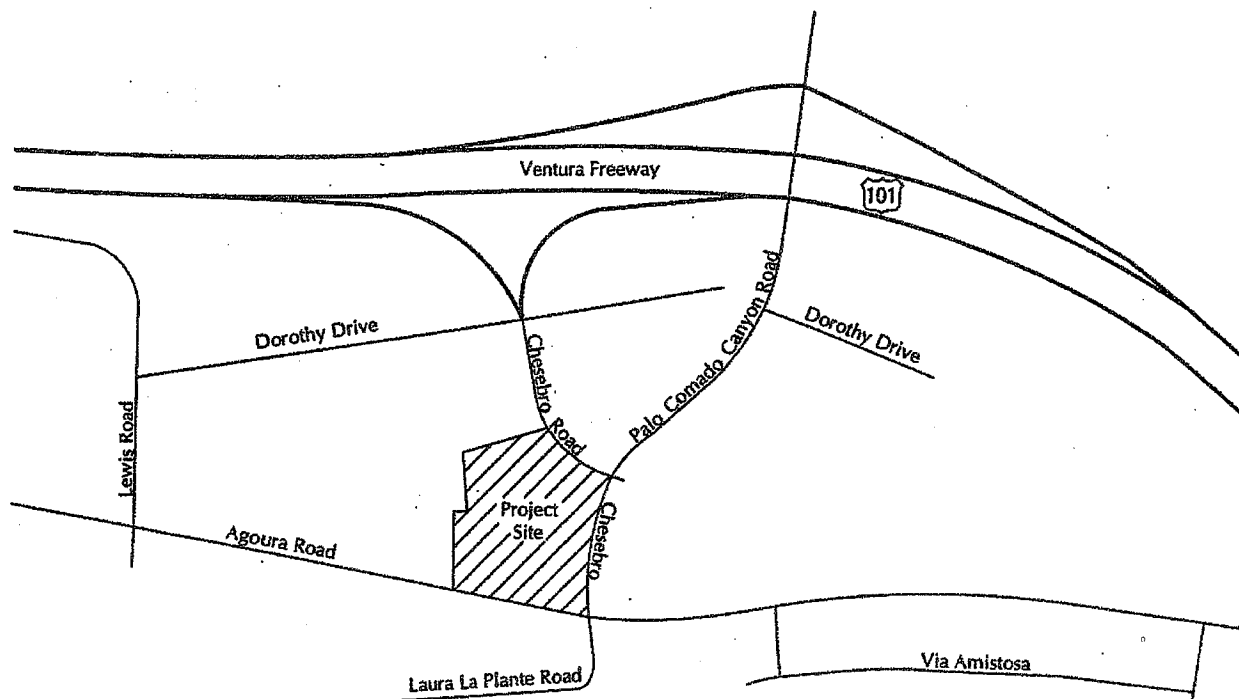
Transportation/ Traffic

- Traffic & Circulation Study

APPENDIX F

AGOURA MEDICAL OFFICE PROJECT CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA

REVISED TRAFFIC AND CIRCULATION STUDY



August 27, 2008

ATE Project #08007

Prepared for:

Agoura Medical Partners LLC
23945 Calabasas Road, Suite 111
Agoura Hills, CA 91302



ASSOCIATED TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERS

100 N. Hope Avenue, Suite 4, Santa Barbara, CA 93110-1686 • (805) 687-4418 • FAX (805) 682-8509



ASSOCIATED TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERS

100 N. Hope Avenue, Suite 4, Santa Barbara, CA 93110 • (805) 687-4418 • FAX (805) 682-8509

Since 1978

Richard L. Pool, P.E.
Scott A. Schell, AICP PTP

August 27, 2008

08007R02.WPD

Dr. Daniel C. Smith, DDS
Agoura Medical Partners LLC
23945 Calabasas Road, Suite 111
Agoura Hills, CA 91302

***REVISED TRAFFIC AND CIRCULATION STUDY FOR THE
AGOURA MEDICAL OFFICE PROJECT, CITY OF AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA***

Associated Transportation Engineers has revised the following traffic and circulation study for the Agoura Medical Office Project, proposed in the City of Agoura Hills. This report was revised to address comments made in a letter by City of Agoura Hills staff on July 16, 2008.

Associated Transportation Engineers

Scott A. Schell, AICP, PTP
Principal Transportation Planner

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INTRODUCTION

The following study contains an analysis of the potential traffic and circulation impacts associated with the Agoura Medical Office Project. The report provides information regarding existing and future traffic conditions within the project study-area, and recommends improvements where necessary. The report reviews the site access and circulation system and provides an analysis of the project's consistency with the policies outlined in the Congestion Management Program (CMP). This revised report also addresses the comments from City staff on July 16, 2008.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The project is proposing to construct a 40,733 square-foot medical office facility on a vacant lot located on the northwest corner of the Agoura Road/Chesebro Road intersection. Figure 1 shows the location of the project site within the City of Agoura Hills. Access to the site would be provided via one driveway on Agoura Road and one driveway on Chesebro Road. A total of 210 parking spaces would be provided for the site in a surface lot and a subterranean parking garage. Figure 2 illustrates the project site plan.

EXISTING CONDITIONS

Street Network

The project site is served by a network of highways, arterial streets and collector streets as illustrated in Figure 1. The following text provides a brief description of the major components of the study-area street network.

U.S. Highway 101, located north of the project site, is a multi-lane interstate highway serving the Pacific coast between Los Angeles and the state of Washington. This highway is the principal route between the City of Agoura Hills and the adjacent cities of Thousand Oaks and Westlake Village to the north, and the cities of Calabasas, Hidden Hills, and Los Angeles to the south. Access between the site and U.S. Highway 101 is provided via the Palo Comado-Chesebro Road interchange. The ramp intersections at this interchange are controlled by stop-signs.

Agoura Road, located along the project's southern frontage, is a 2-lane east-west arterial roadway that extends between Las Virgenes Road on the east and South Westlake Boulevard on the west. Within the study area, the Agoura Road/Lewis Road intersection is controlled by stop-signs on the Lewis Road approach and the Agoura Road/Chesebro Road intersection is controlled by all-way stop-signs.

Palo Comado Canyon Road, located northeast of the project, is an 2-lane north-south arterial roadway that extends north from the intersection of Chesebro Road to the intersection of Driver Avenue/Chesebro Road located north of U.S. Highway 101.

N
NOT TO SCALE

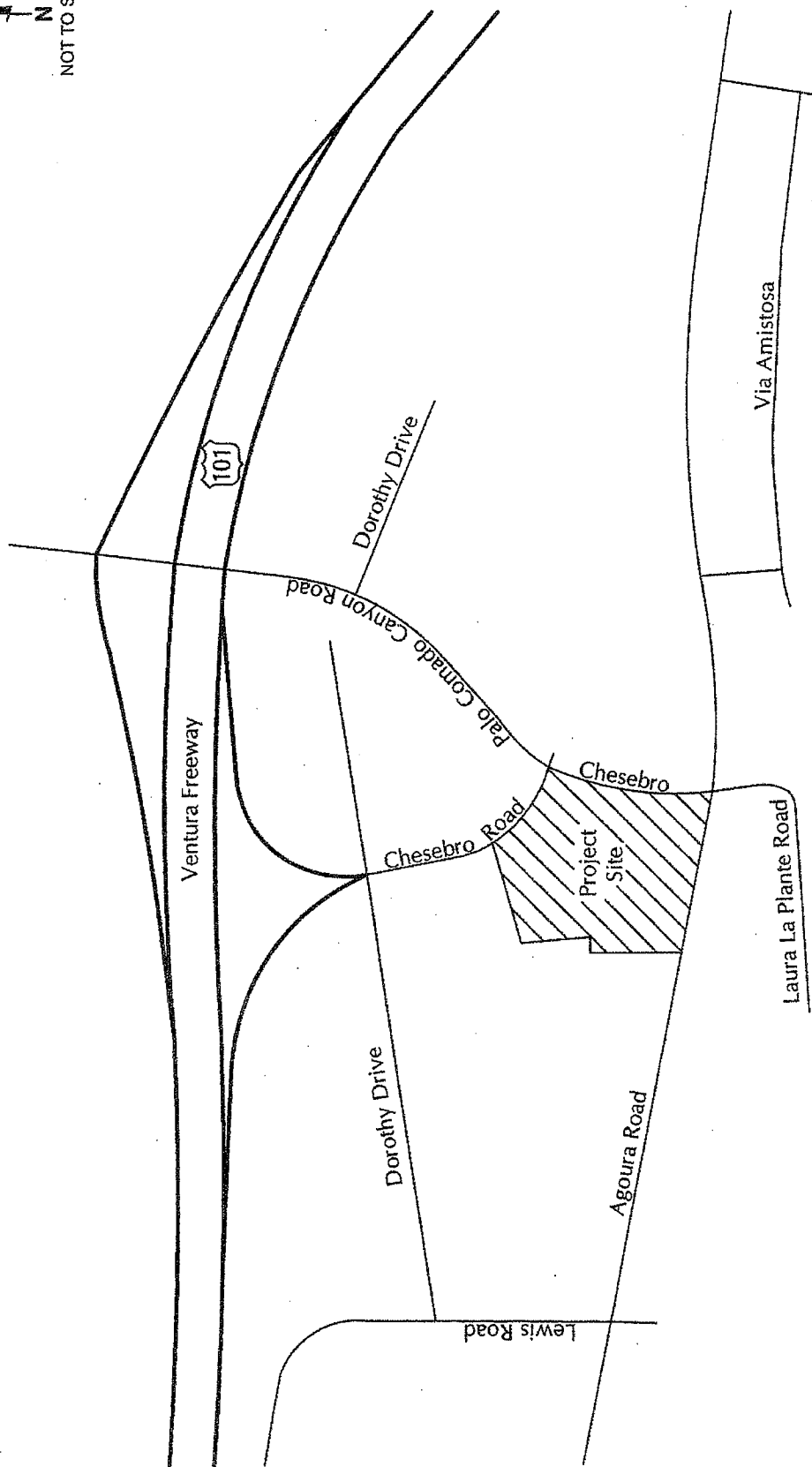


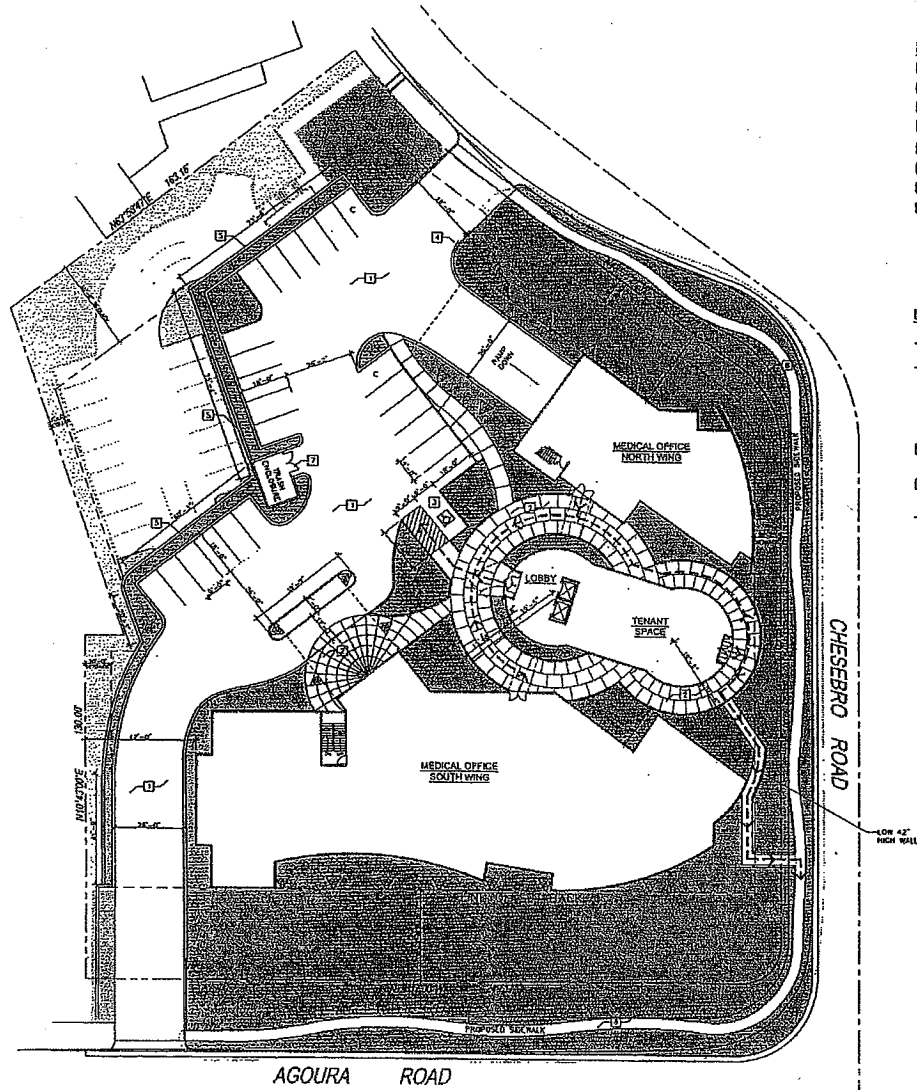
FIGURE 1

IJK - #08007

EXISTING STREET NETWORK AND PROJECT SITE LOCATION

ASSOCIATED
TRANSPORTATION
ENGINEERS





SITE PLAN/1ST FLOOR PLAN
SCALE: 1" = 30'-0"

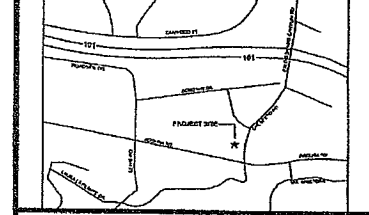
- KEY NOTES**
- 1) PROVIDE NEW CONCRETE DRIVEWAY
 - 2) PROVIDE NEW STAMPED CONCRETE PAVEMENT
 - 3) PROVIDE NEW VAN ACCESSIBLE H.C. PARKING W/ LOADING ZONE
 - 4) PROVIDE NEW CONCRETE CURB
 - 5) PROVIDE NEW SHIRT WALL W/ 36" HIGH GUARD RAIL
 - 6) PROPOSED DELIVERY TRUCK LOADING ZONE
 - 7) PROVIDE NEW TRASH ENCLOSURE
 - 8) PROVIDE NEW SIDEWALK

- LEGEND**
- H.C. PATH OF TRAVEL
 - PROPERTY LINE
 - ⊠ PROPOSED H.C. PARKING SPACE
 - C PROPOSED COMPACT PARKING SPACE
 - ▨ PROPOSED UPPER LEVEL LANDSCAPE
 - ▩ PROPOSED LOWER LEVEL LANDSCAPE
 - CUT PATH OF TRAVEL

SHEET INDEX

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| A1.1 2ND FLOOR PLAN | A22 SOUTH WING ELEVATIONS-2 |
| A1.2 ROOF PLAN | A23 NORTH WING ELEVATIONS-1 |
| A1.3 LOWER PARKING LEVEL FLOOR PLAN | A24 NORTH WING ELEVATIONS-2 |
| A1.4 PARKING LEVEL FLOOR PLAN | A25 CENTRAL BUILDING ELEVATIONS |
| | A26 BUILDING SECTIONS |

VICINITY MAP



PROJECT DATA

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:
THIS PROJECT IS A TWO (2) STORY MEDICAL DENTAL OFFICE BUILDING WITH A TWO TIERED PARKING STRUCTURE.

ZONE:
(D1) COMMERCIAL RETAIL SERVICE

OCCUPANCY CLASSIFICATION:
MEDICAL BUILDING "M" OCCUPANCY
PARKING LEVEL "S1" OCCUPANCY
LOWER PARKING LEVEL "S2" OCCUPANCY

ALLOWABLE FLOOR AREA:
TYPE I CONSTRUCTION - UNLIMITED OR
TYPE II - F.A. = 125,000 SQ. FT. AREA PER TIER

PARKING JUSTIFICATION:
MEDICAL OFFICE 40,733 SQ. FT. / 200 = 204 SPACES

PARKING PROVIDED:
PLAZA LEVEL 24
PARKING LEVEL 190
LOWER PARKING GARAGE 86
TOTAL PARKING 300

310 CARS X 200 SQ. FT. PER CAR = 42,000 SQ. FT. ALLOWABLE AREA.

SPACE FOOTAGE CALCULATIONS:
TOTAL TENANT SPACE (MERC. AREA)

1ST FLOOR MEDICAL OFFICE BUILDING
LOBBY 2,882.0 SQ. FT.
SOUTH WING 12,323.0 SQ. FT.
NORTH WING 12,454.0 SQ. FT.
1ST FLR TOTAL SQ. FT. 27,659.0 SQ. FT.

2ND FLOOR MEDICAL OFFICE BUILDING
LOBBY 2,882.0 SQ. FT.
SOUTH WING 12,454.0 SQ. FT.
NORTH WING 12,454.0 SQ. FT.
2ND FLR TOTAL SQ. FT. 27,790.0 SQ. FT.

TOTAL BUILDING AREA 40,733 SQ. FT. (SEE T1)

SITE COVERAGE JUSTIFICATION:
BUILDING EXISTING STRUCTURE & OFFICE BUILDING 646,918 658.7
LANDSCAPE 872,159 828.0
TOTAL SITE 1,519,077 813.3
ADDITIONAL LANDSCAPING ON PARKING STRUCTURE 15,254 85.6 254 MM
TOTAL LANDSCAPE 887,433 43.6

CONTACTS

| | |
|---|--|
| ARCHITECT: DARY HEATHCOTE, AIA, NCARB PRINCIPAL ARCHITECT HEATHCOTE & ASSOCIATES 3326 WILLOW LANE SUITE 200 WESTLAKE VILLAGE, CA 91361 CONTACT: DARY HEATHCOTE (818) 899-4418 (818) 899-4418 | OWNER: AGOURA MEDICAL PARTNERS LLC DR. DANIEL C. SMITH 28348 DORSETTY DRIVE, SUITE 203 AGOURA HILLS, CA 91301 (818) 899-4418 |
| CIVIL ENGINEER: MALL & FOREMAN INC. ANDREW W. FOREMAN, P.E., LEED A.P. 30350 WARNER CENTER LANE, STE. A WOODLAND HILLS, CA 91367 (818) 291-1900 | AL DOGHENS 283 28348 DORSETTY DRIVE, SUITE 203 AGOURA HILLS, CA 91301 (818) 899-4418 |
| LANDSCAPE CONSULTANT: RICHARD W. CAMPBELL, ASLA, BSRA RICHARD CAMPBELL 2100 E. THOUSAND OAKS BLVD. THOUSAND OAKS, CA 91320 (805) 449-3324 | |

| |
|-----------|
| REVISIONS |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |

AGOURA MEDICAL PARTNERS LLC

AGOURA HILLS, CA
CORNER OF CHESBRO ROAD & AGOURA ROAD



Heathcote & Associates
Architecture
3396 Willow Lane
Westlake Village
California Suite 200
Phone 805-497-4700

| |
|----------------------|
| T1 |
| SITE SHEET/SITE PLAN |



PROJECT SITE PLAN

FIGURE 2

JJK - #08007

PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

Chesebro Road, located along the project's north and east frontages, is a 2-lane arterial roadway that extends north from Agoura Road to the Dorothy Drive/U.S. Highway 101 Southbound Ramps intersection. Within the study area, the U.S. Highway 101 Southbound Ramps/Chesebro Road/Dorothy Drive and Chesebro Road/Agoura Road intersections are controlled by all-way stop-signs. The intersection of Chesebro Road/Palo Comado Canyon Road is two-way stop controlled with stop-signs at the eastbound and westbound approaches.

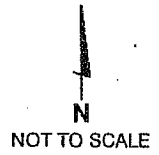
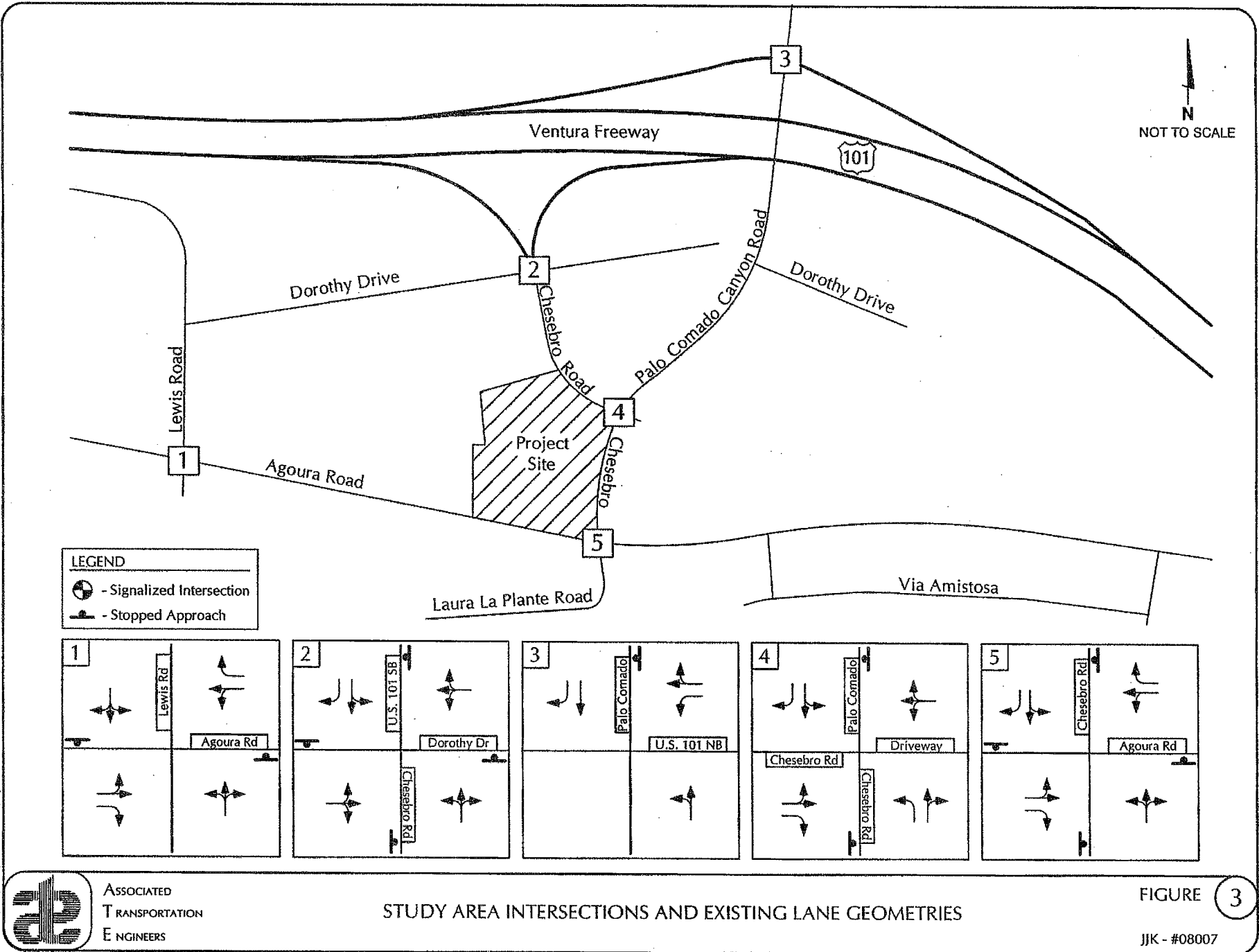
Lewis Road, located west of the project, is a 2-lane north-south local roadway that extends between Roadside Drive and Laura La Plante Road. Within the study area, Lewis Road is controlled by stop-signs at the Agoura Road intersection.

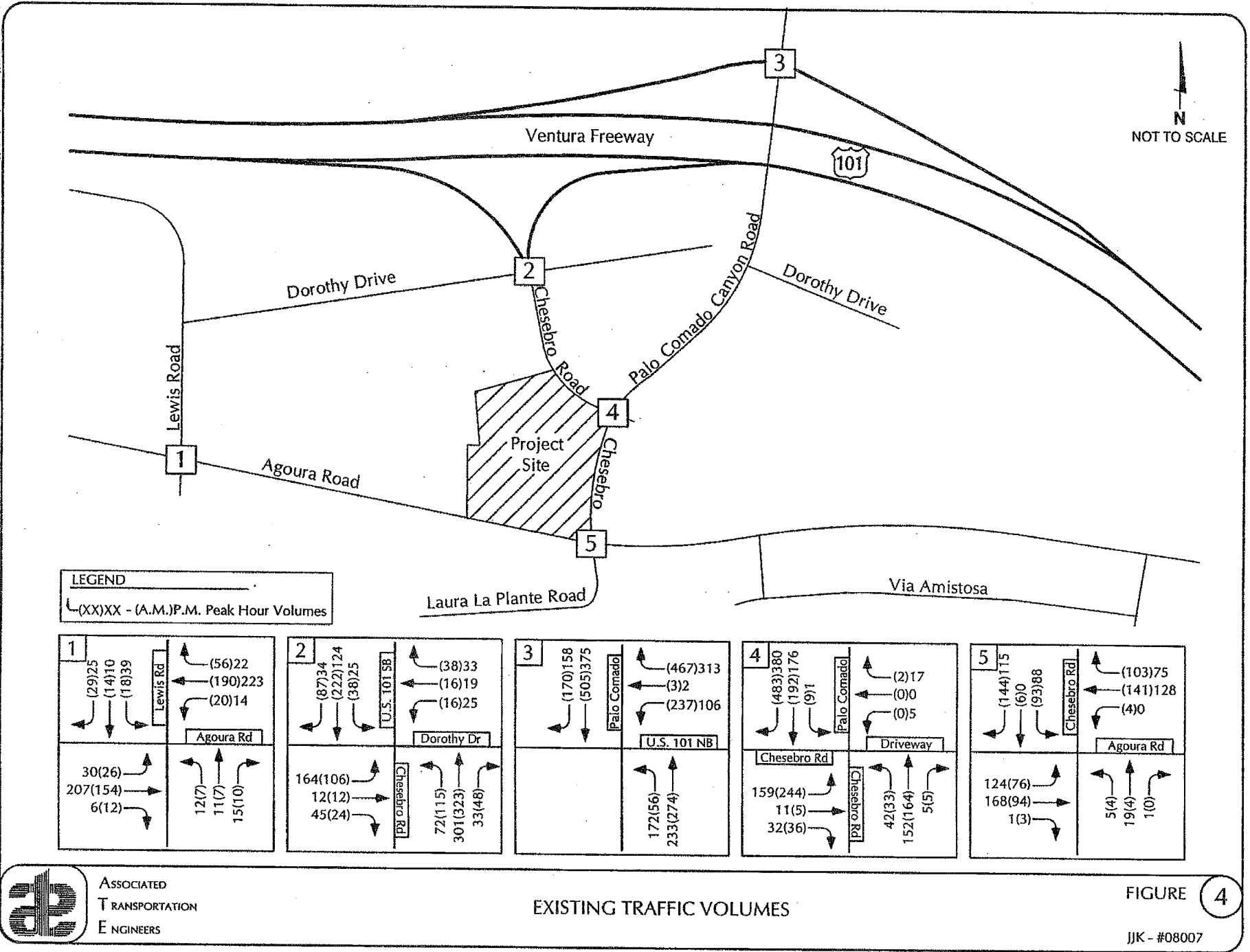
Intersection Operations

Because traffic flow on urban arterial roadways is most constrained at intersections, detailed traffic flow analyses focus on the operating conditions of critical intersections during peak travel periods. In rating intersection operations, "Levels of Service" (LOS) A through F are used, with LOS A indicating free flow operations and LOS F indicating congested operations (more complete definitions of levels of service are included in the Technical Appendix). The City of Agoura Hills considers LOS C as the minimum acceptable operating standard for intersections.

Figure 3 shows the study-area intersections, the existing traffic controls, and the intersection lane geometries. Existing peak hour volumes at study-area intersections were collected during January 2008 for this study (traffic count data is contained in the Technical Appendix for reference). Existing A.M. and P.M. peak hour traffic volumes for the study-area intersections are shown on Figure 4. Levels of service were calculated for the unsignalized intersections using the methodology outlined in the Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) ¹. Table 1 lists the existing levels of service for the study-area intersections (calculation worksheets are contained in the Technical Appendix).

¹ 2000 Highway Capacity Manual, Transportation Research Board, National Research Council, 2000.

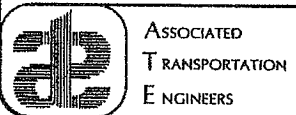




EXISTING TRAFFIC VOLUMES

FIGURE 4

JJK - #08007



**Table 1
Existing Intersection Levels of Service**

| Intersection | A.M. Peak Hour | | P.M. Peak Hour | |
|---|--------------------|--------------|----------------|-------|
| | Delay | LOS | Delay | LOS |
| Lewis Road/Agoura Road | 8.6 sec | LOS A | 8.7 sec | LOS A |
| U.S. 101 SB Ramps/Chesebro Road/Dorothy Drive | 15.8 sec | LOS C | 13.2 sec | LOS B |
| U.S. 101 NB Ramps/Palo Comado Canyon Road | > 50 sec | LOS F | 16.3 sec | LOS C |
| Chesebro Road/Palo Comado Canyon Road | 19.5 sec | LOS C | 16.7 sec | LOS C |
| Chesebro Road/Agoura Road | 9.5 sec | LOS A | 10.8 sec | LOS B |

*N/A = V/C increase not applicable at LOS C or greater.
Bold Values exceed City's LOS C standard.*

The data presented in Table 1 show the U.S. 101 NB Ramps/Palo Comado Canyon Road intersection operates at LOS F during the A.M. peak hour, which exceeds the City's LOS C standard. The remaining intersections operate at LOS C or better during the A.M. and P.M. peak hour periods.

THRESHOLDS OF SIGNIFICANCE

The City of Agoura Hills considers LOS C or better acceptable for intersection operations. A significant impact would occur when a proposed project increases traffic demand by 2% or greater (V/C increase ≥ 0.02) at a facility that would operate at LOS D or worse with project-added traffic volumes.

PROJECT-SPECIFIC ANALYSIS

Trip Generation

Trip generation estimates were calculated for the Agoura Medical Office Project based on the rates presented in the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) trip generation manual for Medical Office uses (Land-Use Code #720).² Table 2 summarizes the average daily, A.M., and P.M. peak hour trip generation estimates for the proposed project (a project trip generation worksheet is included in the Technical Appendix for reference).

² Trip Generation, Institute of Transportation Engineers, 7th Edition, 2003.

**Table 2
Project Trip Generation**

| Land Use | Size | ADT | | A.M. Peak Hour | | P.M. Peak Hour | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|-------|----------------|-------|----------------|-------|
| | | Rate | Trips | Rate | Trips | Rate | Trips |
| Medical Office | 40,733 SF | 36.13 | 1,472 | 2.48 | 101 | 3.72 | 152 |

The data presented in Table 2 show that the proposed project would generate 1,472 average daily trips, 101 A.M. peak hour trips, and 152 P.M. peak hour trips.

Trip Distribution

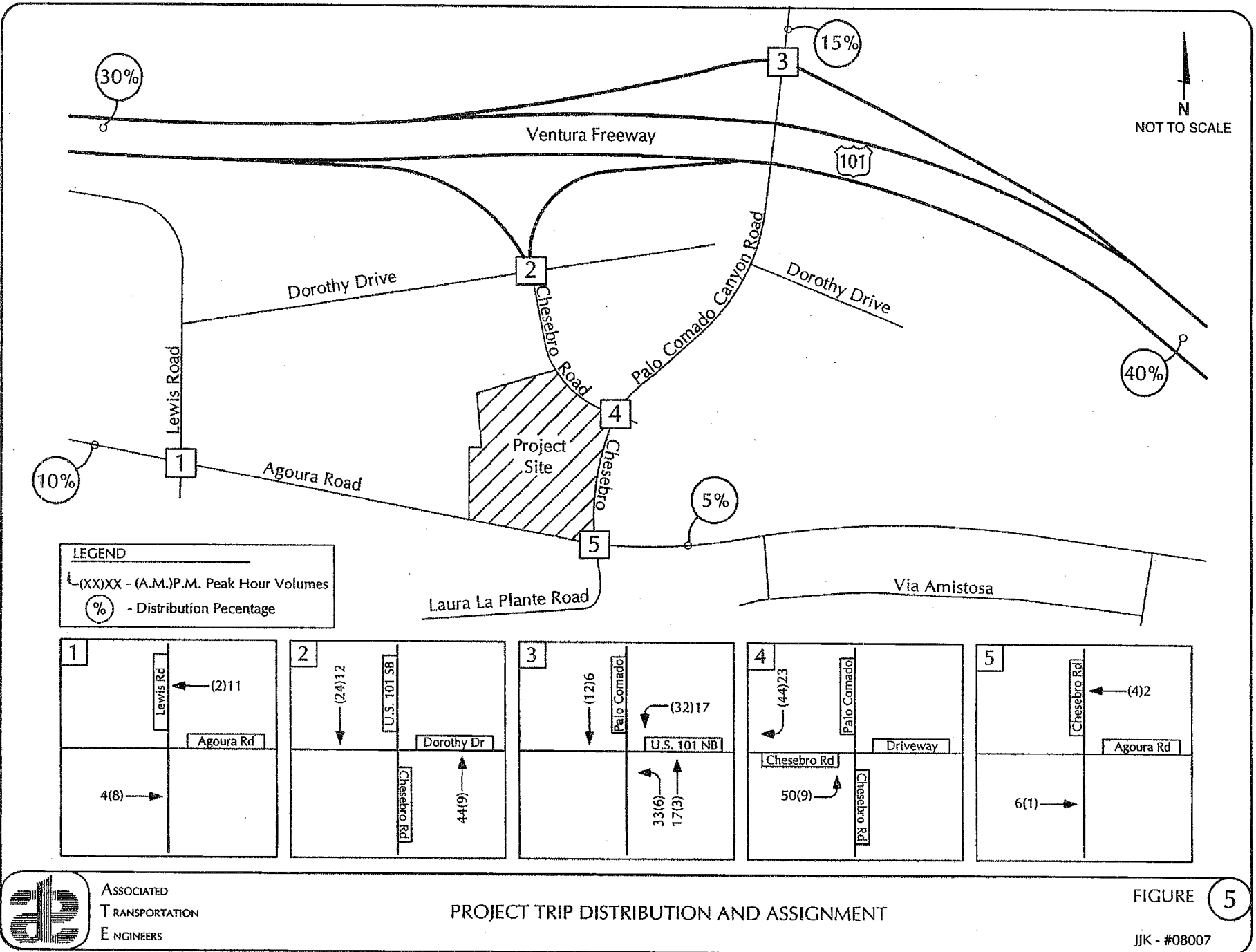
Project-generated traffic was distributed and assigned to the adjacent street network based on percentages shown in Table 3 and presented on Figure 5. The trip distribution percentages were developed based on existing traffic patterns observed in the study area, input from City staff, and consideration of the most logical travel routes for drivers accessing the proposed development. Figure 6 shows the peak hour project-added traffic volumes.

**Table 3
Project Trip Distribution**

| Origin/Destination | Direction | Percent |
|---|-----------|-------------|
| U.S. Highway 101 East of Palo Comado Canyon Road | East | 40% |
| U.S. Highway 101 West of Chesebro Road | West | 30% |
| Palo Comado Canyon Road North of U.S. Highway 101 | North | 15% |
| Agoura Road East of Chesebro Road | East | 5% |
| Agoura Road West of Lewis Road | West | 10% |
| Total | | 100% |

Roadway Operations

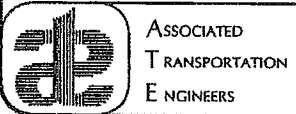
City staff requested that the study include traffic volume data for Agoura Road west of the proposed project driveway, with and without the proposed project. ATE collected 24-hour data on Agoura Road west of the proposed project driveway on Tuesday August 19, 2008 (count data is contained in the Technical Appendix for reference). The data show that Agoura Road currently carries 5,600 ADT west of the project site driveway. The project is forecast to add 150 ADT to the roadway for a total of 5,750 ADT under Existing + Project conditions. This level of traffic is well within the carrying capacity of this arterial roadway.



PROJECT TRIP DISTRIBUTION AND ASSIGNMENT

FIGURE 5

JJK - #08007



Intersection Operations

Levels of service were calculated for the study-area intersections using the Existing + Project traffic volumes presented on Figure 6. Tables 4 and 5 compare the Existing and Existing + Project levels of service and identify project-specific impacts based on City thresholds.

Table 4
Existing and Existing + Project A.M. Peak Hour Levels of Service

| Intersection | Existing | | Existing + Project | | Project Added | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|----------|--------------------|----------|---------------|------------|
| | Control Delay | LOS | Control Delay | LOS | % Increase | Impact? |
| Lewis Road/Agoura Road | 8.6 sec | A | 8.6 sec | A | N/A | NO |
| U.S. 101 SB Ramps/Chesebro/Dorothy | 15.8 sec | C | 16.7 sec | C | N/A | NO |
| U.S. 101 NB Ramps/Palo Comado Canyon | > 50 sec | F | > 50sec | F | 3.0% | YES |
| Chesebro Road/Palo Comado Canyon | 19.5 sec | C | 20.3 sec | C | N/A | NO |
| Chesebro Road/Agoura Road | 9.5 sec | A | 9.6 sec | A | N/A | NO |

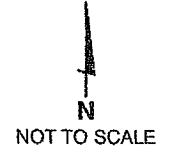
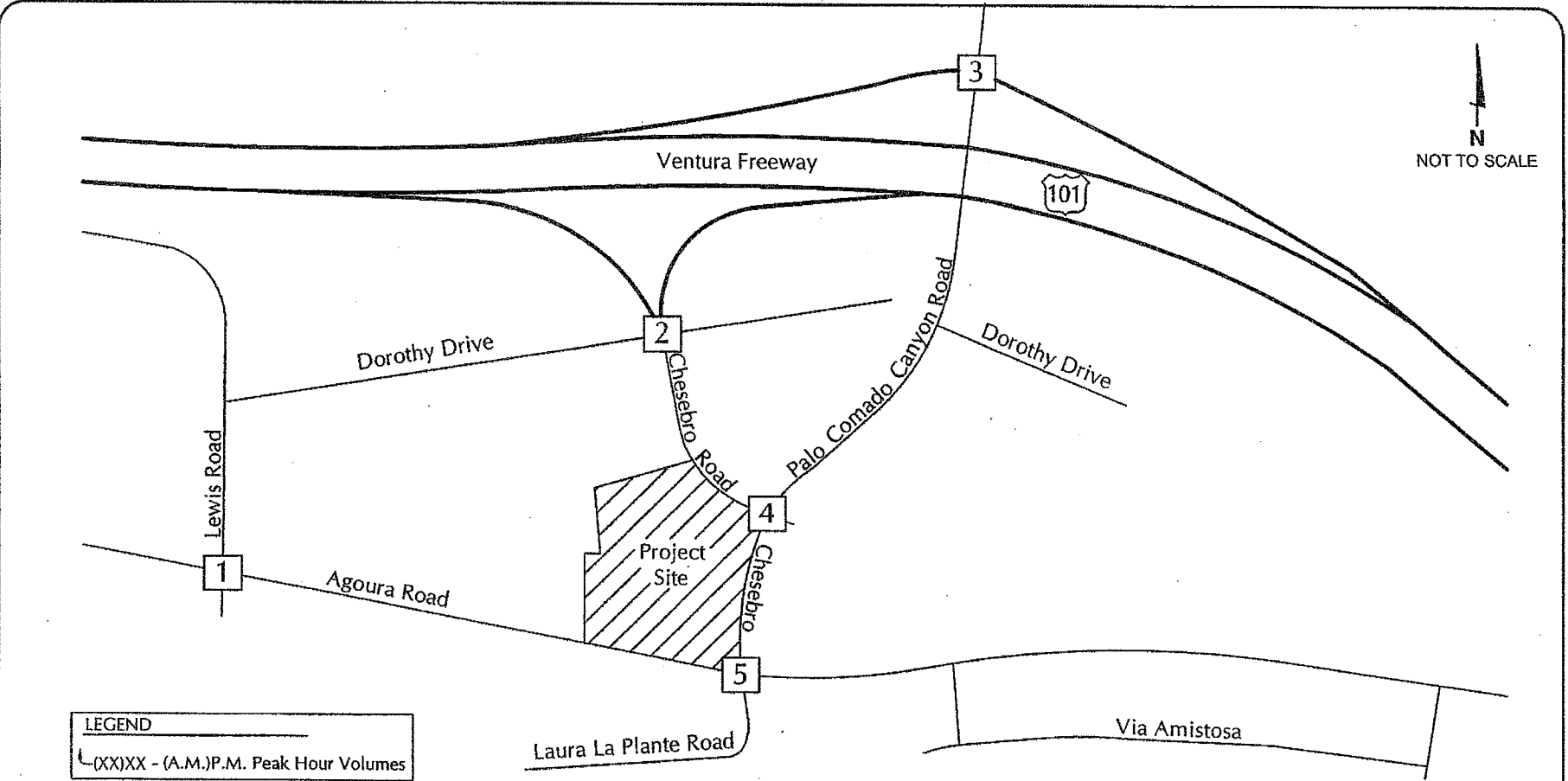
N/A = V/C increase not applicable at LOS C or better.
Bold Values exceed City's LOS C standard.

Table 5
Existing and Existing + Project P.M. Peak Hour Levels of Service

| Intersection | Existing | | Existing + Project | | Project Added | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-----|--------------------|-----|---------------|---------|
| | Control Delay | LOS | Control Delay | LOS | % Increase | Impact? |
| Lewis Road/Agoura Road | 8.7 sec | B | 8.7 sec | B | N/A | NO |
| U.S. 101 SB Ramps/Chesebro/Dorothy | 13.2 sec | B | 14.8 sec | B | N/A | NO |
| U.S. 101 NB Ramps/Palo Comado Canyon | 16.3 sec | C | 21.7 sec | C | N/A | NO |
| Chesebro Road/Palo Comado Canyon | 16.7 sec | C | 20.3 sec | C | N/A | NO |
| Chesebro Road/Agoura Road | 10.8 sec | B | 11.0 sec | B | N/A | NO |

N/A = V/C increase not applicable at LOS C or greater.
Bold Values exceed City's LOS C standard.

The data presented in Tables 4 and 5 indicate that most of the study-area intersections would operate at LOS C or better with Existing + Project traffic. The U.S. 101 NB Ramps/Palo Comado Canyon Road intersection currently operates at LOS F. The project would increase traffic at this location by 3.0%, which is considered a significant impact based on the City's traffic impact threshold. Improvements for this intersection are reviewed in the Mitigation Measures section of this report.



LEGEND
 (XX)XX - (A.M.)P.M. Peak Hour Volumes

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 | |
| (29)25 (14)10 (18)39 Lewis Rd (56)22 (192)234 (20)14 Agoura Rd | 30(26) 211(162) 6(12) 12(7) 11(7) 15(10) |

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| 2 | |
| (87)34 (246)136 (38)25 U.S. 101 SB (38)33 (16)19 (16)25 Dorothy Dr 164(106) 12(12) 45(24) Chesebro Rd 72(115) 345(332) 33(48) | 205(62) 250(277) |

| | |
|--|---------------------|
| 3 | |
| (170)158 (517)381 Palo Comado (467)313 (3)2 (269)123 U.S. 101 NB | 205(62) 250(277) |

| | |
|---|---|
| 4 | |
| (527)403 (192)176 (9)1 Palo Comado (2)17 (0)0 (0)5 Driveway Chesebro Rd 209(253) 11(5) 32(36) Chesebro Rd 42(33) 152(164) 5(5) | 124(76) 174(95) 1(3) 5(4) 19(4) 1(0) |

| | |
|--|---|
| 5 | |
| (144)115 (6)0 (93)88 Chesebro Rd (103)75 (145)130 (4)0 Agoura Rd 124(76) 174(95) 1(3) 5(4) 19(4) 1(0) | 124(76) 174(95) 1(3) 5(4) 19(4) 1(0) |



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EXISTING + PROJECT TRAFFIC VOLUMES

FIGURE 6

JJK - #08007

CUMULATIVE ANALYSIS

Cumulative traffic volumes were forecast assuming development of the approved and pending projects proposed within the City of Agoura Hills and the adjacent areas of Los Angeles County (a copy of the City's approved and pending projects list is contained in the Technical Appendix for reference). Trip generation estimates were developed for the cumulative projects using the rates presented in the ITE Trip Generation Report (see Technical Appendix for the trip generation worksheet). The cumulative trips were distributed to the study area street network based on the land use patterns within the City of Agoura Hills, traffic patterns observed in the study area, distribution data contained in traffic studies completed for other projects, and consideration of the most logical travel routes for drivers accessing each development. The cumulative traffic volume forecasts are presented on Figure 7 and the Cumulative + Project volumes are shown on Figure 8.

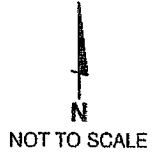
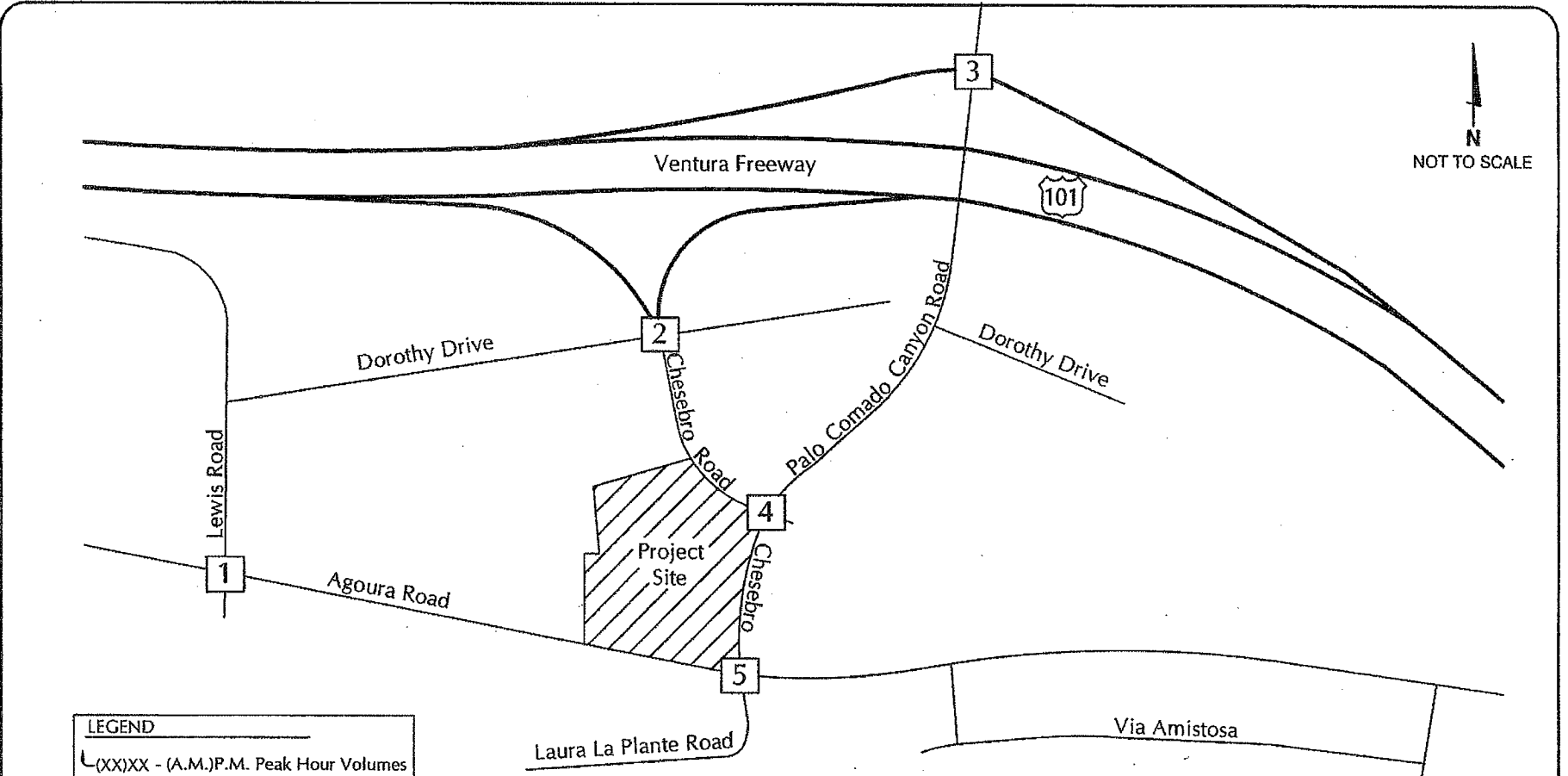
Intersection Operations

Levels of service were calculated for the study-area intersections using the Cumulative and Cumulative + Project volumes presented on Figures 7 and 8. Tables 6 and 7 compare the Cumulative and Cumulative + Project levels of service and identify cumulative impacts based on City thresholds.

Table 6
Cumulative and Cumulative + Project A.M. Peak Hour Levels of Service

| Intersection | Cumulative | | Cumulative + Project | | Project Added | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-----|----------------------|-----|---------------|---------|
| | Control Delay | LOS | Control Delay | LOS | % Increase | Impact? |
| Lewis Road/Agoura Road | 9.1 sec | A | 9.1 sec | A | N/A | NO |
| U.S. 101 SB Ramps/Chesebro/Dorothy | >50sec | F | >50sec | F | 2.2% | YES |
| U.S. 101 NB Ramps/Palo Comado Canyon | >50sec | F | >50sec | F | 1.8% | NO |
| Chesebro Road/Palo Comado Canyon | >50sec | F | >50sec | F | 2.6% | YES |
| Chesebro Road/Agoura Road | 14.9 sec | B | 14.9 sec | B | N/A | NO |

*N/A = V/C increase not applicable at LOS C or greater.
Bold Values exceed City's LOS C standard.*



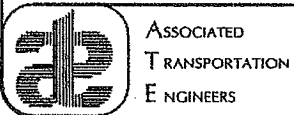
LEGEND
 (XX)XX - (A.M.)P.M. Peak Hour Volumes

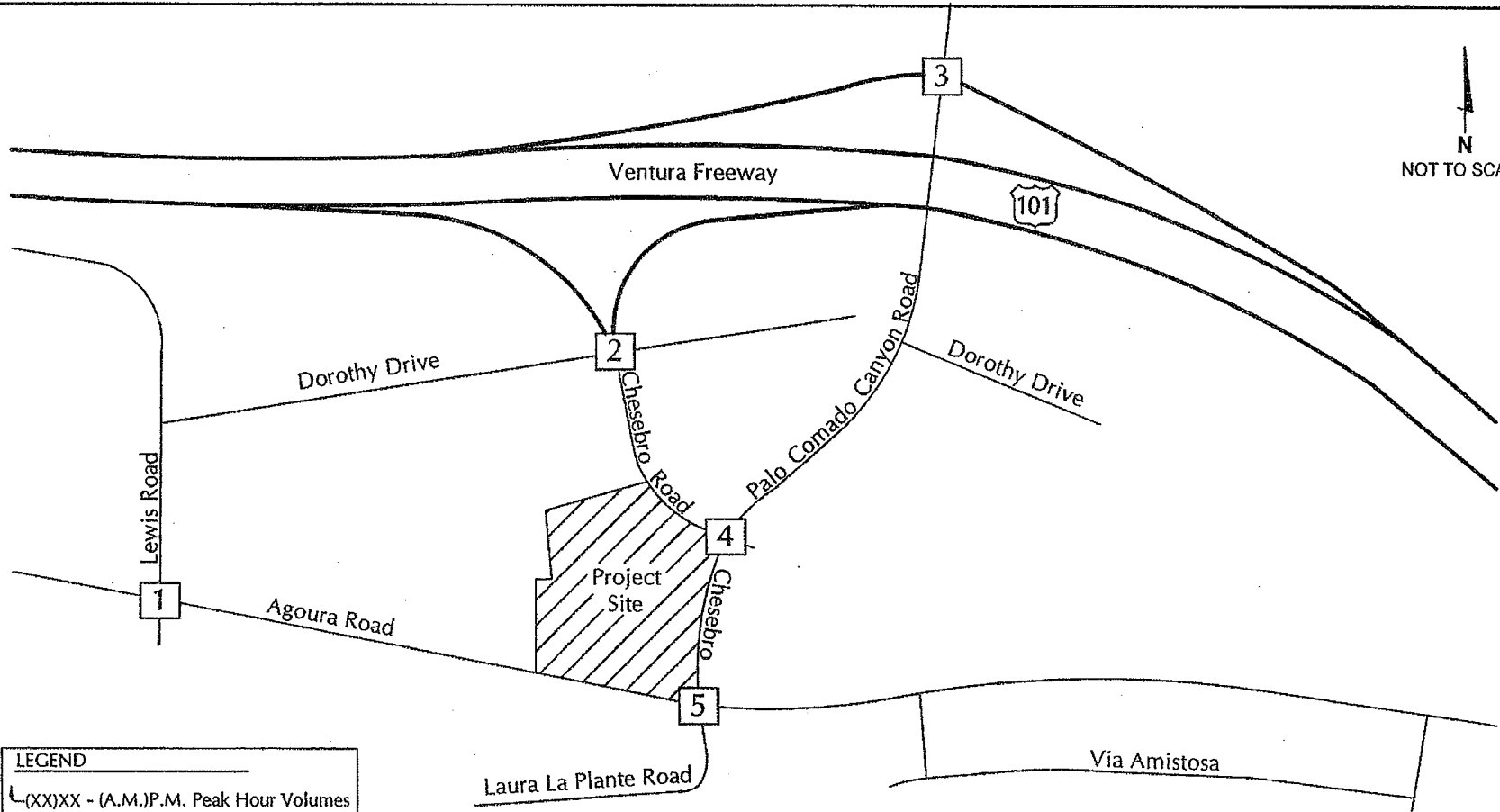
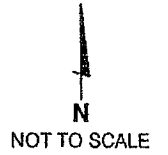
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <p>1</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td> (30)28 (14)10 (1)942 </td> <td> (59)23 (225)298 (20)14 </td> </tr> <tr> <td> 42(26) 233(241) 6(12) </td> <td> 12(7) (7)11 15(10) </td> </tr> </table> | (30)28 (14)10 (1)942 | (59)23 (225)298 (20)14 | 42(26) 233(241) 6(12) | 12(7) (7)11 15(10) | <p>2</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td> (88)37 (436)191 (38)25 </td> <td> (38)33 (16)19 (16)25 </td> </tr> <tr> <td> 197(112) 12(12) 48(25) </td> <td> 92(126) 757(507) 33(48) </td> </tr> </table> | (88)37 (436)191 (38)25 | (38)33 (16)19 (16)25 | 197(112) 12(12) 48(25) | 92(126) 757(507) 33(48) | <p>3</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td> (280)185 (720)673 </td> <td> (805)408 (3)2 (465)171 </td> </tr> <tr> <td> 269(87) 331(489) </td> <td></td> </tr> </table> | (280)185 (720)673 | (805)408 (3)2 (465)171 | 269(87) 331(489) | | <p>4</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td> (648)630 (451)284 (28)6 </td> <td> (4)33 (2)16 (1)13 </td> </tr> <tr> <td> 191(376) 14(16) 67(108) </td> <td> 252(61) 299(276) 6(13) </td> </tr> </table> | (648)630 (451)284 (28)6 | (4)33 (2)16 (1)13 | 191(376) 14(16) 67(108) | 252(61) 299(276) 6(13) | <p>5</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td> (290)177 (6)0 (279)177 </td> <td> (181)297 (160)169 (4)0 </td> </tr> <tr> <td> 260(146) 193(129) 1(3) </td> <td> 5(4) 19(4) 1(0) </td> </tr> </table> | (290)177 (6)0 (279)177 | (181)297 (160)169 (4)0 | 260(146) 193(129) 1(3) | 5(4) 19(4) 1(0) |
| (30)28 (14)10 (1)942 | (59)23 (225)298 (20)14 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 42(26) 233(241) 6(12) | 12(7) (7)11 15(10) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (88)37 (436)191 (38)25 | (38)33 (16)19 (16)25 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 197(112) 12(12) 48(25) | 92(126) 757(507) 33(48) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (280)185 (720)673 | (805)408 (3)2 (465)171 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 269(87) 331(489) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (648)630 (451)284 (28)6 | (4)33 (2)16 (1)13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 191(376) 14(16) 67(108) | 252(61) 299(276) 6(13) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (290)177 (6)0 (279)177 | (181)297 (160)169 (4)0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 260(146) 193(129) 1(3) | 5(4) 19(4) 1(0) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

CUMULATIVE TRAFFIC VOLUMES

FIGURE 7

JJK - #08007





LEGEND
 (XX)XX - (A.M.)P.M. Peak Hour Volumes

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| 1 | (30)28 (14)10 (19)42 Lewis Rd (59)23 (227)309 (20)14 Agoura Rd |
| 42(26) 237(249) 6(12) | 12(7) 11(7) 15(10) |

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| 2 | (88)37 (460)203 (38)25 U.S. 101 SB (38)33 (16)19 (16)25 Dorothy Dr |
| 197(112) 12(12) 48(25) | 92(126) 801(516) 33(48) Chesebro Rd |

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| 3 | (280)185 (732)679 Palo Comado (805)408 (3)2 (497)188 U.S. 101 NB |
| 302(93) 348(492) | Chesebro Rd |

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 4 | (692)653 (451)284 (28)6 Palo Comado (4)33 (2)16 (1)13 Driveway |
| 241(385) 14(16) 67(108) | 252(61) 299(276) 6(13) Chesebro Rd |

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| 5 | (290)177 (6)0 (279)177 Chesebro Rd (181)297 (164)171 (4)0 Agoura Rd |
| 260(146) 199(130) 1(3) | 5(4) 19(4) 1(0) |



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CUMULATIVE + PROJECT TRAFFIC VOLUMES

FIGURE 8

JJK - #08007

**Table 7
Cumulative and Cumulative + Project P.M. Peak Hour Levels of Service**

| Intersection | Cumulative | | Cumulative + Project | | Project Added | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-----|----------------------|-----|---------------|---------|
| | Control Delay | LOS | Control Delay | LOS | % Increase | Impact? |
| Lewis Road/Agoura Road | 9.0 sec | A | 9.1 sec | A | N/A | NO |
| U.S. 101 SB Ramps/Chesebro/Dorothy | >50sec | F | >50sec | F | 3.8% | YES |
| U.S. 101 NB Ramps/Palo Comado Canyon | >50sec | F | >50sec | F | 3.5% | YES |
| Chesebro Road/Palo Comado Canyon | >50sec | F | >50sec | F | 4.0% | YES |
| Chesebro Road/Agoura Road | 24.5 sec | C | 25.6 | D | 1.0 % | NO |

*N/A = V/C increase not applicable at LOS C or greater.
Bold Values exceed City's LOS C standard.*

The data presented in Tables 6 and 7 indicate that the intersections of U.S. 101 SB Ramps/Chesebro Road/Dorothy Drive, U.S. 101 NB Ramps/Palo Comado Canyon Road, and Chesebro Road/Palo Comado Canyon Road are forecast to operate at LOS F under Cumulative and Cumulative + Project conditions. The project would increase the volumes at these three intersections by more than 2%, which is considered a significant cumulative impact based on the City's thresholds. Improvement measures that would mitigate the impacts are provided in the Mitigations section of this traffic study.

SITE ACCESS AND CIRCULATION

Access to the project site is provided by one driveway on Chesebro Road and one driveway on Agoura Road. The driveways provide access to the on-site parking areas. The driveways provide the minimum 26' drive aisle required by City Code (Section 9654.3. Design Standards).

Chesebro Road Driveway

The primary project driveway is located on the south side of Chesebro Road between the intersections of Dorothy Drive to the north and Palo Comado Canyon Road to the east. The Chesebro Road cross-section allows full access at the driveway (right- and left-turns inbound and outbound). The driveway provides access to the on-site parking areas and the parking garage, and connects with the project driveway on Agoura Road.

A level of service and gap analysis was completed assuming the Cumulative + Project volumes to assess operations at the project driveway (LOS worksheets are contained in the Technical Appendix for reference). Delays at the Chesebro Road driveway are forecast to be in the LOS A range for left-turns inbound to the site during the peak hour periods and LOS C range for left- and right-turn outbound vehicles from the site. The results show that there would be sufficient gaps for traffic to enter and exit the proposed driveway under Cumulative + Project conditions.

Agoura Road Driveway

The second project driveway is located on the north side of Agoura Road between the intersections of Lewis Road to the west and Chesebro Road to the east. The Agoura Road cross-section allows full access at the driveway (right- and left-turns inbound and outbound). The project driveway extends north from Agoura Road providing access to the on-site parking area and connects with the project driveway on Chesebro Road.

A level of service and gap analysis was completed using Cumulative + Project volumes to assess operations at the driveway intersection. Delays would be in the LOS A range for left-turns inbound to the site during the peak hour periods and LOS B range for left- and right-turn outbound vehicles from the site during the peak hour periods. The results show that there would be sufficient gaps for traffic to enter and exit the proposed driveway under Cumulative + Project conditions.

Frontage Improvements

The Agoura Medical Center project will implement frontage improvements on Agoura Road and Chesebro Road. These improvements will change the lane geometry at the Chesebro Road/Agoura Road and Chesebro Road/Palo Comado Canyon Road intersections. ATE reviewed the existing and cumulative volumes at the intersections to determine the lane geometry that will be required to accommodate future traffic.

Figure 9 shows a schematic of the frontage improvements and the lane geometry proposed for these two intersections. The frontage improvements include widening the west side of Chesebro Road which will provide a southbound left-turn lane at the Agoura Road intersection and bike lanes on both sides of Chesebro Road.

The frontage improvements also include reconfiguring the Chesebro Road/Palo Comado Canyon Road intersection to provide separate left-turn lanes on the northbound and southbound approaches, and the eastbound approach would be improved to provide a left-through lane and a right-turn lane.